BAY MILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE

CONTRACT TO CHARTER A PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMY
AND RELATED DOCUMENTS

ISSUED BY

BAY MILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD OF REGENTS

(AUTHORIZING BODY)

TO

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY WEST

(A PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMY)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Contract Documents	<u>Tab</u>
Resolution Authorizing the Academy and Establishing the Method of Selection, Length of Term, and Number of Members of Board of Directors	A
Terms and Conditions of Contract	В
Contract Schedules	C
Schedule 1: Articles of Incorporation	1
Schedule 2: Bylaws	2
Schedule 3: Fiscal Agent Agreement	3
Schedule 4: Oversight Agreement	4
Schedule 5: Description of Staff Responsibilities	5
Schedule 6: Physical Plant Description	6
Schedule 7: Required Information for Public School Academy	7
• Section a: Governance Structurea	
• Section b: Educational Goalsb	
• Section c: Educational Programsc	
• Section d: Curriculumd	
• Section e: Methods of Pupil Assessmente	

TABLE OF CONTENTS (cont.)

Schedule 7: Required Information for Public School Academy7
• Section f:
Application and Enrollment
of Studentsf
• Section g:
School Calendar and
School Day Scheduleg
• Section h:
Age or Grade Range
of Pupilsh

Tab A

RESOLUTION

BAY MILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD OF REGENTS PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMY AUTHORIZING BODY

RESOLUTION NO. 17-31

WHEREAS, the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents (the "College Board"), as the governing body of a federal tribally-controlled community college, is an authorizing body empowered to authorize and issue contracts to operate public school academies, and to establish the method of selection, length of term, and number of members of a public school academy's Board of Directors; and

WHEREAS, on July 1, 2014, the College Board issued to David Ellis Academy West (the "Academy") a Contract to Charter a Public School Academy (the "Charter Contract"); and

WHEREAS, the Charter Contract will expire on June 30, 2018 and the Academy has asked the College Board to issue a new contract to charter a public school academy for a term of eight (8) years; and

WHEREAS, the College Charter Schools Office has completed its evaluation and assessment of the Academy's operation and performance related to the Charter Contract, and the College Charter Schools Office recommends that the College Board issue a new contract to charter a public school academy to the Academy for a term not to exceed eight (8) years, beginning July 1, 2018;

WHEREAS, in addition to other Revised School Code requirements, the College Board's reauthorization process included consideration of increases in academic achievement for all groups of pupils as measured by assessments and other objective criteria, as the most important factor in the decision of whether or not to issue a new contract to charter a public school academy to the Academy;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED:

- 1. The College Board takes the following action related to issuing a Contract to Charter a Public School Academy and Related Documents ("Contract") to the Academy:
 - a. The College Board approves the form of the Contract and related documents as submitted to and reviewed by the College Board;
 - b. The College Board approves and authorizes the issuance of the Contract and related documents and authorizes Michael C. Parish, College Board Designee, to execute the Contract and related documents issued by the College Board to the Academy, provided that, before execution of the Contract, the College Chairperson affirms the following:

- (1) that all terms of the Contract have been agreed upon and the Academy is able to comply with all terms and conditions of the Contract; and
- that the Contract is substantially similar to the Contract approved by the College Board, with the only changes being those made by the College Board's Designee in consultation with legal counsel for the College Board that are in the best interests of the College Board.
- c. The College Board Designee may agree to a term of Contract not to exceed eight (8) academic years and not to extend beyond June 30, 2026.
- 2. That the current Academy Board members shall continue to serve in their current positions until the end of their term in office. All subsequent Academy Board appointments shall be made in accordance with the College Board's method of selection resolution.

I, the undersigned, as Secretary of the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents,
do hereby certify the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Bay Mills Community College
Board of Regents at a public meeting held on the 23 rd day of June, 2017, with a vote of 7 for,
O opposed, abstaining, and absent.

Randy Touchtone, Secretary

BAY MILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD OF REGENTS PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMY AUTHORIZING BODY

RESOLUTION NO. 12-01

Public School Academy, School of Excellence and Strict Discipline Academy Board of Director Method of Selection Resolution

WHEREAS, MCL 380.503 of the Revised School Code ("Code"), MCL 380.553, and MCL 380.1311e provide that an authorizing body "shall adopt a resolution establishing the method of selection, length of term, and number of members of the board of directors" of each public school academy, school of excellence, and strict discipline academy, respectively, subject to the authorizing body's jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS, the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents (the "College Board") desires to establish a standard method of selection resolution related to appointments and service of the directors of the governing board of its authorized public school academies, schools of excellence, and strict discipline academies, and

WHEREAS, the College Board has determined that changes to the method of selection process are in the best interest of the College and that such changes be incorporated into all charter contracts issued by the College Board;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the policy titled Public School Academy Board of Director Method of Selection dated January 20, 2012, is adopted; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that these provisions shall be implemented with new charter contracts and shall be phased in for existing schools as new charter contracts are issued. As of this date, the College Board has not issued any charter contracts for schools of excellence and strict discipline academies, but the method of selection process established by this resolution shall apply to any future school that is authorized. The College's Director of Charter Schools is authorized to implement changes in the terms and conditions of charter contracts to fully execute these provisions.

y: John Parl Lutking Sec

Public School Academy Board of Director Method of Selection

The Bay Mills Board of Regents ("College Board") declares that the method of selection, length of term, number of board members and other criteria shall be as follows:

Method of Selection and Appointment

The College Board shall prescribe the methods of appointment for members of the Academy Board. The College's Director of Charter Schools is authorized to develop and administer an Academy Board selection and appointment process that includes a *Public School Academy Board Member Appointment Questionnaire* and is in accord with these provisions:

- 1. Except as provided in paragraph 4 below, the College Board shall appoint the initial and subsequent Academy Board of Directors by formal resolution. The College's Director of Charter Schools shall recommend nominees to the College Board based upon a review of the nominees' Public School Academy Board Member Appointment Questionnaire and resume. Each nominee shall be available for interview by the College Board or its designee. The College Board may reject any and all Academy Board nominees proposed for appointment.
- 2. The Academy Board, by resolution and majority vote, shall nominate its subsequent members, except as provided herein. The Academy Board shall recommend to the Director of Charter Schools at least one nominee for each vacancy. Nominees shall submit the *Public School Academy Board Member Appointment Questionnaire* for review by the College's Charter Schools Office. The Director of Charter Schools may or may not recommend appointment of a nominee submitted by the Academy Board. If the Director of Charter Schools does not recommend the appointment of a nominee submitted by the Academy Board, he/she may select and recommend another nominee or may request the Academy Board submit a new nominee for consideration.
- 3. An individual appointed to fill a vacancy created other than by expiration of the term shall be appointed for the unexpired term of that vacant position.
- 4. Under exigent conditions, and with the approval of the College Board's Chair, the College's Director of Charter Schools may appoint a qualified individual to serve as a member of the Academy Board. All appointments made under this provision must be presented to the College Board for final determination at its next regularly scheduled meeting. The College Board reserves the right to review, rescind, modify, ratify, or approve any appointments made under the exigent conditions provision.

Length of Term

The director of an Academy Board shall serve at the pleasure of the College Board. Terms of the initial position of an Academy's Board of Directors shall be staggered in accordance with *The Academy Board of Director Table of Staggered Terms and Appointments* established and administered by the College's Charter Schools Office. Subsequent appointments shall be for a term of office not to exceed three (3) years, except as prescribed by *The Academy Board of Director Table of Staggered Terms and Appointments*.

Number of Directors

The number of board member positions shall never be fewer than five (5) nor more than nine (9), as determined from time to time by the College Board. If the Academy Board fails to attain or maintain its full membership by making appropriate and timely nominations, the College Board or the College's Director of Charter Schools may deem that failure an exigent condition.

A vacancy may be left on the initial Academy Board for a parent or guardian representative to allow sufficient time for the Academy Board to interview and identify potential nominees.

Qualifications of Members

To be qualified to serve on an Academy's Board of Directors, a person shall, among other things: (a) be a citizen of the United States; (b) be a resident of the State of Michigan; (c) submit all materials requested by the College's Charter Schools Office including, but not limited to, the *Public School Academy Board Member Appointment Questionnaire* which must include authorization to process a criminal background check of the nominee; and (d) submit annually a conflicts of interest disclosure as prescribed by the College's Charter Schools Office.

The member of the Academy Board of Directors shall include (1) at least one parent or guardian of a child attending the school; and (2) one professional educator, preferably a person with school administrative experience. The Academy's Board of Directors shall include representation from the local community in which the Academy serves.

The members of the Academy's Board of Directors shall not include (1) any member appointed or controlled by another profit or non-profit corporation; (2) Academy employees or independent contractors performing services for the Academy; (3) any current or former director, officer, or employee of a management company that contracts with the Academy; and (4) College officials or employees.

Oath of Public Office

Before beginning their service, all members of the Academy's Board of Directors shall take and sign the constitutional oath of office before a justice, judge, or clerk of a court, or before a notary public. The Academy shall cause a copy of such oath of office to be

filed with the College's Charter Schools Office. No appointment shall be effective prior to the taking, signing and filing of the oath of public office.

Removal and Suspension

If at anytime the College Board determines that an Academy Board member's service is no longer necessary, then the College Board may remove an Academy Board member with or without cause by notifying the affected Academy Board member. The notice shall specify the date when the Academy Board member's service ends. Any Academy Board member may also be removed by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Academy Board for cause.

With the approval of the College Board Chair, the College's Director of Charter Schools may suspend an Academy Board member's service, if in his/her judgment the member's continued presence would constitute a risk to persons or property, or would seriously impair the operations of the Academy. Any suspension made under this provision must be presented to the College Board for final determination at its next regularly scheduled meeting. The College Board reserves the right to review, rescind, modify, ratify, or approve any suspension made under this provision.

Tenure

Each Academy Board member shall hold office until the member's replacement, death, resignation, removal or until the expiration of the term, whichever occurs first.

Resignation

Any Academy Board member may resign at any time by providing written notice to the Academy or the College's Charter Schools Office. Notice of resignation will be effective upon receipt or at a subsequent time designated in the notice. Any Academy Board member who fails to attend three (3) consecutive Academy Board meetings without prior notification to the Academy Board President, may, at the option of the Academy Board, the College Board, or the College's Director of Charter Schools, be deemed to have resigned, effective at a time designated in a written notice sent to the resigning Academy Board member. A successor shall be appointed as provided by the method of selection adopted by the College Board.

Board Vacancies

An Academy Board vacancy shall occur because of death, resignation, replacement, removal, failure to maintain United States citizenship or residency in the State of Michigan, disqualification, enlargement of the Academy Board, or as specified in the Code.

Compensation

Academy Board members shall serve as volunteer directors and without compensation for their respective services. By resolution of the Academy Board, the Academy Board

members may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incidental to their duties as Academy Board members.

Tab B

CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

OF CONTRACT

DATED: JULY 1, 2018

ISSUED BY

THE BAY MILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD OF REGENTS

TO

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY WEST

CONFIRMING THE STATUS OF

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY WEST

AS A

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page	<u>e</u>
	ARTICLE I	
	DEFINITIONS	
Section 1.1. Section 1.2.	Certain Definitions	
Section 1.3.	Gender and Number	5
Section 1.4.	Statutory Definitions	5
Section 1.5.	Schedules	5
Section 1.6.	Application	5
Section 1.7.	Conflicting Contract Provisions	5
	ARTICLE II	
	RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN	
	THE ACADEMY AND THE COLLEGE BOARD	
Section 2.1.	Independent Status of Bay Mills Community College	5
Section 2.2.	Independent Status of the Academy	6
Section 2.3.	Financial Obligations of the Academy Are Separate From the State	
	of Michigan, College Board and the College	6
Section 2.4.	Academy Has No Power To Obligate or Bind State of Michigan,	
	the College Board or the College	6
	ARTICLE III	
	ROLE OF THE COLLEGE BOARD	
	AS AUTHORIZING BODY	
Section 3.1.	College Board Resolutions	6
Section 3.2.	College Board as Fiscal Agent for the Academy	6
Section 3.3.	Oversight Responsibilities of the College Board	7
Section 3.4.	Reimbursement of College Board Expenses	7
Section 3.5.	College Board Approval of Condemnation	
Section 3.6.	Authorization of Employment	7
Section 3.7.	Code Requirements for College Board to Act as Authorizing Body	7
Section 3.8.	College Board Subject to Open Meetings Act	8
Section 3.9.	College Board Authorizing Body Activities Subject to Freedom of	
	Information Act	
Section 3.10.	College Board Review of Certain Financing Transactions	8
Section 3.11.	Authorizing Body Contract Authorization Process	8
Section 3.12.	College Board's Invitation to Academy to Apply For Conversion	_
	to Schools of Excellence	9

ARTICLE IV

REQUIREMENT THAT THE ACADEMY ACT SOLELY AS GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY

Section 4.1.	Limitation on Actions in Performance of Governmental Functions	
Section 4.2.	Other Permitted Activities	
Section 4.3.	Academy Board Members Serve In Their Individual Capacity	
Section 4.4.	Incompatible Public Offices and Conflicts of Interest Statutes	
Section 4.5.	Prohibition of Identified Family Relationships	10
Section 4.6.	Dual Employment Positions Prohibited	
Section 4.7.	Oath of Public Office	11
	ARTICLE V	
•	CORPORATE STRUCTURE OF THE ACADEMY	
Section 5.1.	Nonprofit Corporation	
Section 5.2.	Articles of Incorporation	11
Section 5.3.	Bylaws	
Section 5.4.	Quorum	11
	ARTICLE VI	
	OPERATING REQUIREMENTS	
Section 6.1.	Governance Structure	
Section 6.2.	Educational Goals	12
Section 6.3.	Educational Programs	
Section 6.4.	Curriculum	
Section 6.5.	Method of Pupil Assessment	12
Section 6.6.	Application and Enrollment of Students	12
Section 6.7.	School Calendar and School Day Schedule	
Section 6.8.	Age or Grade Range of Pupils	
Section 6.9.	Collective Bargaining Agreements	
Section 6.10.	Accounting Standards	
Section 6.11.	Annual Financial Statement Audit	13
Section 6.12.	Address and Description of Physical Plant; Process for Expanding	
	Academy's Site Operations	13
Section 6.13.	Contributions and Fund Raising	13
Section 6.14.	Disqualified Organizational or Contractual Affiliations	14
Section 6.15.	Method for Monitoring Academy's Compliance with Applicable	
	Law and Performance of its Targeted Educational Outcomes	
Section 6.16.	Matriculation Agreements	
Section 6.17.	Postings of Accreditation Status	14
Section 6.18.	Academy Site Is Former Site of Closed Community District	
	School; State School Reform/Redesign Officer Approval Required	14

Section 6.19.	Section 6.19. New Public School Academies Located Within The Boundaries of A Community District	4
Section 6.20.	Community District Accountability Plan	
	ARTICLE VII	
	TUITION PROHIBITED	
Section 7.1.	Tuition Prohibited; Fees and Expenses	5
	ARTICLE VIII	
	COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS	
Section 8.1.	Compliance with Applicable Law	5
	ARTICLE IX	
	AMENDMENT	
Section 9.1.	Amendments 1	5
Section 9.2.	Process for Amendment Initiated by the Academy	6
Section 9.3.	Process for Amendment Initiated by the College Board	6
Section 9.4.	Final Approval of Amendments	6
Section 9.5.	Change in Existing Law	6
Section 9.6.	Emergency Action on Behalf of College Board	6
	ARTICLE X	
CONTRA	CT TERMINATION, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION	
Section 10.1.	Statutory Grounds for Revocation	7
Section 10.2.	Other Grounds for Revocation	7
Section 10.3.	Automatic Amendment Of Contract; Automatic Termination of	
	Contract If All Academy Sites Closed Or Placed In State School	
	Reform/Redesign District; Economic Hardship Termination	8.
Section 10.4.	Material Breach of Contract; Termination of Contract By College	
	Board Caused By State School Reform/Redesign Officer Order	9
Section 10.5.	Grounds and Procedures for Academy Termination of Contract	20
Section 10.6.	Grounds and Procedures for College Termination of Contract	20
Section 10.7.	College Board Procedures for Revoking Contract	
Section 10.8.	Contract Suspension	23
Section 10.9.	Venue; Jurisdiction	24
	Appointment of Conservator/Trustee	
Section 10.11.	Academy Dissolution Account	25

ARTICLE XI

PROVISIONS RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMIES

Section	11.1.	The Academy Budget; Transmittal of Budgetary Assumptions;	
		Budget Deficit; Enhanced Deficit Elimination Plan	25
Section	11.2.	Insurance	27
Section	11.3.	Legal Liabilities and Covenant Against Suit	32
Section	11.4.	Lease or Deed for Proposed Single Site	32
Section	11.5.	Occupancy and Safety Certificates	32
Section	11.6.	Criminal Background and History Checks; Disclosure of	
		Unprofessional Conduct; Compliance with School Safety Initiative	33
Section	11.7.	Special Education	33
Section	11.8.	Deposit of Public Funds by the Academy	33
Section	11.9.	Nonessential Elective Courses	33
Section	11.10.	Required Provisions for ESP Agreements	33
		Management Agreements	
Section	11.12.	Administrator and Teacher Evaluation Systems	35
		A DOWN CAN DE AVAIL	
		ARTICLE XII	
		GENERAL TERMS	
Section	12.1.	Notices	35
Section		Severability	
Section	12.3.	Successors and Assigns	36
Section	12.4.	Entire Contract	36
Section	12.5.	Assignment	36
Section	12.6.	Non Waiver	36
Section	12.7.	Governing Law	37
Section	12.8.	Counterparts	37
Section	12.9.	Term of Contract	37
Section	12.10.	Indemnification	37
Section	12.11.	Construction	37
		Force Majeure	
		No Third Party Rights	
		Non-agency	38
Section	12.15.	College Board or CSO General Policies on Public School	
		Academies Shall Apply	
		Survival of Provisions	
		Information Available to the Public	
		Termination of Responsibilities	38
Section	12.19.	Disposition of Academy Assets Upon Termination or Revocation	
		of Contract.	
Section	12.20.	Student Privacy	39
•		39	
Section	12.21.	Disclosure of Information to Parents and Legal Guardians	39

Notice to Student's Parent or Legal Guardian	40
Section 12.23. Partnership Agreement	41
Section 12.24. Data Breach Response Plan	41

WHEREAS, the People of Michigan through their Constitution have provided that schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged and have authorized the Legislature to maintain and support a system of free public elementary and secondary schools; and

WHEREAS, all public schools are subject to the leadership and general supervision of the State Board of Education; and

WHEREAS, the Michigan Legislature has authorized an alternative form of public school designated a "public school academy" to be created to serve the educational needs of pupils and has provided that pupils attending these schools shall be eligible for support from the State School Aid Fund; and

WHEREAS, the Michigan Legislature has delegated to the governing boards of state public universities, community college boards, including tribally controlled community college boards, intermediate school district boards and local school district boards, the responsibility for authorizing the establishment of public school academies; and

WHEREAS, the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents has considered the authorization of the Academy and has approved the issuance of a contract to the Academy;

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to the Revised School Code, the College Board grants a contract conferring certain rights, franchises, privileges, and obligations of a public school academy and confirms the status of a public school academy in this state to the Academy. In addition, the parties agree that the granting of this Contract is subject to the following terms and conditions:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

- Section 1.1. <u>Certain Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Contract, and in addition to the terms defined throughout this Contract, each of the following words or expressions, whenever initially capitalized, shall have the meaning set forth in this section:
 - (a) "Academy" means the Michigan nonprofit corporation named David Ellis Academy West which is established as a public school academy pursuant to this Contract.
 - (b) "Academy Board" means the Board of Directors of the Academy.
 - (c) "Accountability Plan" means a Community District accountability plan established, implemented and administered by the State School Reform/Redesign Officer under section 390 of the Code, MCL 380.390.
 - (d) "Applicable Law" means all state and federal law applicable to public school academies.

- (e) "Application" means the public school academy application and supporting documentation submitted to the College Board for the establishment of the Academy and supplemented by material submitted pursuant to the College Board's requirements for reauthorization.
- (f) "Authorizing Resolution" means the Resolutions adopted by the College Board on June 23, 2017.
- (g) "Charter Schools Office Director" or "CSO Director" means the person designated by the College Board to administer the operations of the Charter Schools Office.
- (h) "Charter Schools Office" or "CSO" means the office designated by the College Board as the initial point of contact for public school academy applicants and public school academies authorized by the College Board. The Charter Schools Office is also responsible for administering the College Board's responsibilities with respect to the Contract.
- (i) "Code" means the Revised School Code, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended, being Sections 380.1 to 380.1852 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (j) "College" means Bay Mills Community College, a federally tribally controlled community college that is recognized under the tribally controlled colleges and universities assistance act of 1978, 25 USC 1801 et seq., and which has been determined by the Michigan Department of Education to meet the requirements for accreditation by a recognized regional accreditation body.
- (k) "College Board" means the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents, an authorizing body as designated under Section 501 of the Code, MCL 380.501 et seq.
- (1) "College Board Chairperson" means the Chairperson of the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents or his or her designee. In Section 1.1(m) below, "College Board Chairperson" means the Board Chairperson of the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents.
- (m) "College Charter Schools Hearing Panel" or "Hearing Panel" means such person(s) as designated by the College Board Chairperson.
- (n) "Community District" means a community school district created under part 5B of the Code, MCL 380.381 et seq.
- (o) "Conservator" means the individual appointed by the College President in accordance with Section 10.10 of these Terms and Conditions.

- (p) "Contract" means, in addition to the definition set forth in the Code, these Terms and Conditions, the Authorizing Resolution, the Resolution, the Master Calendar, the ESP Policies, the Schedules, and the Application.
- (q) "Director" means a person who is a member of the Academy Board of Directors.
- (r) "Educational Service Provider" or "ESP" means an educational management organization as defined under section 503c of the Code, MCL 380.503c, that has entered into a contract or agreement with the Academy Board for operation or management of the Academy, which contract has been submitted to the CSO Director for review as provided in Section 11.11 and has not been disapproved by the CSO Director, and is consistent with the CSO Educational Service Provider Policies, as they may be amended from time to time, and Applicable Law.
- (s) "Educational Service Provider Policies" or "ESP Policies" means those policies adopted by the Charter Schools Office Director that apply to a Management Agreement. The Charter Schools Office Director may, at any time and at his or her sole discretion, amend the ESP Policies. Upon amendment, changes to the ESP Policies shall automatically be incorporated into this Contract and shall be exempt from the amendment procedures under Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.
- (t) "Fund Balance Deficit" means the Academy has more liabilities than assets at the end of any given school fiscal year, and includes any fiscal year where the Academy would have had a budget deficit but for a financial borrowing by the Academy or a monetary contribution by an Educational Service Provider or other person or entity to the Academy. If the Academy receives a gift or grant of money or financial support from an Educational Service Provider or other person or entity that does not require repayment by the Academy, and is not conditioned upon the actions or inactions of the Academy Board, then such gift or grant shall not constitute a financial borrowing or contribution for purposes of determining a Fund Balance Deficit.
- (u) "Lease Policies" means those policies adopted by the Charter Schools Office Director that apply to real property lease agreements entered into by the Academy. The Charter Schools Office Director may, at any time and at his or her sole discretion, amend the Lease Policies. Upon amendment, changes to the Lease Policies shall automatically be incorporated into this Contract and shall be exempt from the amendment procedures under Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.
- (v) "Management Agreement" or "ESP Agreement" means an agreement as defined under section 503c of the Code, MCL 380.503c, that has been entered into between an ESP and the Academy Board for the operation

- and/or management of the Academy, which has been submitted to the CSO Director for review as provided in Section 11.11, and has not been disapproved by the CSO Director.
- (w) "Master Calendar" or "MCRR" means the Master Calendar of Reporting Requirements developed and administered by the Charter Schools Office setting forth a reporting time line for certain governance, financial, administrative, facility and educational information relating to the Academy. The Charter Schools Office Director may, at any time and at his or her sole discretion, amend the Master Calendar. Upon amendment, changes to the Master Calendar shall automatically be incorporated into this Contract and shall be exempt from the amendment procedures under Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.
- (x) "President" means the President of Bay Mills Community College or his or her designee.
- (y) "Resolution" means the resolution adopted by the College Board on January 20, 2012, establishing the standard method of selection, length of term and number of members format for public school academies issued a Contract by the College Board, as amended from time to time.
- "Schedules" means the following Contract documents of the Academy:

 Schedule 1: Articles of Incorporation, Schedule 2: Bylaws, Schedule 3:

 Fiscal Agent Agreement, Schedule 4: Oversight Agreement, Schedule 5:

 Description of Staff Responsibilities, Schedule 6: Physical Plant
 Description, Schedule 7: Required Information for Public School
 Academies and Schedule 8: Partnership Agreement.
- (aa) "State Board" means the State Board of Education, established pursuant to Article 8, Section 3 of the 1963 Michigan Constitution and MCL 388.1001 et seq.
- (bb) "State School Reform/Redesign Office" means the office created within the Michigan Department of Technology Management and Budget by Executive Reorganization Order 2015-02, codified at MCL 18.445, and transferred from the Michigan Department of Technology Management and Budget to the Michigan Department of Education by Executive Reorganization Order 2017-02, codified at MCL 388.1282.
- (cc) "State School Reform/Redesign Officer" means the officer described in Section 1280c(9) of the Code, MCL 380.1280c(9), and authorized to act as the superintendent of the State School Reform/Redesign District under Section 1280c(6)(b) of the Code, MCL 380.1280c(6)(b).
- (dd) "Superintendent" means the Michigan Superintendent of Public Instruction.

- (ee) "Terms and Conditions" means this document entitled "Terms and Conditions of Contract, Dated July 1, 2018, Issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents to David Ellis Academy West Confirming the Status of David Ellis Academy West as a Michigan Public School Academy."
- Section 1.2. <u>Captions</u>. The captions and headings used in this Contract are for convenience only and shall not be used in construing the provisions of this Contract.
- Section 1.3. <u>Gender and Number</u>. The use of any gender in this Contract shall be deemed to be or include the other genders, including neuter, and the use of the singular shall be deemed to include the plural (and vice versa) wherever applicable.
- Section 1.4. <u>Statutory Definitions</u>. Statutory terms defined in Part 6A of the Code shall have the same meaning in this Contract.
- Section 1.5. <u>Schedules</u>. All Schedules to this Contract are incorporated into, and made part of, this Contract.
- Section 1.6. <u>Application</u>. The Application submitted to the College Board for the establishment of the Academy is incorporated into, and made part of, this Contract. Portions of the Applicant's Application have been incorporated into this Contract. In the event that there is an inconsistency or dispute between materials in the Application and the Contract, the language or provisions in the Contract shall control.
- Section 1.7. <u>Conflicting Contract Provisions</u>. In the event that there is a conflict between language contained in the provisions of this Contract, the Contract shall be interpreted as follows: (i) the Resolution shall control over any other conflicting language in the Contract; (ii) the Authorizing Resolution shall control over any other conflicting language in the Contract with the exception of language in the Resolution; (iii) the Terms and Conditions shall control over any other conflicting language in the Contract with the exception of language in the Resolution and the Authorizing Resolution; and (iv) the Articles of Incorporation shall control over any other conflicting language in the Contract with the exception of language in the Resolution, Authorizing Resolution and these Terms and Conditions.

ARTICLE II

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE ACADEMY AND THE COLLEGE BOARD

Section 2.1. <u>Independent Status of Bay Mills Community College</u>. The College Board is an authorizing body as defined by the Code. In approving this Contract, the College Board voluntarily exercises additional powers given to the College Board under the Code. Nothing in this Contract shall be deemed to be any waiver of the College Board's autonomy or powers and the Academy shall not be deemed to be a part of the College Board or the College. If applicable, the College Board has provided to the State School Reform/Redesign Officer the accreditation notice required under Section 502 of the Code, MCL 380.502.

- Section 2.2. <u>Independent Status of the Academy</u>. The Academy is a body corporate and governmental entity authorized by the Code. The Academy is organized and shall operate as a public school academy and a nonprofit corporation. The Academy is not a division or part of the College Board or the College. The relationship between the Academy and the College Board is based solely on the applicable provisions of the Code and the terms of this Contract or other agreements between the College Board and the Academy, if applicable.
- Section 2.3. <u>Financial Obligations of the Academy Are Separate From the State of Michigan, College Board and the College.</u> Any contract, agreement, note, mortgage, loan or other instrument of indebtedness entered into by the Academy and a third party shall not in any way constitute an obligation, either general, special, or moral, of the State of Michigan, the College Board, or the College. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Michigan or any agency of the State, nor the full faith and credit of the College Board or the College shall ever be assigned or pledged for the payment of any Academy contract, agreement, note, mortgage, loan or other instrument of indebtedness.
- Section 2.4. Academy Has No Power To Obligate or Bind State of Michigan, the College Board or the College. The Academy has no authority whatsoever to enter into any contract or other agreement that would financially obligate the State of Michigan, College Board or the College, nor does the Academy have any authority whatsoever to make any representations to lenders or third parties, that the State of Michigan, College Board or the College in any way guarantee, are financially obligated, or are in any way responsible for any contract, agreement, note, mortgage, loan or other instrument of indebtedness entered into by the Academy.

ARTICLE III

ROLE OF THE COLLEGE BOARD AS AUTHORIZING BODY

- Section 3.1. <u>College Board Resolutions</u>. The College Board has adopted the Resolution providing for the method of selection, length of term, number of Directors and the qualification of Directors. The College Board has adopted the Authorizing Resolution which approves the issuance of this Contract. The Resolution and the Authorizing Resolution are hereby incorporated into this Contract as Exhibit A. At any time and at its sole discretion, the College Board may amend the Resolution. Upon College Board approval, changes to the Resolution shall automatically be incorporated into this Contract and shall be exempt from the amendment procedures under Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.
- Section 3.2. College Board as Fiscal Agent for the Academy. The College Board is the fiscal agent for the Academy. As fiscal agent, the College Board assumes no responsibility for the financial condition of the Academy. The College Board is not liable for any debt or liability incurred by or on behalf of the Academy, or for any expenditure approved by or on behalf of the Academy Board. Except as provided in the Oversight Agreement and Article X of these Terms and Conditions, the College Board shall promptly, within five (5) business days of receipt, forward to the Academy all state school aid funds or other public or private funds received by the College Board for the benefit of the Academy. The responsibilities of the

College Board, the State of Michigan, and the Academy are set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement incorporated herein as Schedule 3.

- Section 3.3. Oversight Responsibilities of the College Board. The College Board has the responsibility to oversee the Academy's compliance with the Contract and all Applicable Law. The responsibilities of the Academy and the College Board are set forth in the Oversight Agreement executed by the parties and incorporated herein as Schedule 4.
- Section 3.4. <u>Reimbursement of College Board Expenses</u>. The Academy shall pay the College Board an administrative fee to reimburse the College Board for the expenses associated with the execution of its authorizing body and oversight responsibilities. The terms and conditions of the administrative fee are set forth in Schedule 4.
- Section 3.5. <u>College Board Approval of Condemnation</u>. In the event that the Academy desires to acquire property pursuant to the Uniform Condemnation Procedures Act or other applicable statutes, it shall obtain express written permission for such acquisition from the College Board. The Academy shall submit a written request to the College Board describing the proposed acquisition and the purpose for which the Academy desires to acquire the property. Provided the Academy Board submits the written request at least sixty (60) days before the College Board's next regular meeting, the College Board shall vote on whether to give express written permission for the acquisition at its next regular meeting.
- Section 3.6. Authorization of Employment. The College Board authorizes the Academy to employ or contract directly with personnel according to the position information outlined in Schedule 5. However, the Academy Board shall prohibit any individual from being employed by the Academy, an Educational Service Provider or an employee leasing company involved in the operation of the Academy, in more than one (1) full-time position and simultaneously being compensated at a full-time rate for each of these positions. Additionally, the Academy Board shall require each individual who works at the Academy to disclose to the Academy Board any other public school or educational service provider at which that individual works or to which that individual provides services. An employee hired by the Academy shall be an employee of the Academy for all purposes and not an employee of the College for any With respect to Academy employees, the Academy shall have the power and responsibility to (i) select and engage employees; (ii) pay their wages; (iii) dismiss employees; and (iv) control the employees' conduct, including the method by which the employee carries out his or her work. The Academy Board shall be responsible for carrying workers' compensation insurance and unemployment insurance for its employees. The Academy shall ensure that the term or length of any employment contract or consultant agreement does not extend beyond the term of this Contract and shall terminate in the event this Contract is revoked or terminated. In no event may an Academy employee's employment contract term, inclusive of automatic renewals, extend beyond the term of this Contract.
- Section 3.7. <u>Code Requirements for College Board to Act as Authorizing Body</u>. The College Board has complied with the requirements of Section 1475 of the Code, MCL 380.1475, and will continue to comply with the Code during the term of this Contract.

Section 3.8. <u>College Board Subject to Open Meetings Act</u>. As required by Section 1475 of the Code, MCL 380.1475, College Board meetings conducted for the purpose of carrying out or administering any authorizing body function shall be administered in accordance with the Open Meetings Act, MCL 15.261 et seq.

Section 3.9. <u>College Board Authorizing Body Activities Subject to Freedom of Information Act</u>. As required by Section 1475 of the Code, MCL 380.1475, all authorizing body functions performed by the College Board shall be subject to public disclosure in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act, MCL 15.231 et seq.

Section 3.10. College Board Review of Certain Financing Transactions. In the event that the Academy desires to finance the acquisition, by lease, purchase, or other means, of facilities or equipment, in excess of \$150,000, pursuant to arrangements calling for payments over a period greater than one (1) year, and which include a pledge, assignment or direction to one or more third parties of a portion of the funds to be received by the Academy from the State of Michigan pursuant to the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended, being MCL 388.1601 et seq., then Academy shall obtain prior review for such financing from the College Board. The Academy shall submit a written request to the College Board describing the proposed financing transaction, and the facilities or equipment to be acquired with the proceeds thereof. Provided the Academy submits the written request at least sixty (60) days before the College Board's next regular meeting, the College Board shall vote on whether to disapprove the proposed financing transaction at the next meeting. If the proposed transaction is not disapproved, the College Board may still condition the decision not to disapprove on compliance by the Academy and any lender, lessor, seller or other party with such terms as the College Board deems appropriate under the circumstances. If the proposed transaction is disapproved, such disapproval may, but shall not be required to, state one or more conditions which, if complied with by the Academy and any lender, lessor, seller or other party, would cause such disapproval to be deemed withdrawn. No transaction described in this Section may be entered into by the Academy if the proposed transaction is disapproved by the College Board. By not disapproving a proposed transaction, the College Board is in no way giving approval of the proposed transaction, or representing that the Academy has the ability to meet or satisfy any of the terms or conditions thereof.

Section 3.11. Authorizing Body Contract Authorization Process. Pursuant to the Code, the College Board is not required to issue a contract to the Academy. This Contract is for a fixed term and will terminate at that end of the Contract term set forth in Section 12.9 without any further action of either the Academy or the College Board. The Academy shall seek a new contract by making a formal request to the College Board in writing at least two years prior to the end of the Contract term. The College Board shall provide to the Academy a description of the timeline and process by which the Academy may be considered for issuance of a new contract. The timeline and process for consideration of whether to issue a new contract to the Academy shall be solely determined by the College Board. The standards for the issuance of a new contract shall include increases in academic achievement for all groups of pupils as measured by assessments and other objective criteria established by the College Board as the most important factor of whether to issue or not issue a new contract. The College Board, at its own discretion, may change its timeline and process for issuance of a new contract at any time, and any such changes shall take effect automatically without the need for any amendment to the

Contract. Consistent with the Code, the College Board may elect, at its sole discretion, not to consider the issuance of a contract, consider reauthorization of the Academy and elect not to issue a contract, or consider reauthorization of the Academy and issue a contract for a fixed term.

Schools of Excellence. If the College Board's Invitation to Academy to Apply For Conversion to Schools of Excellence. If the College Board is interested in accepting applications to issue contracts to charter Schools of Excellence under Part 6E of the Code, and the College Board determines that the Academy meets the College Board's and the Code's eligibility criteria for applying to convert the Academy to a School of Excellence, then the College Board may invite the Academy to submit an application to apply for a contract to convert the Academy to a school of excellence. In accordance with the Code, the College Board shall establish its own competitive application process and provide the necessary forms and procedures to eligible public school academies.

ARTICLE IV

REQUIREMENT THAT THE ACADEMY ACT SOLELY AS GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY

- Section 4.1. <u>Limitation on Actions in Performance of Governmental Functions</u>. The Academy shall act exclusively as a governmental entity and shall not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as a body corporate authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to Section 11 of Article IX of the State Constitution of 1963.
- Section 4.2. <u>Other Permitted Activities</u>. Consistent with the provisions of this Contract, the Academy is permitted to engage in lawful activities that are not in derogation of the Academy's mission and status of operating a public school academy or that would not jeopardize the eligibility of the Academy for state school aid funds.
- Section 4.3. <u>Academy Board Members Serve In Their Individual Capacity</u>. All Directors of the Academy Board shall serve in their individual capacity, and not as a representative or designee of any other person or entity. A person who does not serve in their individual capacity, or who serves as a representative or designee of another person or entity, shall be deemed ineligible to continue to serve as a Director of the Academy Board. A Director who violates this Section shall be removed from office, in accordance with the removal provisions found in the Resolution or Schedule 2: Bylaws. As set forth in the Resolution, a Director serves at the pleasure of the College Board, and may be removed with or without cause by the College Board at any time.
- Section 4.4. <u>Incompatible Public Offices and Conflicts of Interest Statutes</u>. The Academy shall comply with the Incompatible Public Offices statute, being MCL 15.181 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and the Contracts of Public Servants with Public Entities statute, being MCL 15.321 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The Academy Board shall ensure compliance with Applicable Law relating to conflicts of interest. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract, the following shall be deemed prohibited conflicts of interest for purposes of this Contract:

- (a) An individual simultaneously serving as an Academy Board member and as an owner, officer, director, employee or consultant of or independent contractor to an Educational Service Provider or an employee leasing company, or a subcontractor to an Educational Service Provider or an employee leasing company that has an ESP agreement with the Academy;
- (b) An individual simultaneously serving as an Academy Board member and an Academy employee;
- (c) An individual simultaneously serving as an Academy Board member and an independent contractor to the Academy;
- (d) An individual simultaneously serving as an Academy Board member and a member of the governing board of another public school; and
- (e) An individual simultaneously serving as an Academy Board member and a College official, employee, or paid consultant, as a representative of the College.
- (f) An individual simultaneously serving as an Academy Board member and having an ownership or financial interest in any school building leased or subleased to the Academy.
- Section 4.5. <u>Prohibition of Identified Family Relationships</u>. The Academy Board shall prohibit specifically identified family relationships pursuant to Applicable Law and the Terms and Conditions of this Contract. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract, the following shall be deemed prohibited familial relationships for the purposes of this Contract:
 - (a) No person shall be appointed or reappointed to serve as an Academy Board member if the person's mother, mother-in-law, father, father-in-law, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, brother, brother-in-law, spouse or same-sex domestic partner:
 - (i) Is employed by the Academy;
 - (ii) Works at or is assigned to the Academy;
 - (iii) Has an ownership, officer, policymaking, managerial, administrative non-clerical, or other significant role with the Academy's ESP or employee leasing company; or
 - (iv) Has an ownership or financial interest in any school building lease or sublease agreement with the Academy.
 - (b) The Academy Board shall require each individual who works at the Academy to annually disclose any familial relationship with any other individual who works at, or provides services to, the Academy. For purposes of this sub-section, familial relationship means a person's

mother, mother-in-law, father, father-in-law, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, brother, brother-in-law, spouse or same-sex domestic partner.

- Section 4.6. <u>Dual Employment Positions Prohibited</u>. Any person working at the Academy is prohibited by law from being employed at the Academy in more than one full-time position and simultaneously being compensated for each position.
- Section 4.7. <u>Oath of Public Office</u>. Academy Board members are public officials. Before entering upon the duties of a public school board member, each Academy Board member shall take, sign and file the constitutional oath of office with the Charter Schools Office.

ARTICLE V

CORPORATE STRUCTURE OF THE ACADEMY

- Section 5.1. <u>Nonprofit Corporation</u>. The Academy shall be organized and operated as a public school academy corporation organized under the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act, as amended, Act No. 162 of the Public Acts of 1982, being Sections 450.2101 to 450.3192 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. Notwithstanding any provision of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act, as amended, the Academy shall not take any action inconsistent with the provisions of Part 6A of the Code or other Applicable Law.
- Section 5.2. <u>Articles of Incorporation</u>. The Articles of Incorporation of the Academy, as set forth in Schedule 1, shall be the Articles of Incorporation of the Academy. Any subsequent amendments to the Academy's Articles of Incorporation shall only be incorporated into this Contract pursuant to Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.
- Section 5.3. <u>Bylaws</u>. The Bylaws of the Academy, as set forth in Schedule 2, shall be the Bylaws of the Academy. Any subsequent amendments to the Academy's Bylaws shall only be incorporated into this Contract pursuant to Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.
- Section 5.4. <u>Quorum</u>. Notwithstanding any document in the Contract that is inconsistent with this Section, including the Academy's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, a quorum of the Academy Board that is necessary to transact business and to take action shall be a majority of the Academy Board members as set by the Authorizing Resolution.

ARTICLE VI

OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

Section 6.1. <u>Governance Structure</u>. The Academy shall be organized and administered under the direction of the Academy Board and pursuant to the Governance Structure as set forth in Schedule 7a. The Academy shall have four officers: President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer. The officer positions shall be filled by persons who are members of the Academy Board. A description of their duties is included in Schedule 2.

- Section 6.2. <u>Educational Goals</u>. The Academy shall pursue the educational goals identified in Schedule 7b. The educational goals shall include demonstrated improved pupil academic achievement for all groups of pupils.
- Section 6.3. <u>Educational Programs</u>. The Academy shall deliver the educational programs identified in Schedule 7c.
- Section 6.4. <u>Curriculum</u>. The Academy shall implement and follow the curriculum identified in Schedule 7d.
- Section 6.5. <u>Method of Pupil Assessment</u>. The Academy shall evaluate pupils' work based on the assessment strategies identified in Schedule 7e. To the extent applicable, pupil performance at the Academy shall be assessed using both the mathematics and reading portions of the Michigan Student Test of Educational Progress ("M-STEP") or the Michigan Merit Examination ("MME") designated under the Code. The Academy shall provide the Charter Schools Office with copies of reports, assessments and test results concerning the following:
 - (a) educational outcomes achieved by pupils attending the Academy and other reports reasonably requested by the Charter Schools Office;
 - (b) an assessment of student performances at the end of each academic school year or at such other times as the College Board may reasonably request;
 - (c) an annual education report in accordance with the Code;
 - (d) an annually administered nationally recognized norm-referenced achievement test for the Academy's grade configuration, or a program of testing approved by the Charter Schools Office; and
 - (e) all tests required under Applicable Law.
- Section 6.6. <u>Application and Enrollment of Students</u>. The Academy shall comply with the application and enrollment policies identified in Schedule 7f. With respect to the Academy's pupil admissions process, the Academy shall provide any documentation or information requested by the Charter Schools Office that demonstrates the following:
 - (a) The Academy has made a reasonable effort to advertise its enrollment efforts to all pupils; and
 - (b) The Academy's open enrollment period was for a duration of at least 2 weeks and permitted the enrollment of pupils at times in the evening and on weekends.
- Section 6.7. <u>School Calendar and School Day Schedule</u>. The Academy shall comply with the school calendar and school day schedule guidelines as set forth in Schedule 7g.
- Section 6.8. <u>Age or Grade Range of Pupils</u>. The Academy shall comply with the age and grade ranges as stated in Schedule 7h.

- Section 6.9. <u>Collective Bargaining Agreements</u>. Collective bargaining agreements, if any, with employees of the Academy shall be the responsibility of the Academy.
- Section 6.10. <u>Accounting Standards</u>. The Academy shall at all times comply with generally accepted public sector accounting principles and accounting system requirements that comply with the Code, this Contract, the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended, and applicable State Board of Education and Department of Education rules.
- Section 6.11. <u>Annual Financial Statement Audit</u>. The Academy shall conduct an annual financial statement audit prepared and reviewed by an independent certified public accountant. In accordance with timeframes set forth in the Master Calendar, the Academy shall submit one (1) copy of the annual financial statement audit, auditor's management letters and any responses to auditor's management letters to the Charter Schools Office.
- Section 6.12. Address and Description of Physical Plant; Process for Expanding Academy's Site Operations. The address and description of the physical plant for the Academy is set forth in Schedule 6. With the approval of the College Board, the Academy Board may operate the same configuration of age or grade levels at more than one (1) site if each configuration of age or grade levels and each site identified in Schedule 6 are under the direction and control of the Academy Board.

The College Board's process for evaluating and approving the same configuration of age or grade levels at more than one (1) site is as follows:

By formal resolution, the Academy Board may request the authority to operate the same configuration of age or grade levels at more than one site. The Academy Board shall submit to the CSO a contract amendment, in a form and manner determined by the CSO. The contract amendment shall include all information requested by the CSO, including detailed information about the site, the Academy's proposed operations at the site and the information provided in Contract Schedules 4, 5, 6 and 7. Upon receipt of a complete contract amendment, the CSO Director shall review the contract amendment and make a recommendation to the College Board on whether the Academy's request for site expansion should be approved. recommendation by the CSO Director of the contract amendment shall include a determination by the CSO Director that the Academy is operating in compliance with the Contract and is making measureable progress toward meeting the Academy's educational goals. The College Board may consider the Academy Board's site expansion request contract amendment following submission by the CSO Director of a positive recommendation. If the College Board approves the Academy Board's site expansion request contract amendment, the Contract shall be amended in accordance with Article IX of these Terms and Conditions. The College Board reserves the right to modify, reject or approve any site expansion request contract amendment in its sole and absolute discretion.

Section 6.13. <u>Contributions and Fund Raising</u>. The Academy may solicit and receive contributions and donations as permitted by law. No solicitation shall indicate that a contribution to the Academy is for the benefit of the College or the College Board.

- Section 6.14. <u>Disqualified Organizational or Contractual Affiliations</u>. The Academy shall comply with all state and federal law applicable to public schools concerning church-state issues. To the extent disqualified under the state or federal constitutions, the Academy shall not be organized by a church or other religious organization and shall not have any organizational or contractual affiliation with or constitute a church or other religious organization. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to diminish or enlarge the civil and political rights, privileges and capacities of any person on account of his or her religious belief.
- Section 6.15. <u>Method for Monitoring Academy's Compliance with Applicable Law and Performance of its Targeted Educational Outcomes</u>. The Academy shall perform the compliance certification duties required by the College Board and outlined in the Oversight Agreement set forth as Schedule 4. In addition to the College Board's oversight responsibilities and other reporting requirements set forth in this Contract, the Academy's compliance certification duties shall serve as the method for monitoring the Academy's compliance with Applicable Law and its performance in meeting its educational goals.
- Section 6.16. <u>Matriculation Agreements</u>. Before the Academy Board approves a matriculation agreement with another public school, the Academy shall provide a draft copy of the agreement to the Charter Schools Office for review. Any matriculation agreement entered into by the Academy shall be incorporated into Schedule 7 by contract amendment pursuant to Article IX of these Terms and Conditions. Until the matriculation agreement is incorporated into the Contract, the Academy is prohibited from granting an enrollment priority to any student pursuant to that matriculation agreement.
- Section 6.17. <u>Postings of Accreditation Status</u>. The Academy shall post notices to the Academy's homepage of its website disclosing the accreditation status of each school as required by the Code.
- Section 6.18. <u>Academy Site Is Former Site of Closed Community District School; State School Reform/Redesign Officer Approval Required</u>. If the Academy's proposed site is located within the geographical boundaries of a Community District and is a site that was a former site of a Community District school closed by the State School Reform/Redesign Office within the last 3 school years, then the College Board shall not issue the Contract unless (a) the new Academy site has a substantially different leadership structure and curricular offering than the previous Community District school that operated at the site; and (b) the State School Reform/Redesign Officer has approved the Academy's use of the site. A copy of the State School Reform/Redesign Officer's approval shall be provided to the Charter Schools Office as part of the Application process.
- Section 6.19. Section 6.19. New Public School Academies Located Within The Boundaries of A Community District. If the circumstances listed below in (a) and (b) or (c) apply to the Academy's site, the Academy represents to the College Board, intending that the College Board rely on such representation as a precondition to issuing this Contract, that the Academy will have a substantially different governance, leadership and curriculum than the public school previously operating at the site:

- (a) The Academy's proposed site is the same location as a public school that (i) is currently on the list under Section 1280c(1), MCL 380.1280c(1), of the public schools in this State that the State School Reform/ Redesign Office has determined to be among the lowest achieving 5% of all public schools; or (ii) has been on the list during the immediately preceding 3 school years.
- (b) If an Accountability Plan has been in effect for at least 3 full school years, the Academy's proposed site is at the same location as a public school that has been assigned a grade of "F" under the Accountability Plan for 3 of the preceding 5 school years; or
- (c) The Academy's proposed site is the same location of another public school academy, urban high school academy, school of excellence or strict discipline academy whose contract was revoked or terminated by an authorizing body.
- Section 6.20. <u>Community District Accountability Plan</u>. If any part of the Academy's proposed site is located within the geographical boundaries of a Community District, then the Academy shall comply with the Accountability Plan. This provision shall not apply if a statewide accountability system is enacted into law replacing the Accountability Plan.

ARTICLE VII

TUITION PROHIBITED

Section 7.1. <u>Tuition Prohibited; Fees and Expenses</u>. The Academy shall not charge tuition. The Academy may impose fees and require payment of expenses for activities of the Academy where such fees and payments are not prohibited by law.

ARTICLE VIII

COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS

Section 8.1. Compliance with Applicable Law. The Academy shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws, including, but not limited to, to the extent applicable, the Code, the State School Aid Act of 1979, the Open Meetings Act, the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), the Public Employees Relation Act, the Prevailing Wage on State Contracts statute, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, the Revised Municipal Finance Act of 2001, the Elliott-Larsen Civil Rights Act, , the Michigan Handicappers' Civil Rights Act, , and Subtitle A of Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, Public Law 101-336, 42 USC & 12101 et seq. or any successor law. Additionally, the Academy shall comply with other state and federal laws which are applicable to public school academies. Nothing in this Contract shall be deemed to apply any other state or federal law to the Academy.

ARTICLE IX

AMENDMENT

Section 9.1. <u>Amendments</u>. The College Board and the Academy acknowledge that the operation and administration of a public school academy and the improvement of educational

outcomes over time will require amendment of this Contract. In order to assure a proper balance between the need for independent development of the Academy and the statutory responsibilities of the College Board as an authorizing body, the parties have established a flexible process for amending this Contract.

- Section 9.2. Process for Amendment Initiated by the Academy. The Academy, by a majority vote of its Board of Directors, may, at any time, propose specific changes in this Contract or may propose a meeting to discuss potential revision of this Contract. The proposal will be made to the College Board through its designee. Except as provided in Section 6.12 of these Terms and Conditions, the College Board delegates to the CSO Director the review and approval of changes or amendments to this Contract. In the event that a proposed change is not accepted by the CSO Director, the College Board shall consider and vote upon a change proposed by the Academy following an opportunity for a presentation to the College Board by the Academy.
- Section 9.3. Process for Amendment Initiated by the College Board. The College Board, or an authorized designee, may, at any time, propose specific changes in this Contract or may propose a meeting to discuss potential revision of this Contract. The College Board delegates to the CSO Director the review and approval of changes or amendments to this Contract. The Academy Board may delegate to an officer of the Academy the review and negotiation of changes or amendments to this Contract. The Contract shall be amended as requested by the College Board upon a majority vote of the Academy Board.
- Section 9.4. <u>Final Approval of Amendments</u>. Amendments to this Contract take effect only after they have been approved by the Academy Board and by the College Board or the CSO Director. If the proposed amendment conflicts with any of the College Board's general policies on public school academies, the proposed amendment shall take effect only after approval by the Academy and the College Board.
- Section 9.5. <u>Change in Existing Law.</u> If, after the effective date of this Contract, there is a change in Applicable Law which alters or amends rights, the responsibilities or obligations of either the Academy or the College Board, this Contract shall be altered or amended to reflect the change in existing law as of the effective date of such change. To the extent possible, the responsibilities and obligations of the Academy and the College Board shall conform to and be carried out in accordance with the change in Applicable Law.
- Section 9.6. Emergency Action on Behalf of College Board. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract to the contrary, the contents of this Section shall govern in the event of an emergency situation that arises between meetings of the College Board. An emergency situation shall be deemed to occur if the Charter Schools Office Director, in his or her sole discretion, determines that the facts and circumstances warrant that emergency action take place before the next meeting of the College Board. Upon the determination that an emergency situation exists, the Charter Schools Office Director may temporarily take action on behalf of the College Board with regard to the Academy or the Contract, so long as such action is in the best interest of the College Board and the Charter Schools Office Director consults with the College Board Chairperson or the College President prior to taking the intended actions. When acting during an emergency situation, the Charter Schools Office Director shall have the authority to act

in place of the College Board, and such emergency action shall only be effective in the interim before the earlier of (a) rejection of the emergency action by the Chairperson of the College Board; or (b) the next meeting of the College Board. The Charter Schools Office Director shall immediately report such action to the College Board for confirmation at the next meeting so that the emergency action continues or, upon confirmation by the College Board, becomes permanent.

ARTICLE X

CONTRACT TERMINATION, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION

Section 10.1. <u>Statutory Grounds for Revocation</u>. In addition to the other grounds for revocation in Section 10.2 and the automatic revocation in Section 10.3 of these Terms and Conditions, the College Board may revoke this Contract, pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 10.7, upon a determination that one or more of the following has occurred:

- (a) Failure of the Academy to demonstrate improved pupil academic achievement for all groups of pupils or meet the educational goals and related measures set forth in this Contract;
- (b) Failure of the Academy to comply with all Applicable Law;
- (c) Failure of the Academy to meet generally accepted public sector accounting principles and demonstrate sound fiscal stewardship; or
- (d) The existence of one or more other grounds for revocation as specified in this Contract.

Section 10.2. Other Grounds for Revocation. In addition to the statutory grounds for revocation set forth in Section 10.1 and the grounds for an automatic revocation set forth in Section 10.3, the College Board may revoke this Contract, pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 10.7, upon a determination that one or more of the following has occurred:

- (a) The Academy fails to achieve or demonstrate measurable progress toward achieving the educational goals and related measures identified in this Contract;
- (b) The Academy fails to properly implement, consistently deliver, and support the educational programs or curriculum identified in this Contract;
- (c) The Academy is insolvent, has been adjudged bankrupt, or has operated for two or more school fiscal years with a fund balance deficit;
- (d) The Academy has insufficient enrollment to successfully operate a public school academy, or the Academy has lost more than fifty percent (50%) of its student enrollment from the previous school year;

- (e) The Academy fails to fulfill the compliance and reporting requirements or defaults in any of the terms, conditions, promises or representations contained in or incorporated into this Contract or, during the term of this Contract, it is discovered by the Charter Schools Office that the Academy failed to fulfill the compliance and reporting requirements or there was a violation of a prior Contract issued by the College Board;
- (f) The Academy files amendments to its Articles of Incorporation with the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, Bureau of Commercial Services without first obtaining the Charter Schools Office's approval;
- (g) The Charter Schools Office discovers grossly negligent, fraudulent or criminal conduct by the Academy's applicant(s), directors, officers, employees or agents in relation to their performance under this Contract; or
- (h) The Academy's applicant(s), directors, officers, employees or agents have provided false or misleading information or documentation to the Charter Schools Office in connection with the College Board's approval of the Application, the issuance of this Contract, or the Academy's reporting requirements under this Contract or Applicable Law.

Section 10.3. <u>Automatic Amendment Of Contract; Automatic Termination of Contract</u> <u>If All Academy Sites Closed Or Placed In State School Reform/Redesign District; Economic Hardship Termination.</u>

Except as otherwise provided in this Section 10.3, if the College Board is notified by the State School Reform/Redesign Officer that either (i) an Academy site is subject to closure under section 507 of the Code, MCL 380.507 ("State's Automatic Closure Notice"), or (ii) an Academy site is being placed in the State School Reform/Redesign District ("State's Reform District Notice") pursuant to section 1280c(6) of the Code, MCL 380.1280c(6), then this Contract shall automatically be amended to eliminate the Academy's authority to operate certain age and grade levels at the site or sites identified in the State's Automatic Closure Notice or the State's Reform District Notice. If the State's Automatic Closure Notice or State's Reform District Notice includes all of the Academy's existing sites, then this Contract shall automatically be terminated at the end of the current school year in which either the State's Automatic Closure Notice or the State's Reform District Notice is received without any further action of the College Board or the Academy.

If the Charter Schools Office Director determines, in his or her discretion, that either the closure of one or more sites, or the placement of one or more sites in the State School Reform/Redesign District, creates a significant economic hardship for the Academy as a going concern, then the Charter Schools Office Director may recommend to the College Board that the Contract be terminated at the end of the current school year (hereinafter "Economic Hardship Termination"). If the College Board approves the Economic Hardship Termination

recommendation, then this Contract shall terminate at the end of the current school year without any further action of the parties. The College Board's revocation procedures set forth in Section 10.7(c) do not apply to an automatic termination initiated by the State's Automatic Closure Notice, the State's Reform District Notice, or an Economic Hardship Termination under this Section 10.3.

Following receipt of the State's Automatic Closure Notice or the State's Reform District Notice, the Charter Schools Office shall forward a copy of the notice to the Academy Board and may request a meeting with the Academy Board representatives to discuss the Academy's plans and procedures for the elimination of certain age or grade levels at the identified site or sites, or if all of the Academy's existing sites are included in that notice, then wind-up and dissolution of the Academy corporation at the end of the current school year. All Academy inquiries and requests for reconsideration of the State's Automatic Closure Notice or the State's Reform District Notice, including the granting of any hardship exemption rescinding the State's Automatic Closure Notice, shall be directed to the State School Reform/Redesign Officer, in a form and manner determined by the State School Reform/Redesign Office or the Michigan Department of Technology Management and Budget.

If the State School Reform/Redesign Officer rescinds the State's Automatic Closure Notice or the State's Reform District Notice for an Academy site or sites, the Academy is not required to close the identified site(s), but shall present to the Charter Schools Office a proposed Contract amendment incorporating the State School Reform/Redesign Officer's school improvement plan, if applicable, for the identified site(s).

Section 10.4. Material Breach of Contract; Termination of Contract By College Board Caused By State School Reform/Redesign Officer Order. If the College Board receives notice that (i) an order has been issued by the State School Reform/Redesign Officer under Section 1280c(2) of the Code, MCL 380.1280c(2), placing an Academy site or sites under the supervision of the State School Reform/Redesign Officer; or (ii) an order is issued by the State School Reform/Redesign Officer appointing a Chief Executive Officer to take control of an Academy site or sites pursuant to Section 1280c(7) of the Code, MCL 380.1280c(7), the Charter Schools Office Director may, at his or her discretion, deem such actions a material breach of this Contract. If the Charter Schools Office Director determines that the issuance of such an order constitutes a material breach of this Contract, the Charter Schools Office Director shall notify the Academy of the material breach and request a meeting with Academy Board representatives to To remedy the material breach, the Academy shall work toward the discuss the matter. development of a corrective action plan within thirty (30) days that is acceptable to the Charter Schools Office Director. In addition to other matters, the corrective action plan shall include the Academy's redesign plan, if applicable, prepared pursuant to section 1280c of the Code, MCL 380.1280c.

The development of a corrective action plan under this Section 10.4 shall not in any way limit the rights of the College Board to revoke, terminate, or suspend this Contract. If the Charter Schools Office Director determines that the Academy is unable to develop a corrective action plan that can remedy the material breach and that is acceptable to the College, the Charter Schools Office Director shall recommend that the College Board terminate the Contract at the end of the current school year. If the College Board approves to terminate the Contract under

this Section 10.4, the Contract shall be terminated at the end of the current school year without any further action of either party. If this Contract is terminated pursuant to this Section 10.4, the termination and revocation procedures in Section 10.6 and Section 10.7 shall not apply.

Section 10.5. Grounds and Procedures for Academy Termination of Contract. The Academy Board, by majority vote of its Directors, may, at any time and for any reason, request termination of this Contract. The Academy Board's request for termination shall be made to the Charter Schools Office Director not less than six (6) calendar months in advance of the Academy's proposed effective date of termination. Upon receipt of an Academy request for termination, the Charter Schools Office Director shall present the Academy Board's request for termination to the College Board. A copy of the Academy Board's resolution approving of the Contract termination, including a summary of the reasons for terminating the Contract, shall be included with the Academy Board's request for termination. Upon receipt of the Academy Board's request for termination, the College Board shall consider and vote on the proposed termination request. The College Board may, in its sole discretion, waive the six (6) month advance notice requirement for terminating this Contract.

Section 10.6. Grounds and Procedures for College Termination of Contract. The College Board, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to terminate the Contract (i) for any reason or for no reason provided that such termination shall not take place less than six (6) months from the date of the College Board's action; or (ii) if there is a change in Applicable Law that the College Board, in its sole discretion, determines impairs its rights and obligations under the Contract or requires the College Board to make changes in the Contract that are not in the best interest of the College Board or the College, then such termination shall take effect at the end of the current Academy fiscal year. Following College Board approval, the Charter Schools Office Director shall provide notice of the termination to the Academy. If during the period between the College Board action to terminate and the effective date of termination, the Academy has violated the Contract or Applicable Law, the Contract may be revoked or suspended sooner pursuant to this Article X. If this Contract is terminated pursuant to this Section 10.6, the revocation procedures in Section 10.7 shall not apply.

Section 10.7. <u>College Board Procedures for Revoking Contract</u>. The College Board's process for revoking the Contract is as follows:

- (a) <u>Notice of Intent to Revoke</u>. The Charter Schools Office Director, upon reasonable belief that grounds for revocation of the Contract exist, shall notify the Academy Board of such grounds by issuing the Academy Board a Notice of Intent to Revoke for non-compliance with the Contract or Applicable Law. The Notice of Intent to Revoke shall be in writing and shall set forth in sufficient detail the alleged grounds for revocation.
- (b) <u>Academy Board's Response</u>. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Notice of Intent to Revoke, the Academy Board shall respond in writing to the alleged grounds for revocation. The Academy Board's response shall be addressed to the Charter Schools Office Director, and shall either admit or deny the allegations of non-compliance. If the Academy's response includes admissions of non-compliance with the Contract or Applicable Law, the Academy Board's response must also contain a description of the Academy Board's plan and time line for correcting the non-compliance with the Contract or Applicable Law. If the

Academy's response includes a denial of non-compliance with the Contract or Applicable Law, the Academy's response shall include sufficient documentation or other evidence to support a denial of non-compliance with the Contract or Applicable Law. A response not in compliance with this Section shall be deemed to be non-responsive. As part of its response, the Academy Board may request that a meeting be scheduled with the Charter Schools Office Director prior to a review of the Academy Board's response.

- (c) Plan of Correction. Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the Academy Board's response or after a meeting with Academy Board representatives, the Charter Schools Office Director shall review the Academy Board's response and determine whether a reasonable plan for correcting the deficiencies can be formulated. If the Charter Schools Office Director determines that a reasonable plan for correcting the deficiencies set forth in the Notice of Intent to Revoke can be formulated, the Charter Schools Office Director shall develop a plan for correcting the non-compliance ("Plan of Correction") which may include reconstitution pursuant to 10.7(d) of these Terms and Conditions. In developing a Plan of Correction, the Charter Schools Office Director is permitted to adopt, modify or reject some or all of the Academy Board's response for correcting the deficiencies outlined in the Notice of Intent to Revoke. The Notice of Intent to Revoke shall be closed if the Charter Schools Office Director determines any of the following: (i) the Academy Board's denial of non-compliance is persuasive; (ii) the non-compliance set forth in the Notice of Intent to Revoke has been corrected by the Academy Board, or (iii) the Academy Board has successfully completed the Plan of Correction.
- (d) <u>College Board's Contract Reconstitution Provision</u>. The Charter Schools Office Director may reconstitute the Academy in an effort to improve student educational performance or to avoid interruption of the educational process. Reconstitution may include, but is not limited to, one of the following actions: (i) removal of 1 or more members of the Academy Board; (ii) termination of at-will board appointments of 1 or more Academy Board members in accordance with the Resolution; (iii) withdrawing approval of a contract under Section 506 of the Code; or (iv) the appointment of a new Academy Board of Directors or a conservator/trustee to take over operations of the Academy.

Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, reconstitution of the Academy does not restrict the State School Reform/Redesign Officer from issuing an order under section 507 of the Code, MCL 380.507, directing the automatic closure of the Academy's site(s). If, however, the Academy is located within the boundaries of a Community District and an Accountability Plan is in place, the Charter Schools Office shall notify the State School Reform/Redesign Officer that the Plan of Correction includes a reconstitution of the Academy to ensure that the Academy is not subject to automatic closure by the State School Reform/Redesign Officer under section 507 of the Code, MCL 380.507.

- (c) <u>Request for Revocation Hearing</u>. The Charter Schools Office Director may initiate a revocation hearing before the College Charter Schools Hearing Panel if the Charter Schools Office Director determines that any of the following has occurred:
 - (i) the Academy Board has failed to respond to the Notice of Intent to Revoke as set forth in Section 10.7(b);

- (ii) the Academy Board's response to the Notice of Intent to Revoke is non-responsive;
- (iii) the Academy Board's response admits violations of the Contract or Applicable Law which the Charter Schools Office Director deems cannot be remedied or cannot be remedied in an appropriate period of time, or for which the Charter Schools Office Director determines that a Plan of Correction cannot be formulated;
- (iv) the Academy Board's response contains denials that are not supported by sufficient documentation or other evidence showing compliance with the Contract or Applicable Law;
- (v) the Academy Board has not complied with part or all of a Plan of Correction established in Section 10.7(c);
- (vi) the Academy Board has engaged in actions that jeopardize the financial or educational integrity of the Academy; or
- (vii) the Academy Board has been issued multiple or repeated Notices of Intent to Revoke.

The Charter Schools Office Director shall send a copy of the request for revocation hearing to the Academy Board at the same time the request is sent to the Hearing Panel. The request for revocation shall identify the reasons for revoking the Contract.

- Hearing before the College Charter Schools Hearing Panel. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of a request for revocation hearing, the Hearing Panel shall convene a revocation hearing. The Hearing Panel shall provide a copy of the notice of hearing to the Charter Schools Office and the Academy Board at least ten (10) days before the hearing. The purpose of the Hearing Panel is to gather facts surrounding the Charter Schools Office Director's request for Contract revocation, and to make a recommendation to the College Board on whether the Contract should be revoked. The revocation hearing shall be held at a location, date and time as determined by the Charter Schools Office Director and shall not last more than three hours. The hearing shall be transcribed and the cost shall be divided equally between the College and the Academy. The Charter Schools Office Director or his or her designee, and the Academy Board or its designee, shall each have equal time to make their presentation to the Hearing Panel. Although each party is permitted to submit affidavits and exhibits in support of their positions, the Hearing Panel will not hear testimony from any witnesses for either side. The Hearing Panel may, however, question the Charter Schools Office Director and the Academy Board. Within thirty (30) days of the revocation hearing, the Hearing Panel shall make a recommendation to the College Board concerning the revocation of the Contract. For good cause, the Hearing Panel may extend any time deadline set forth in this subsection. A copy of the Hearing Panel's recommendation shall be provided to the Charter Schools Office and the Academy Board at the same time that the recommendation is sent to the College Board.
- (g) <u>College Board Decision</u>. If the Hearing Panel's recommendation is submitted to the College Board at least fourteen (14) days before the College Board's next regular meeting, the College Board shall consider the Hearing Panel's recommendation at its next regular meeting

and vote on whether to revoke the Contract. The College Board reserves the right to modify, reject or approve all or any part of the Hearing Panel's recommendation. The College Board shall have available to it copies of the Hearing Panel's recommendation and the transcript from the hearing. The College Board may waive the fourteen (14) day submission requirement or hold a special board meeting to consider the Hearing Panel's recommendation. A copy of the College Board's decision shall be provided to the Charter Schools Office, the Academy Board and the Michigan Department of Education.

- (h) <u>Effective Date of Revocation</u>. If the College Board votes to revoke the Contract, the revocation shall be effective on the date of the College Board's act of revocation, or at a later date as determined by the College Board.
- (i) <u>Disposition of State School Aid Funds</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Contract, any state school aid funds received by the College Board after a recommendation is made by the Hearing Panel to revoke the Contract, or a decision by the College Board to revoke the Contract, may be withheld by the College Board or returned to the Michigan Department of Treasury upon request.
- Section 10.8. <u>Contract Suspension</u>. The College Board's process for suspending the Contract is as follows:
- (a) <u>The Charter Schools Office Director Action</u>. If the Charter Schools Office Director determines, in his or her sole discretion, that certain conditions or circumstances exist such that the Academy Board:
 - (i) has placed staff or students at risk;
- (ii) is not properly exercising its fiduciary obligations to protect and preserve the Academy's public funds and property;
- (iii) has lost its right to occupancy of the physical facilities described in Schedule 6, and cannot find another suitable physical facility for the Academy prior to the expiration or termination of its right to occupy its existing physical facilities;
- (iv) has failed to secure or has lost the necessary fire, health, and safety approvals as required by Schedule 6;
 - (v) has willfully or intentionally violated this Contract or Applicable Law; or
- (vi) has violated Section 10.2(g) or (h), then the Charter Schools Office Director may immediately suspend the Contract, pending completion of the procedures set forth in Section 10.7. A copy of the suspension notice, setting forth the grounds for suspension, shall be sent to the Academy Board and to the Hearing Panel. If this subsection is implemented, the notice and hearing procedures set forth in Section 10.7 shall be expedited as much as possible.
- (b) <u>Disposition of State School Aid Funds</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Contract, any state school aid funds received by the College Board after a decision by the Charter Schools Office Director to suspend the Contract, shall be retained by the College Board

for the Academy until the Contract is reinstated, or shall be returned to the Michigan Department of Treasury upon the State's request.

(c) Immediate Revocation Proceeding. If the Academy Board, after receiving a notice of Contract suspension from the Charter Schools Office Director, continues to engage in conduct or activities that are covered by the suspension notice, the Hearing Panel may immediately convene a revocation hearing in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 10.7(e) of this Contract. The Hearing Panel has the authority to accelerate the time line for revoking the Contract, provided that notice of the revocation hearing shall be provided to the Charter Schools Office and the Academy Board at least five (5) days before the hearing. If the Hearing Panel determines that the Academy Board has continued to engage in conduct or activities that are covered by the suspension notice, the Hearing Panel may recommend revocation of the Contract. The College Board shall proceed to consider the Hearing Panel's recommendation in accordance with Sections 10.7(f) through (h).

Section 10.9. Venue; Jurisdiction. The parties agree that all actions or proceedings arising in connection with this Contract will be tried and litigated only in the Circuit Court of Chippewa County, Michigan, the Michigan Court of Claims or the Federal District Court for the Western District of Michigan. The parties hereby irrevocably accept for themselves and in respect of their property, generally and unconditionally, the jurisdiction of such courts. The parties irrevocably consent to the service of process out of any such courts in any such action or proceedings by the mailing of copies thereof by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to each such party, at its address set forth for notices in this Contract, such service to become effective ten (10) days after such mailing. The parties irrevocably waive any right they may have to assert the doctrine of forum non conveniens or to object to venue to the extent any proceedings is brought in accordance with this Section 10.9. This Section 10.9 shall not in any way be interpreted as an exception to the Academy's covenant not to sue contained in Section 11.3 of these Terms and Conditions.

Section 10.10. Appointment of Conservator/Trustee. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Contract, in the event that the College President, in his or her sole discretion, determines that the health, safety and welfare of Academy students, property or funds are at risk, the College President, after consulting with the College Board Chairperson, may appoint a person to serve as the Conservator of the Academy. Upon appointment, the Conservator shall have all the powers of a Board of Directors of a Public School Academy and act in the place and stead of the Academy Board. The College President shall appoint the Conservator for a definite term which may be extended in writing at his or her discretion. During the appointment, the Academy Board members and their terms in office are suspended and all powers of the Academy Board are suspended. All appointments made under this section must be presented to the College Board for final determination at its next regularly scheduled meeting. During their appointment, the Conservator shall have the following powers:

- (a) take into his or her possession all Academy property and records, including financial, Academy Board, employment and student records;
 - (b) institute and defend actions by or on behalf of the Academy;

- (c) continue the business of the Academy including entering into contracts, borrowing money, and pledging, mortgaging, or otherwise encumbering the property of the Academy as security for the repayment of loans. However, the power shall be subject to any provisions and restrictions in any existing credit documents;
 - (d) hire, fire and discipline employees of the Academy;
- (e) settle or compromise with any debtor or creditor of the Academy, including any taxing authority;
- (f) review all outstanding agreements to which the Academy is a party and to take those actions which the Academy Board may have exercised to pay, extend, rescind, renegotiate or settle such agreements as needed; and
- (g) perform all acts necessary and appropriate to fulfill the Academy's purposes as set forth under this Contract or Applicable Law.

Section 10.11. Academy Dissolution Account. If the College Board terminates, revokes or fails to issue a new Contract to the Academy, the CSO Director shall notify the Academy that, beginning thirty (30) days after notification of the College Board's decision, the College Board shall direct up to \$10,000 from each subsequent State School Aid Fund payment, not to exceed a combined total of \$30,000, to a separate Academy account ("Academy Dissolution Account") to be used exclusively to pay the costs associated with the wind up and dissolution responsibilities of the Academy. Within five (5) business days of the CSO Director's notice, the Academy Board Treasurer shall provide the CSO Director, in a form and manner determined by the CSO, with account detail information and authorization to direct such funds to the Academy Dissolution Account. The Academy Dissolution Account shall be under the sole care, custody and control of the Academy Board, and such funds shall not be used by the Academy to pay any other Academy debt or obligation until such time as all the wind-up and dissolution expenses have been satisfied.

ARTICLE XI

PROVISIONS RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMIES

- Section 11.1. <u>The Academy Budget; Transmittal of Budgetary Assumptions; Budget Deficit; Enhanced Deficit Elimination Plan.</u> The Academy agrees to comply with all of the following:
 - (a) The Academy Board is responsible for establishing, approving, and amending an annual budget in accordance with the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, MCL 141.421 et seq. Within ten (10) days after adoption by the Academy Board (but not later than July 1st) each year, the Academy Board shall submit to the Charter Schools Office a copy of its annual budget for the upcoming fiscal year. The budget must detail budgeted expenditures at the object level as described in the Michigan Department of Education's Michigan School Accounting Manual. In addition, the Academy Board is responsible for approving all revisions

and amendments to the annual budget. Within 10 days after Academy Board approval, revisions or amendments to the Academy's budget shall be submitted to the Charter Schools Office.

- Unless exempted from transmitting under section 1219 of the Code, MCL 380.1219, the Academy, on or before July 7th of each school fiscal year, shall transmit to the Center for Educational Performance and Information ("CEPI") the budgetary assumptions used when adopting its annual budget pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, MCL 141.421 et seq.
- (c) The Academy shall not adopt or operate under a deficit budget, or incur an operating deficit in a fund during any fiscal year. At any time during the term of this Contract, the Academy shall not have an existing deficit fund balance, incur a deficit fund balance, or adopt a current year budget that projects a deficit fund balance. If the Academy has an existing deficit fund balance, incurs a deficit fund balance in the most recently completed school fiscal year, or adopts a current year budget that projects a deficit fund balance, all of the following apply:
 - (i) The Academy shall notify the Superintendent and the State Treasurer immediately upon the occurrence of the circumstance, and provide a copy of the notice to the Charter Schools Office.
 - (ii) Within 30 days after making notification under subdivision (c)(i), the Academy shall submit to the Superintendent in the form and manner prescribed by the Department an amended budget for the current school fiscal year and a deficit elimination plan approved by the Academy Board, with a copy to the State Treasurer. The Academy shall transmit a copy of the amended budget and the deficit elimination plan to the Charter Schools Office.
 - (iii) After the Superintendent approves Academy's deficit elimination plan, the Academy shall post the deficit elimination plan on the Academy's website.
- (d) If the Academy is required by the State Treasurer to submit an enhanced deficit elimination plan under section 1220 of the Code, MCL 380.1220, the Academy shall do all of the following:
 - (i) The enhanced deficit elimination plan shall be approved by the Academy Board before submission.
 - (ii) After the State Treasurer approves an enhanced deficit elimination plan for the Academy, the Academy shall post the enhanced deficit elimination plan on the Academy's website.

(iii) As required, submit to the Superintendent and State Treasurer an enhanced monthly monitoring reports in a form and manner prescribed by the State Treasurer and post such monthly reports on the Academy's website.

Section 11.2. <u>Insurance</u>. The Academy Board shall secure and maintain in its own name as the "first named insured" at all times the following insurance coverages required by the Michigan Universities Self-Insurance Corporation ("M.U.S.I.C.") for public school academies authorized by university board authorizing bodies:

M.U.S.I.C. INSURANCE COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS

for Public School Academies (PSA), Strict Discipline Academies (SDA) Urban High Schools (UHS) & Schools of Excellence (SOE)

NOTE: Insurance carriers must have an AM Best Rating of "A - VII" or better

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/01/12 -- MUSIC Board Approval Date: 12/15/2011

EFFECTIVE DA	1E: 07/01/12 WOSIC Board Approval Date. 12/13/2011
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS
General or Public Liability (GL)	Must be Occurrence form
	Must include Sexual Abuse & Molestation coverage which can be Occurrence or Claims Made. If this coverage is Claims Made the Retroactive Date must be the same or before date of original College PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE contract. If this coverage is Claims Made, and the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE goes out of business, the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE needs to purchase the longest-available tail coverage. This requirement could be stated in the exit language of the Charter Contract with the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE.
	Must include Corporal Punishment coverage.
	\$1,000,000 per occurrence & \$2,000,000 aggregate.
	In the event of name changes, mergers, etc., every past and present PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE name must be listed on the policy with the new entity as the First Named Insured.
	College must be included as an Additional Insured with Primary and Non-Contributory Coverage.
	NOTE: SDA must also have Security/Police Professional Liability coverage with MINIMUM
	of \$1,000,000 limit which can be Occurrence or Claims Made. If this coverage is Claims Made, and the SDA goes out of business, the SDA needs to purchase the longest-available tail coverage. This requirement could be stated in the exit language of the Charter Contract with the SDA.
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS
Errors & Omissions (E&O)	Must include Employment Practices Liability.
	Must include Corporal Punishment coverage.
	Must include Sexual Abuse & Molestation coverage.
,	Must include Directors' & Officers' coverage.
	Must include School Leaders' E&O.

*	Can be Claims Made or Occurrence form.
	If Claims Made, retroactive date must be the same or before date of original College -
	PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE Charter Contract. If this coverage is Claims Made, and the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE goes out of business, the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE needs to purchase the longest-available tail coverage. This requirement could be stated in the exit language of the Charter Contract with the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE.
	\$1,000,000 per occurrence & \$3,000,000 aggregate.
	In the event of name changes, mergers, etc., every past and present PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE name must be listed on the policy with the new entity as the First Named Insured.
	College must be included as an Additional Insured with Primary and Non-Contributory Coverage.

M.U.S.I.C. INSURANCE COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS

for Public School Academies (PSA), Strict Discipline Academies (SDA) Urban High Schools (UHS) & Schools of Excellence (SOE)

NOTE: Insurance carriers must have an AM Best Rating of "A - VII" or better

NOTE, mounte carrie	
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS
Automobile Liability (AL) for Owned and	\$1,000,000 per accident.
Owned Autos	In the event of name changes, mergers, etc., every past and present PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE name must be listed on the policy with the new entity as the First Named Insured.
	College must be included as Additional Insured with Primary and Non-Contributory Coverage.
See Umbrella section for higher lin	
	Higher limits are required if PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE has its own buses.
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS
Workers' Compensation	Must be Occurrence form.
	Statutory Limits with \$1,000,000 Employers Liability Limits.
Requirement for PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE when leasing employees from Educational Service Provider (ESP) or Management Firm (MF)	NOTE: Must have Alternate Employer Endorsement from ESP/MF. Schedule PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE location on the ESP/MF Contract.
	NOTE: If PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE is leasing employees from ESP/MF and the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE name does not have payroll, PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE still must carry Workers' Compensation coverage including Employers' Liability
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS
Crime	Must include Employee Dishonesty coverage.
	Must include third party coverage.
	\$500,000 limit.
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS

: rella	Can be Claims Made or Occurrence form. If this coverage is Claims Made, and the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE goes out of business, the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE needs to purchase the longest-available tail coverage. This requirement could be stated in the exit language of the Charter Contract with the PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE.
	Umbrella is acceptable with a \$4,000,000 limit and aggregate. Also, an Umbrella policy with an unlimited aggregate is acceptable at a \$2,000,000
	If PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE has its own buses AND/OR has more than 1,000 students, must have MINIMUM \$5,000,000 per occurrence.
	If PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE purchases additional Umbrella limits to meet the \$1,000,000/\$3,000,000 for E&O then they must be in addition to the required Umbrella limit.
	In the event of name changes, mergers, etc., every past and present PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE name must be listed on the policy with the new entity as the First Named Insured.
	College must be included as Additional Insured with Primary and Non-Contributory Coverage.
	All coverages have to be included in the Umbrella that are in General Liability, Automobile and E&O.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

M.U.S.I.C. INSURANCE COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS

for Public School Academies (PSA), Strict Discipline Academies (SDA) Urban High Schools (UHS) & Schools of Excellence (SOE)

NOTE: Insurance carriers must have an AM Best Rating of "A - VII" or better

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS			
RECOMMENDATION			
Limits to cover replacement for PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE's property exposures, including real and personal, owned or leased.			
Cyber Liability addresses the first- and third-party risks regarding Internet business, the Internet, networks and other assets. Cyber Liability Insurance coverage offers protection for exposures from Internet hacking and notification requirements.			
Coverage for damage to the owned or used vehicle.			

By requiring such minimum insurance, the College shall not be deemed or construed to have assessed the risks that may be applicable to every PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE's operation and related activities. Each PSA/SDA/UHS/SOE should assess its own risks and if it deems appropriate and/or prudent, maintain higher limits and/or broader coverage.

The insurance must be obtained from a licensed mutual, stock, or other responsible company licensed to do business in the State of Michigan. The Academy may join with other public school academies to obtain insurance if the Academy Board finds that such an association provides economic advantages to the Academy, provided that each Academy maintains its identity as first named insured. The Academy shall list the College and the College Board on the insurance policies as an additional insured on insurance coverages listed in (b), (c) and (e) above.

The Academy shall have a provision included in all policies requiring notice to the College Board, at least thirty (30) days in advance, upon termination or non-renewal of the policy. In addition, the Academy shall provide copies of all insurance policies required by this Contract on site for inspection by the College Board or its designee.

All insurance certificates must accurately reflect the coverage provided under the Academy's policy. Certificate must expressly list or state the coverage for each item specified in the Contract. Policy and corresponding certificates, should reflect an annual expiration date of June 30th to correspond with the Contract, unless a different date provides an economic advantage to the Academy, so long as such date does not create a gap in coverage at any time during the term of the Contract.

When changing insurance programs or carriers, the Academy must provide copies of the proposed policies to the College Board, or its designee, at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed change. The Academy shall not cancel its existing coverage without the prior approval of the Charter Schools Office. In the event the Academy fails to purchase the insurance coverage required by this Section 11.2, the College Board may purchase on the Academy's behalf the insurance required under this Section 11.2 and subtract the total cost for placed insurance from the next state school aid payment received by the College Board for forwarding to the Academy.

The Academy may expend funds for payment of the cost of participation in an accident or medical insurance program to insure protection for pupils while attending school or participating in a school program or activity. Other insurance policies and higher minimums may be required depending upon academic offerings and program requirements.

Furthermore, if the Academy utilizes an Educational Service Provider, the following insurance requirements apply:

COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS
General or Public Liability (GL)	Must be Occurrence form
	Must include Sexual Abuse & Molestation coverage
	Must include Corporal Punishment coverage
	\$1,000000 per occurrence & \$2,000,000 aggregate
	PSA must be included as First Named Insured
	College must be included as Additional Insured with Primary Coverage
	NOTE: Strict Disciplinary Academies must also have Security/Police Professional Liability coverage with MINIMUM of \$1,000,000 per occurrence
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS
Errors & Omissions (E&O)	Must include Employment Practices Liability
	Must include Directors' and Officers' coverage
	Must include School Leaders' E&O
	Can be Claims Made or Occurrence form

	If Claims Made, Retroactive Date must be the same or before date of original College-PSA contract		
	\$1,000,000 per occurrence & \$3,000,000 aggregate		
	PSA must be included as First Named Insured		
	College must be included as Additional Insured with Primary Coverage		
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS		
Automobile Liability (AL)	\$1,000,000 per accident		
for Owned and Non- Owned Autos	PSA must be included as First Named Insured		
	College must be included as Additional Insured with Primary Coverage		
	Higher limits may be required if PSA has its own buses		
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS		
Workers' Compensation	Must be Occurrence Form		
r	Statutory Limits		
	NOTE: If PSA is leasing employees from ESP, ESP must have Employers' Liability with \$1,000,000 per occurrence AND Alternate Employer Endorsement naming PSA.		
	PSA must be included as First Named Insured		
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS		
Crime	Must include Employee Dishonesty coverage		
	Must be Occurrence form		
	\$500,000 per occurrence		
	PSA must be included as First Named Insured		
COVERAGE .	REQUIREMENTS		
Umbrella	Can be Claims Made or Occurrence form		
	\$2,000,000 per occurrence & \$4,000,000 aggregate		
	If PSA has its own buses AND/OR has more than 1,000 students, must have MINIMUM \$5,000,000 per occurrence		
	PSA must be included as First Named Insured		
	College must be included as Additional Insured with Primary Coverage		
	ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS		
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS		
Property	Limits to cover replacement for PSA's property exposures, including real and personal, owned or leased		
COVERAGE	REQUIREMENTS		
Performance Bond (or Letter of Credit with Indemnification)	\$1,000,000 per claim/aggregate		

Insurance carrier(s) must have an AM Best Rating of "A - VII" or better.

The College's insurance carrier periodically reviews the types and amounts of insurance coverages that the Academy must secure in order for the College to maintain insurance coverage

for the authorization and oversight of the Academy. In the event that the College's insurance carrier requests additional changes in coverage identified in this Section 11.2, or M.U.S.I.C requires changes in coverage and amounts for public school academies authorized by university board public school academy authorizing bodies, the Academy agrees to comply with any additional changes in the types and amounts of coverage requested by the College's insurance carrier or adopted by M.U.S.I.C. within thirty (30) days after notice of the insurance coverage change.

Section 11.3. <u>Legal Liabilities and Covenant Against Suit</u>. The Academy acknowledges and agrees that it has no authority to extend the full faith and credit of the College Board, the College or any other authorizing body, or to enter into a contract that would bind the College Board or the College. The Academy is also limited in its authority to contract by the amount of funds obtained from the state school aid fund, as provided hereunder, or from other independent sources. The Academy hereby covenants not to sue the College Board, the College, or any of its Regents, officers, employees, agents or representatives for any matters that arise under this Contract. The College Board and the College do not assume any obligation with respect to any Director, employee, agent, parent, guardian, student, or independent contractor of the Academy, and no such person shall have the right or standing to bring suit against the College Board or the College, or any of its Regents, employees, agents, or independent contractors as a result of the issuing, overseeing, suspending, terminating or revoking of this Contract, or as a result of not issuing a new Contract at the end of the term of this Contract.

Section 11.4. <u>Lease or Deed for Proposed Single Site</u>. Prior to entering into any lease agreement for real property, the Academy shall provide to the Charter Schools Office copies of its lease or deed for the premises in which the Academy shall operate in a form and manner consistent with the Lease Policies, which are incorporated into and be deemed part of this Contract. A copy of the final executed Lease Agreement shall be included in this Contract under Schedule 6. The Charter Schools Office may, from time to time during the term of this Contract, amend the Lease Policies and such amended lease policies shall automatically apply to the Academy without the need for a Contract amendment under article IX of these Terms and Conditions. The Charter Schools Office may disapprove the proposed lease agreement submitted by the Academy if the lease agreement is contrary to this Contract, the Lease Policies, or Applicable Law. Any subsequent amendment to a lease agreement shall be submitted for review by the Charter Schools Office in the same form and manner as a new lease agreement.

A copy of the Academy's amended lease or deed shall be incorporated into this Contract under Schedule 6. Any subsequent amendments to any Academy lease agreement shall only be incorporated into this Contract pursuant to Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.

Section 11.5. Occupancy and Safety Certificates. The Academy Board shall: (i) ensure that the Academy's physical facilities comply with all fire, health and safety standards applicable to schools; and (ii) possess the necessary occupancy and safety certificates for the Academy's physical facilities. The Academy Board shall not conduct classes until the Academy has complied with this Section 11.5. Copies of these certificates shall be incorporated into this Contract under Schedule 6.

Section 11.6. <u>Criminal Background and History Checks; Disclosure of Unprofessional Conduct; Compliance with School Safety Initiative</u>. The Academy shall comply with the Code concerning criminal background and criminal history checks for its teachers, school administrator(s), and for any other position requiring State Board approval. In addition, the Academy shall comply with the Code concerning the disclosure of unprofessional conduct by persons applying for Academy employment. This Section 11.6 shall apply to such persons irrespective of whether they are employed by the Academy or employed by an ESP contracting with the Academy.

Section 11.7. <u>Special Education</u>. Pursuant to Section 1701a of the Code, the Academy shall comply with Article III, Part 29 of the Code, MCL 380.1701 et seq., concerning the provision of special education programs and services at the Academy. Upon receipt, the Academy shall notify the Charter Schools Office of any due process or state complaint filed against the Academy.

Section 11.8. <u>Deposit of Public Funds by the Academy</u>. The Academy Board agrees to comply with Section 1221 of the Revised School Code, being MCL 380.1221, regarding the deposit of all public or private funds received by the Academy. Such deposit shall be made within three (3) business days after receipt of the funds by the Academy. Only Academy Board members or designated Academy employees may be a signatory on any Academy bank account.

Section 11.9. <u>Nonessential Elective Courses</u>. If the Academy Board elects to provide nonessential elective courses to part-time pupils at a nonpublic school building, the Academy shall comply with Section 166b of the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended, MCL 388.1166b. Prior to providing instruction, the Academy Board shall ensure that the Academy has sufficient documentation to qualify for part-time pupil funding under the State School Aid Act. The provision of nonessential elective courses by the Academy shall be incorporated into this Contract as an amendment pursuant to Article IX of these Terms and Conditions.

Section 11.10. <u>Required Provisions for ESP Agreements</u>. Any Management Agreement with an ESP entered into by the Academy must contain the following provisions:

"Indemnification of Bay Mills Community College. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents, Bay Mills Community College and its respective members, officers, employees, agents or representatives (all collectively referred to as "Bay Mills Community College") are deemed to be third party beneficiaries for purposes of this Agreement. As third party beneficiaries, the parties hereby promise to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Bay Mills Community College against all claims, demands, actions, suits, causes of action, losses, judgments, damages, fines, penalties, demands, forfeitures, or any other liabilities or losses of any kind, including costs, attorney fees, and related expenses, imposed upon or incurred by Bay Mills Community College on account of injury, loss or damage, including, without limitation, claims arising from bodily injury, personal injury, sickness, disease, death, property loss or damage or any other losses of any kind whatsoever and not caused by the sole negligence of Bay Mills Community College, which arise out of or are in any manner connected with Bay Mills Community College Board of

Regents' approval of the Academy's application, Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents' consideration of or issuance of a Contract, the Academy Board's or [insert the name of Educational Service Provider] preparation for and operation of the Academy, or which are incurred as a result of the reliance by Bay Mills Community College upon information supplied by the Academy Board or [insert the name of Educational Service Provider], or which arise out of the failure of the Academy Board or [insert the name of Education Service Provider] to perform its obligations under the Contract or Applicable Law. The parties expressly acknowledge and agree that Bay Mills Community College, Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents and its members, and their respective officers, employees, agents or representatives, or any of them, may commence legal action against either party to enforce its rights as set forth in this Agreement."

"Agreement Coterminous With Academy's Contract. If the Academy's Contract issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents is suspended, revoked or terminated, or a new charter contract is not issued to the Academy after expiration of the Contract, this Agreement shall automatically be suspended or terminated, as the case may be, on the same date as the Academy's Contract is suspended, revoked, terminated or expires without further action of the parties."

"Compliance with Academy's Contract. The Educational Service Provider agrees to perform its duties and responsibilities under this Agreement in a manner that is consistent with the Academy's obligations under the Academy's Contract issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents. The provisions of the Academy's Contract shall supersede any competing or conflicting provisions contained in this Agreement."

"Compliance with Section 503c. On an annual basis, the ESP agrees to provide the Academy Board with the same information that a school district is required to disclose under section 18(2) of the State School Aid Act of 1979, MCL 388.1618, for the most recent school fiscal year for which the information is available. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of this information, the Academy Board shall make the information available on the Academy's website home page, in a form and manner prescribed by the Michigan Department of Education. The defined terms in section 503c of the Code, MCL 380.503c, shall have the same meaning in this agreement."

"Amendment Caused By Academy Site Closure or Reconstitution. In the event that the Academy is required (i) to close an Academy site pursuant to a notice issued by the State School Reform/Redesign Officer under Section 507 of the Code, MCL 380.507; or (ii) to undergo a reconstitution pursuant to Section 507 of the Code, MCL 380.507, and Section 10.7 of the Contract Terms and Conditions, and such closure of an Academy site or reconstitution causes an amendment to or termination of this ESP Agreement, the parties agree that this ESP Agreement shall be amended or terminated to implement the Academy site closure or reconstitution, with no cost or penalty to the Academy, and the Educational

Service Provider shall have no recourse against the Academy or the College Board for implementing such site closure or reconstitution."

"Compliance with Section 12.17 of Contract Terms and Conditions. The Educational Service Provider shall make information concerning the operation and management of the Academy, including without limitation the information described in Schedule 4 of the Contract, available to the Academy as deemed necessary by the Academy Board in order to enable the Academy to fully satisfy its obligations under Section 12.17(a) of the Contract Terms and Conditions."

Section 11.11. Management Agreements. The Academy may enter into a Management Agreement with an ESP to contract out its administrative and/or educational functions and personnel. For purposes of this Contract, an employee leasing agreement shall be considered a Management Agreement, and an employee leasing company shall be considered an ESP. Any ESP agreement shall state that the ESP must acquire insurance in addition to the insurance the Academy must obtain under the Contract. The coverage must be similar to the insurance coverage required for the Academy and the ESP agreement must detail the amount of such required coverage. Prior to entering any Management Agreement with an ESP, the Academy shall submit a copy of the final draft Management Agreement to the Charter Schools Office in a form and manner consistent with the ESP policies of the Charter Schools Office which are incorporated into and be deemed part of this Contract. A copy of the final executed Management Agreement shall be included in this Contract under Schedule 5. The Charter Schools Office may, from time to time during the term of this Contract, amend the ESP policies and the amended ESP policies shall automatically apply to the Academy without the need for a Contract amendment under article IX of these Terms and Conditions. The Charter Schools Office may disapprove the proposed Management Agreement submitted by the Academy if the Management Agreement is contrary to this Contract or Applicable Law. Any subsequent amendment to a Management Agreement shall be submitted for review by the Charter Schools Office in the same form and manner as a new Management Agreement.

Section 11.12. <u>Administrator and Teacher Evaluation Systems</u>. The Academy Board shall adopt and implement for all individuals employed by or contracted for the Academy as teachers or school administrators a rigorous, transparent, and fair performance evaluation system that complies with Applicable Law. If the Academy enters into an agreement with an Educational Service Provider, the Academy Board shall ensure that the Educational Service Provider complies with this section.

ARTICLE XII

GENERAL TERMS

Section 12.1. <u>Notices</u>. Any and all notices permitted or required to be given hereunder shall be deemed duly given: (i) upon actual delivery, if delivery is by hand; or (ii) upon receipt by the transmitting party of confirmation or answer back if delivery is by facsimile or telegram; or (iii) upon delivery into United States mail if delivery is by postage paid first class mail. Each such notice shall be sent to the respective party at the address indicated below or to any other address or person as the respective party may designate by notice delivered pursuant hereto:

If to the College Board:

President

Bay Mills Community College 12214 West Lakeshore Drive Brimley, Michigan 49715

If to the Tribal Office:

Tribal Attorney's Office Bay Mills Indian Community 12140 West Lakeshore Drive Brimley, Michigan 49715

If to Outside Counsel:

Leonard C. Wolfe
Dykema Gossett PLLC

201 Townsend Street, Suite 900

Lansing, Michigan 48933

If to Academy:

Academy Board President 19800 Beech Daly Road Redford, MI 48239

If to Academy Counsel:

Homer McClarty

Morgan & McClarty PC 19785 W 12 Mile Rd # 331 Southfield, MI 48076-2584

Section 12.2. <u>Severability</u>. If any provision in this Contract is held to be invalid or unenforceable, it shall be ineffective only to the extent of the invalidity, without affecting or impairing the validity and enforceability of the remainder of the provision or the remaining provisions of this Contract. If any provision of this Contract shall be or become in violation of Applicable Law, such provision shall be considered null and void, and all other provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 12.3. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The terms and provisions of this Contract are binding on and shall inure to the benefit of the parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

Section 12.4. <u>Entire Contract</u>. Except as specifically provided in this Contract, this Contract sets forth the entire agreement between the College Board and the Academy with respect to the subject matter of this Contract. All prior contracts, representations, statements, negotiations, understandings, and undertakings are superseded by this Contract.

Section 12.5. <u>Assignment</u>. This Contract is not assignable by either the Academy or the College Board.

Section 12.6. <u>Non Waiver</u>. Except as provided herein, no term or provision of this Contract shall be deemed waived and no breach or default shall be deemed excused, unless such waiver or consent shall be in writing and signed by the party claimed to have waived or consented. No consent by any party to, or waiver of, a breach or default by the other, whether

expressed or implied, shall constitute a consent to, waiver of, or excuse for any different or subsequent breach or default.

- Section 12.7. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Contract shall be governed and controlled by the laws of the State of Michigan as to interpretation, enforcement, validity, construction, and effect, and in all other respects.
- Section 12.8. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Contract may be executed in any number of counterparts. Each counterpart so executed shall be deemed an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.
- Section 12.9. <u>Term of Contract</u>. This Contract shall commence on the date first set forth above and shall remain in full force and effect for eight (8) years until July 1, 2026, unless sooner revoked or terminated according to the terms hereof.
- Section 12.10. Indemnification. As a condition to receiving a grant of authority from the College Board to operate a public school pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Contract, the Academy agrees to indemnify, defend and hold the College Board, the College and its Board of Regents members, officers, employees, agents or representatives harmless from all claims, demands, or liability, including attorney fees, and related expenses, on account of injury, loss or damage, including, without limitation, claims arising from bodily injury, personal injury, sickness, disease, death, property loss or damage or any other losses of any kind whatsoever and not caused by the sole negligence of the College, which arise out of or are in any manner connected with the College Board's receipt, consideration or approval of the Application, the College Board's approval of the Resolution or Authorizing Resolution, legal challenges to the validity of Part 6A of the Code or actions taken by the College Board as an authorizing body under Part 6A of the Code, the College Board's consideration of or issuance of a Contract, the Academy's preparation for and operation of a public school, or which are incurred as a result of the reliance of the College Board, the College and its Board of Regents members, officers, employees, agents or representatives upon information supplied by the Academy, or which arise out of the failure of the Academy to perform its obligations under this Contract. The foregoing provision shall not be deemed a relinquishment or waiver of any kind of governmental immunity provided under Section 7 of the Governmental Liability for Negligence Act, being MCL 691.1407 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- Section 12.11. <u>Construction</u>. This Contract shall be construed fairly as to both parties and not in favor of or against either party, regardless of which party prepared the Contract.
- Section 12.12. <u>Force Majeure</u>. If any circumstances occur which are beyond the control of the parties, which delay or render impossible the obligations of one or both of the parties, the parties' obligations to perform such services shall be postponed for an equivalent period of time or shall be canceled, if such performance has been rendered impossible by such circumstances.
- Section 12.13. <u>No Third Party Rights</u>. This Contract is made for the sole benefit of the Academy and the College Board and no other person or entity, including without limitation, the Educational Service Provider. Except as otherwise provided, nothing in this Contract shall

create or be deemed to create a relationship between the parties hereto, or either of them, and any third person, including a relationship in the nature of a third party beneficiary or fiduciary.

Section 12.14. <u>Non-agency</u>. It is understood that the Academy is not the agent of the College.

Section 12.15. College Board or CSO General Policies on Public School Academies Shall Apply. Notwithstanding any provision of this Contract to the contrary, and with the exception of existing College Board or CSO policies regarding public school academies which shall apply immediately, College Board or CSO general policies clarifying procedure and requirements applicable to public school academies under this Contract, as from time to time adopted or amended, will automatically apply to the Academy, provided they are not inconsistent with provisions of this Contract. Before issuing general policies under this Section, the College Board or the CSO shall provide a draft of the proposed policies to the Academy Board. The Academy Board shall have at least thirty (30) days to provide comment to the CSO on the proposed policies before such policies shall become effective.

Section 12.16. <u>Survival of Provisions</u>. The terms, provisions, and representations contained in Section 11.2, Section 11.3, Section 12.10, Section 12.13 and any other provisions of this Contract that by their sense and context are intended to survive termination of this Contract shall survive.

Section 12.17. Information Available to the Public.

- (a) <u>Information to be provided by the Academy</u>. The Academy shall make information concerning its operation and management, including without limitation the information described in Schedule 4, available to the public in the same manner and to the same extent as is required for public schools and school districts under Applicable Law.
- (b) <u>Information to be provided by Educational Service Providers</u>. If the Academy enters into an agreement with an Educational Service Provider for operation or management of the Academy, the Management Agreement shall contain a provision requiring the Educational Service Provider to make information concerning the operation and management of the Academy, including without limitation the information described in Schedule 4, available to the Academy as deemed necessary by the Academy Board in order to enable the Academy to fully satisfy its obligations under subparagraph (a).

Section 12.18. <u>Termination of Responsibilities</u>. Upon termination or revocation of the Contract, the College Board or its designee shall have no further obligations or responsibilities under this Contract to the Academy or any other person or persons in connection with this Contract. Upon termination or revocation of the Contract, the Academy may amend its articles of incorporation or bylaws as necessary to allow the Academy Board to: (a) take action to appoint Academy Board members in order to have a quorum necessary to take Academy Board action; or (b) effectuate a dissolution, provided that the Academy Board may not amend any

provision in the Academy's articles of incorporation or bylaws regarding the disposition of assets upon dissolution.

- Section 12.19. <u>Disposition of Academy Assets Upon Termination or Revocation of Contract.</u> Following termination or revocation of the Contract, the Academy shall follow the applicable wind-up and dissolution provisions set forth in the Academy's articles of incorporation and in accordance with Part 6A of the Code.
- Section 12.20. <u>Student Privacy.</u> In order to protect the privacy of students enrolled at the Academy, the Academy Board shall not:
- (a) sell or otherwise provide to a for-profit business entity any personally identifiable information that is part of a pupil's education records. This subsection does not apply to any of the following situations:
- (i) for students enrolled in the Academy, providing such information to an educational management organization that has a contract with the Academy and whose contract has not been disapproved by the College;
- (ii) providing the information as necessary for standardized testing that measures a student's academic progress and achievement; or
- (iii) providing the information as necessary to a person that is providing educational or educational support services to the student under a contract with either the Academy or an educational management organization that has a contract with the Academy and whose contract has not been disapproved by the College.
- (b) The terms "education records" and "personally identifiable information" shall have the same meaning as defined in MCL 380.1136.

Section 12.21. Disclosure of Information to Parents and Legal Guardians.

- (a) Within thirty (30) days after receiving a written request from a student's parent or legal guardian, the Academy shall disclose without charge to the student' parent or legal guardian any personally identifiable information concerning the student that is collected or created by the Academy as part of the student's education records.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (b) and within thirty (30) days after receiving a written request from a student's parent or legal guardian, the Academy shall disclose to a student's parent or legal guardian without charge any personally identifiable information provided to any person, agency or organization. The Academy's disclosure shall include the specific information that was disclosed, the name and contact information of each person, agency, or organization to which the information has been disclosed; and the legitimate reason that the person, agency, or organization had in obtaining the information. The parental disclosure requirement does not apply to information that is provided:
 - (i) to the Department or CEPI;
 - (ii) to the student's parent or legal guardian;

- (iii) by the Academy to the College Board, College, Charter Schools Office or to the educational management organization with which the Academy has a management agreement that has not been disapproved by the College;
- (iv) by the Academy to the Academy's intermediate school district or another intermediate school district providing services to Academy or the Academy's students pursuant to a written agreement;
- (v) to the Academy by the Academy's intermediate school district or another immediate school district providing services to pupils enrolled in the Academy pursuant to a written agreement;
- (vi) to the Academy by the College Board, College, Charter Schools Office
- (vii) to a person, agency, or organization with written consent from the student's parent or legal guardian, or from the student if the student is 18 years of age;
- (viii) to a person, agency, or organization seeking or receiving records in accordance with an order, subpoena, or ex parte order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (ix) to a person, agency, or organization as necessary for standardized testing that measures a student's academic progress and achievement; or
- in the absence of, or in compliance with, a properly executed opt-out form, as adopted by the Academy in compliance with section 1136(6) of the Code, pertaining to uses for which the Academy commonly would disclose a pupil's "directory information."
- (c) If the Academy considers it necessary to make redacted copies of all or part of a student's education records in order to protect personally identifiable information of another student, the Academy shall not charge the parent or legal guardian for the cost of those redacted copies.
- (d) The terms "education records," "personally identifiable information," and "directory information" shall have the same meaning as defined in MCL 380.1136.

Section 12.22. <u>List of Uses for Student Directory Information; Opt Out Form; Notice to Student's Parent or Legal Guardian.</u>

- (a) The Academy shall do all of the following:
 - (i) Develop a list of uses (the "Uses") for which the Academy commonly would disclose a student's directory information.
 - (ii) Develop an opt-out form that lists all of the Uses and allows a student's parent or guardian to elect not to have the student's directory information disclosed for 1 or more Uses.
 - (iii) Present the opt-out form to each student's parent or guardian within the first thirty (30) days of the school year and at other times upon request.
 - (iv) If an opt-out form is signed and submitted to the Academy by a student's parent or guardian, then the Academy shall not include the student's

directory information in any of the Uses that have been opted out of in the opt-out form.

(b) The terms "directory information" shall have the same meaning as defined in MCL 380.1136.

Section 12.23. Partnership Agreement. If an Academy site is listed as a Priority School on the list of lowest performing schools prepared by the Michigan Department of Education, and the Superintendent proposes a Partnership Agreement with the Academy, the Academy shall work with the Charter Schools Office to finalize an agreement that is acceptable to the Michigan Department of Education, the Academy and the Charter Schools Office. The Partnership Agreement shall be incorporated into this Contract by amendment pursuant to Article IX of these Terms and Conditions and shall be included as Schedule 8. The Contract amendment shall also include any other amendments to this Contract that are required to ensure the Partnership Agreement is consistent with this Contract.

Section 12.24. <u>Data Breach Response Plan</u>. Within one year after the effective date of this Contract, the Academy Board shall design and implement a comprehensive data breach response plan. The data breach response plan should be made available to Academy personnel and any Educational Service Provider contracting with the Academy. The data breach response plan should be updated periodically by the Academy Board to address changes in data threat assessments and changes in applicable state and federal privacy laws.

As the designated representative of the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents, I hereby issue this Contract to the Academy on the date set forth above.

BAY MILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE **BOARD OF REGENTS**

By: Michael Parish, College Board Designee

Date: July 1, 2018

As the authorized representative of the Academy, I hereby certify that the Academy is able to comply with the Contract and all Applicable Law, and that the Academy, through its governing board, has approved and agreed to comply with and be bound by of the terms and conditions of this Contract.

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY WEST

Date: July 1, 2018

Tab C

CONTRACT SCHEDULES

	Schedules
Articles of Incorporation	1
Bylaws	2
Fiscal Agent Agreement	3
Oversight Agreement	4
Description of Staff Responsibilities	5
Physical Plant Description	6
Required Information for Public School Academy	7

Tab 1

CONTRACT SCHEDULE 1 ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

ł		f Labor & Economic :Ommercial Service		
Date Received		(FOR BUREAU USE ONL		
		itve on the date filed, unless a ate within 90 days after in the document.		
Name Homer W. McClarty	y			
Address 24400 Northweste	rn Hlghway Suite 204	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		
City Southfield	State M1	Zip Code 48075	EFFECTIVEDATE:	
if left blank do	coument will be mailed to the RESTATE For use	the registered office. ED ARTICLES OF II by Domestic Nonpro	ofit Corporations	
	(Please read	d information and instruc	tions on the last page)	

		DAVID ELLIS ACADEM		
2. The identification	me of the corporation is: on number assigned by these of the corporation are:	he Bureau is:	Y-WEST 787-867	
2. The identification 3. All former name NONE	on number assigned by the corporation are:	he Bureau is:	787-867	2004
2. The identification 3. All former name NONE 4. The date of filing The following	on number assigned by the corporation are:	he Bureau is: : Incorporation was: corporation supersede the A	787-867 MARCH 12, 3	
2. The identification 3. All former name NONE 4. The date of filing The following	on number assigned by the softhe corporation are: ng the original Articles of the greated Articles of	he Bureau is: : Incorporation was: corporation supersede the A	787-867 MARCH 12, 3	
2. The identification 3. All former name NONE 4. The date of filing The following the Articles of	on number assigned by the original Articles of the original Articles of the original Articles of the original for the confine or the original articles of the original articles or the ori	he Bureau is: : Incorporation was: corporation supersede the A	787-867 MARCH 12, 2 Articles of Incorporation as	amended and shall
2. The identification 3. All former name NONE 4. The date of filing The following the Articles of ARTICLE I	on number assigned by the original Articles of the original Articles of the original Articles of the original for the confine or the original articles of the original articles or the ori	he Bureau is: Incorporation was: corporation supersede the acorporation: D ELLIS ACADEMY - WES	787-867 MARCH 12, 2 Articles of Incorporation as	amended and shall
2. The identification 3. All former name NONE 4. The date of filing The following the Articles of ARTICLE I ARTICLE II	on number assigned by the original Articles of the original Articles or	he Bureau is: Incorporation was: corporation supersede the acorporation: D ELLIS ACADEMY - WES	787-867 MARCH 12, 2 Articles of Incorporation as The authorizing body Board of Regents (the Co	amended and shall
2. The identification 3. All former name NONE 4. The date of filling The following the Articles of ARTICLE I The name of the ARTICLE II The purpose or put 1. The corporation is a second content of the corporation in the corporation in the corporation is a second content of the corporation in the corporation is a second content of the corporation in the corpor	on number assigned by the original Articles of the original Articles or the original Articles of the original Articles original Articles of the original Articles original Articles original Article	he Bureau is: Incorporation was: corporation supersede the acorporation: D ELLIS ACADEMY - WES Bay Mills Community College	MARCH 12, 2 Articles of Incorporation as ge Board of Regents (the Coupling Board of Regents	amended and shall ody for the corporation college Board)

ARTICLE II (continued)

2. The corporation, including all activities incident to its purposes, shall at all times be conducted so as to be a governmental entity pursuant to Section 115 of the United States Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") or any successor law. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, the corporation shall not carry on any other activity not permitted to be carried on by a governmental instrumentality exempt from federal income tax under Section 115 of the IRC or by a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and subject to a Contract authorized under the Code.

А	RΫ́	101	F-	111
,	.rs	اماد	- K	0.20

.

The corporation is organized on a	nonstock (stock or nonstock)	basis.	
2. If organized on a stock basis, the aggregate r	number of shares which th	ne corporation has authority to	issue is
		_	hares are, or are to
be divided into classes, the designation of ea preferences, and limitations of the shares of	ch class, the number of seach class are as follows:	hares in each class, and the r	
			·
,			
·		•	-
3. If organized on a nonstock basis, the descript	ion and value of its real p	roperty assets are: (if none, in	sert "none")
none			
and the description and value of its personal none	property assets are: (if no	ne, insert "none")	
	Inly 1, 2006		,
(The valuation of the above assets was as of The corporation is to be financed under the fo	llowing general plan:		′
 a. State school aid payments received p b. Federal funds. c. Donations. d. Fees and charges permitted to be ch e. Other funds lawfully received. 	oursuant to the State Sch		ccessor law.
	directorship	basis.	
The corporation is organized on a	(membership ordirectorship)		
ARTICLE IV			
1. The address of the registered office is:			48240
19800 Beech Daly Road	Redford (City)	, Michigan	4824U (ZIP Code)
(Streat Address) 2. The mailing address of the registered office,			
		, Michigan	
(Street Address or P.O. Box)	(Cily)		(ZJP Code)
3. The name of the resident agent is:	Rapha	el Washington	and the state of t

ARTICLE V (Additional provisions, if any, may be inserted here; attach additional pages if needed.)	
See attached	
5. COMPLETE SECTION (a) IF THE RESTATED ARTICLES DO NOT FURTHER AMEND THE ARTICLES O	F
INCORPORATION; OTHERWISE, COMPLETE SECTION (b).	
a. These Restated Articles of Incorporation were duly adopted on the day of, in accordance with the provisions of Section 642 of the Act by the Board of Directors was a vote of the members or shareholders. These Restated Articles of Incorporation only restate and integrate and do not further amend the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation as heretofore and there is no material discrepancy between those provisions and the provisions of these Restate Articles. Signed this day of,	amended
(Signature of Authorized Officer or Agent)	!
(Type or Print Name)	
b. These Restated Articles of Incorporation were duly adopted on the 19th day	
of June , 2006 in accordance with the provisions of Section 642 of the Act. These Restated Articles of Incorporation restate, integrate, and do further amend the proof the Articles of Incorporation and: (check one of the following)	visions
were duly adopted by the shareholders, the members, or the directors (if organized on a nons directorship basis). The necessary number of votes were cast in favor of these Restated Artic Incorporation.	tock cles of
were duly adopted by the written consent of all the shareholders or members entitled to vote in accordance with Section 407(3) of the Act.	
were duly adopted by the written consent of all the directors pursuant to Section 525 of the Accorporation is organized on a directorship basis.	t as the
were duly adopted by the written consent of the shareholders or members having not less than minimum number of votes required by statute in accordance with Section 407(1) and (2) of the Written notice to shareholders or members who have not consented in writing has been given. Written consent by less than all of the shareholders or members is permitted only if such proviappears in the Articles of Incorporation)	e Act. . (Note:
Signed this 27th day of July 2006	
By A Magalace Das A Signature of President, Vice-President, Chairperson, or Vice-Chairperson)	
Raphael Washington President	
(Type or Print Title) (Type or Print Title)	

.

ARTICLE V

The corporation is a governmental entity.

ARTICLE VI

The corporation and its incorporators, board members, officers, employees, and volunteers have governmental immunity as provided in section 7 of Act No. 170 of the Public Acts of 1964, being section 691.1407 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

ARTICLE VII

Before execution of a contract to charter a public school academy between the corporation and the College Board, the method of selection, length of term, and the number of members of the Board of Directors of the corporation shall be approved by a resolution of the College Board as required by the Code.

ARTICLE VIII

The Board of Directors shall have all the powers and duties permitted by law to manage the business, property and affairs of the corporation.

ARTICLE IX

The officers of the corporation shall be a President, Vice-President, Secretary and a Treasurer, each of whom shall be a member of the Board of Directors and shall be selected by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may select one or more assistants to the Secretary or Treasurer, and may also appoint such other agents as it may deem necessary for the transaction of the business of the corporation.

ARTICLE X

No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of or be distributable to its directors, board, officers or other private persons, or organization organized and operated for a profit (except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in the furtherance of the purposes set forth in Article II hereof). Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, the corporation shall not carry on any other activities not permitted to be carried on by a governmental entity exempt from federal income tax under section 115 of the IRC, or comparable provisions of any successor law.

To the extent permitted by law, upon the dissolution of the corporation, the board shall after paying or making provision for the payment of all of the liabilities of the corporation, dispose of all of the assets of the corporation to the College Board for forwarding to the state

school aid fund established under article IX, section 11 of the Constitution of the State of Michigan of 1963, as amended.

ARTICLE XI

These Articles of Incorporation shall not be amended except by the process provided in Article IX of the Contract executed by the corporation and the College Board. This process is as follows:

The corporation, by a majority vote of its Board of Directors, may, at any time, propose specific changes to these Articles of Incorporation or may propose a meeting to discuss potential revision to these Articles of Incorporation. The proposal will be made to the College Board through its designee. The College Board delegates to the Charter Schools Office Director the review and approval of changes or amendments to these Articles of Incorporation. In the event that a proposed change is not accepted by the Charter Schools Office Director, the College Board shall consider and vote upon a change proposed by the corporation following an opportunity for a written and oral presentation to the College Board by the corporation.

At any time and for any reason, the College Board or an authorized designee may propose specific changes to these Articles of Incorporation or may propose a meeting to discuss potential revision. The College Board delegates to the Charter Schools Office Director the review and approval of changes or amendments to these Articles of Incorporation. The corporation's Board of Directors may delegate to an officer of the corporation the review and negotiation of changes or amendments to these Articles of Incorporation. The Articles of Incorporation shall be amended as requested by the College Board upon a majority vote of the corporation's Board of Directors.

Amendments to these Articles of Incorporation take effect only after they have been approved by the corporation's Board of Directors and by the College Board or the Charter Schools Office Director and filed with the Michigan Department of Labor & Economic Growth, Bureau of Commercial Services. In addition, the corporation shall file with the amendment a copy of the College Board's or the Charter Schools Office Director's approval of the amendment.

school aid fund established under article IX, section 11 of the Constitution of the State of Michigan of 1963, as amended.

ARTICLE XI

These Articles of Incorporation shall not be amended except by the process provided in Article IX of the Contract executed by the corporation and the College Board. This process is as follows:

The corporation, by a majority vote of its Board of Directors, may, at any time, propose specific changes to these Articles of Incorporation or may propose a meeting to discuss potential revision to these Articles of Incorporation. The proposal will be made to the College Board through its designee. The College Board delegates to the Charter Schools Office Director the review and approval of changes or amendments to these Articles of Incorporation. In the event that a proposed change is not accepted by the Charter Schools Office Director, the College Board shall consider and vote upon a change proposed by the corporation following an opportunity for a written and oral presentation to the College Board by the corporation.

At any time and for any reason, the College Board or an authorized designee may propose specific changes to these Articles of Incorporation or may propose a meeting to discuss potential revision. The College Board delegates to the Charter Schools Office Director the review and approval of changes or amendments to these Articles of Incorporation. The corporation's Board of Directors may delegate to an officer of the corporation the review and negotiation of changes or amendments to these Articles of Incorporation. The Articles of Incorporation shall be amended as requested by the College Board upon a majority vote of the corporation's Board of Directors.

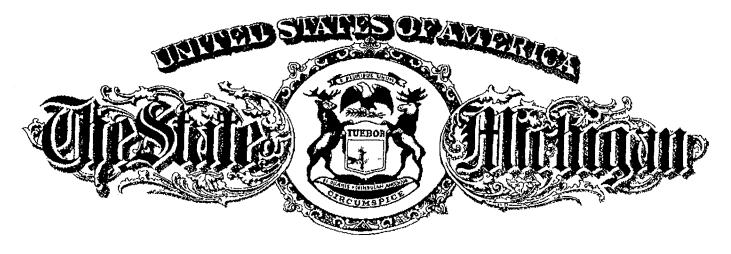
Amendments to these Articles of Incorporation take effect only after they have been approved by the corporation's Board of Directors and by the College Board or the Charter Schools Office Director and filed with the Michigan Department of Labor & Economic Growth, Bureau of Commercial Services. In addition, the corporation shall file with the amendment a copy of the College Board's or the Charter Schools Office Director's approval of the amendment.

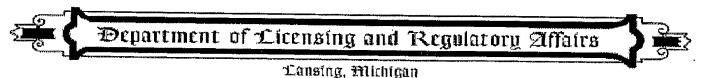
ADOPTION OF ARTICLES

These Restated Articles of Incorporation were duly adopted on the 20th day of July, 2004, in accordance with the provisions of Section 642 of the Act. These Restated Articles of Incorporation restate, integrate and do further amend the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and were duly adopted by the directors. The necessary number of votes were cast in favor of these Restated Articles of Incorporation. These Restated Articles of Incorporation shall be effective upon filing.

shall be effective upon filing.	. •	
Signed this 20th day of July	, 2004.	
APPROVED BY:	Ву: //	, Academy Board President
Patrick Shannon, CSO Director Bay Mills Community College Dated:		

LAN01\125902.1 ID\SRO





This is to Certify That

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY-WEST

was validly incorporated on March 12, 2004, as a Michigan nonprofit corporation, and said corporation is validly in existence under the laws of this state.

is certificate is issued pursuant to the provisions of 1982 PA 162, as amended, to attest to the fact that the orporation is in good standing in Michigan as of this date and is duly authorized to conduct affairs in Michigan and for no other purpose.

This certificate is in due form, made by me as the proper officer, and is entitled to have full faith and credit given it in every court and office within the United States.



Sent by Facsimile Transmission 1176428

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, in the City of Lansing, this 15th day of November. 2013.

Alan J. Schefke, Director Corporations, Securities & Commercial Licensing Bureau

Tab 2

CONTRACT SCHEDULE 2 <u>BYLAWS</u>

BY LAWS OF THE DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY – WEST

ARTICLE I

The Public School Academy

- Section 1. Offices. The Director office of the David Ellis Academy West in the State of Michigan shall be located in the City of Redford and the County of Wayne.
- Section 2. <u>Purposes</u>. The purposes for which the David Ellis Academy West (the "Public School Academy") is organized are:
 - (a) The Public School Academy is organized for all of the purposes specified in Part 6A and 6B of the Act 416, Public Acts of Michigan, 1994 (the "Act"), including owning and operating a public school academy, which the Public School Academy shall provide, without tuition, education to children in grades Kindergarten through Eighth, who reside within the geographic boundaries of the State of Michigan. Admission to the Public School Academy will not be denied on the basis of race, color, religion, creed, sex or national origin.
 - (b) The Public School Academy is a body corporate and a governmental agency, and, together with all activities incident to its purposes, shall, at all times, be conducted so as to be a governmental entity under Federal and State laws. Nothwithstanding any other provision of these By-Laws, the Public School Academy shall not carry on any activity not permitted to be carried on by a governmental instrumentality exempt from federal income tax under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), or by a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and subject to a contract authorized under the Act.

ARTICLE II

Meetings of the Board of Directors

Section 1. Place of Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors of the Public School Academy (the "Board") shall be held quarterly at the Public School Academy's Director

office and in accordance with the Open Meetings Act, Act 267, Public Acts of Michigan, 1976, as may be amended from time to time (the "OMA").

- Section 2. <u>Annual Meeting</u>. The annual meeting of the Board shall be held at the date, time and place as determined by the Board at the first meeting. At the annual meetings, the Board shall elect officers and consider such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. If less than a quorum of the directors appear for an annual meeting of the Board, the holding of such meeting shall not be required in matters which might have been taken up at the annual meeting may be taken up at any later regular, special or annual meeting.
- Section 3. Other Regular Meetings. The regular meetings of the Board shall be held at the dates, times and places determined by the Board at the first meeting.
- Section 4. <u>Special Meetings</u>. Special Board meetings for any purpose or purposes, may be called at any time by any director or by the President or, if he or she is absent or unable to act, by any Vice President or Secretary. Special Board meetings shall be called by the President or Secretary upon written request of any two (2) directors. The business transacted at any such meeting shall be limited to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice thereof.
- Section 5. <u>Notices for Meetings and Adjournments</u>. Notices of all meetings and adjournments shall be given in accordance with the applicable sections of the OMA.
- Section 6. Quorum. Except to adjourn the meeting as hereinafter provided, a majority of the Board without regard to the authorized number of directors shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Every act or decision done or made by an absolute majority of the Board at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present shall be regarded as the act of the Board unless a greater number be required by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Bylaws. Decisions and deliberations of the Board shall be governed by the applicable sections of the OMA.
- Section 7. <u>Adjournment</u>. A quorum may adjourn any Board meeting to meet again at a stated place, date, and hour; however, in the absence of a quorum, a majority of the directors present at any regular or special Board meeting may adjourn from time to time until the time fixed for the next regular Board meeting.
- Section 8. <u>Fees and Compensation</u>. By resolution of the Board, the directors may be paid their expenses, if any, incurred while fulfilling the obligations of their duties.
- Section 9, Committees. The Board may, by resolution, provide for such standing or special committees as it deems desirable and discontinue the same at its pleasure. Each such committee shall have such powers and perform such duties not inconsistent with law, as may be assigned to it by the Board. If provision be made for any such committee, the members thereof shall be appointed by the Board, shall consist of one or more members of the Board and shall serve during the pleasure of the Board. Vacancies in such committees shall be filled by the Board.

ARTICLE III

Officers

- Section 1. <u>Officers</u>. The officers of the Board shall be a President, a Vice President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer. One person may hold two or more offices. In no case shall any officer execute, acknowledge or verify any instrument in more than one capacity.
- Section 2. <u>Election</u>. The officers of the Board, except such officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 3 or 5 of this Article III, shall be chosen by the Board, and each shall hold his or her office until he or she shall resign, until he or she shall be removed or otherwise disqualified to serve, or until his or her successor shall be elected and qualified.
- Section 3. <u>Subordinate Officers and Agents</u>. The Board may appoint such other officers and agents as the business of the Public School Academy may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as may be provided in these Bylaws or as the Board may from time to time determine.
- Section 4. <u>Removal and Resignation</u>. Any officer or agent of the Board may be removed by a majority of the whole Board at the time in office at any regular or special Board meeting.

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board, the President, or the Secretary. Any such resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein; and, unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

- Section 5. <u>Vacancies</u>. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in these Bylaws for regular appointments to such office.
- Section 6. <u>President</u>. The President shall preside at all Board meetings. The President shall be <u>ex officio</u> a member of all the standing committees, if any; and shall have such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the Board or these Bylaws.
- Section 7. <u>Vice President</u>. In the event of the President's absence or disability, the Vice President shall perform all the duties of and shall be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. The Vice President shall have such other powers and authority and shall perform such other duties as from time to time may be prescribed for him or her by the Board or these Bylaws.
- Section 8. Secretary. The Secretary shall attend all Board meetings and shall keep or cause to be kept, in his or her custody at the Director or registered office of the Public School Academy in the State of Michigan or such other place as the Board may order, a book recording the minutes of all Board meetings setting forth: the place, date, time and decisions made; whether

regular or special, and, if special, how authorized; the notice thereof given; the names of those present and absent at Board meetings; and the proceedings thereof.

The Secretary shall keep in safe custody the seal of the Public School Academy, and, when authorized by the Board, affix the same or cause the same to be affixed to any instrument requiring it; when so affixed, the seal shall be attested by his or her signature or by the signature of the Treasurer. The Secretary shall perform such other duties and have such other authorities as are delegated to him or her by the Board.

The Secretary shall give or cause to be given notice of all Board meetings required by these Bylaws and by the Board.

Section 9. The Treasurer. The Treasurer shall, subject to the direction of the Board, have the custody of the funds and securities belonging to the Public School Academy and shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Public School Academy.

The Treasurer shall deposit all moneys and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the Public School Academy with such depositaries as may be designated by the Board; shall disburse the funds of the Public School Academy as may be ordered by the Board; shall render to the President and the Board, whenever either requests it, an account of all of his or her transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Public School Academy; and shall have such other powers and authority incident to the office of Treasurer and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board or these Bylaws.

ARTICLE IV

Operations As A Public School Academy

Section 1. Overall Governance Structure. The overall structure of the Public School Academy shall be the responsibility of its Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall set policy for the management of the business, property, personnel, and other affairs of the Public School Academy. The Board shall conduct its business pursuant to these Bylaws.

The Board of Directors shall approve the annual budgets for the Public School Academy and provide for employment of staff, all as recommended by the administrator director. It shall also provide general guidance for improving the Public School Academy, its programs, and method of accomplishing its educational goals and objectives.

- Section 2. <u>Educational Goals</u>. The educational goals of the Public School Academy are set forth on the attached Schedule 7(b).
- Section 3. <u>Curriculum</u>. The curriculum of the Public School Academy is set forth on the attached Schedule 7(c).

- Section 4. <u>Methods of Pupil Assessment.</u> Pupils of the Public School Academy shall be assessed as set forth on the attached Schedule 7(d).
- Section 5. <u>Admission Policy and Criteria</u>. The admission policy and criteria of the Public School Academy are set forth on the attached Schedule 7(e).
- Section 6. <u>Public School Academy Calendar and Public School Academy Day Schedule</u>. The proposed school calendar and school day schedule of the Public School Academy are set forth on attached Schedule 7(g).
- Section 7. Age or Grade Range of Pupils to be Enrolled. The Public School Academy shall provide education to children eligible for grades Pre-K through Grade 12 as set forth on attached Schedule 7(h).
- Section 8. <u>Staff Responsibilities</u>. A description of the responsibilities of the staff of the Public School Academy are set forth on the attached Schedule 5.
- Section 9. Governance Structure of Public School Academy. In addition to the provisions of these Bylaws, the governance structure of the Public School Academy is set forth on attached Schedules 5 and 7(a).
- Section 10. <u>Applicable Law</u>. The Public School Academy shall comply with all of the provisions set forth in the Act, and subject to the provisions of the Act, with all other state law applicable to public bodies and with federal law applicable to public bodies or school districts.
- Section 11. <u>Physical Plant</u>. The Public School Academy will be located at 18977 Schaefer, Detroit, Michigan 48235. A description of the physical plant is set forth on the attached Schedule 6.
- Section 12. <u>District Identification</u>. The Public School Academy will be located in the Wayne County Regional Educational Service Agency, (intermediate school district) and the Redford Public Schools local school district.

ARTICLE V

Miscellaneous

- Section 1. <u>Annual Report</u>. The Public School Academy shall cause a financial report of the Public School Academy for the preceding fiscal year to be prepared within three (3) months after the end of the fiscal year and shall deliver such report to the Authorizing Body. The report shall include the Public School Academy's year-end balance sheet and, if prepared by the Public School Academy, its statement of source and application of funds.
- Section 2. <u>Loans</u>. No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the Public School Academy and no evidences of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the Board. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. No loan or advance to or overdraft or withdrawal by an officer, director, or member of the Public School Academy shall be made or permitted.
- Section 3. <u>Governmental Immunity</u>. The Public School Academy and its incorporators, board members, officers, employees and volunteers have governmental immunity as provided in Section 7 of Act 170 of the Public Acts of 1964, as amended.

ARTICLE VI

Execution of Instruments

- Section 1. <u>Bank Accounts</u>. Each bank account of the Public School Academy shall be established and continued only by order of the Board.
- Section 2. <u>Checks, Etc.</u> All checks, drafts, and orders for the payment of money shall be signed in the name of the Public School Academy in such manner and by such officers or agents as the Board shall from time to time designate for that purpose. No check or other instrument for the payment of money to the Public School Academy shall be endorsed otherwise than for deposit to the credit of the Public School Academy. All checks of the Public School Academy shall be drawn to the order of the payee.
- Section 3. <u>Contracts, Conveyances, Etc.</u> When the execution of any contract, conveyance or other instrument has been authorized without specification of the executing officers, the President or any Vice President and the Secretary or Treasurer may execute the same in the name and on behalf of this Public School Academy and may affix the corporate seal thereto. The Board shall have power to designate the officers and agents who shall have authority to execute any instrument on behalf of the Public School Academy in more than one capacity.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, no officer, agent or employee of this Public School Academy shall have the authority to disburse moneys or other property to other persons, to obligate the Public School Academy to do or perform any act, to make any payments of money or property, or to execute any of the instruments described herein on behalf of this Public

School Academy other than in the ordinary course of business unless he shall have previously obtained the approval of the Board of Directors and unless such approval or ratification shall appear in the minutes of this Public School Academy.

ARTICLE VII

Fiscal Year

The Public School Academy's fiscal year shall be July 1 to June 30.

ARTICLE VIII

Seal

The Public School Academy may have a seal, which shall have inscribed thereon the name of the Public School Academy, the state of incorporation, and the words "Public School Academy Seal." The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile to be imprinted, affixed, reproduced, or otherwise.

ARTICLE IX

Amendments

These Bylaws may be added to, altered, amended, or repealed by consent of the directors then in office, or by the vote of not less than two-thirds (2/3) of the directors then in office at any regular or special meeting, if written notice of the proposed addition, alteration, amendment, or repeal shall have been given to each director at least three (3) business days before the meeting.

Certified by:

Secretary

Walter Williams

Date:

Tab 3

CONTRACT SCHEDULE 3 FISCAL AGENT AGREEMENT

SCHEDULE 3

FISCAL AGENT AGREEMENT

This Agreement is part of the Contract issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents ("College Board"), an authorizing body as defined by the Revised School Code, as amended (the "Code"), to the David Ellis Academy West, a public school academy.

Preliminary Recitals

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Code and the Contract, the College Board, as authorizing body, is the fiscal agent for the Academy, and

WHEREAS, the College Board is required by law to forward any State School Aid Payments received from the State of Michigan ("State") on behalf of the Academy to the Academy,

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises set forth below, the parties agree to the following:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS

Section 1.01. <u>Definitions</u>. Unless otherwise provided, or unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following definitions:

"Account" means an account established by the Academy for the receipt of State School Aid Payments at a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union which has not been deemed ineligible to be a depository of surplus funds under Section 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, being Section 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

"Agreement" means this Fiscal Agent Agreement.

"Fiscal Agent" means the College Board or an officer or employee of Bay Mills Community College as designated by the College Board.

"Other Funds" means any other public or private funds which the Academy receives and for which the College Board voluntarily agrees to receive and transfer to the Academy.

"State School Aid Payment" means any payment of money the Academy receives from the State School Aid Fund established pursuant to Article IX, Section 11 of the Michigan Constitution of 1963 or under the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended.

"State" means the State of Michigan.

"State Treasurer" means the office responsible for issuing funds to public school academies for State School Aid Payments pursuant to the School Aid Act of 1979, as amended.

ARTICLE II

FISCAL AGENT DUTIES

Section 2.01. Receipt of State School Aid Payments and Other Funds. The College Board is the Fiscal Agent for the Academy for the limited purpose of receiving State School Aid Payments. By separate agreement, the College Board and the Academy may also agree that the College Board will receive Other Funds for transfer to the Academy. The Fiscal Agent will receive State School Aid Payments from the State, as provided in Section 3.02.

Section 2.02. <u>Transfer to Academy</u>. Except as provided in Article X of the Terms and Conditions and in the Oversight Agreement, the Fiscal Agent shall transfer all State School Aid Payments and all Other Funds received on behalf of the Academy to the Academy within ten (10) business days of receipt or as otherwise required by the provisions of the State School Aid Act of 1979 or applicable State Board rules. The State School Aid Payments and all Other Funds shall be transferred into the Account designated by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Academy and by a method of transfer acceptable to the Fiscal Agent.

Section 2.03. <u>Limitation of Duties</u>. The Fiscal Agent has no responsibilities or duties to verify the Academy's pupil membership count, as defined in the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended, or to authorize, to approve or to determine the accuracy of the State Aid School Payments received on behalf of the Academy from the State Treasurer. The duties of the Fiscal Agent are limited to the receipt and transfer to the Academy of State School Aid Payments and Other Funds received by the Academy. The Fiscal Agent shall have no duty to monitor or approve expenditures made by the Academy Board.

Section 2.04. Academy Board Requests for Direct Intercept of State School Aid Payments. If the Academy Board directs that a portion of its State School Aid Payments be forwarded by the Fiscal Agent to a third party account for the payment of Academy debts and liabilities, the Academy shall submit to the Charter Schools Office: (i) a copy of the Academy Board's resolution authorizing the direct intercept of State School Aid Payments; and (ii) a copy of a State School Aid Payment Agreement and Direction document that is in a form and manner acceptable to the Fiscal Agent.

ARTICLE III

STATE DUTIES

Section 3.01 <u>Eligibility for State School Aid Payments</u>. The State, through its Department of Education, has sole responsibility for determining the eligibility of the Academy to receive State School Aid Payments. The State, through its Department of Education, has sole responsibility for determining the amount of State School Aid Payments, if any, the Academy shall be entitled to receive.

Section 3.02. Method of Payment. Each State School Aid Payment for the Academy will be made to the Fiscal Agent by the State Treasurer by issuing a warrant and delivering the warrant to the Fiscal Agent by electronic funds transfer into an account specified by the Fiscal Agent, or by such other means deemed acceptable to the Fiscal Agent. The State shall make State School Aid Payments at the times specified in the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended.

ARTICLE IV

ACADEMY DUTIES

- Section 4.01. <u>Compliance with State School Aid Act</u>. In order to assure that funds are available for the education of pupils, an Academy shall comply with all applicable provisions of the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended.
- Section 4.02. Expenditure of Funds. The Academy may expend funds that it receives from the State School Aid Fund for any purpose permitted by the State School Aid Act of 1979 and may enter into contracts and agreements determined by the Academy as consistent with the purposes for which the funds were appropriated.
- Section 4.03. <u>Mid-Year Transfers</u>. Funding for students transferring into or out of the Academy during the school year shall be in accordance with the State School Aid Act of 1979 or applicable State Board rules.
- Section 4.04. <u>Repayment of Overpayment</u>. The Academy shall be directly responsible for reimbursing the State for any overpayments of State School Aid Payments. At its option, the State may reduce subsequent State School Aid Payments by the amount of the overpayment or may seek collection of the overpayment from the Academy.
- Section 4.05. <u>Deposit of Academy Funds</u>. The Academy Board agrees to comply with Section 1221 of the Revised School Code, being MCL 380.1221, regarding the deposit of State School Aid Payments and Other Funds received by the Academy.

ARTICLE V

RECORDS AND REPORTS

Section 5.01. <u>Records</u>. The Fiscal Agent shall keep books of record and account of all transactions relating to the receipts, disbursements, allocations and application of the State School Aid Payments and Other Funds received, deposited or transferred for the benefit of the Academy, and these books shall be available for inspection at reasonable hours and under reasonable conditions by the Academy and the State.

Section 5.02. Reports. The Fiscal Agent shall prepare and send to the Academy within thirty (30) days of September 1, 2018, and annually thereafter, a written report dated as of August 31 summarizing all receipts, deposits and transfers made on behalf or for the benefit of the Academy during the period beginning on the latter of the date hereof or the date of the last such written report and ending on the date of the report, including without limitation, State School Aid Payments received on behalf of the Academy from the State Treasurer and any Other Funds which the College Board receives under this Agreement.

ARTICLE VI

CONCERNING THE FISCAL AGENT

Section 6.01. <u>Representations</u>. The Fiscal Agent represents that it has all necessary power and authority to enter into this Agreement and undertake the obligations and responsibilities imposed upon it in this Agreement and that it will carry out all of its obligations under this Agreement.

Section 6.02. <u>Limitation of Liability</u>. The liability of the Fiscal Agent to transfer funds to the Academy shall be limited to the amount of State School Aid Payments as are from time to time delivered by the State and the amount of Other Funds as delivered by the source of those funds

The Fiscal Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or neglected to be taken by it in good faith in any exercise of reasonable care and believed by it to be within the discretion or power conferred upon it by this Agreement, nor shall the Fiscal Agent be responsible for the consequences of any error of judgment; and the Fiscal Agent shall not be answerable except for its own action, neglect or default, nor for any loss unless the same shall have been through its gross negligence or willful default.

The Fiscal Agent shall not be liable for any deficiency in the State School Aid Payments received from the State Treasurer to which the Academy was properly entitled. The Fiscal Agent shall not be liable for any State School Aid overpayments made by the State Treasurer to the Academy for which the State subsequently seeks reimbursement.

Acknowledgment of Receipt

The undersigned, on behalf of the State of Michigan, Department of Treasury, acknowledges receipt of the foregoing Fiscal Agent Agreement that is part of the Contract issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents to the David Ellis Academy West.

BY: Mary J. Martin, Executive Director

Mary G. Martin, Executive Director Bureau of State and Authority Finance Michigan Department of Treasury

Date: 5-23-18

Acknowledgment of Receipt

The undersigned, on behalf of the State of Michigan, Department of Treasury, acknowledges receipt of the foregoing Fiscal Agent Agreement that is part of the Contract issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents to the David Ellis Academy West.

BY: Mary J. Martin, Executive Director
Bureau of State and Authority Finance

Michigan Department of Treasury

Date: 5-23-18

Acknowledgment of Receipt

The undersigned, on behalf of the State of Michigan, Department of Treasury, acknowledges receipt of the foregoing Fiscal Agent Agreement that is part of the Contract issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents to the David Ellis Academy West.

BY: Mary J. Martin

Mary G. Martin, Executive Director

Mary G. Martin, Executive Director Bureau of State and Authority Finance Michigan Department of Treasury

Date: May, 23, 26/8

Tab 4

CONTRACT SCHEDULE 4 OVERSIGHT AGREEMENT

SCHEDULE 4

OVERSIGHT AGREEMENT

This Agreement is part of the Contract issued by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents ("College Board"), an authorizing body as defined by the Revised School Code, as amended (the "Code"), to the David Ellis Academy West (the "Academy"), a public school academy.

Preliminary Recitals

WHEREAS, the College Board, subject to the leadership and general supervision of the State Board of Education over all public education, is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the Contract and all Applicable Law,

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises set forth below, the parties agree to the following:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS

Section 1.01. <u>Definitions</u>. Unless otherwise provided, or unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following definitions:

"Agreement" means this Oversight Agreement.

"Compliance Certification Duties" means the Academy's duties set forth in Section 2.02 of this Agreement.

"Charter Schools Office" means the office designated by the College Board as the initial point of contact for public school academy applicants and public school academies authorized by the College Board. The Charter Schools Office is responsible for administering the Oversight Responsibilities with respect to the Contract.

"Oversight Responsibilities" means the College Board's oversight responsibilities set forth in Section 2.01 of this Agreement.

"State School Aid Payment" means any payment of money the Academy receives from the state school aid fund established pursuant to Article IX, Section 11 of the Michigan Constitution of 1963 or under the State School Aid Act of 1979, as amended.

ARTICLE II

OVERSIGHT AND COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION RESPONSIBILITIES

Section 2.01. Oversight Responsibilities. The Charter Schools Office, as it deems necessary to fulfill the College Board's Oversight Responsibilities, may undertake the following:

- a. Conduct a review of the Academy's audited financial reports as submitted, including the auditor's management letters, and report to the College Board any exceptions as well as any failure on the part of the Academy to meet generally accepted public sector accounting principles.
- b. Conduct a review of the records, internal controls or operations of the Academy to determine compliance with the Contract and Applicable Law.
- c. Conduct a meeting annually between the Academy Board of Directors and a designee of the College Board to determine compliance with the Contract and Applicable Law.
- d. Institute action pursuant to the terms of the Contract to suspend, revoke or reform the Contract.
- e. Monitor the Academy's compliance with the Contract, the Code, and all other Applicable Law.
- f. Request periodic reports from the Academy regarding any aspect of its operation, including, without limitation, whether the Academy has met or is achieving its targeted educational goals and applicable academic performance standards set forth in the Contract.
- g. Request evidence that the Academy has obtained the necessary permits and certificates of compliance to operate as a public school from the applicable governmental agencies, including, without limitation, the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, Bureau of Construction Codes and the Bureau of Fire Services, and local health departments.
- h. Determine whether the Academy has failed to abide by or meet the educational goals or applicable academic performance standards as set forth in the Contract.
- i. Provide supportive services to the Academy as deemed necessary and/or appropriate by the College Board or its designee.
- j. Evaluate whether the Academy appropriately administers all optional or statutorily mandated assessments pursuant to the Academy's student population, goals and programs.
- k. Take other actions, as authorizing body, as permitted or required by the Code.

Section 2.02. <u>Compliance Certification Duties</u>. The Academy agrees to perform all of the following Compliance Certification Duties:

- a. Submit information to the Charter Schools Office in accordance with the Master Calendar of Reporting Requirements adopted by the Charter Schools Office. The Master Calendar may be amended from time to time as deemed necessary by the Charter Schools Office Director.
- b. Submit quarterly financial reports to the Charter Schools Office in a form and manner determined by the Charter Schools Office. Submit other financial reports as established by the Charter Schools Office.
- c. Permit inspection of the Academy's records and/or premises at any reasonable time by the Charter Schools Office.
- d. Report any litigation or formal proceedings alleging violation of any Applicable Law by the Academy to counsel for the College Board as designated in Article XII of the Terms and Conditions.
- e. Upon request, provide copies of information submitted to the Michigan Department of Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, or State Board of Education to the Charter Schools Office.
- f. Provide proposed minutes of all Academy Board of Directors' meetings to the Charter Schools Office no later than ten (10) business days after such meeting, and provide approved final minutes to the Charter Schools Office within five (5) business days after the minutes are approved.
- g. Submit to the Charter Schools Office prior to the issuance of the Contract, copies of insurance policies evidencing all insurance as required by the Contract.
- h. Submit to the Charter Schools Office a copy of the Academy's lease, deed or other purchase arrangement for its physical facilities as required by the Contract..
- i. Submit to the Charter Schools Office, copies of all fire, health and safety approvals required by Applicable Law for the operation of a school.
- j. Submit annually to the Charter Schools Office, the dates, times and a description of how the Academy will provide notice of the Academy's pupil application and enrollment process. The Academy's pupil application and enrollment admission process must be conducted in a fair and open manner in compliance with the Contract and the Code. At a minimum, the Academy shall make a reasonable effort to advertise its enrollment openings by newspaper, mail, media, internet or other acceptable communication process. All Academy notices of the open enrollment period must include language that the open enrollment period includes evening and weekend times for enrolling students in the Academy. In addition, the Academy

must set forth in all public notices the date for the holding of a random selection drawing if such a drawing becomes necessary.

- k. Upon receipt from the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, Bureau of Construction Codes and the Bureau of Fire Services, the Academy shall submit to the Charter Schools Office a copy of any Certificate of Occupancy approval for the Academy's school facility outlined in Schedule 6. The Academy shall not occupy or use the school facility identified in Schedule 6 until such facility has been approved for occupancy by the Bureau of Construction Codes and the Bureau of Fire Services or other local authorized building department.
- 1. Submit to the Charter Schools Office copies of ESP agreements, if any, in compliance with the Contract and the Code.
- m. By July 1st of each year, the Academy Board shall provide a copy of the Academy Board's public meeting schedule for the upcoming school year. The Academy Board's public meeting schedule shall include the date, time and location of the public meetings for the upcoming school year. Within ten (10) business days of Academy Board approval, the Academy Board shall provide a copy to the Charter Schools Office of any changes to the Academy Board public meeting schedule.
- n. Prior to December 31 of each year and whenever necessary thereafter, the Academy Board shall approve and submit a revised operating school budget that includes, without limitation, the following: (i) the total projected amount of state school aid revenues based on the Academy's September pupil membership count; (ii) revised personnel costs; (iii) any start-up expenses incurred by the Academy; and (iv) the total amount of short-term cash flow loans obtained by the Academy. The Academy will make budget revisions in a manner prescribed by law. Within thirty (30) days of the Academy Board approving the budget (original and amended, if applicable), the Academy shall place a copy of that budget on the Academy's website within a section of the website that is accessible to the public.
- o. Unless the College Charter Schools Office submits, within 5 days of submission, a copy of the budgetary assumptions submitted by the Academy to the Center for Educational Performance and Information (CEPI) and confirm that the submitted budgetary assumptions were used in the adoption of the Academy's annual budget.
- p. Submit copies to the College Charter Schools Office of any periodic financial status reports required of the Academy by the Department of Treasury.
- q. Provide copies of notices, reports and plans, including deficit elimination or enhanced deficit elimination plans, to the College Charter Schools Office under Section 1220 of the Code.

To the extent that any dates for the submission of materials by the Academy under Section 2.02 conflict with dates set forth in the Master Calendar, the dates in the Master Calendar shall control.

Section 2.03. <u>Waiver and Delegation of Oversight Procedures</u>. The College Board or its designee and the Academy may agree to modify or waive any of the Oversight Duties or Compliance Certification Duties. The College Board may delegate its Oversight Duties, or any portion of its Oversight Duties, to an officer of the College or other designee.

ARTICLE III

RECORDS AND REPORTS

Section 3.01. <u>Records</u>. The Academy will keep records in which complete and correct entries shall be made of all Compliance Certification Duties conducted, and these records shall be available for inspection at reasonable hours and under reasonable conditions by the Charter Schools Office.

ARTICLE IV

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 4.01. Administrative Fee. The Academy agrees to pay to the College Board an administrative fee of 3% of the State School Aid Payments received by the Academy. This fee shall be retained by the University Board from each State School Aid Payment received by the University Board for forwarding to the Academy. This fee shall compensate the University Board for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the Contract and all Applicable Law and other related activities for which compensation is permissible. If the Academy elects to enter into a contract for an administrative review with the [University/ College/ District] Charter Schools Office, the costs of performing an administrative review shall not be part of the administrative fee under this section but shall be an added service provided by the [University/ College/ District] Charter Schools Office to the Academy on a fee for service basis, as authorized under the Code.

Section 4.02. <u>Time of the Essence</u>. Time shall be of the essence in the performance of obligations from time to time imposed upon the Academy and the College Board by this Agreement.

Section 4.03. Audit and Evaluation. The Academy:

a. hereby authorizes the Charter Schools Office to perform audit and evaluation studies using Academy data including, but not limited to, personally identifiable information about the Academy's students and staff submitted by the Academy to agencies including, but not limited to, Center for Educational Performance and Information ("CEPI"), Office of Educational Assessment and Accountability ("OEAA") and the Michigan Department of Education ("MDE"). Pursuant to this authorization, the Charter Schools Office shall abide by the regulations that govern the use of student data within the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA - 34 CFR Part 99), the Michigan Identity Theft Protection Act of 2004, and the Privacy Act of 1974.

b. shall upon request, provide the Charter Schools Office with copies or view access to data, documents or information submitted to the Michigan Department of Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the State Board of Education, the Center for Educational Performance and Information, or any other state or federal agency.

Section 4.04. Fiscal Stress Notification from State Treasurer. If the State Treasurer notifies the Academy that the State Treasurer has declared the potential for Academy financial stress exists, the Academy shall provide a copy of the notice to the College Charter Schools Office. Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the notification from the Academy, the College Charter Schools Office Director shall notify the Academy whether the College Charter Schools Office is interested in entering into a contract to perform an administrative review for the Academy. The parties shall consult with the Department of Treasury on the development of the contract and the contract for administrative review shall comply with the Code. If the College is not interested in performing an administrative review or the parties are unable to reach agreement on an administrative review, the Academy shall consider entering into a contract for an administrative review with an intermediate school district. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Academy from electing to enter into a contract for an administrative review with an intermediate school district. Nothing in this section shall require the Academy from electing to enter or not enter into a contract for an administrative review with the University or an intermediate school district.

ARTICLE V

TRANSPARENCY PROVISION

Section 5.01. <u>Information to Be Made Publicly Available by the Academy and ESP.</u>

- A. <u>Information to Be Made Publicly Available by the Academy</u>. The following described categories of information are specifically included within those to be made available to the public and the Charter Schools Office by the Academy in accordance with Section 12.17(a) of the Terms and Conditions:
- 1. Copy of the Contract
- 2. Copies of the executed Constitutional Oath of public office form for each serving Director
- 3. List of currently serving Directors with name, address, and term of office
- 4. Copy of the Academy Board's meeting calendar
- 5. Copy of public notice for all Academy Board meetings
- 6. Copy of Academy Board meeting agendas
- 7. Copy of Academy Board meeting minutes
- 8. Copy of Academy Board approved budget and amendments to the budget
- 9. Copies of bills paid for amounts of \$10,000.00 or more as submitted to the Academy

Board

- 10. Copy of the quarterly financial reports submitted to the Charter Schools Office
- 11. Copy of curriculum and other educational materials given to the Charter Schools Office
- 12. Copy of school improvement plan (if required)
- 13. Copies of facility leases, mortgages, modular leases and/or deeds
- 14. Copies of equipment leases
- 15. Proof of ownership for Academy owned vehicles and portable buildings
- 16. Copy of Academy Board approved ESP Agreement(s)
- 17. Copy of Academy Board approved services contract(s)
- 18. Office of Fire Safety certificate of occupancy for all Academy facilities
- 19. MDE letter of continuous use (if required)
- 20. Local County Health Department food service permit (if required)
- 21. Asbestos inspection report and Asbestos management plan (if required)
- 22. Boiler inspection certificate and lead based paint survey (if required)
- 23. Phase 1 environmental report (if required)
- 24. List of current Academy teachers and school administrators with names and addresses and their individual salaries as submitted to the Registry of Educational Personnel
- 25. Copies of administrator and teacher certificates or permits for all current administrative and teaching staff
- 26. Evidence of fingerprinting, criminal back-ground and record checks and unprofessional conduct check required by the Code for all Academy teachers and administrators
- 27. Academy Board approved policies
- 28. Copy of the annual financial audit and any management letters issued to the Academy Board
- 29. Proof of insurance as required by the Contract
- 30. Any other information specifically required under the Code

- B. <u>Information to Be Made Publicly Available by the ESP</u>. The following information is specifically included within the types of information available to the Academy by the Educational Service Provider (if any) in accordance with Section 12.17(b) of the Terms and Conditions:
- 1. Any information needed by the Academy in order to comply with its obligations to disclose the information listed under Section 5.01(A) above

Tab 5

CONTRACT SCHEDULE 5 DESCRIPTION OF STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY WEST

STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Academic Teacher/Instructor5-	1
Administrative Assistant5-	3
Administrator of Building Operations/Pupil Accountant5-	.4
Building Engineer5-	.6
Business Manager5-	8
Custodian/Maintenance5-1	1
Data Assessment Coordinator5-1	2
Food Service Supervisor5-1	4
Instructional Supervisor5-1	6
Lunch Aide5-1	8
Maintenance Supervisor5-1	9
Math Specialist5-2	21
Paraprofessional5-2	23
Payroll Administrator5-2	25
Reading Specialist5-2	26
School Leader5-2	28
School Social Worker5-3	30
Senior Information Technology Personnel5-3	32
Special Education/Resource Room Instructor5-3	34

Student Achievement Coach	5-35
Student Services Coordinator	5-38
Superintendent of Curriculum and Instruction	5-40
31A/RTI/Title I Tutors	5-42
ESP Agreement	5-43

4841-4957-0907.1 078905\000001

ACADEMIC TEACHER / INSTRUCTOR

The Academic Teacher is an employee of Bardwell Group. He/she will present him/her self at all times as a professional emulating the high scholastic and moral character of the Academy. The teacher will report directly to the School Leader/Director and Instructional Supervisors. He/She must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Bachelors, or its equivalent, from an accredited institution
- Teacher certification meeting criteria established by the Teacher Preparation and Certification
 Division of the Michigan Department of Education
- Experience teaching children in a learning environment
- Possesses skills as a facilitator or coach; possesses the desire and will to be creative in teaching
- Able to develop and maintain constructive group relationships; exhibit expertise in the area of specialization

RESPONSIBILITIES:

- > Develop and adhere to yearly, unit and daily lesson plans in relationship to the Academy's academic goals, curriculum and children's interests and abilities
- > Develop and provide for learning activities that utilize the critical thought process; provide for learning activities, which include interactive discussion techniques and a "hands on" approach
- Develop and implement various in-house evaluation tools and assessment methods to measure student achievement
- > Employ effective communication skills with students, parents and Academy administration
- At all times be sensitive to what students need and desire and provide the kinds of activities that are appropriate for the classroom and other learning activities
- Recommend students for specialized services such as Title I programming, accelerated learning, special education assessment, extra-curricular opportunities, etc
- Participate as a team player in decision-making processes at the Academy
- > Treat each student and parent with dignity and respect while helping students become aware of their roles as an integral member of the group
- Provide intellectual stimulation and emotional support to students and maintain an environment conducive to learning

- Participate in staff training programs as recommended and/or required by the Instructional Supervisors, School Leader/Director, the Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction, the Academy Board of Directors and other agencies
- > Fulfill other duties and responsibilities assigned by the School Leader/Director or other Administration

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

The Administrative Assistant is an employee of Bardwell Group. He/she is responsible for providing clerical and administrative assistance to the School Leader/Director, Administrator of Building Operations, and other staff. He/she will demonstrate a high degree of personal integrity and a willingness to perform duties in a confidential manner. He/She must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position. The Administrative Assistant shall report to the School Leader/Director and/or Administrator of Building Operations.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- High School Diploma
- Business courses
- Secretarial experience
- Basic word processing and data entry computer skills
- A willingness to continue professional development
- Ability to interact positively with the organization, staff, parents, students, and visitors

- Process communication documents, administrative forms, brochures, curriculum guides, and other information and documents as necessary
- > Maintain student files, records and other documents as necessary
- > Answer telephone
- Organize and maintain forms, reports and other materials important to the Academy's operations
- > Order supplies as necessary
- > Other duties as may be assigned by the School Leader/Director and/or Administrator of Building Operations

ADMINISTRATOR OF BUILDING OPERATIONS / PUPIL ACCOUNTANT

The Administrator of Building Operations / Pupil Accountant shall be responsible for maintaining the day-to-day operations of the building including maintaining accurate pupil records and submitting various reports to the Michigan Department of Education and other agencies, as required. She/he shall oversee that instructors are maintaining student daily attendance and prepare all documentation necessary for annual pupil accounting audits.

The Administrator of Building Operations / Pupil Accountant is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports directly to the Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction and CEO.

QUALIFICATIONS

- Two years of college preferred with several years of office experiences in a position of responsibility
- Several years administrative experience
- Skilled in developing positive inter-personal relationships
- High degree of personal and professional integrity
- Computer science skills
- Excellent communication skills
- Commitment to ethical standards involving student/parent information

- > Supervise the planning and implementation of the daily program in accordance with the policies and educational philosophy of the Academy
- Secure sustained parent and community involvement in all programs that affect the Academy
- Develop and effectively maintain a personal work plan listing goals, activities, dates and results expected
- Actively be involved in developing a positive climate that is conducive to teaching and learning
- > Implement school calendar and daily schedules
- Maintain a clean and safe physical plant, creating an environment that promotes student learning
- Over the operation of the Academy's student information database system (PowerSchool)
- Report pupil accounting in accordance with the Authorizer, the Intermediate School District (Wayne RESA), and the Michigan Department of Education (MDE)
- Enter data and maintain the Single Record Student Database (SRSD)

- > Oversee requests, compilation, and filing of student records
- > Develop and enforce office procedures
- > Oversee supply orders
- > Aid in documenting emergency drills
- > Supervise the inputting and distribution of report cards and progress reports
- > Assist with student discipline
- > Other duties as may be assigned by the Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction and CEO

BUILDING ENGINEER

The Building Engineer reads, understands and interprets blueprints, drawings, floor plans, schedules and manufacturers' operating and/or maintenance specifications as they relate to electrical, mechanical, HVAC and special equipment, building structures and finishes.

He/She is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the School Leader, Administrator of Building Operations, and Business Manager.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- High School Diploma
- An accredited post secondary vocational or technical school diploma preferred
- Ability to relate well to students and adults and proven experience maintaining a clean and safe learning / business environment
- Buildings & Safety Engineering Department license in Basic Boiler Plant Operations preferred
- Minimum of three years experience in operation/repair of boilers or similar power equipment in institutional, industrial or similar facilities required

- Maintains, operates and performs minor and major repairs, modifications, replacements and installations on boilers and boiler support equipment and systems such as feed water pumps, chemical feed pumps, generators, heat exchangers, compressors, valves, safety devices, controls and other support equipment
- Performs preventive maintenance to include cleaning, inspecting, troubleshooting, adjusting, tightening, replacing, lubricating, reporting problems, and other similar tasks on boilers and boiler support equipment
- > Performs boiler efficiency tests by analyzing fuel combustion, exhaust gasses and flame characteristics, and uses this analysis to adjust and calibrate boiler operation for maximum performance and efficiency
- Installs, tests, calibrates and maintains boiler control systems and devices to include combustion water treatment, safety, and building automatic temperature controls. Uses test instruments to calibrate devices, test systems, performance and diagnose problems
- > Maintains, repairs, modifies, installs, and replaces control components including valves, dampers, controllers, relays, control panels, sensors, transmitters, meters, etc
- Inspects boilers and boiler support equipment on a regularly scheduled basis and records observed performance data

- Tests boiler water for suspended solids and hardness levels, and adjusts chemical feed apparatus accordingly
- Maintains, repairs, modifies, replaces and installs boiler and boiler support equipment to include water and fireside tubes, exhaust systems, pumps, motors, valves, compressors, heat exchangers, and related systems. Documents all work performed.
- > Meets with School Leaders, Administrator of Building Operations, and Maintenance Supervisor to provide reports on building needs and conditions
- > Responds to immediate safety and/or operational concerns (e.g. facility damage, alarms) for the purpose of taking appropriate action to resolve immediate safety issues and maintaining a functioning educational environment
- > Maintains a clean and orderly boiler room, and paints boiler room surfaces and equipment when needed
- Assists contractors working on boiler room and building systems projects, and assists insurance inspectors and other inspecting agencies performing boiler and boiler support equipment inspections
- > Works with school employees, service companies and contractors to maintain and improve the work environment
- > Solicits price proposals from vendors for supplies, equipment, and/or repairs and assists with soliciting of price proposals from outside contractors
- > Attends in-service training (e.g. blood borne pathogens, asbestos, first aid, etc.) for the purpose of receiving information on new and/or improved procedures
- Performs the duties and responsibilities of other positions within the building as skills and experiences permit
- Other responsibilities as assigned by the Administrator of Building Operations and/or School Leader/Director

BUSINESS MANAGER

The business manager is employed by Bardwell Group and will have a working knowledge of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, Microsoft Excel, Microsoft Word, accounting software, excellent verbal and written communication skills, great customer service skills, be able to multi-task, highly organized, must pay attention to details and must possess confidentiality at all times. He/She must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position. The business manager shall report to the Controller and the CEO of Bardwell Group.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- > Bachelor's Degree required
- > 4 years or more experience in school accounting
- > Ability to work successfully in a fast-paced environment while maintaining good relationships with co-workers and supervisors.
- > Capacity to effectively communicate accounting related matters to all levels of staff and management
- > Experience in Accounting/Finance

RESPONSIBILITIES

Accounts Payable/Purchase Order Duties:

- > Maintain all David Ellis Academies, Accounts Payable vendor files: general, paid, open and recurring.
- > Review and process all Accounts Payable invoices (vouchers) and check request
- Prepare and process all Accounts Payable checks
- > Review and process all Purchase Orders
- > Maintain and file:
 - o Aged Trial Balance
 - o A/P Check Register
 - o Purchase Orders
- > Reconcile month-end vendor statements to our records and correct as necessary
- Maintain records related to 1099's

- > Ensure vendor packages have been completed for all approved vendors
- Vendor Analysis Monthly
- > Vendor/RFP contract coordination

General Ledger Duties:

- > Working understanding of Michigan Dept. of Education chart of accounts,
- Complete and reconcile all Bank Reconciliation reports monthly,
- Process and maintain all new account input for Quickbooks
- > Prepare Financial Statements for David Ellis Academies
- Prepare, update, maintain fixed assets
- > Reconcile and post all Bond Statement entries monthly
- > Setup and perform Operational Audits
- > Manage and maintain E-Rate Program for David Ellis Academies
- > Create and perform Lunch Room Audits (Bi-Annually)
- > Maintain and manage Lunch Room Audit for Year-End Review
- Prepare and post biweekly Payroll J/E Postings
- Perform Account Analysis on all G/L accounts (Monthly)

Accounts Receivable Duties:

- Prepare and process weekly bank deposits (David Ellis Academies)
- > Create intercompany invoices for reimbursable
- Posting Cash Receipts
- > Maintain all 'Cash Receipts Journals'
- Posting Journal Entries
 - o State Aid
 - o Supplemental Revenues (Title I, Title II, IDEA, Misc. Wires, etc)

Payroll Duties:

- > Import bi-weekly payrolls from Payroll 1 to school ledger
- > Verify benefits postings and reconciliation

Other Duties:

Engage in frequent communication with vendors, school leaders, management company contacts

- > Ensure that all school reports comply with applicable governmental regulations, professional standards and school policies and procedures
- > Comply with authorizer, state, and investor report requests
- > Attend weekly Accounting Meeting
- > 40 hours per academic year of professional development (i.e. MSBO Conference, MEIM classes, etc.)
- > Other duties as assigned by the school management team

CUSTODIAN / MAINTENANCE

The custodian is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to his/her immediate supervisor.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- High School Diploma
- Basic knowledge of common building repairs
- Ability to relate well to students and adults and proven experience maintaining a clean and safe learning / business environment
- Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

- Maintain floors, furnishings, walls, doors, and fixtures in a clean, safe, operable and presentable condition
- > Sanitize toilets and wash basins daily, dispose of trash
- > Change light bulbs when needed
- > Make minor repairs and recommend when outside contractor is needed
- > Keep toilet tissue, paper towels, soap dispensers adequately supplied
- > Wax and polish occasionally
- > Keep entrances, walks, porches, parking areas swept, free of debris and obstruction.
- > Assist in all housekeeping duties
- > Assist in setting up and putting away heavy equipment
- Lock doors, put away outdoor equipment, close and lock windows and see that building is secured for the evening
- Develop and monitor, in collaboration with the School Leader/Director and other faculty, a regular maintenance and cleaning schedule aimed at keeping the premises and facility in top condition at all times
- > Maintain and monitor inventory for all cleaning and miscellaneous building supplies
- Maintain certification in asbestos training
- Other responsibilities as assigned by the Maintenance Supervisor, School Leader/Director, and/or Administrator of Building Operations.

DATA ASSESSMENT COORDINATOR

The Data Assessment Coordinator is an employee of Bardwell Group and is responsible for administering and leading all district assessments. The Coordinator ensures district compliance in specific assessment procedures and practices.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Bachelors degree or higher with coursework in mathematics, statistics, Curriculum/Assessment or related field
- Michigan teaching certificate or administrator certificate preferred
- Five years teaching experience preferred
- Demonstrated ability to provide leadership resulting in teamwork and collaborative working relationships
- Demonstrated leadership in the ability to work cooperatively with colleagues to attain the vision
- Evidence of ability to establish working relationships that result in mutual respect
- Ability to communicate effectively as a writer, speaker and presenter
- Demonstrate knowledge with various computer information and data management systems (i.e.
 Microsoft Excel), in addition to general proficiency and problem solving regarding information
- Knowledge of federal and state educational mandates
- · Good interpersonal and public relations skills
- Ability to multitask with ease, prioritizing appropriately
- Proven track record of delivering accurate, comprehensive results within tight deadlines

- > Administration of State required assessments across schools and classrooms and oversight of all test administration for PreK-12 programs
- > Directs the development, administration and management of all District assessment programs
- Provides leadership and representation on assessment related committees, taskforces and workgroups as directed
- Serves as central resource for statistics, data and related information needed for building and district School Improvement Plans/NCA AdvanceD/MAP/MSTEP
- > Provides leadership and coordinates the use of district assessment systems (e.g., systems used for common assessments, universal screening, MAP, and MSTEP)
- Provides assessment data and leadership to building and district administration in interpreting student testing data for analysis of student growth and achievement
- Provides student growth data to be used in staff evaluation of programs and instruction

- > Plans, organizes, controls and directs all required district assessments
- > Works collaboratively with Superintendent, building administrators, school staff and educators
- > Prepares presentations that analyze and interpret assessment results for schools, administrators, school board and the public
- > Supports consistent and effective use of internal assessments for the schools and classrooms
- > Supplies data to ensure that the schools meet State requirements for annual education reports
- > Coordinates all requests for school data in compliance with school policies
- Perform such other tasks and assume such other responsibilities as may be assigned by the Superintendent

FOOD SERVICE SUPERVISOR

The Food Service Supervisor is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the School Leader/Director and/or Administrator of Building Operations.

SUMMARY OF WORK

- > Administers the food service program in a multiple-site program according to policies and procedures, and federal/state requirements
- > Supervises and trains foodservice personnel
- > Ensures high standards of food preparation and service with emphasis on menu appeal and nutritional value
- > Maintains high standards of sanitation and safety
- Maintains records of income and expenditures, food, supplies, personnel and equipment
- > Facilitates cooperation with education partners such as administrators, teachers, parents and students
- > He/She must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

- Works with food service vendor to ensure that USDA Meal Pattern and nutritional requirements are met
- > Shop for breakfast items and oversee the preparation of breakfast
- > Develop catering menu for monthly staff breakfast and upon request from school leader
- > Plans menu adaptations for children with special needs
- > Enforces federal and state regulations regarding nutritional standards, reports and records
- Prepares and maintains all records for required audits and reviews
- Oversees the administration of the district's free and reduced price meals program according to federal regulations

- > Ensure that established sanitation and safety standards are maintained
- > Maintains an efficient food service operation and a high quality food service staff by recruiting, selecting, training, scheduling, supervising and evaluating all food service personnel
 - a. Ensure the successful operation of servicing students on a daily basis during breakfast and lunch
 - b. Monitor the floor to ensure that lunch aides are in place and performing their duties satisfactorily
- > Communicate food service needs to vendor daily regarding food count for the following school day
- > Troubleshoot and correct issues, complaints and problems within your department in a timely manner

Instructional Supervisor

The Instructional Supervisor is an employee of Bardwell Group and has a responsibility to facilitate the supervision of instructional staff.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Masters degree with a concentration in Curriculum and Instruction, or its equivalent, from an accredited institution
- Teacher certification meeting criteria established by the Teacher Preparation and Certification Division of the Michigan Department of Education
- Experience teaching children in a learning environment.
- At least 3 years experience in supervision is preferred.
- At least 3 years lead teacher experience

Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

- Review lesson plans weekly and evaluate correlation to state standards, variance for differentiated instruction, creativity, and rigor. Give written feedback when necessary and provide documentation to the building leader.
- Monitor grade book for teachers assigned to you. Grades should reflect the minimum requirements as specified by the policy. Give feedback by way of email when teachers are not compliant and copy the building leader.
- Major concerns must be reported or discussed with the building leader in a timely manner.
- Oversee the Curriculum Coordinator's execution of services and in collaboration with the building leader give the final word on curricular matters.
- Facilitate with the building leaders and curriculum coordinator the development, maintenance, and revisions of curriculum documents on a systematic review and analysis schedule. The group will complete a written timeline for doing so by mid-fall of 2016.
- Assist in leading the school improvement team. Supervisors may divide the assignment to work specifically with one school rather than both.
- Assist achievement coaches
- Provide ongoing effective communication with the leadership team, support staff and teachers.

- > Conduct a systematic review of Academy curriculum and instructional materials to determine relevance and to ensure their correlation to the Common Core standards as updated
- > Work with curriculum coordinator to ensure curricular alignment in all grade levels
- > In collaboration with the building leader and the Bardwell issued template, determine a schedule for class visitations on a weekly basis to ensure that all staff probationary and permanent is performing at a satisfactory level.
- Assist in the planning and implementation of effective staff development activities that address the mission of the district, program evaluation outcomes, best practices, and input from teachers and others. Collaborate with building leaders when utilizing staff to conduct professional development sessions.
- Teach model lessons to aide teachers when necessary
- > Motivate the instructional staff to achieve improvement goals
- > Serve as PLC Leader
- > Determine a schedule for attending and monitoring grade level meetings. Determine a basic agenda that teams will use for weekly meetings. The teams should provide sign in sheets and evidence of compliance.
- > Assist with student discipline only when necessary
- > Facilitate parent meetings when necessary
- > Fulfill other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the CEO in collaboration with the building leaders.

LUNCH AIDE

The lunch aide is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the Food Service Supervisor.

QUALIFICATIONS

- High School Diploma and/or experience working with supervising children
- Ability to work collaboratively with others
- Proven track record of working or volunteering for organizations where they have directly participated in implementing and maintain a regular schedule
- Ability to cooperate with others
- Ability to communicate and interact effectively with others, especially students and parents
- Lunch aides must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

- Maintain a safe and orderly environment during lunch time
- > Assist children, especially the younger children with preparing for lunch, eating their meals and cleaning up when done
- Be willing to complete training in basic first aid and safety
- Work collaboratively and cooperatively with teachers, parents, and other staff
- Other duties as assigned by the School Leader/Director and Supervisor

MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR

The Maintenance Supervisor is responsible for the daily custodial operations, maintaining a sanitary and safe facility for students, employees and the public; minimizing property damage, loss and liability exposure; ensuring that assignments are completed in a safe, proper and timely manner and overseeing and supporting assigned custodians in the performance of their assignments.

He/She is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the School Leader, Administrator of Building Operations, and Business Manager.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- High School Diploma
- Basic knowledge of common building repairs
- Ability to relate well to students and adults and proven experience maintaining a clean and safe learning / business environment
- Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

- > Cleans assigned school facilities (e.g. classrooms, offices, gym, restrooms, grounds) for the purpose of maintaining a sanitary, safe work environment
- > Delivers various items and materials (e.g. supplies, mail, packages, furniture) for the purpose of ensuring adequate supplies to the appropriate parties
- > Informs students, other site personnel and supervisor for the purpose of providing information regarding activities, safety and/or proper maintenance of facilities
- > Inspects school facilities for the purpose of ensuring that the site is suitable for safe operations, maintained in clean condition, and identifying necessary repairs
- Leads, directs and assists in organizing written work schedules and written performance inspections of custodial employees
- > Maintains active custodial substitute lists for the purpose of scheduling substitutes as necessary, including floating custodian assignments
- > Oversees minor maintenance work performed by custodial staff
- > Maintains inventory of supplies
- Meets with School Leaders, Administrator of Building Operations, and custodians to provide reports on building needs and conditions

- Responds to immediate safety and/or operational concerns (e.g. facility damage, alarms) for the purpose of taking appropriate action to resolve immediate safety issues and maintaining a functioning educational environment
- > Checks buildings and grounds to ensure that they are properly cleaned
- > Ensures shrubs, lawns and flower beds are trimmed clean and safe
- > Arranges furniture and equipment for the purpose of providing adequate preparations for meetings, classroom activities and events
- > Works with school employees, service companies and contractors to maintain and improve the work environment
- > Solicits price proposals from vendors for supplies and equipment and assists with soliciting of price proposals from outside contractors
- > Instructs custodial employees on how to respond to system failures, location shut off procedures for water, fire sprinklers, gas and electric
- Attends in-service training (e.g. blood borne pathogens, cleaning solvents, floor care, first aid, etc.) for the purpose of receiving information on new and/or improved procedures
- Maintain certification in asbestos training
- > Other responsibilities as assigned by the Administrator of Building Operations and/or School Leader/Director

MATH SPECIALIST

The job of the Math Specialist is done for the purpose of providing math instructional assistance for qualifying Tier 2 and Tier 3 students. The Math Specialist is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the Instructional Supervisors, School Leader/Director, and Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Bachelor Degree or above from an accredited four-year college or university. Masters degreed preferred
- Valid Michigan Teacher's Certificate for the appropriate grade level and/or subject matter
 Math Endorsement
- Minimum of 3 years of successful teaching experience with at least 2 years in the K-12 classroom
- Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

RESPONSIBILITIES:

<u>Instructional Program</u>: The Reading Specialist's full-time job is to improve Reading instruction and to provide targeted reading intervention to students in the school. Instructional responsibilities include:

- o A math instruction and assessment resource to classroom teachers
- Conducts math in-service trainings
- o Coordinates Math nights for parents and families
- Maintains math records on student achievement if needed for Title 1 reporting
- o Administer math instruction for Tier 2 and Tier 3 to close achievement gap
- o Meets and collaborates with other Math Specialists in the District
- Participates in PLCs to discuss math data.
- Plans math instruction for Tier 2 and Tier 3
- Prepares and interprets math data, formal and informal, developing best practice suggestions
- o Performs other duties as assigned

> Staff Development:

- o Provide resources and training opportunities for professional growth for classroom teachers (e.g., through in-service courses, workshops, seminars, conferences etc. as approved by the Superintendent/Academic Director) on evidence-based math research and practices
- o Provide for his/her own professional growth by attending in-service courses, workshops, seminars, conferences etc...
- Act as a catalyst for building a school learning community that focuses on integrated learning, building connections across grades

PARAPROFESSIONAL

The Paraprofessional is an employee of Bardwell Group. He/she will help the teacher or teachers assigned to in an effective and timely manner while at all times displaying a willing attitude to enhance the efforts of the Academy. He/she will use appropriate materials, provided by the instructor, to aid students in areas of academic weakness. Paraprofessionals will have a functional relationship with the teachers they are assigned to and a direct reporting relationship to the Instructional Supervisors and School Leader/Director.

QUALIFICATIONS

All Title I Paraprofessionals hired after January 8, 2002 will meet the requirements of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 including: will have completed at least two years of study at an institution of higher education; obtained an associate's degree or met a rigorous standard of quality and can demonstrate, through a formal state or local academic assessment of knowledge the ability to assist in instructing: 1) reading, writing and mathematics, or b) reading readiness writing readiness and mathematics readiness.

All Title I Paraprofessionals hired before January 8, 2002 must meet the above requirements within four year of this date. These specific federal requirements do not apply to any paraprofessional who: 1) are proficient in English and another language and act primarily as translators; or 2) conduct only parental involvement activities. Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position.

- Provide assistance with small group instruction within the classroom
- Prepare and submit weekly reports on student progress or lack of progress
- > Confer with the classroom instructor on a weekly basis regarding supplemental instructional material for students
- Display the ability to communicate and convey ideas to students, parents and instructors
- Maintain high ethical and professional integrity

- Participate in professional development as assigned and mandated by the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001
- Other duties that may be requested by classroom instructors and approved by the School Leader/Director, or directly assigned by the School Leader/Director

PAYROLL ADMINISTRATOR

The Payroll Administrator is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the Business Manager and Human Resources Director.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position
- Associate's degree (A.A) or equivalent from a two-year college or technical school or one or more years related experience and/or training; or equivalent combination of education and experience
- College degree is preferred
- 2-3 years of payroll experience required
- Strong knowledge of NovaTime/Payroll 1 is essential
- Solid understanding of payroll and payroll tax laws is also a must
- Proficiency in Word and Excel
- Clear written and verbal communications
- Organize and write procedures in a logical/methodical manner
- Good time management skills
- Excellent attention to detail
- Work well in a team environment
- Able to maintain confidential information

- > Compile payroll data such as garnishments, vacation time, insurance and 401(k) deductions
- > Poll electronic time clocks (NovaTime software) and review the downloaded information for completeness and accuracy
- > Contact various department supervisors for any missed times
- Process weekly transfer of payroll data to Payroll 1
- > Pull many internal management reports from Payroll 1/NovaTime software
- > Other duties may be assigned to meet business needs

READING SPECIALIST

The Reading Specialist is a specially prepared professional who has responsibility for the literacy performance of readers in general or struggling readers in particular within the school.

The Reading Specialist is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the Instructional Supervisors, School Leader/Director, and Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Bachelors, or its equivalent, from an accredited institution
- Michigan K-6 Elementary Teaching Certification with a Reading Specialist endorsement
- Minimum of 3 years of successful teaching experience with at least 2 years in the K-12 classroom
- Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

RESPONSIBILITIES:

<u>Instructional Program</u>: The Reading Specialist's full-time job is to improve Reading instruction and to provide targeted reading intervention to students in the school. Instructional responsibilities include:

- Promote interest in reading
- o Implement, maintain, and evaluate the reading curriculum in grades K-8
- o Coordinate the school reading and language arts and primary programs
- O Coach (e.g. co-teach, model, demonstrate, observe, and provide feedback) classroom teachers on the implementation of core and intervention approaches for K-8 reading and the use of formative assessment data as the basis for instructional decision making; use scaffolding techniques to help teachers become comfortable in implementing evidence-based instructional practices
- Provide support for the implementation of the comprehensive reading program and approach selected by PCA that addresses the five components of reading (i.e., phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension strategies) in a systematic manner
- Become familiar with the administration and interpretation of in-depth diagnostic measures or additional assessments commonly used in the school

- o Coordinate reading assessments at appropriate grade levels and assist teachers in analyzing the test results
- o Assist teachers with instructional reading intervention strategies and procedures
- Evaluate students with severe reading problems that may require additional support services
- o Monitor and track individual student progress in reading
- Model reading and language arts instruction in K-8 classrooms
- Assist in assuring continuity between regular programs and other special areas
- Collaboratively select and coordinate all reading and language arts materials used in the classrooms with approval by Administration
- Submit appropriate data and reports
- Perform other duties as assigned

> Staff Development:

- o Provide resources and training opportunities for professional growth for classroom teachers (e.g., through in-service courses, workshops, seminars, conferences etc. as approved by the Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction) on evidence-based reading research and practices
- o Provide for his/her own professional growth by attending in-service courses, workshops, seminars, conferences etc...
- O Act as a catalyst for building a school learning community that focuses on integrated learning, building connections across grades

SCHOOL LEADER

The School Leader will oversee the instructional programs of the Academy including the following three focus areas:

Instruction: Promoting and maintaining a productive, creative and caring atmosphere in

which every student can experience success.

Performance: Fostering an environment where students and staff are challenged to reach

their greatest potential.

Evaluation: Gathering and compiling data to determine if Academy's vision, mission, goals

and objectives are being met.

The School Leader reports directly to the CEO. And he/she must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position.

QUALIFICATIONS

- Master's Degree in Education or an equivalent degree from an accredited institution
- Several years administrative and/or curriculum development and teaching experience
- Understands the changing and creative environment that leads to academic excellence
- A commitment to the ethical standards of personnel practices and willingness to continue professional development
- High degree of personal and professional integrity
- Skilled in developing positive inter-personal relationships

- > Supervise the planning and implementation of the daily program in accordance with the policies and educational philosophy of the Academy
- Secure sustained parent and community involvement in all programs that affect the Academy
- Develop and effectively maintain a personal work plan listing goals, activities, dates and results expected
- Develop and administer a periodic evaluation tool to measure the effectiveness of teacher's teaching methods and interpersonal skills
- Actively be involved in collaborative efforts of the teaching staff to enhance education at the Academy; develop a positive climate that is conducive to teaching and learning
- Enable synergy to be the thrust of education excellence; providing assistance to the teachers in planning, classroom management, student evaluation and the delivery of the instructional programs

- Develop and oversee the implementation of training and professional development plans matched to school improvement strategies
- Assist in developing and monitoring budget for instructional area, summer school, consolidated application, and other programs as designated by Bardwell
- > Develop and implement school calendar and daily schedules
- Maintain a clean and safe physical plant, creating an environment that promotes student learning
- Fulfill other duties and responsibilities assigned by the CEO

SCHOOL SOCIAL WORKER

School social workers assist students with academic learning by providing strategic services that identify and address the social-emotional-environmental issues that interfere with the educational process. Working with parents/guardians, teachers, school principal/principal's designee, and community based resources, the school social worker implements strategies that promote students' positive school adjustment. Each social worker is assigned to the school(s) based upon identified needs of the student population. School social Workers must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position.

The school social worker is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the School Leader/Director.

QUALIFICATIONS

- Master's degree in social work from an accredited university
- Twenty (20) contact hours of practice area specific continuing professional education
- One of the following: Current CSW- level state social worker license, or a current exam-based school social work license, registration, or certification issued by the Michigan Department of Education

- ➤ Identifies and assesses academic problems through analysis of factors impinging on student adjustment including factors in the home, school, and community
- > Serves as a liaison between families and the school to positively promote collaborative processes in educational planning for students by encouraging parent/guardian participation in the school setting
- > Completes psychosocial assessments to assist in the determination of special education services
- > Determines and implements appropriate therapeutic strategies to effect changes in behavioral-social interactions of students and their families
- > Provides individual and group therapeutic counseling to students and their families
- Provides parent/guardian educational workshops on identified issues related to child development, stress reduction, discipline and safety, and teacher/parent/student communication
- > Collaborates with school staff and other school system personnel in implementing strategies

- to promote student learning
- > Participate as members of the IEP, SST, and other school based teams to develop interventions for promoting students' academic success
- > Serves on both school-based and system-wide committees to address educational issues, adjustment problems, safety issues, and program development for students.
- > Provides crisis intervention services
- > Provides social work case management for students and families
- > Provides staff consultation on behavioral-emotional-environmental issues affecting student participation in the learning process
- > Conducts staff development on issues related to social-emotional-environmental factors that impact learning
- Develops programs to address parent/guardian participation in the school and student engagement in the educational process
- Conducts classroom meetings, psycho-educational social skills groups, and classroom presentations on identified areas of concern for the students
- Maintains required clinical records and submits appropriate documents for statistical reports with adherence to program standards in school social work
- > Conducts home visits related to establishing communication and positive connections between the parent/guardian and school setting around identified issues
- > Completes risk assessments on referred students
- > Completes functional behavior assessments on identified students.
- > Completes classroom observations
- > Serves as liaison with community agencies and assists in fostering communication between schools, parents/guardians, and community leaders
- > Locates and mobilizes community resources to support the educational program
- > Attends meetings and professional development activities as required

SENIOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PERSONNEL

The job of the Senior Information Technology Personnel was established for the purpose/s of designing, configuring, installing, maintaining, and repairing network systems, subsystems and servers; overseeing the computer/server room operation and environment; providing information, direction and/or recommendations regarding network installations and configurations including television, intercom, telephone and wireless systems; resolving network operational issues; and providing technical support to staff.

The Senior Information Technology Personnel is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the CEO.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Bachelor's degree in job related area or 5 or more years of experience
- Ability to work independently under broad organizational guidelines to achieve unit objectives
- Ability to manage a department
- Ability to be flexible and independently work with others in a wide variety of circumstances
- Independent problem solving is required to analyze issues and create action plans
- Specific ability-based competencies required to satisfactorily perform the functions of the job include:
 - o setting priorities; establishing effective relationships; being attentive to detail; conveying technical information to non-technical audiences; and working nonstandard hours when necessary
- Knowledge in the following areas:
 - o Computer hardware and software systems and programs
 - o Computer networks, network administration and network installation
 - Computer troubleshooting
 - o Computer viruses and security
 - o E-mail and internet programs
- Specific skill-based competencies required to satisfactorily perform the functions of the job include:
 - utilizing pertinent network, application, operating system monitoring and troubleshooting software; adhering to safety practices; planning and managing projects; and preparing and maintaining accurate records

- Administer systems and servers related to LAN and WAN (e.g. email systems, accounts, print queue, workstation ID, IP assignments, computer labs, classroom computers, security, antivirus, spyware, etc.) for the purpose of ensuring availability of services to authorized users
- > Troubleshoot hardware, software and network operating system

- > Install network (client and server) software on a variety of platforms (e.g. service packs, application software, operating software, hardware upgrades, etc.) for the purpose of upgrading and maintaining WAN/LAN and telecommunication systems
- Maintain network operations and software applications (e.g. servers (file, print, application, WEB, database, proxy, etc.), operating systems, server backup, routine maintenance programs, etc.) for the purpose of ensuring efficient operations
- Provide network access to staff and students
- Provide orientation to new users of existing technology
- > Manage assigned projects and program components including television, intercom and wireless services (e.g. migration to new systems, scheduling installations, product research, etc.).
- Monitor security of all technology
- > Maintain current and accurate inventory of technology hardware, software and resources
- Prepare written materials (e.g. procedures, system level documentation, reports, memos, letters, budgets, etc.) for the purpose of documenting activities, providing written reference, and/or conveying information
- > Recommend equipment, supplies and materials (e.g. purchase equipment, lease equipment, etc.) for the purpose of acquiring required items and completing jobs efficiently
- > Recommend policies, procedures and/or actions for the purpose of providing direction for meeting the school's goals and objectives
- > Research trends, products, equipment, tests, etc. for the purpose of recommending procedures and/or purchases
- Respond to trouble tickets/inquiries from a variety of sources (e.g. staff, administrators, school site personnel, outside vendors and service providers, etc.) for the purpose of providing technical assistance and troubleshooting support
- > Train staff (primarily within the technology area) for the purpose of ensuring their ability to use new and/or existing operating systems and application software
- > Transport various items for the purpose of ensuring the availability of materials required at the job site
- > Troubleshoot malfunctions of network hardware and/or software applications within the school's local and wide area networks, television, wireless, intercom, telephones and security systems (e.g. servers, hubs, routers, network protocols, etc.) for the purpose of resolving operational issues and restoring services
- > Fulfill other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the CEO and Administration

SPECIAL EDUCATION/RESOURCE ROOM INSTRUCTOR

The special education/resource room instructor is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to School Leader.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- · Bachelor's degree or higher
- Michigan Teacher's Certification and highly qualified with endorsement in an area of special education
- At least 2-3 years of experience
- Familiar with IDEA, NCLB, State and local laws, and WRESA compliance rules and regulations
- Must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position

- Prepare all pertinent paperwork and forms in preparing for initials and annuals IEPs in consultation with parents and IEP team members
- > Design instruction, both individual and small group, which parallels the general education curriculum
- Articulate curriculum between and among student levels
- Work in partnership with general education staff in implementing student's IEP modifications and accommodations
- Monitor student progress quarterly
- Participate in review and revision of IEP, as appropriate
- > Assist RTI team in development of planned remediation and evaluation of student progress prior to being referred for special education consideration
- > Maintain appropriate student data and other records and submit monthly reports
- Maintain accurate attendance records
- Participating in staff development
- Other duties as assigned

STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT COACH

This job description is not a stand-alone job description, but a rider to our basic education and exceptional education job descriptions. In addition to modeling the implementation of exemplary educational practices with students in the classroom, this instructor will serve as a school-based instructional leader and coach. The Student Achievement Coach must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position.

The Student Achievement Coach is an employee of Bardwell Group and reports to the Instructional Supervisor, School Leader/Director, and Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction.

REQUIRED QUALIFICATIONS:

- Valid Michigan Department of Education Teacher Certificate in area of assignment
- Minimum of four years of successful K-12 classroom teaching experience in the area of assignment
- Demonstrates knowledge of K-9 common core curriculum and integrating technology into the curriculum

DESIRED QUALIFICATIONS:

- Professional development in the areas of:
 - o Research-based exemplary practices in curriculum, differentiated instruction, technology integration and assessment
 - o Communication skills
 - o Leadership development
 - o Classroom management
 - o Peer observation, coaching, mentoring and conferencing skills
 - o Student and parent conferencing skills
- > Master's degree with a concentration on curriculum from an accredited institution. Reading endorsement preferred.

KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS, AND ABILITIES

- > Develop a program or coaching cycle to successfully coach teachers
- > Knowledge of K-2 standards-based curriculum and K-8 common core curriculum instruction and assessment as they relate to each other and influence student achievement
- > Highly skilled at implementing exemplary educational practices resulting in demonstrated student achievement gains
- > Ability to lead colleagues by utilizing effective communication and leadership skills

SUPERVISES: Not Applicable

RESPONSIBILITIES:

Professional Development

- O Assist with school wide data analysis, as part of a professional development needs assessment
- o Observe and provide follow-up related to professional development for the purpose of insuring implementation of exemplary practices
- o Demonstrate continued professional growth through self-directed as well as defined professional development opportunities, which may include additional training, professional learning communities, outside research, and reading professional literature
- Assist in the coordination of school based professional development opportunities linked to individual professional development plans and job competencies
- o Conducts/Assists IS's with PD based upon needs of each site

Coaching

- o Establish a model demonstration classroom of research-based exemplary practices for the purpose of collegial observations
- o Assist teachers with writing lesson plans to support the curriculum
- Regularly demonstrate model lessons and share expertise with other teachers in both formal and informal settings
- Regularly observe and provide feedback to teachers
- Assist teachers with teaching and learning strategies, processes and procedures of requirements regarding assigned programs and initiatives
- Data Analysis with grade level teams

Curriculum, Instruction and Assessment

- Assist in the development and implementation of standards-based curriculum and assessment opportunities, and research-based instructional best practices
- o Collaborate with colleagues to develop exemplary lessons and units
- Assist teachers in understanding the use of formative and summative assessments in order to differentiate and improve instructional practices and strategies
- o Informal weekly walkthroughs/observations using Charlotte Danielson rubric
- o Share/discuss formative assessments with teachers
- Share/discuss various types of instructional strategies
- Model effective instructional strategies based on individual needs

> Communication

- o Demonstrate effective communication skills when working collaboratively and coaching others
- Model appropriate communication skills and tools matched to the needs of various audiences and purposes
- Create and provide timelines, calendars and schedules regarding modeling, coaching and support
- Serve as a liaison between the school site and district staff
- o AC's will meet with their assigned teacher one time every 10 days and document evidence

- o AC's will create their schedule to coincide with their teacher prep time, allowing feedback to occur.
- o Academic Coaches will meet on a regular basis

> Leadership

- o Support and assist in implementing the district vision, school mission and school improvement plan
- Demonstrate the knowledge, skills and disposition of a change agent
- o Apply the process and principles of change toward improved educational practice

> Other

o Perform other duties as assigned

STUDENT SERVICES COORDINATOR

The Student Services Coordinator shall instruct students to become self-directed learners while participating in a rigorous curriculum and environment in which students are physically, psychologically, and emotionally safe with the ultimate outcome being that all students are prepared to positively contribute to our changing global society and graduate with the skills to succeed in college and/or a chosen career.

The mission of the Student Services Coordinator is to advocate for the equity, access, and success of all students in their personal, social, career and academic development so that they can achieve their fullest potential, compete globally in the work force and contribute positively to society.

REQUIRED QUALIFICATIONS:

- Valid Michigan Department of Education Teacher Certificate
- Minimum of four years of successful K-12 classroom teaching experience
- Demonstrates knowledge of K-9 common core curriculum and integrating technology into the curriculum

KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS, AND ABILITIES

- > Knowledge of K-2 standards-based curriculum and K-8 common core curriculum instruction and assessment as they relate to each other and influence student achievement
- > Highly skilled at implementing exemplary educational practices resulting in demonstrated student achievement gains
- > Ability to lead colleagues by utilizing effective communication and leadership skills

SUPERVISES: Not Applicable

RESPONSIBILITIES:

- > Academic support, including organizational, study and test-taking skills
- Goal setting and decision-making
- > Career awareness, exploration and planning
- > Education on understanding self and others
- > Communication, problem-solving and conflict resolution
- > Multicultural/diversity awareness
- > Individual student planning

> Academic planning

- o Goal setting/decision- making
- Education on understanding of self, including strengths and weaknesses
- Transition plans

Proactive Services

- o Individual and small-group academic counseling
- o Individual/family/school crisis academic intervention
- o Consultation/collaboration
- o Referrals

> System Support

- o Professional development
- o MTSS coordinator
- o 31-A Program management and operation

> Collaboration with:

- o Parents (PSTA)
- Parent education (Parent University)
- o Communication/networking
- o Academic planning
- o College/career awareness programs
- One-on-one parent conferencing
- o Interpretation of assessment results

> Teachers

- o Classroom guidance activities and speakers
- Academic support, including learning style assessment and education to help students succeed academically
- o At-risk student identification and implementation of interventions to enhance success

> Administrators

- o School climate
- o School-wide needs assessments
- O Student data and results
- o Student assistance team building

> Students

- o Peer education
- o Peer support
- o Academic support
- o School climate
- o Leadership development
- o Community
- o Field trips/service learning
- o Referrals
- o Parenting classes
- Support groups
- o Career education (high school)

SUPERINTENDENT OF CURRICULUM & INSTRUCTION

The Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction is employed by Bardwell Group and reports directly to the President/CEO of Bardwell and is the key individual responsible for developing and implementing both near-term and long-term plans for the education department. Additionally, this individual will coordinate, define and communicate integrated plans for the growth and development in all educational areas. He/she is part of the Management Team, but has close day-to-day interaction with and reporting responsibility to the Campus School Leaders. The ideal candidate combines both strategic thinking and strong execution skills across various forms of education styles. The Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction must meet all applicable state certification and other requirements for position.

QUALIFICATIONS:

- Masters degree in a field of education and teaching experience required
- Five or more years of management or supervisory experience in a public educational facility
- Orientation toward results
- Ability to multi-task in a fast paced environment
- An ongoing customer focus
- The highest levels of integrity at all times

RESPONSIBILITIES:

- Develop and implement educational activities both strategic and operational, including metrics to track and evaluate progress
- > Ensure campus compliance with state Department of Education, accreditation, regulations and policies, including coordinating the educational activities in the
- Institutional Effectiveness Plan (IEP)
- Research and identify trends and needs and establish program directions accordingly
- Assess quality of program operations. Modify existing program services or create new program offerings to maintain or enhance program standing
- > Set and communicate program priorities and performance standards and assess operations using these criteria
- Provides for quality assurance reviews and addresses areas in need of attention
- Monitor attrition analysis and assists with campus issues relating to retention
- Coordinate strategies with college leadership staff to achieve desired organizational results in areas of customer satisfaction, student retention, graduation rates and satisfactory student progress
- Provide leadership to ensure campuses maintain satisfactory academic progress in the areas of attendance, grades, matriculation, and graduation

- > Assist in developing and managing the educational budget
- > Facilitate creative changes in educational programming, processes, and procedures
- > Develop business plans and projections for assigned education projects and proposed projects
- > Lead campuses in program direction, development of goals, and objectives
- Establish and maintain compliance with academic policy and procedure
- > This position in conjunction with Campus School Leaders will oversee:
 - faculty recruitment
 - orientation
 - course assignments
 - management including
 - professional development
 - evaluation and curriculum implementation
 - · control and calculation and awarding of faculty performance
- > Perform other duties as assigned.

31A/RTI/TITLE I TUTORS

Tutors will help the teacher or teachers assigned to in an effective and timely manner while at all times displaying a willing attitude to enhance the efforts of the Academy. 31A/RTI/Title I Tutors will have a functional relationship with the teachers they are assigned to and a direct reporting relationship to the Instructional Supervisors and School Leader/Director.

31A/RTI/Title I tutors are employees of Bardwell Group and report to the Instructional Supervisors and School Leader/Director.

QUALIFICATIONS

- Associates Degree or the equivalent of two years of college credits
- At least two years' tutoring experience is preferred
- Possesses a positive attitude
- A desire to learn and follow instruction
- Good interpersonal skill towards administration, staff and students
- A high degree of emotional and physical stamina and the ability to cope with daily job requirements

RESPONSIBILITIES:

- Work with individual students in a mentoring and/or tutoring capacity
- > Provide assistance with small group instruction outside of the classroom
- > Demonstrate initiative, energy and perseverance in accomplishing assigned tasks and objectives
- Demonstrate basic working knowledge of available instructional materials and the latest teaching techniques
- > Display the ability to communicate effectively with the organization, staff, students and parents
- > Maintain high ethical and professional integrity
- > Treat each student and parent with dignity and respect while helping students become aware of their roles as an integral member of the group
- > Oversee lab areas to which assigned including inventory and general lab appearance
- > Other duties as may be assigned by the School Leader/Director

Educational Service Provider Agreement

The Academy's Educational Service Provider Agreement is not yet complete. The Academy shall submit a revised Educational Service Provider Agreement to the Charter Schools Office by August 31, 2018. Upon completion, the Academy shall submit a copy of the executed Educational Service Provider Agreement to the Charter Schools Office, which the Charter Schools Office will then submit to the Michigan Department of Education.

Tab 6

CONTRACT SCHEDULE 6 PHYSICAL PLANT DESCRIPTION

Physical Plant

	<u>Page</u>
Physical Plant Description	6-1
Floor Plan	6-3
Site Plan	6-4
Occupancy Approval	6-7
Facility Purchase Documents	6-8

SCHEDULE 6

PHYSICAL PLANT DESCRIPTION

- 1. Applicable Law requires that a public school academy application and contract must contain a description of and the address for the proposed physical plant in which the public school academy will be located. See, MCL 380.502(3)(j); 380.503(5)(d).
- 2. The address and a description of the proposed physical plant (the "Proposed Site") of the David Ellis Academy West ("Academy") is as follows:

Address:

19800 Beech Daly Road

Redford, MI 48239

<u>General Description</u>: The Academy is located in the former St. Agath and St. Katherine Drexel Catholic Schools. The building consists of 45 classrooms, a gymnasium equipped with locker and shower rooms, 25 offices and 25 restrooms with ample parking and grounds for sports and recreational activity.

Term of Use: Term of Contract.

Configuration of Grade Levels:

Pre-Kindergarten through eighth grade.

Name of School District and Intermediate School District:

Local:

Redford Union Public Schools

ISD:

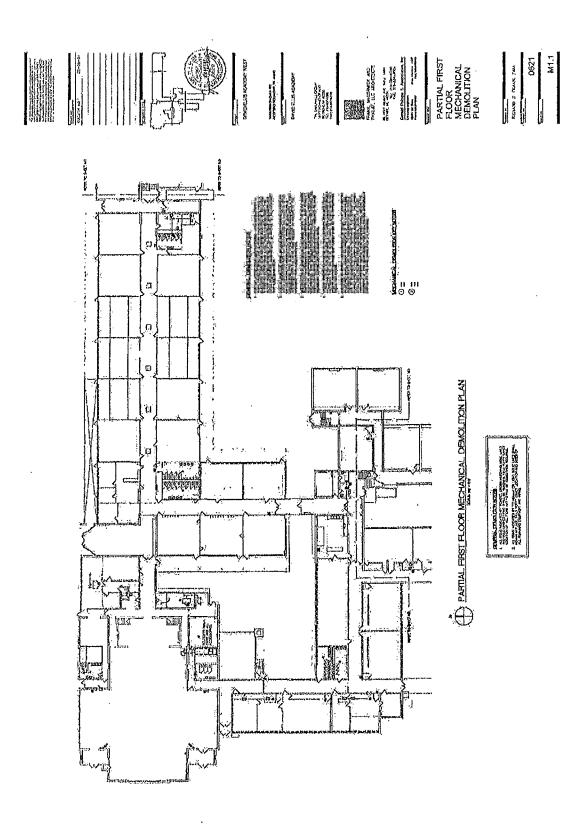
Wayne County RESA

- 3. It is acknowledged and agreed that the following information about this Proposed Site is provided on the following pages, or must be provided to the satisfaction of the College Board, before the Academy may operate as a public school in this state.
 - A. Size of building
 - B. Floor Plan
 - C. Description of Rooms
 - D. Copy of lease or purchase agreement
- 4. In addition, the Academy and the College Board hereby acknowledge and agree that this Contract is being issued to the Academy with the understanding that the Academy cannot conduct classes as a public school academy in this state until it has obtained the necessary fire, health and safety approvals for the above-described proposed physical facility. These approvals must be provided and be acceptable to the College Board or its designee prior to the Academy operating as a public school. In cases of disagreement, the Academy may not begin operations without the consent of the College Board.
- 5. If the Proposed Site described above is not used as the physical facilities for the Academy, then Schedule 6 of this Contract between the Academy and the College Board must be

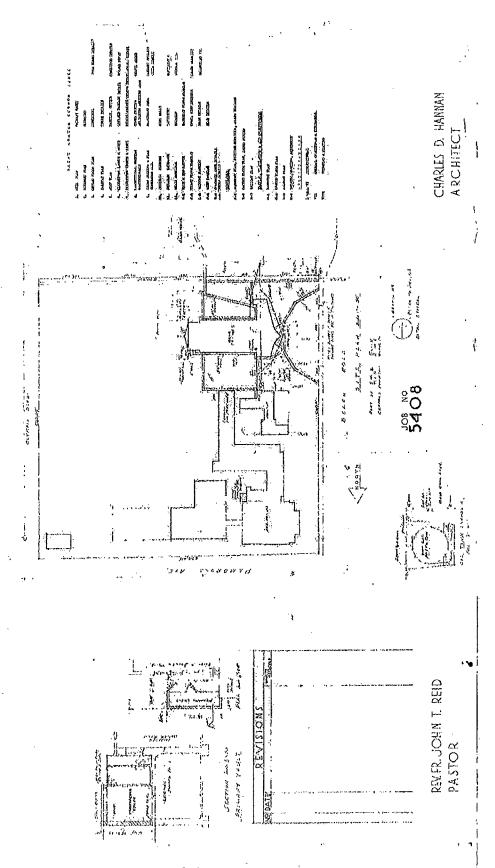
amended pursuant to Article IX of the Terms and Conditions of Contract, to designate, describe, and agree upon the Academy's physical facilities. The Academy must submit to the College Board or its designee complete information about the new site to be actually used. This information includes that described in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of this Schedule 6. It is acknowledged and agreed that the public school academy cannot conduct classes as a public school in this state until it has submitted all the information described above, to the satisfaction of the College, and the amendment regarding the new site has been executed.

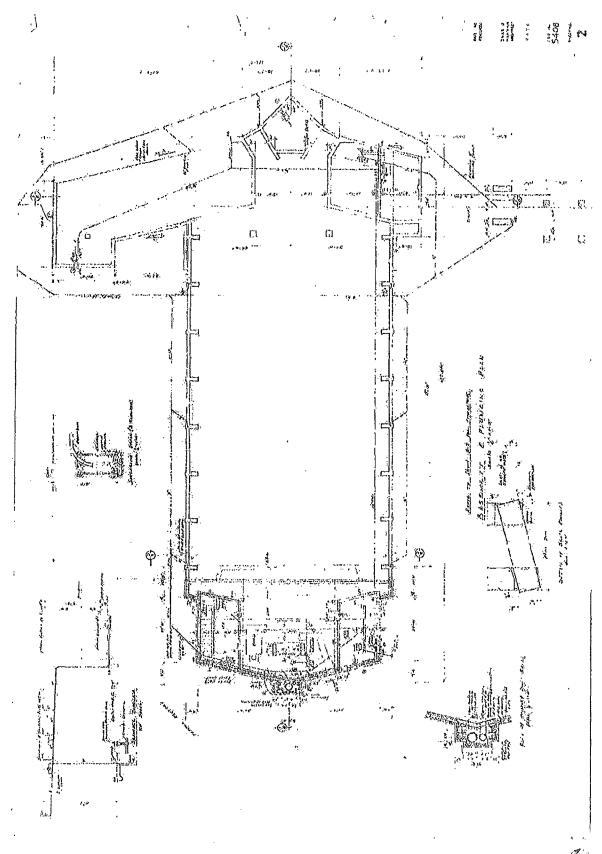
6. The Academy agrees to comply with the single site restrictions contained in this Schedule 6 for the configuration of grade levels identified at the site. Any change in the configuration of grade levels at the site requires an amendment to this Schedule 6 pursuant to Article IX of the Terms and Conditions of Contract set forth above.

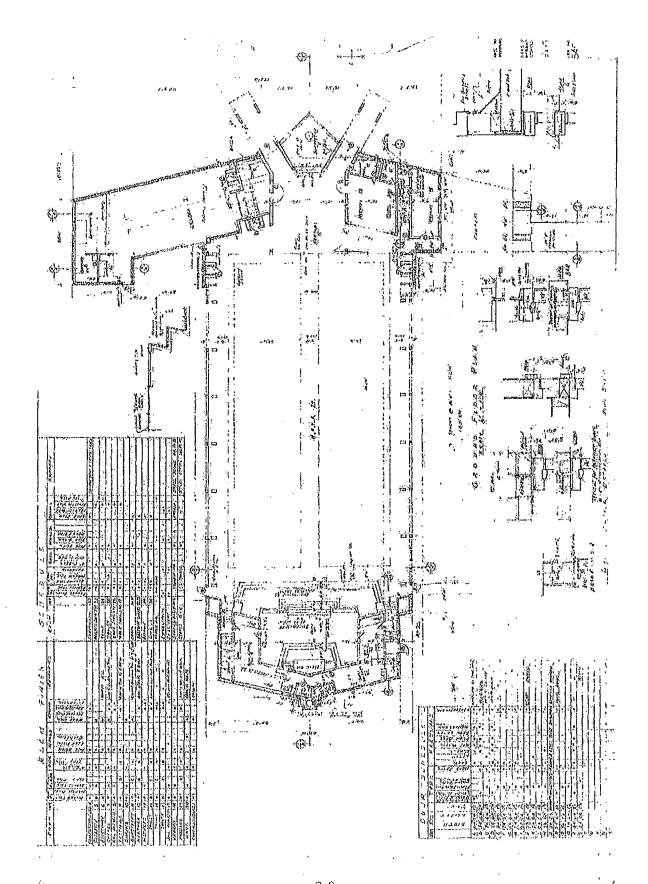
LAN01\252293.1 ID\JTHA - 078905/0001



REDFORD TOWNSHIP. WAYNE CO. MICH,







CERTIFICATE OF USE AND OCCUPANCY

PERMANENT

Michigan Department of Labor & Economic Growth Burcau of Construction Codes/Building Division P. O. Box 30254 Lansing, MI 48909 (517) 241-9317

> Building Permit No. B024892 David Ellis Academy West 19800 Beech Daly Road Redford Twp, Michigau Wayne County

The above named building of Use Group E and Construction Type 2B is approved for use and occupancy.

THIS APPROVAL IS GRANTED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF SECTIONS 13 OF ACT 230 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1972, AS AMENDED, BEING §125.1513 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, AND, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 110.0 OF THE STATE BUILDING CODE. THIS SHALL SUPERSEDE AND VOID ANY PREVIOUS APPROVAL OF USE AND OCCUPANCY.

Larry Lebman, Chief

Charles E. Curtis, Assistant Chief

Duilding Division

June 19, 2008

FINANCING AGREEMENT

Between.

MICHIGAN PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY,

AND

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY-WEST

Dated as of June 1, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

•	rage
ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS	2
Section 101. Definitions.	2
ARTICLE II REPRESENTATIONS	.,,,6
Section 201. Representations of the Authority. Section 202. Representations of the Academy.	,,,,,,6 ,,,,,,,,7
ARTICLE III THE SERIES 2007 BONDS AND THE PROCEEDS THEREOF	
Section 301. Series 2007 Bonds.	
Section 302. Purchase of Municipal Obligation. Section 303. Disbursements from the Project Fund.	
Section 304. Additional Bonds. Section 305. Investment of Funds and Accounts.	11
Section 306, Rebate Payments to United States.	
ARTICLE IV BOND PAYMENTS	12
Section 401. Obligations Related to Municipal Obligation.	12
Section 402, Obligations Unconditional. Section 403, Payment Provisions.	
Section 404, Payment General Obligation	
Section 406, Mandatory and Optional Prepayments,	16
Section 407, Fee Payments	17
Section 409. Assignment by Authority	17
Section 411. The Municipal Obligation and Obligations of the Academy Uncondition	
ARTICLE V OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF THE ACADEMY	•
Section 501. Costs of Issuance. Section 502. Indemnification of the Authority.	
Section 503. Indemnification of the Trustee.	19
Section 504. Taxes and Other Costs. Section 505. Authority and Trustee Right to Perform Academy Obligations	19
Section 506, Audit Obligation	20

FINANCING AGREEMENT - DEAW

ARTICLE VI	ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPPING OF PROJECT	.20
Section 601	Project Fund Disbursements.	.20
	Obligation of the Academy to Complete the Project and to Pay Costs in Event	
	Project Fund Insufficient.	21
Section 603	Recovery Under Breach of Warranty,	
	Completion Certificate.	
	Use of Surplus Funds.	
Section 606	Application of Insurance and Condemnation.	22
	Mortgage and Title Insurance.	
ARTICLE VII	FURTHER OBLIGATIONS OF THE ACADEMY	.23
Section 701.	Compliance With Laws	.23
Section 702.	Maintenance of Legal Existence Qualification.	23
Section 703.	Reports and Access to Projects and Records	.24
Section 704.	Covenant as to Non-Impairment of Tax-Exempt Status	24
Section 705.	Covenant Regarding Bond Purchases	.24
Section 706.	Academy to Maintain Existence.	.24
	Other Obligations.	
Section 708.	Transfer, Assignment and Leasing.	25
Section 709.	Substitution and Removal of Personal Property.	.26
Section 710.	Maintenance, Repair and Modification.	.26
Section 711.	Liability Insurance.	.26
Section 712.	Negligence of the Academy	.27
Section 713.	Property Insurance.	.27
	Builder's Risk Insurance.	
Section 715.	Worker's Compensation Insurance	.27
	Other Insurance and Requirements for All Insurance.	
Section 717.	Management Consultant.	.28
Section 718.	Agreement to Obtain Rating.	28
	Management Agreement.	
ARTICLE VIII	ACTIONS AFFECTING AUTHORITY; INTEREST IN THE AGREEMENT	. 29
	Interest in this Agreement.	
	Authority Assignment of this Agreement.	
	Rights of Trustee Hereunder	
Section 804,	Authority Compliance With Indenture.	.29
Section 805.	Supplements to Indenture.	.29
ARTICLE IX I	EVENTS OF DEFAULT AND REMEDIES	.29
Section 901.	Events of Default	.29
	Remedies Upon an Event of Default.	
	Payment of Attorneys' Fees and Other Expenses.	
		20

ARTICLE X MISCELLANEOUS	32
Section 1001. Amounts Remaining in Funds.	32
Section 1002. Notices.	32
Section 1003. Amendment	
Section 1004. Entire Agreement.	
Section 1005. Binding Effect.	
Section 1006. Severability.	
Section 1007. Execution in Counterparts.	
Section 1008. Captions.	
Section 1009. Applicable Law.	33
Section 1010. Non-Liability of State.	33
Section 1011. Non-Liability of Authorizing Body	
Section 1012. The Indenture.	
Section 1013. Limitation of Rights,	
	,
Exhibit A Bond Payments	A-1
Exhibit B Project Description	B-1
Exhibit C Existing Indebtedness To Be Discharged	
Exhibit D Requisition Certificate	
Exhibit E Completion Certificate	
Exhibit F. Municipal Obligation	

FINANCING AGREEMENT

This Financing Agreement (hereinafter "Agreement") is made and entered into as of June 1, 2007 among the MICHIGAN PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY (the "Authority"), and DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY-WEST (the "Academy").

PREMISES

The Authority has been created by the Enabling Legislation for, among other purposes, the purpose of assisting governmental units, as defined in the Enabling Legislation, including public school academies established under the revised school code, by purchasing municipal obligations in fully marketable form issued by governmental units and by lending money to (a) governmental units including public school academies and (b) other nonprofit entities for the benefit of public school academies.

The School Code authorizes public school academies to acquire by purchase, gift, devise, lease, sublease, installment purchase agreement, land contract, option, or by other means, hold and own in its own name, buildings and other property for school purposes, and interests therein, and other real and personal property, including but not limited to, interests in property subject to mortgages, security interests, or other liens, necessary or convenient to fulfill its purposes.

The School Code also authorizes public school academics to borrow money and issue bonds to defray all or a part of the cost of purchasing, erecting, completing, remodeling, or equipping, or reequipping, except for equipping or reequipping for technology, school buildings, including library buildings, structures, athletic fields, playgrounds, or other facilities, or parts of or additions to those facilities; furnishing or refurnishing new or remodeled school buildings; acquiring, preparing, developing, or improving sites, or parts of or additions to sites, for school buildings, including library buildings, structures, athletic fields, playgrounds, or other facilities; purchasing school buses; acquiring, installing, or equipping or reequipping school buildings for technology or accomplishing a combination of these purposes.

The School Code also authorizes public school academies to enter into agreements and take actions in connection with the operation and maintenance of a public school academy.

The Academy has determined that it has a need to acquire and renovate certain real property and real property improvements, purchase certain new equipment and refinance certain existing equipment leases in furtherance of its educational objectives.

The Authority pursuant to this Agreement will acquire the obligation of the Academy to make certain payments.

In consideration of these Premises and their mutual agreements, the Authority and the Academy agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

Section 101. <u>Definitions</u>. Words and phrases capitalized herein and not defined below shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Indenture and the Resolution adopted by the Authority on March 27, 2007, as amended, authorizing the Series 2007 Bonds. In addition, the following words and phrases as used throughout this Agreement shall have the following meanings unless the context or use clearly indicates another or different meaning or intent:

"Academy Documents" means this Agreement, the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Mortgage, and the State Aid Agreement, and Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

"Additional Payments" means all payments required by the Academy under this Agreement (including but not limited to Fee Payments and Reserve Fund Payments) other than Bond Payments.

"Agreement" means this Financing Agreement as the same may be amended or supplemented in accordance with its terms and the terms of the Indenture.

"Authorized Academy Representative" means the Board President of the Academy or any other officer of the Academy authorized to act in such capacity by a resolution adopted by the Board of the Academy.

"Authorizing Body" means Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents.

"Bond Counsel" means a firm of nationally recognized attorneys at law acceptable to the Authority and experienced in legal work relating to the issuance of bonds the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103(a) of the Code.

"Bond Documents" means this Agreement, the Municipal Obligation, the Indenture and the Bond Purchase Agreement.

"Bond Payment Date" means with respect to the Series 2007 Bonds June 1, 2008 and each June 1 and December 1 thereafter with respect to interest and each June 1, with respect to principal.

"Bond Payments" means the amounts payable by the Academy under its Municipal Obligation allocable to the repayment of principal of, or interest or redemption under the Municipal Obligation which do not consist of Fee Payments.

"Bond Purchase Agreement" means the Bond Purchase Agreement dated June 11, 2007 among the Authority, the Academy and Municipal Capital Markets Group, Inc.

"Bondholder" means the registered owner of any Series 2007 Bond.

"Charter" means the Academy's Contract with its Authorizing Body, together with its Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws.

"Closing Date" means the date of the initial delivery of the Series 2007 Bonds.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations proposed and promulgated from time to time thereunder and under the predecessor code.

"Completion Certificate" means the certificate provided for in Section 604 hereof, in the form of Exhibit E hereto.

"Completion Date" means the date of the final completion of the Project as certified in the Completion Certificate.

"Continuing Disclosure Agreement" means the Continuing Disclosure between the Academy and the Trustee dated as of June 1, 2007.

"Construction Agreement" means the Construction Management Agreement dated October 4, 2006, between the Academy and Corona Construction, Inc.

"Costs of Issuance" has the meaning given in Section 202(aa) of this Agreement.

"Default" and "Event of Default" means those defaults and events of default, respectively, specified and defined in Section 901.

"Enabling Legislation" shall mean Executive Order No. 2002-3, compiled at §12.192 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the Shared Credit Rating Act, Act No. 227 of the Public Acts of 1985 of the State, as amended, and the Michigan Strategic Fund Act, Act No. 270 of the Public Acts of 1984 of the State, as amended.

"Existing Indebtedness To Be Discharged" means the indebtedness of the Academy identified on Exhibit C.

"Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel" means an opinion of Bond Counsel addressed to the Authority and the Trustee to the effect that the action proposed to be taken is not prohibited by the laws of the State or the Bond Documents and will not adversely affect any exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Series 2007 Bonds.

"Fee Payments" mean the fee payments required by Section 407 hereof.

"Indenture" means the Trust Indenture between the Authority and U.S. Bank National Association, a national banking association, as trustee, dated as of June 1, 2007, as the same may be amended or supplemented in accordance with its terms.

"Management Consultant" means a person or firm of persons, experienced in the study of operations of charter schools and, in the reasonable judgment of the Academy, having a

favorable reputation in the State for skill and experience in such work, selected and employed by the Academy and acceptable to Trustee.

"Mortgage" means the Future Advance Mortgage dated June 1, 2007 from the Academy in favor of the Trustee with respect to the Site.

"Municipal Obligation" means the School Building and Site Bond, Series 2007 of the Academy dated as of June 1, 2007, in substantially the form of Exhibit F.

"Net Proceeds" means any insurance proceeds or condemnation award paid with respect to the Project remaining after payment therefrom of all expenses incurred in the collection thereof.

"New Money Proceeds" means the issue price of the Series 2007 Bonds less the amount of proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds needed to pay the Existing Indebtedness To Be Discharged.

"Non-Arbitrage Certificate" means, collectively, the Non-Arbitrage and Tax Compliance Certificates delivered by the Authority and the Academy in connection with the initial delivery of the Series 2007 Bonds.

"Other Obligations" means obligations of the Academy incurred pursuant to and permitted by Section 707.

"Payment and Performance Bonds" means a payment and performance bond or bonds or another form of financial guaranty pursuant to the Construction Agreement covering performance of all contracts and payment for labor and materials. Such Payment and Performance Bond shall be in an amount at least equal to the amount required to be paid by the Academy under the Construction Agreement and shall be approved by the Trustee.

"Payment Date" has the meaning given in Section 405 hereof.

"Pledged State Aid" has the meaning given in Section 405 hereof.

"Principal Amount" means \$14,370,000 being the aggregate principal amount of the Series 2007 Bonds.

The term "principal," when used with reference to the principal of the Series 2007 Bonds, means principal of the Series 2007 Bonds and, where appropriate, any premium in addition to principal due upon redemption of the Series 2007 Bonds.

"Project" means the acquisition of the Site and the acquisition, renovation, expansion and equipping of a facility and the refinancing of the Existing Indebtedness To Be Discharged more fully described on Exhibit B hereto including related Project Costs.

"Project Architect" means Frank, McCormick & Khalaf, LLC.

"Project Costs" means, with respect to the Project, (a) acquisition costs under the Purchase Contract; (b) obligations of the Authority or the Academy incurred for labor and materials and to contractors, builders and materialmen in connection with the acquisition, construction and improvement of the Project; (c) the cost of bonds and of insurance of all kinds that may be required or necessary during the course of construction and improvement of the Project which is not paid by the contractor or contractors or otherwise provided for and taxes and other municipal governmental charges levied or assessed during construction upon the Project; (d) all costs of architectural, environmental and engineering services, including the expenses of the Academy for test borings, surveys, estimates, plans and specifications and preliminary investigations therefor, and for supervising construction, as well as for the performance of all other duties required by or consequent upon acquisition of the Project or the proper construction and improvement of the Project; (e) all other costs which the Academy shall be required to pay, under the terms of any contract or contracts, for the acquisition, construction, installation, reconstruction, restoration, renovating, equipping and furnishing of the Project; (f) Costs of Issuance not to exceed \$300,000; (g) other costs of a nature comparable to those described in clauses (a) through (f) above which the Academy shall be required to pay as a result of the damage, destruction, condemnation or taking of the Project or any portion thereof; (h) interest on the Series 2007 Bonds or in any interim obligation during any period of construction of the Project; (i) proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds used to fund a debt service reserve fund; (j) proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds used to refinance the Existing Indebtedness To Be Discharged; and (k) any other costs incurred by the Academy which are properly chargeable to the Project and which may be financed by the Series 2007 Bonds under the Enabling Legislation. Project Costs do not include:

- (a) Upgrades to operating system or application software;
- (b) Media, including diskettes, compact discs, video tapes, and disks, unless used for storage of initial operating system software or customized application software included in the definition of technology under MCL 380.1351a(5); or
- (c) Training, consulting, maintenance, service contracts, software upgrades, troubleshooting, or software support.

"Project Improvements" means all costs which the Academy shall be required to pay under the terms of any contract or contracts for the construction, installation, reconstruction, restoration, renovating, expansion or similar undertaking with respect to the Site.

"Purchase Contract" means the Real Estate Sales Agreement, dated January 13, 2006 between the Academy and Adam J. Maida, Roman Catholic Archbishop of the Archdiocese of Detroit for the purchase of land and buildings located at 19800 Beech Daly Road, Redford, Michigan 48240.

"Reserve Fund Payment" has the meaning given in Section 401 hereof.

"Scheduled Fee Payment Component" means the portion of the Scheduled Installment Payment to be intercepted and allocated to Fee Payments, as set forth on Exhibit A.

"Scheduled Interest Component" means the portion of the Scheduled Installment Payment to be intercepted and allocated to a payment of the interest on this obligation and the Municipal Obligation, as set forth on Exhibit A.

"Scheduled Installment Payment" means the scheduled amounts payable by the Academy as set forth on Exhibit A and under the State Aid Agreement, which consist of a Scheduled Principal Component, a Scheduled Interest Component, a Set-Aside Component, and a Scheduled Fee Payment Component.

"Scheduled Principal Component" means the portion of the Scheduled Installment Payment to be intercepted and allocated to repayment of the principal amount of this obligation and the Municipal Obligation, as set forth on Exhibit A.

"Series 2007 Bonds" means \$14,370,000 Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds (David Ellis Academy-West Project), Series 2007.

"Set-Aside Component" means the portion of the Scheduled Installment Payment to be intercepted and allocated for the payment of principal of and/or interest on the Series 2007 Bonds in the calendar month(s) in which no Payment Date for State School Aid exists, as set forth on Exhibit A.

"Site" means the real property and the existing improvements as more fully described in Exhibit B hereto.

"State" means "State of Michigan.

"State Aid Agreement" means the State Aid Agreement dated as of June 1, 2007 among the State Treasurer of the State of Michigan, the Authority, the Academy and acknowledged by Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents.

"State School Aid" means the state school aid payments payable to the Academy pursuant to the School Aid Act.

"Unassigned Rights" means the right of the Authority to make all determinations and approvals and receive all notices accorded to it under this Agreement and to enforce in its name and for its own benefit the provisions of Section 407, Section 502 and Section 903 of this Agreement with respect to the Authority fees and expenses, and indemnity payments as the interests of the Authority and related persons shall appear.

"Underwriter" means Municipal Capital Markets Group, Inc. and any successor thereto.

ARTICLE II

REPRESENTATIONS

Section 201. <u>Representations of the Authority</u>. The Authority makes the following representations:

FINANCING AGREEMENT - DEAW

- (a) The Authority is a body corporate and politic established and acting pursuant to the Enabling Legislation with full authority under the Enabling Legislation to issue the Series 2007 Bonds and execute and enter into this Agreement, the Indenture, the State Aid Agreement and the Bond Purchase Agreement.
- (b) All of the proceedings approving this Agreement, the Indenture, the State Aid Agreement and the Bond Purchase Agreement were conducted by the Authority at meetings which complied with Act 267, Michigan Public Acts, 1976, as amended.
- (c) No member of the Authority is directly or indirectly a party to or in any manner whatsoever interested in this Agreement, Indenture, Series 2007 Bonds or the proceedings related thereto.

Section 202. Representations of the Academy.

- (a) The Academy is a public school academy established in accordance with the provisions of the Revised School Code (the "School Code") and has, and on the Closing Date, will have, full legal right, power and authority (i) to enter into the Academy Documents and all other documents in connection herewith and to issue the Municipal Obligation, and (ii) to sell, pledge and assign to the Authority the state aid payments to be allocated and paid to the Academy as provided herein and the Academy has duly authorized and approved the execution and delivery of and the performance by the Academy of its obligations contained in the Academy Documents, the Municipal Obligation and all other documents in connection herewith, and the Academy Documents and the Municipal Obligation have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by, and assuming due authorization by the other parties thereto, if any, are valid and binding obligations of the Academy.
- (b) Neither the authorization, execution or delivery of the Academy Documents, the Municipal Obligation, and all other documents executed by the Academy in connection herewith and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Academy Documents, the Indenture, and the Municipal Obligation nor the fulfillment of or compliance with the terms and conditions of the Academy Documents, the Municipal Obligation and all other documents executed by the Academy in connection herewith will require any consent or approval of the governing board of the Academy or its Authorizing Body which has not been obtained, or violate any provision of law, any order of any court or other agency of government, the Charter, or any indenture, agreement or other instrument to which the Academy is now a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets is bound, or be in conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute a default (with due notice or the passage of time or both) under its Charter or any such indenture, agreement or other instrument, or, except as provided hereunder, result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance of any nature whatsoever upon any of the property or assets of the Academy.
- (c) No litigation or governmental proceeding is pending or, to the knowledge of the officers of the Academy, threatened against the Academy which could have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or business, its power to make payments under this Agreement or the authority or incumbency of its officers or directors.

- (d) The Academy intends to cause the Project to be operated at all times during the term of this Agreement as a "public school academy" as that term is defined in the Revised School Code. All property which is to be financed or refinanced with the net proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds will be owned by the Academy.
- (e) Moneys which will be made available from the Authority under this Agreement and other sources will be sufficient to pay for the Project.
- (f) The Academy reasonably believes that the revenues and income generally available or to become available to the Academy and payable to the Authority under this Agreement will be sufficient for allocation to and payment of the Series 2007 Bonds and interest thereon when due.
- (g) The public school facility being acquired pursuant to this Agreement is needed by the Academy and does not result in an unnecessary duplication of existing facilities.
- (h) Except for preliminary expenditures for architectural, engineering, surveying, soil testing, and similar costs (not including costs of land acquisition, site preparation, and similar costs incident to commencement of construction) that were incurred prior to commencement of acquisition, construction, renovation or rehabilitation of the facilities comprising the Project, and did not exceed in the aggregate 20 percent of the New Money Proceeds, and except for costs of issuance and other costs not in excess of the lesser of \$100,000 or 5 percent of New Money Proceeds, no New Money Proceeds were or will be allocated to the reimbursement of an expenditure for costs of the Project paid more than 60 days prior to March 19, 2007, on which date the Board of Directors of the Academy adopted a resolution declaring its official intent to issue obligations to finance the Project Costs.
- (i) Proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds will not exceed the cost of the Project and incidental costs related thereto and to the issuance of the Series 2007 Bonds.
- (j) The Academy is not in default in any material respect under any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, determination or award or any indenture, agreement, lease or instrument. The Academy is not in default under any law, rule or regulation wherein such default could materially adversely affect the Academy or the ability of the Academy to perform its obligations under the Academy Documents and all other documents executed by the Academy in connection herewith.
- (k) No more than 10 percent of the proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds will be used directly or indirectly in a trade or business carried on by any person other than a governmental unit (a "private business use"). No more than 5 percent of the proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds will be used for any private business use that is not related to governmental purposes of the Authority or the Academy or that, although related to governmental purposes of the Authority or the Academy, exceeds the amount of Series 2007 Bond proceeds used for governmental purposes of the Authority or the Academy other than a related private business use. No more than 5 percent of the proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds will be used directly or indirectly to make or finance loans to persons other than governmental units or loans for

purposes other than enabling a borrower to finance any governmental tax or assessment of general application for a specific essential governmental function such as the Project.

- (1) The weighted average maturity of the Series 2007 Bonds is not greater than 120% of the average reasonably expected economic life of the facilities being financed or refinanced by the Series 2007 Bonds, as determined pursuant to Section 147(b) of the Code.
- (m) There are no contracts or other arrangements providing for private business use or ownership of any property to be financed by proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds, and the Academy covenants not to enter into any such contracts or arrangements during the term of this Agreement, including any contracts or arrangements for the provision of medical services, food services, management services, or any other types of services, except contracts and arrangements which satisfy the requirements of Rev. Proc. 97-13 or other applicable regulations under the Code.
- (n) The Academy will comply with the provisions of Section 148 of the Code. The Academy covenants, for the benefit of itself, the Authority and the owners from time to time of the Series 2007 Bonds, that it will not cause or permit any proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds to be invested in a manner contrary to the provisions of Section 148 of the Code, and that it will assume compliance with such provisions on behalf of the Authority (including, without limitation, performing required calculations, the keeping of proper records and the timely payment to the Department of the Treasury of the United States, in the name of the Authority, of all amounts required to be so paid by Section 148 of the Code), and the Academy shall carry out all of the requirements to calculate and make rebate payments to the United States and preserve records thereof.
- (o) Except as permitted by Code Section 149(b), the Series 2007 Bonds are not federally guaranteed. For this purpose, a bond is federally guaranteed if (i) the payment of principal or interest is guaranteed (in whole or in part) by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof), (ii) 5% or more of the issue is to be (x) used in making loans the principal or interest with respect to which is to be guaranteed (in whole or in part) by the United States (or an agency of instrumentality thereof) or (y) invested directly or indirectly in federally insured deposits or accounts, or (iii) the payment of principal or interest on such bond is otherwise indirectly guaranteed (in whole or in part) by the United States (or an agency or instrumentality thereof).
- (p) There are no other obligations of the Academy that were sold or are to be sold within 15 days of the sale of the Series 2007 Bonds that (i) were or are to be sold pursuant to the same plan of financing with the Series 2007 Bonds and (ii) are reasonably expected to be paid from substantially the same source of funds as the Series 2007 Bonds, determined without regard to guaranties from unrelated parties.
- (q) The Academy shall not enter into any contracts or other arrangements which do not comply with (k) and (m) above.

- (r) The Academy will not pay or enter into a transaction that reduces the arbitrage rebate to be paid to the United States because the transaction results in a smaller profit or a larger loss than would have resulted if the transaction had been at arm's length and had the yield on the Series 2007 Bonds not been relevant to either party.
- (s) The Project will be acquired and completed not later than September 31, 2007.
- (t) The Project has been or will be constructed and equipped in such manner as to conform in all material respects with all applicable zoning, planning, building, environmental and other regulations of the governmental authorities having jurisdiction of the Project.
- (u) To the best of the knowledge of the Academy, no authorizations, consents or approvals of governmental bodies or agencies are required in connection with (i) the execution and delivery by the Academy of Academy Documents and all other documents executed by the Academy in connection herewith, (ii) with the carrying out by the Academy of its obligations under Academy Documents and all other documents executed by the Academy in connection herewith, which have not been obtained or, if not obtained on the date of this Agreement, are expected to be obtained in the normal course of business at or prior to the time such authorizations, consents or approvals are required to be obtained.
- (v) There are no actions or proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of the Academy, threatened before any court or administrative agency which will, in the reasonable judgment of the Academy, materially adversely affect the ability of the Academy to meet its obligations under this Agreement or the Bond Purchase Agreement.
- (w) No director or officer of the Authority has any interest of any kind in the Academy which would result, as a result of the issuance of the Series 2007 Bonds, in a substantial financial benefit to such persons other than as a member of the general public.
- (x) The information furnished by the Academy and used by the Authority in preparing its Non-Arbitrage Certificate pursuant to the Code and the information statement pursuant to Section 149(e) of the Code (Form 8038-G) is true, accurate and complete as of the date of the issuance of the Series 2007 Bonds.
- (y) The Academy has complied and intends to comply with its obligations, covenants and representations under the Bond Documents, to the extent such obligations affect the tax-exempt status of the Series 2007 Bonds.
- (z) None of the proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds will be used to finance the purchase, construction, lease, or renovation of property owned, directly or indirectly, by any officer, board member, or employee of the Academy.
- (aa) The Academy shall promptly pay the Costs of Issuance upon notification by the Authority. The term "Costs of Issuance" shall mean and include Underwriter's discount,

underwriting fees, fees of underwriters' counsel, printing charges, letter of credit fees and related charges of a letter of credit, trustee fees, bond counsel fees, academy counsel fees, underwriter's counsel fees and other counsel fees and issuance fees of the Authority.

(bb) The Academy will utilize the Project for public school purposes so long as Series 2007 Bonds remain outstanding under the Indenture and will use its best efforts to operate the school in an efficient manner. The Academy will maintain its Charter in good standing. The Academy will not own, operate or utilize other public school facilities which may reduce the utilization or student population of the school facilities being acquired, and improved pursuant to this Agreement while the Series 2007 Bonds remain outstanding.

ARTICLE III

THE SERIES 2007 BONDS AND THE PROCEEDS THEREOF

Section 301. Series 2007 Bonds. The Authority has authorized the issuance and sale of the Series 2007 Bonds in the Principal Amount. The Authority intends to deliver Series 2007 Bonds subject to the terms of the Bond Purchase Agreement. The proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds shall be deposited in the Project Fund. The obligations of the Authority, and the Academy under this Agreement are expressly conditioned upon delivery of the Series 2007 Bonds and receipt of the proceeds thereof.

Section 302. <u>Purchase of Municipal Obligation</u>. The Authority hereby agrees to purchase the \$14,370,000 Municipal Obligation by depositing the net proceeds of \$14,264,103.98 as follows: (a) \$1,059,787.50 in the Reserve Fund to be used as a debt service reserve for the Series 2007 Bonds and any Additional Bonds, (b) \$44,556.98 in the Bond Fund equal to the amount of accrued interest, if any paid by the purchasers of the Series 2007 Bonds and capitalized interest in the amount of \$1,152,805.73, (c) \$4,500,000 in the Project Fund, to be disbursed in accordance with Section 303 to purchase the Site, and (d) \$7,506,952.87 in the Project Fund, to be disbursed in accordance with Section 303 for payment of other Project Costs.

Section 303. <u>Disbursements from the Project Fund</u>. The Authority has directed the Trustee to disburse from the Project Fund established under the Indenture, upon requisition by the Academy, in accordance with Section 601 of this Agreement, amounts on deposit therein as provided in this Agreement.

Section 304. Additional Bonds. The Authority may, but shall not be required to, authorize the issuance of the additional bonds upon the terms and conditions provided in the Indenture. Failure by the Authority to issue additional bonds shall not release the Academy from any provisions of this Agreement, regardless of the reason for such failure.

Section 305. <u>Investment of Funds and Accounts</u>. Any moneys held as a part of any Fund or Account shall be invested, reinvested or applied by the Trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture. Any moneys held in the Project Fund, Bond Fund or Reserve Fund shall, pending disbursement and upon written request of the Academy or oral or facsimile request of the Academy later confirmed in writing, be invested only in Eligible Investments in

accordance with the provisions of Section 4.06 of the Indenture, all at such maturities, rates of interest and other specifications as the Academy may indicate in its request to the Trustee. The investments shall mature not later than the respective dates estimated by the Academy when the moneys in such Funds shall be needed for the purposes provided in this Agreement and the Indenture, but should the cash balance in a Fund be insufficient for such purpose, the Trustee is authorized to sell the necessary portion of such investments to meet that purpose. Recognizing that such investments shall be made at the written direction of the Academy, the Authority agrees to cooperate with the Academy, and the Academy covenants that it will restrict the use of the proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds (and any other funds or moneys which may be deemed to be proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds pursuant to Section 148(a) of the Code), in such manner and to such extent, if any, as may be necessary, after taking into account reasonable expectations at the time the Series 2007 Bonds are issued, so that the Series 2007 Bonds will not constitute "arbitrage bonds" under Section 148(a) of the Code.

The Academy shall not invest, reinvest or accumulate any moneys deemed to be proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds pursuant to the Code in such a manner as to cause the Series 2007 Bonds to be "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of the Code.

Section 306. Rebate Payments to United States. The Academy for itself and for the Authority agrees that it shall calculate and make all necessary payments of investment earnings required to be rebated to the United States pursuant to the terms of the Indenture and the Non-Arbitrage Certificate. The Academy hereby further agrees that it shall comply with the procedures outlined in the Academy's Non-Arbitrage and Tax Compliance Certificate and shall furnish to the Trustee and the Authority within fifteen (15) days following each Computation Date (as defined in the Academy's Non-Arbitrage and Tax Compliance Certificate) the computations required thereby. The Trustee has no duty to confirm the accuracy of the computations made by the Academy and may assume that the computations are correct. The Academy shall provide to the Trustee and the Authority evidence of each payment of rebate, if any, within 30 days of each such payment.

ARTICLE IV

BOND PAYMENTS

Section 401. Obligations Related to Municipal Obligation. The Academy hereby agrees that it will not sell, assign title to, lease, or obtain further financing with respect to the Project except as permitted hereunder and with the written permission of the Trustee while Bond Payments or Additional Payments remain outstanding under the Municipal Obligation and this Agreement. The Academy agrees that the Authority may pledge the Municipal Obligation and this Agreement as security for its obligations to pay Series 2007 Bonds and any Additional Bonds issued under the Indenture.

If on a Bond Payment Date the Academy's payment of its obligations hereunder have been deficient or if for any other reason the balance in the Bond Fund is insufficient to pay principal and interest on the Series 2007 Bonds then due, whether by maturity, redemption, or acceleration, the Academy shall forthwith pay the amount of any such deficiency to the Trustee.

If any withdrawal is made from the Reserve Fund to cure any deficiency in the Bond Fund, the Academy shall pay to the Trustee for deposit into the Reserve Fund on each Payment Date commencing with the first Payment Date following such withdrawal, an amount sufficient to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Fund Requirement in ten consecutive equal installments or such other number of equal installments as the Trustee shall determine necessary to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Fund Requirement by the next Bond Payment Date. If on any Bond Payment Date the value of the Reserve Fund is less than the Reserve Fund Requirement, the Academy shall pay to the Trustee for deposit into the Reserve Fund on each Payment Date, commencing on the first Payment Date following such Bond Payment Date, an amount sufficient to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Fund Requirement in full (such payments being "Reserve Fund Payments"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there are sufficient funds in the State Aid Intercept Account of the Bond Fund to replenish any deficiency in the Reserve Fund (after taking into consideration the priority of payments set forth in Section 4.01 of the Indenture), then the obligation to make Reserve Fund Payments in an amount sufficient to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Fund Requirement shall be accelerated and the Trustee shall transfer funds from the State Aid Intercept Account to the Reserve Fund to satisfy all outstanding Reserve Fund Payment requirements in accordance with Section 4.01 of the Indenture.

Section 402. Obligations Unconditional. The Academy's obligations to the Authority under the Municipal Obligation and this Agreement are an absolute and unconditional general obligation of the Academy and shall remain in full force and effect until the amounts owed hereunder shall have been paid by the Academy to the Authority under the Municipal Obligation and this Agreement, and such obligations shall not be affected, modified or impaired upon the happening from time to time of any event, including without limitation any of the following:

- (a) Any failure of title with respect to the Academy's interest in the Project or the invalidity, unenforceability or termination of this Agreement;
- (b) The modification or amendment (whether material or otherwise) of any obligation, covenant or agreement set forth in this Agreement;
- (c) The voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution, sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets, marshalling of assets and liabilities, receivership, insolvency, bankruptcy, assignment for the benefit of creditors, reorganization, arrangement, composition with creditors or readjustment or other similar proceedings affecting the Academy, or any of its assets or any allocation or contest of the validity of this Agreement, or the disaffirmance of this Agreement in any such proceedings;
- (d) To the extent permitted by law, any event or action which would, in the absence of this clause, result in release or discharge by operation of law of the Academy, from the performance or observation of any obligation, covenant or agreement contained in this Agreement;
- (e) The default or failure of the Academy fully to perform any of its obligations set forth in this Agreement or any other agreement; or

(f) Any casualty or destruction of the Project.

The Authority shall have no liability for the performance of any obligations to the Academy except as expressly set forth in this Agreement.

Section 403. <u>Payment Provisions</u>. In addition to Bond Payment obligations under the Municipal Obligation, which shall be calculated and paid as described below, the Academy agrees to pay to the Authority Additional Payments hereunder, which are (a) initially scheduled to be payable as set forth in Exhibit A hereto on the Payment Dates set forth in Section 405 below, and may be adjusted as set forth in Section 405 below, and (b) any amounts which may be required to be paid hereunder or under the Indenture including but not limited to replenishment of the Reserve Fund.

In the event of a default in the payment of the Bond Payments or Additional Payments when due, the amount of such default shall bear interest (the "additional interest") at a rate equal to the rate of interest which is two percent above the Authority's cost of providing funds (as determined by the Authority) to make payments on the Series 2007 Bonds of the Authority but in no event in excess of the maximum rate of interest permitted by law. The additional interest shall continue to accrue until the Authority has been fully reimbursed for all costs incurred by the Authority (as determined by the Authority) as a consequence of the Academy's default. Such additional interest shall be payable on the Payment Date following demand of the Authority.

It is expressly agreed between the Academy and the Authority by acceptance of the assignment made by this Agreement, that the Academy shall make all payments due hereunder at the designated trust office of the Trustee. The Academy further agrees that it will deposit with the Trustee all payments due hereunder in immediately available funds. The Academy covenants and agrees that its obligations to make payments hereunder are obligations incurred with the Authority under the State School Aid Act, 1979 PA 94, as amended ("School Aid Act") and may be enforced by the Authority and the Trustee on behalf of the Authority as set forth in the State Aid Agreement.

Section 404. <u>Payment General Obligation</u>. The obligation of the Academy to pay Bond Payments, Additional Payments and all other payments hereunder is a general obligation of the Academy. The Academy shall and hereby agrees to include in its budget (either of the general fund or of a capital fund) and pay each year, until this Agreement is paid in full, such sum or sums as may be necessary each year to make payments of the Bond Payments, Additional Payments and all other payments hereunder and additional interest payments, when due. The Bond Payment obligations of the Academy hereunder and under the Municipal Obligation shall be deemed to be obligations of the Academy incurred in accordance with Section 504a(g) and Section 1351a of the School Code.

Section 405. State School Aid Pledge and Payment. The Academy pledges to pay its Bond Payments and Additional Payments and all other amounts required by the Municipal Obligation and hereby or hereunder from its State School Aid to be allocated to it and payable to its Authorizing Body (the "Pledged State Aid"). Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authority, an amount of each installment of State School Aid (such monies to be used to pay the

Bond Payments and Additional Payments when due) as set forth on Exhibit A, which amount is approximately equal to 1/10 of the annual principal payments scheduled on the Series 2007 Bonds (the Scheduled Principal Component and the Set-Aside Component relating to principal) plus 1/10 (adjusted in the initial fiscal year to reflect interest accruing from the Closing Date) of the annual interest obligation (the Scheduled Interest Component and the Set-Aside Component relating to interest) plus 1/10 of the annual fees (the Scheduled Fee Payment Component) shall, pursuant to the agreement of the Authorizing Body, be transmitted directly by the State Treasurer to the Trustee commencing on July 20, 2007 and thereafter on the 20th of each January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, October, November and December (each a "Payment Date"); provided however that if (i) applicable law changes to provide for a schedule of school aid payments materially different from that now in effect, or (ii) the Academy with the prior written consent of the Authority and all of the holders of the Series 2007 Bonds and receipt of a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel as to the adjusted schedule of optional redemption of the Series 2007 Bonds, may agree to a different schedule of optional redemption of the Series 2007 Bonds, the Authority, by written notice to the Trustee, the State Treasurer, the Academy and the Authorizing Body may designate different payment dates or amounts to provide for timely receipt of Bond Payments and Additional Payments consistent with such changes which shall thereupon be and become the "Payment Dates" hereunder. If the Payment Date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the Bond Payment shall be due on the next succeeding business day. The Bond Payments and Additional Payments, if any, to the Authority shall be made first from the State School Aid allocated to the Academy during the month of the payment. If, for any reason, the State School Aid allocated to the Academy during the month of the payment is insufficient to pay the Bond Payment and Additional Payment, if any, then in that event the Academy pledges to use any and all other available funds to meet the Bond Payment obligation and Additional Payment obligation, if any. If on any due date for any Bond Payment or Additional Payment the funds with the Trustee are insufficient to pay the Bond Payment and Additional Payment, if any, then the Academy, pursuant to Section 17a(3) of the School Aid Act to the extent necessary to meet the payment obligation assigns to the Authority and authorizes and directs the State Treasurer to intercept and/or advance not to exceed 97% of any payment which is dedicated for distribution or for which the appropriation authorizing payment has been made under the School Aid Act; and in such event pursuant to Section 17a(3) of the School Aid Act, the Authority is authorized, pursuant to the agreement of the Authorizing Body, to intercept and/or seek an advancement of 97% of the Pledged State Aid to be allocated or distributed to the Authorizing Body with respect to the Academy. The Trustee, on behalf of the Authority, shall immediately notify (or cause notice to be given to) the Academy and the Authorizing Body that it will immediately commence to intercept and/or receive an advancement of the Pledged State Aid and beginning immediately the Authority shall intercept 97% of the Pledged State Aid to be distributed to the Authorizing Body with respect to the Academy. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, the amount to be applied by the Trustee to Bond Payments hereunder in any fiscal year of the State shall not exceed 20% of the amount of School Aid payable to the Academy by the State in such fiscal year.

The intercepted and/or advanced amount shall be applied on the following priority basis: (i) the amount required to pay the Bond Payment and Additional Payment, if any, when due shall be held by the Trustee for such purpose, (ii) any other amounts owing to the Authority under this

Agreement, (iii) an amount equal to the Scheduled Fee Payment Component shall be retained by the Trustee as provided under the Indenture, (iv) any amounts required to be credited to the Repair and Replacement Account by the Trustee as provided in the Indenture and (v) to the extent in excess of the amounts required under (i) through (iv) above, any amounts remaining to be immediately distributed to or at the direction of the Academy. The process set forth above shall continue until sufficient funds are deposited with the Trustee to pay all Bond Payments and Additional Payments. Section 17a(3) of the School Aid Act does not require the State to make an appropriation to any authorizing body, public school academy, other school district or intermediate school district and such appropriation shall not be construed as creating an indebtedness of the State.

The pledge of State School Aid pursuant to this section is subject to the reservation by the Academy of the right to make additional pledges of State School Aid to secure other obligations as provided in Section 707 hereof and provided that the amount of State School Aid received by the Academy in the fiscal year of the State preceding the incurrence of such additional obligations equals or exceeds the amount required in each year to pay the sum of an amount equal to the Bond Payments and Additional Payments due and the principal and interest and other payments due under such additional obligations for which State School Aid has been pledged.

Section 406. Mandatory and Optional Prepayments. Subject to the Authority's right to optionally redeem Series 2007 Bonds, the Academy may prepay its obligations under the Municipal Obligation and hereunder in whole or in part in Authorized Denominations. The Academy may direct the redemption of the corresponding amount of Series 2007 Bonds then outstanding on such dates and pursuant to the provisions and limitations, and upon payment of any required premium, set forth in Section 2.11(a) of the Indenture.

The Academy shall prepay its obligations hereunder at such times in order to enable the Trustee to redeem all or a portion of the Series 2007 Bonds as required in Section 2.11 of the Indenture.

If the Academy repays or prepays Bond Payments and other amounts owing to the Trustee under this Agreement and the Indenture in such a manner so as to permit the Security to be released from the lien of the Indenture in accordance with Article VI of the Indenture, then the loan shall be deemed fully repaid, and this Agreement shall be canceled on the date on which the Security is so released. To confirm such cancellation, the Academy may require the Trustee to execute any further reasonable evidence of cancellation on the date the Security is so released.

In the event of any optional prepayment on or before the date set for redemption of the Series 2007 Bonds to be redeemed in connection therewith, the Academy shall deposit with the Trustee, an amount sufficient to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Series 2007 Bonds and the Academy shall deposit with the Trustee sufficient moneys to pay all fees, costs, and expenses of the Authority and the Trustee specified in Section 407, Section 502, Section 503 and Section 903 hereof accruing through the date set for redemption of the Series 2007 Bonds.

Section 407. Fee Payments. To the extent they are not paid out of the Project Fund to the Authority, the Academy shall pay to the Authority within ten (10) days of demand therefor: (a) all Costs of Issuance and other out-of-pocket costs and expenses of the Authority incidental to the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, the Indenture and the Bond Purchase Agreement, and (b) the out-of-pocket expenses of the Authority incurred by the Authority in enforcing the provisions of this Agreement or the Indenture.

In addition to the aforesaid payments to the Authority the Academy shall pay to the Authority (a) a one time issuance fee of one twentieth of one percent (1/20 of 1%) of the principal amount of the Series 2007 Bonds prior to or contemporaneously with execution of this Agreement, such fee will be reimbursed by the Authority in accordance with its fee schedule provided that the Authority has sufficient funds for such purpose at the time of execution of this Agreement, and (b) on or before March 1 in each year, an amount sufficient to assure payment in full of the Academy's allocable share (as determined by the Authority) of the annual general operating expenses of the Authority, but such allocable share shall not exceed one twentieth of one percent (1/20 of 1%) of the average principal amount of the Series 2007 Bonds outstanding under the Indenture during the preceding calendar year.

Section 408. Security Interest in the Project Fund. To better secure its obligations hereunder, including the obligation to pay Bond Payments and Additional Payments, as and when they are due, the Academy hereby grants a security interest in the moneys at any time held in the Project Fund, and any proceeds thereof, to the Authority to be perfected by possession of such moneys in the Project Fund by the Trustee and held therein for the benefit of the Bondholders as provided in the Indenture.

Section 409. <u>Assignment by Authority</u>. The Academy hereby consents to any assignments now or hereafter made by the Authority of the Authority's rights under this Agreement (except the Unassigned Rights) and acknowledge that no further action or consent by the Academy is necessary to effectuate such an assignment.

Section 410. <u>Authorized Academy Representative</u>. The Academy hereby authorizes and directs the Authorized Academy Representative to act in the capacity of Authorized Academy Representative under the Indenture and hereunder.

Section 411. The Municipal Obligation and Obligations of the Academy Unconditional. The obligation of the Academy to pay the Bond Payments and Additional Payments and all other amounts required by the Municipal Obligation and this Agreement to be paid by the Academy shall be an absolute and unconditional general obligation of the Academy and shall not be subject to diminution by set-off, recoupment, counterclaim, abatement or otherwise. Until the Series 2007 Bonds have been fully paid (or provision made therefor) in accordance with the Indenture, the Academy (i) shall not suspend or discontinue any Bond Payments or Additional Payments, (ii) shall perform and observe all of its other obligations contained in the Municipal Obligation and this Agreement and (iii) shall not terminate this Agreement for any cause, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, defect in title to the Project, failure to complete the Project, any acts or circumstances that may constitute failure of consideration, destruction of, damage to or condemnation of the Project, commercial frustration of purpose, any

change in the tax or other laws of the United States of America or of the State of Michigan or any political subdivision of either, or any failure of the Authority to perform and observe any of its obligations arising out of or connected with this Agreement. It is the intent and expectation of the parties hereto that the Bond Payments will be sufficient for the payment in full of the Series 2007 Bonds, including (i) the total interest to become due and payable on the Series 2007 Bonds to the dates of payment thereof, (ii) the total principal amount of the Series 2007 Bonds, (iii) the redemption premiums, if any, that shall be payable on the redemption of the Series 2007 Bonds prior to their stated payments dates, and (iv) all additional interest, additional principal and any other amounts payable to the Bondholder as and when required by the Series 2007 Bonds or this Agreement. In the event, however, of any deficiency in the payment of such amounts regardless of the reason for such deficiency, the Academy agrees that upon notice of the deficiency from the Bondholder or the Authority it shall then immediately pay the amount of the deficiency to the Bondholder on behalf of the Authority. The obligations of the Academy under this paragraph shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

ARTICLE V

OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF THE ACADEMY

Section 501. <u>Costs of Issuance</u>. The Academy covenants and agrees to promptly pay the Costs of Issuance upon notification by the Authority.

Section 502. Indemnification of the Authority. (a) The Authority and its members, officers, agents and employees (the "Indemnified Persons") shall not be liable to the Academy for any reason. The Academy shall, to the extent permitted by law, indemnify and hold the Authority and the Indemnified Persons harmless from any loss, expense (including reasonable counsel fees) or liability of any nature due to any and all suits, actions, legal or administrative proceedings, or claims arising or resulting from, or in any way connected with (i) the financing, construction, operation, use or maintenance of the Project, (ii) any act, failure to act or misrepresentation by any person, firm, corporation or governmental agency, including the Authority, in connection with the issuance, sale, delivery or remarketing of any of the Series 2007 Bonds, (iii) any act or failure to act by the Authority in connection with this Agreement or any other document involving the Authority in this matter, and (iv) the selection and appointment of firms or individuals providing services related to the Series 2007 Bond transactions. If any suit, action or proceeding is brought against the Authority or any Indemnified Person, that suit, action or proceeding shall be defended by counsel to the Authority or the Academy, as the Authority shall determine. If the defense is by counsel to the Authority, which is the Attorney General of Michigan or may, in some instances, be private, retained counsel, the Academy shall indemnify the Authority and Indemnified Persons for the reasonable costs of that defense, including reasonable counsel fees. If the Authority determines that the Academy shall defend the Authority or Indemnified Persons, the Academy, as determined by the Authority, shall immediately assume that defense at its own cost. The Academy shall not be liable for any settlement of any proceedings made without its consent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld).

- (b) The Academy shall not be required to indemnify the Authority or any Indemnified Person under subsection (a), if a court with competent jurisdiction finds that the liability in question was caused by the willful misconduct or sole gross negligence of the Authority or the involved Indemnified Person, unless the court determines that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all circumstances of the case, the Authority or the Indemnified Person(s) is (are) fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for the expenses which the court considers proper.
- (c) The Academy shall, to the extent permitted by law, also indemnify the Authority for all reasonable costs and expenses, including reasonable counsel fees, incurred in (i) enforcing any obligation of the Academy under this Agreement or any related agreement, (ii) taking any action requested by the Academy, (iii) taking any action required by this Agreement or any related agreement, or (iv) taking any action considered necessary by the Authority which is authorized by this Agreement or any related agreement.
- (d) The obligations of the Academy under this section shall survive any assignment or termination of this Agreement.

Section 503. <u>Indemnification of the Trustee</u>. The Academy shall, to the extent permitted by law, indemnify and hold the Trustee hamless against any loss, liability or expense incurred without negligence or bad faith on the part of the Trustee, arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of the Indenture, including the costs and expense of defense against any such claim of liability. In the event of the occurrence of any claim indemnified against under this paragraph, the Trustee shall promptly notify the Academy of the existence of the claim and shall give the Academy such assistance and cooperation in the defense thereof as may be reasonably requested. The Academy shall defend any such claim through legal counsel of its choice, and the Academy shall have exclusive authority to defend, settle or otherwise dispose of such claim as it deems advisable in the exercise of its sole discretion. The obligations of the Academy under this Section shall survive any assignment or termination of this Agreement and the resignation or removal of the Trustee.

Section 504. Taxes and Other Costs. The Academy shall promptly pay, as the same becomes due, all lawful taxes and governmental charges of any kind whatsoever, including without limitation income, profits, receipts, business, property and excise taxes, with respect to any estate, interest, documentation or transfer in or of the Project, this Agreement or any payments with respect to the foregoing, the costs of all building and other permits to be procured, and all utility and other charges and costs incurred in the operation, maintenance, use, occupancy and upkeep of the Project.

Section 505. Authority and Trustee Right to Perform Academy Obligations. In the event the Academy shall fail to perform any of its obligations under this Agreement, the Authority and the Trustee may, but shall be under no obligation to, perform such obligation and pay all costs related thereto, and all such costs so advanced by the Authority or the Trustee shall become an additional obligation of the Academy to the Authority or the Trustee, secured under the Indenture, payable on demand with interest thereon at 2% per annum in excess of the average

rate per annum borne by the Series 2007 Bonds from the date of advancement until payment, but in no event in excess of the maximum rate permitted by law.

Section 506. <u>Audit Obligation</u>. The Academy shall have an independent audit, using generally accepted accounting principles generally used for public school accounting in the State of Michigan, of its bonding activities under these sections conducted within 120 days after completion of all projects financed by the proceeds of this Agreement and shall submit the audit report to the Michigan Department of Treasury and the Authority.

ARTICLE VI

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPPING OF PROJECT

Section 601. <u>Project Fund Disbursements</u>. Subject to the conditions set forth below, unless an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee shall disburse out of the Project Fund the lesser of (a) the Project Costs paid or incurred or (b) the Series 2007 Bond proceeds deposited in the Project Fund and investment income in the Project Fund. Such disbursements shall be used to pay the Project Costs so long as there are moneys in the Project Fund, upon presentation of a Requisition Certificate executed by the Academy in the form shown on Exhibit D attached hereto or in a form approved by the Authorized Officer of the Trustee and the Authority.

Prior to the first disbursement, in addition to all other instruments and documents required to be delivered pursuant to the Indenture, the Bond Purchase Agreement and this Agreement, the Academy shall have delivered to the Trustee (i) a marked-up loan policy of title insurance commitment from a title insurance company satisfactory to the Trustee, naming the Trustee as lender, without standard exceptions, in the amount specified in Section 607 of this Agreement, insuring that the Mortgage is a first lien in all respects on the unencumbered marketable fee simple absolute title to the Site, subject only to Permitted Encumbrances, together with copies of all necessary sworn statements and lien waivers required by the title company, if any, and (ii) evidence of payment of fees relating thereto.

Additionally, no disbursements relating to Project Improvements shall be made from the Project Fund unless and until the Trustee shall have received the following in form and content satisfactory to the Trustee:

- (a) the contract between the Academy and the Project Architect, together with the plans and specifications for the Project Improvements and an assignment of the contract for the benefit of the Trustee;
- (b) a fixed price or guaranteed maximum price contract for the construction and installation of the Project Improvements and an assignment of the contract for the benefit of the Trustee;
- (c) waivers of any rights of subrogation from the insurer under any insurance policy which at any time claims that no liability exists as to the Academy under such policy;

- (d) the Academy's statement as to the total amount of costs associated with the Project Improvements and a sworn construction cost statement and from the general contractor and lien waivers; and
- (e) evidence that the insurance required by the Construction Agreement is in full force and effect and that the general contractor has provided Payment and Performance Bonds with respect to the Project Improvements contemplated by the Construction Agreement naming the Trustee as a dual obligee and containing liquidated damages provisions sufficient to pay interest accruing under the Construction Agreement during any periods in which the Project Improvements have not been completed as required.
 - (f) an endorsement to mortgage title insurance policy which shall:
- (i) update such policy to the date of endorsement and not more than six(6) days prior to the date of disbursement;
- (ii) insure the priority of the Mortgage over filed and unfilled mechanics' and materialmen's liens through the date of endorsement; and
- (iii) increase the amount of the title insurance in force to include the total amount of the Project Fund then sought to be disbursed relating to the acquisition of or improvements to real property, together with all prior disbursements relating to the acquisition of or improvements to real property.

Each Requisition Certificate shall be accompanied by copies of invoices or other appropriate documentation satisfactory to the Trustee, supporting the payments or reimbursements requested and by a brief description of the portion of the Project financed, acquired, constructed or improved; provided that the Trustee shall have no duty or obligation to review such invoices and may conclusively rely on such requisitions.

Section 602. Obligation of the Academy to Complete the Project and to Pay Costs in Event Project Fund Insufficient. The Academy shall proceed diligently to complete the Project substantially in accordance with the descriptions which have been provided to the Authority. If requested, the Academy shall make available to the Authority and the Trustee such information concerning the Project as any of them may reasonably request. The Academy may revise the plans and specifications for the Project, provided, however, that the Project shall not be materially altered in scope, character, value or operation without the prior written consent of the Trustee and the holders of 100% of the Series 2007 Bonds, and provided, further, that the expenditure of moneys for the Project as modified is permitted by the Enabling Legislation and will not impair the exclusion of interest on the Series 2007 Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In the event the money in the Project Fund available for payment of the costs of the Project shall not be sufficient to make such payment in full, the Academy agrees to pay directly,

or to deposit moneys in the Project Fund for the payment of, such costs of completing the Project as may be in excess of the moneys available therefor in the Project Fund. The Authority does not make any warranty or representation, either expressed or implied, that the moneys which will be deposited into the Project Fund, and which under the provisions of this Agreement will be available for payment of the costs of the Project, will be sufficient to pay all of the costs which will be incurred in connection therewith. The Academy agrees that if, after exhaustion of the moneys in the Project Fund, the Academy shall pay, or deposit moneys in the Project Fund for payment of, any portion of the costs of the Project pursuant to the provisions of this Section 602, it shall not be entitled to any reimbursement therefor from the Authority, the Trustee or from the owners of any of the Series 2007 Bonds, nor shall it be entitled to any diminution of the amounts payable hereunder.

Section 603. Recovery Under Breach of Warranty. All warranties shall vest in the Academy and in the event of default or breach of warranty by any contractor in connection with the Project or with respect to any materials, workmanship or performance or other guaranty, the Academy may, after notification of the Authority, proceed, either separately or in conjunction with others, to pursue such remedies against the party in default and against each surety as it may deem advisable. Any amounts recovered in connection with the foregoing after Project Costs have been paid or duly provided for shall be paid to the Academy.

Section 604. <u>Completion Certificate</u>. The Completion Date of the acquisition, equipping and installation of the Project and the payment of the entire Project Costs shall be evidenced to the Trustee and the Authority by the Completion Certificate.

Section 605. <u>Use of Surplus Funds</u>. As soon as practicable and in any event within 60 days from the date of delivery of the Completion Certificate, the Academy shall direct the Trustee to transfer any balance remaining in the Project Fund (i.e. "Surplus Bond Proceeds") to the Bond Fund, for use in accordance with the Indenture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds may be retained in the Project Fund longer than three (3) years after the Issue Date provided the Academy delivers a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel to the Trustee with respect to the retention and investment of such proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds in the Project Fund.

Section 606. Application of Insurance and Condemnation. In the event (i) the Project is damaged or destroyed, or (ii) failure of title to all or part of the Project occurs or title to or temporary use of the Project is taken by condemnation or by the exercise of the power of eminent domain by any governmental body or by any person, firm or corporation acting under governmental authority, the Academy shall promptly give written notice thereof to the Authority and the Trustee. As soon as practicable, but not later than 60 days after such damage or condemnation, the Academy shall elect in writing whether to restore all or part of the Project or to prepay this Agreement. The Academy may only restore all or part of the Project if it demonstrates to the Trustee that (i) it has sufficient money available to it (including insurance proceeds) to undertake such restoration, and (ii) such restoration will not cause interest on the Series 2007 Bonds which would otherwise be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. If the Academy chooses to restore all or part of the Project, the Trustee shall deposit the proceeds of such

condemnation or insurance in the Project Fund, which shall be reactivated and drawn down in the same manner as provided for the Project Fund in Section 601. If the Academy shall elect to restore the Project, it shall proceed to do so with reasonable dispatch. If the Project shall have been so damaged or destroyed, or if failure of title or condemnation or taking of such part thereof shall have been taken so that the Project may not be reasonably restored within a period of 12 consecutive months (or such longer period of time as is acceptable to the Trustee) to its condition immediately preceding such damage or destruction or failure of title, or if the Academy is thereby prevented from carrying on its normal operations for a period of 12 consecutive months (or such longer period of time as is acceptable to the Trustee), or if the cost of restoring the Project is reasonably deemed by the Academy to be uneconomic and the Academy abandons the Project, then all proceeds of such insurance or condemnation shall be transferred to the Bond Fund and used for payment or redemption of the Series 2007 Bonds.

Section 607. Mortgage and Title Insurance. At or prior to the Closing Date, the Academy shall cause to be executed and delivered and cause to be recorded the Mortgage (as defined in the Indenture) securing performance by the Academy of its obligations under this Agreement and the payment of the Bond Payments and Additional payments by the Academy. The Mortgage shall grant to the Trustee a first mortgage lien on all real property comprising the Project.

At or prior to the Closing Date, the Academy shall cause to be delivered to the Trustee a policy of mortgage title insurance on the Site, insuring the first priority lien of the Mortgage, subject only to Permitted Encumbrances. The title policy shall provide for title insurance in an amount equal to the full principal amount of the Series 2007 Bonds, provided, however, that the effective amount of the title policy as of the Closing Date may be limited to the amount disbursed from the Project Fund as of such date provided that further Project Fund disbursements may be made if accompanied by an endorsement to such title policy increasing coverage by the amount of the disbursement.

ARTICLE VII

FURTHER OBLIGATIONS OF THE ACADEMY

Section 701. <u>Compliance With Laws</u>. The Academy agrees that it shall, throughout the term of this Agreement and at no expense to the Authority, promptly comply or cause compliance with all legal requirements of duly constituted public authorities which may be applicable to the Project or to the repair and alteration thereof, or to the use or manner of use of the Project.

Section 702. Maintenance of Legal Existence Qualification. During the term of this Agreement, and except as otherwise provided by Section 706 hereof, the Academy shall maintain its existence and shall not dissolve or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets or consolidate with or merge into another entity or permit one or more entities to consolidate with or merge into it without the prior written consent of the Authority.

Section 703. Reports and Access to Projects and Records. The Academy covenants that promptly, but not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the close of each fiscal year, it will file with the Authority and the Trustee (and upon written request with the original Underwriter for the Series 2007 Bonds), in such quantity as the Authority may require, its audited financial statement for such fiscal year reflecting in reasonable detail the financial position and results of operation of the Academy, together with the audit report by a certified public accountant or firm of independent certified public accountants of suitable experience and responsibility. The Trustee may rely on the financial statements and certificates delivered to it and shall have no duty to analyze those documents or perform independent calculations.

The Academy further covenants and agrees that it will promptly file with the Authority a copy of all documentation, materials and notices filed by or on behalf of the Academy pursuant to or in connection with any continuing disclosure undertaking relating to the Series 2007 Bonds or other debt incurred by or for the benefit of the Academy.

The Academy further covenants and agrees that it has, with the permission of any applicable third parties, placed on file with the Trustee a current property survey of the Project, together with a Phase I and Limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment performed by Environmental Testing & Consulting, Inc. of Romulus, Michigan.

Subject to reasonable security and safety regulations, the Authority and the Trustee and the respective duly authorized agents of each shall have the right at all reasonable times to enter the Project and to examine and inspect the same.

Section 704. Covenant as to Non-Impairment of Tax-Exempt Status. Notwithstanding any other provision of any rights of the Academy under this Agreement, the Academy hereby covenants that, to the extent permitted by law, it shall take all actions within its control and that it shall not fail to take any action as may be necessary to maintain the exclusion of the interest on the Series 2007 Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes, on behalf of itself and the Authority, including but not limited to, actions relating to the rebate of arbitrage earnings and the expenditure and investment of Series 2007 Bond proceeds and moneys deemed to be Series 2007 Bond proceeds, all as more fully set forth in the Non-Arbitrage Certificate.

Section 705. <u>Covenant Regarding Bond Purchases</u>. The Academy covenants that neither it nor any related person will purchase Series 2007 Bonds in an amount related to the amount of proceeds of such Series 2007 Bonds.

Section 706. Academy to Maintain Existence. The Academy covenants and agrees that for so long any Series 2007 Bond remains Outstanding under the Indenture, it shall maintain its existence as a Public School Academy under Michigan law and shall continue to operate its facilities located at the Site as a public school which will produce sufficient available revenues to pay the Bond Payments and all other amounts due and owing under this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Academy shall have the right to cease operations at the Site upon (a) prepayment in full of the Bond Payments, Additional Payments and any prepayment premium required by the Authority as determined in the sole discretion of the Authority and (b) filing an opinion of Bond Counsel that such prepayment and release will not adversely affect the

exclusion of interest on the Series 2007 Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Section 707. Other Obligations. The Academy covenants and agrees that for so long as any Series 2007 Bond remains Outstanding under the Indenture, the Academy shall not issue any debt or incur any obligation on a parity with or superior to the Series 2007 Bonds and secured by the Security, except as provided in this Agreement. The Academy further covenants and agrees that for so long as any Series 2007 Bonds remains Outstanding under the Indenture, the Academy shall not issue any debt or incur any obligation payable wholly or in part from (i) moneys, funds, accounts, investments or (2) any other assets of the Academy not comprising State grant-in-aid revenues without the prior written consent of the Trustee, except:

- (a) obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (b) obligations contained in the Management Agreement between the Academy and Bardwell Group, Inc. dated August 9, 2006, as amended;
- (c) state aid notes (including state aid note lines of credit) issued pursuant to Act No. 451, Public Acts of Michigan, 1976, as amended; and
 - (d) purchase money obligations secured by the property being financed; and
- (e) obligations incurred pursuant to and in compliance with federal and other charitable grants.

Section 708. Transfer, Assignment and Leasing. The Academy may not transfer or sell the Project without the prior written consent of the Authority and 100% of the Beneficial Owners of the Series 2007 Bonds and any Additional Bonds. The Academy may lease any portion of the Project with the prior written consent of the Trustee and the holders of 100% of the Series 2007 Bonds provided that the Academy delivers to the Authority and the Trustee in connection with any such leasing a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to such lease. No leasing shall relieve the Academy from primary liability for any of its obligations hereunder, and in the event of any such leasing the Academy shall continue to remain primarily liable for the payment of Bond Payments and for performance and observance of the other agreements herein on its part to be performed and observed.

- (a) Approval of the sale or conveyance of the Project by the Authority, shall be in its sole discretion;
- (b) The Academy shall, on or prior to the effective date of such sale or assignment, furnish or cause to be furnished to the Authority and the Trustee (i) an executed assumption agreement whereby the new owner agrees in writing to assume the obligations of the Academy under this Agreement and the Bond Documents to which the Academy is a party, together with the Trustee's written consent thereto or the written consent of the holders of 100% of the Series 2007 Bonds, and (ii) a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to such assignment or sale agreement; and

(c) The new owner shall submit evidence to the Trustee that it is qualified to do business as a public school academy in the State of Michigan.

Section 709. Substitution and Removal of Personal Property. Any property financed or refinanced with Series 2007 Bond proceeds may not be removed from any Project site unless (i) other property of equivalent or greater value and utility is substituted therefor within six months of such disposition or (ii) the proceeds of the sale of such property are used in accordance with the following sentence or (iii) the Academy receives an opinion of Bond Counsel that noncompliance with (i) or (ii) above will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest on the Series 2007 Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proceeds received upon the sale of any of the property financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds (i) will be invested at a yield not in excess of the yield on the Series 2007 Bonds and used for the purpose of redeeming the Series 2007 Bonds at the first subsequent call date, or (ii) will be used for the purpose of acquiring property performing the same function at such Project site as the disposed property within six months of the date of receipt of such proceeds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any property financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds wears out or becomes obsolete so that it is no longer functional to the Academy and the Academy deems it appropriate to dispose of such property and, further, if the Academy or any related party thereto receives no economic benefit from the disposal thereof, then the Academy may dispose of such property other than as provided above.

Section 710. Maintenance, Repair and Modification. The Academy shall cause the Project to be used for the purposes described in this Agreement throughout the term of this Agreement. The Academy does not know of any reason why the Project will not be used and occupied by it in the absence of supervening circumstances not now anticipated by it or beyond its control. The failure of the Academy to use the Project for its intended purposes shall not in any way abate or reduce the obligation of the Academy to pay the Bond Payments and the Additional Payments under the provisions of this Agreement.

The Academy agrees that it will keep the Project in good repair and good operating condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted, at its own cost.

The Academy may remodel the Project or make additions, modifications and improvements to the Project from time to time as the Academy, in its discretion, may deem to be desirable, the cost of which shall be paid by the Academy; provided, however, that such additions, modifications and improvements (i) do not materially and adversely alter the scope, character, value or operation of the Project without the prior written consent of the Trustee or 100% of the holders of the Series 2007 Bonds, (ii) do not impair the exclusion of interest on the Series 2007 Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and (iii) do not contravene the provisions of the Enabling Legislation.

Section 711. <u>Liability Insurance</u>. The Academy shall procure and maintain or cause to be procured and maintained continuously in effect with respect to the Project comprehensive general accident and public liability insurance covering any liability arising out of or in any way relating to the maintenance, use or operation of the Project or any part thereof, under which the Academy and the Trustee are named as insureds, in an amount not less than \$1,000,000

combined single limit for bodily injuries and property damage and will cause all contractors to maintain similar insurance against all similar liabilities on their part. The Net Proceeds of all such insurance shall be applied as set forth in Section 606 hereof..

Section 712. Negligence of the Academy. As between the Academy and the Authority, the Academy agrees to defend the Authority against all risks and liabilities, whether or not covered by insurance, for loss or damage to the Project and for injury to or death of any person or damage to any property, whether such injury or death be with respect to agents or employees of the Academy or of third parties, and whether such property damage be to property of the Academy or the property of others, which is proximately caused by the negligent conduct of the Academy, its officers, employees and agents. The Academy hereby assumes responsibility for and agrees to defend and to reimburse Trustee with respect to all liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, claims, actions, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorney's fees) of whatsoever kind and nature, imposed on, incurred by or asserted against Trustee that in any way relate to or arise out of a claim, suit or proceeding based in whole or in part upon the negligent conduct of the Academy, its officers, employees and agents, to the maximum extent permitted by law.

Section 713. Property Insurance. As between the Academy and the Authority, the Academy shall have and assume the risk of loss with respect to the Project, and shall procure and maintain continuously in effect during the Term of this Agreement with respect to the Project, to the extent of the full replacement cost of the Project, other than land and building foundations, all-risk insurance, subject only to the standard exclusions contained in the policy, in such amount as will be at least sufficient so that a claim may be made for the full replacement cost of any part thereof damaged or destroyed, and including business interruption insurance in an amount sufficient to pay Scheduled Installment Payments for a period of twelve months. All policies (or endorsements or riders) evidencing insurance required in this Section shall be carried in the names of the Academy and Trustee as their respective interests may appear. The Net Proceeds of insurance required by this Section shall be applied as provided in Section 606 hereof; provided that the Net Proceeds of business interruption insurance shall be applied to the payment of Scheduled Installment Payments, Additional Payments and Reserve Fund Payments.

Section 714. <u>Builder's Risk Insurance.</u> The Academy shall maintain in force during the entire acquisition, construction and installation period of any Project Improvements, builder's risk and property damage insurance in an amount not less than the full value of all work done and materials and equipment provided or delivered during the course of any construction, renovation or similar undertaking with respect to the property covered by the Mortgage.

Section 715. Worker's Compensation Insurance. The Academy shall carry or cause to be carried workers' compensation insurance covering all employees on, in, near or about the Project, and upon request, shall furnish to Trustee certificates evidencing such coverage throughout the Term of this Agreement.

Section 716. Other Insurance and Requirements for All Insurance. The Academy shall obtain and maintain or cause to be obtained and maintained during the Term of the Agreement such other insurance policies covering such other risks and in such amounts as are customarily

maintained by educational institutions similar to the Academy in the ordinary course of their business. All insurance required by this Article may be carried under a separate policy or a rider or endorsement; shall be taken out and maintained with responsible insurance companies organized under the laws of one of the states of the United States and qualified to do business in the State; and shall contain a provision that the insurer shall not cancel or revise coverage thereunder without giving written notice to all parties at least thirty (30) days before the cancellation or revision becomes effective. The Academy shall deposit with Trustee policies evidencing any such insurance procured by it, or a certificate or certificates of the respective insurers stating that such insurance is in full force and effect. Before the expiration of any such policy, the Academy shall furnish to Trustee evidence that the policy has been renewed or replaced by another policy conforming to the provisions of this Article.

Section 717. Management Consultant. In the event that 20% of the State School Aid payable to the Academy in any month shall be insufficient to make the Bond Payments due in such month, the Academy shall promptly employ a Management Consultant. The Management Consultant shall review and analyze the financial statements and condition of the Academy and inspect the Project, its operation and administration, and submit written reports to the Academy and Trustee, and make such recommendations as to the operation and administration of the Academy as such Management Consultant deems appropriate. The Academy agrees to consider any recommendations by the Management Consultant and, to the fullest extent practicable and allowed by law and consistent with its covenants hereunder, to adopt and carry out such recommendations.

Section 718. Agreement to Obtain Rating. Upon renewal of its Charter, the Academy shall retain the Underwriter or a consultant with experience securing investment grade ratings for charter schools to determine the likelihood that the Academy could obtain from Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Moody's Investors Service or Fitch Ratings (each, a "Rating Agency") a rating of the Series 2007 Bonds not less than the lowest "investment grade" rating of such Rating Agency. The Academy shall provide to the consultant such information as it may reasonably request in order to make such assessment. If the consultant determines that such rating is obtainable, the Academy shall at its sole expense make a good faith effort to obtain such rating and maintain it.

Section 719. <u>Management Agreement</u>. The Academy shall not amend its current Management Agreement or enter into a new Management Agreement relating to the Project, unless prior to entering into such amendment or new Management Agreement the Academy obtains a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to such amendment or new Management Agreement.

ARTICLE VIII

ACTIONS AFFECTING AUTHORITY; INTEREST IN THE AGREEMENT

Section 801. <u>Interest in this Agreement</u>. The Academy shall not assign or transfer its rights or obligations under this Agreement, except as shall be permitted in this Agreement or consented to by the Authority and the Trustee.

Section 802. <u>Authority Assignment of this Agreement</u>. The Academy hereby acknowledges and consents to the assignment and pledge pursuant to the Indenture by the Authority to the Trustee, as additional security for the Series 2007 Bonds, of the Municipal Obligation and this Agreement and all of the Authority's rights and powers under this Agreement, (except the Unassigned Rights) including the right to receive Bond Payments and Additional Payments.

Section 803. Rights of Trustee Hereunder. The terms of this Agreement and the enforcement thereof are essential to the security of the Trustee and are entered into for the benefit of the Trustee. The Trustee shall accordingly have contractual rights and duties in this Agreement and be entitled to enforce separately or jointly with the Authority the terms of this Agreement.

Section 804. <u>Authority Compliance With Indenture</u>. The Authority shall comply with the covenants, requirements and provisions of the Indenture and perform all of its obligations thereunder.

Section 805. <u>Supplements to Indenture</u>. The Authority shall consent to no supplements to the Indenture which have a material effect on the rights or obligations of the Academy or the Trustee without the prior written consent of the Academy and the Trustee, respectively.

ARTICLE IX

EVENTS OF DEFAULT AND REMEDIES

Section 901. Events of Default. The term "Events of Default" shall mean, whenever used in this Agreement, any one or more of the following events:

- (a) Failure by the Academy to make a Bond Payment under the Municipal Obligation when due;
- (b) Failure by the Academy to make an Additional Payment hereunder when due;
- (c) Failure by the Academy to observe and perform any other obligations in this Agreement, or in any other related or collateral documents on its part to be observed or performed for a period of forty-five days after written notice specifying such failure and requesting that it be remedied, given to the Academy by the Authority or the Trustee; provided,

however, that if said Default shall be such that it cannot be corrected within such period, it shall not constitute an Event of Default if the Default, in the opinion of the Trustee, is correctable without material adverse effect on the Series 2007 Bonds and if corrective action is instituted within such period and diligently pursued until the Default is corrected.

- (d) The dissolution or termination of the Academy or failure by the Academy promptly to lift any execution, garnishment or attachment of such consequences as will materially impair its ability to carry out its obligations under this Agreement or the Academy becomes insolvent or bankrupt, or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors or consents to the appointment of a trustee or receiver for the Academy or for the greater part of its properties; or a trustee or receiver is appointed for the Academy or for the greater part of its properties without its consent and is not discharged within 60 days; or bankruptcy, reorganization or liquidation proceedings are commenced by or against the Academy, and if commenced against the Academy are consented to by it or remain undismissed for 60 days; or an order for relief is entered in any bankruptcy proceeding.
- (e) If any representation or warranty made by the Academy in any document delivered by the Academy to the purchaser(s) of the Series 2007 Bonds, the Trustee or the Authority in connection with the issuance, sale and delivery of the Series 2007 Bonds is untrue in any material respect.
- (f) If the Academy shall default under any other agreement for payment of money in excess of \$25,000 and such default shall not be cured within any period of grace provided in such agreement, if any, or if the Academy shall assign or convey or attempt to assign or convey any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement except as shall be permitted under this Agreement, provided, however, that the Academy shall not be in default under this section, if it is contesting in good faith any default under any such other agreement for the payment of money and, with respect to construction liens, has bonded over such lien to the satisfaction of the Trustee, unless in the estimation of the Trustee the security of the Trustee under this Agreement is materially endangered.
 - (g) The occurrence of an Event of Default under the Indenture.
- (h) The loss of its charter or the failure of the Academy to have its charter renewed, unless a charter from another authorizing body is received on or before the effective date of revocation or nonrenewal and a state aid agreement in form and content the same as the agreement executed in connection herewith is executed by such new authorizing body on or before the effective date of revocation or nonrenewal.

The term "Default" shall mean Default by the Academy in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in this Agreement, exclusive of any period of grace required to constitute an Event.

The Defaults described in subsection (c) above only, are also subject to the following limitation: If the Academy by reason of force majeure is unable to carry out or observe the obligations described in said subsection (c), the Academy shall not be deemed to be in breach or

violation of this Agreement or in default during the continuance of such inability. The term "force majeure" as used herein shall include, without limitation, acts of God, strikes, lockouts or other disturbances; acts of public enemies; inability to comply with or to cause compliance with laws, ordinances, orders, rules, regulations or requirements of any public authority or the government of the United States of America or the State of Michigan or any of their departments, agencies, or officials, or any civil or military authority; inability to procure or cause the procurement of building permits, other permits, licenses or other authorizations required for the construction, use, occupation, operation or management of the Project; insurrections; riots; epidemics; landslides; lightning; earthquake; fire; hurricanes; tornadoes; storms; floods; washouts; droughts; arrests; restraint of government and people; civil disturbances; explosions; breakage or accident to machinery, transmission pipes or canals; partial or entire failure of utilities; or any other cause or event other than financial inability not reasonably within control of the Academy. The Academy agrees, however, to remedy with all reasonable dispatch the cause or causes preventing the Academy from carrying out its agreements; provided, however, that the settlement of strikes, lockouts and other disturbances shall be entirely within the discretion of the Academy, and the Academy shall not be required to make settlement of strikes, lockouts and other disturbances by acceding to the demands of the opposing party or parties when such course is in the judgment of the Academy not in the best interests of the Academy.

Section 902. <u>Remedies Upon an Event of Default</u>. Whenever any Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, the Authority or the Trustee may take any one or more of the following remedial steps:

- (a) Declare all indebtedness under this Agreement (i.e., Bond Payments, Additional Payments and all other payments required by this Agreement) to be immediately due and payable, whereupon the payment date for the same shall become immediately accelerated and all such indebtedness shall become immediately due and payable;
- (b) Have access to and inspect, examine and make copies of the books and records and any and all accounts, data and income tax and other tax returns of the Academy only, however, insofar as they relate to the Project or the Event of Default and remedying thereof;
- (c) Exercise and enforce all or any of its rights under this Agreement and the Mortgage; and/or
- (d) Petition a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a receiver to take possession of and manage and operate all or any part of the assets of the Academy for the benefit of the Authority and the Trustee.

No remedy herein conferred upon or reserved to the Authority or the Trustee is intended to be exclusive of any other available remedy or remedies, but each and every such remedy shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to every other remedy now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or by statute.

Any amounts collected pursuant to action taken under this Section shall be paid into the Bond Fund and applied in accordance with the Indenture, except amounts collected pursuant to ARTICLE IV for the benefit of the Authority which shall be paid to or retained by the Authority.

Section 903. Payment of Attorneys' Fees and Other Expenses. In the event the Academy should default under any of the provisions of this Agreement and the Authority and/or the Trustee should employ attorneys or incur other expenses for the collection of the Bond Payments, and Additional Payments, for the enforcement of performance or observance of any obligation of the Academy in this Agreement or of the foreclosure of any security interests granted in this Agreement, the Academy shall on demand therefor pay to the Authority and/or the Trustee, as the case may be, the reasonable fees of such attorneys and such other reasonable expenses so incurred.

Section 904. <u>Limitation on Waivers</u>. No delay or omission to exercise any right or power occurring upon any Event of Default shall impair any such right or power or shall be construed to be a waiver thereof, but any such right and power may be exercised from time to time and as often as may be deemed appropriate. In order to entitle the Authority or the Trustee to exercise any remedy under this Article, it shall not be necessary to give any notice other than such notice as may be herein expressly required.

In the event any agreement contained in this Agreement should be breached by any party and thereafter waived by the other parties, such waiver shall be limited to the particular breach so waived and shall not be deemed to waive any other breach hereunder nor a waiver of the same breach on a future occasion. By reason of the assignment and pledge of certain of the Authority's rights and interest in this Agreement to the Trustee, the Authority shall have no power to waive or release the Academy from any Event of Default or the performance or observance of any obligation or condition of the Academy under this Agreement without prior written consent of the Trustee, but shall do so if requested by the Trustee, provided that prior to such waiver or release by the Authority, the Authority shall have been provided with an opinion of bond counsel of nationally recognized standing that such action will not result in any pecuniary liability to it and the Authority shall have been provided such indemnification from the Trustee as the Authority shall deem necessary.

ARTICLE X

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1001. Amounts Remaining in Funds. Any amounts remaining in the Bond Fund or the Project Fund upon expiration or sooner termination of this Agreement after payment in full of the Series 2007 Bonds (or provision therefor) in accordance with the Indenture, and all other costs and expenses of the Authority and the Trustee specified under this Agreement, and all the amounts required to be paid by the Academy under this Agreement and the Indenture shall have been fully paid, shall be applied as provided in the Indenture.

Section 1002. <u>Notices</u>. All notices, certificates or other communications hereunder shall be sufficiently given and shall be deemed given when mailed by registered or certified mail,

postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed to the Authority, the Academy or the Trustee, as the case may be, at the Authority's Address, the Academy's Address, or the Trustee's Address, respectively, or hand delivered to the above at their respective addresses. A duplicate copy of each such notice, certificate or other communication given hereunder to the Authority or the Trustee shall also be given to the others.

The Authority, the Academy, and the Trustee may by notice given hereunder designate any further or different addresses to which subsequent notices, certificates or communications shall be sent.

Section 1003. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may not be amended or terminated without the prior written consent of the Trustee and the Authority and no amendment to this Agreement shall be binding upon either party hereto until such amendment is reduced to writing and executed by both parties hereto. Amendments to this Agreement are subject to the provisions of Sections 9.03 and 9.04 of the Indenture.

Section 1004. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains all agreements between the parties and there are no other representations, warranties, promises, agreements or understandings, oral, written or inferred, between the parties, unless reference is made thereto in this Agreement and the Indenture.

Section 1005. <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon the parties hereto and upon their respective successors and assigns, and the words "Authority," "Academy" and "Trustee" shall include the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns and include any gender and singular and plural, any individuals, partnerships or corporations.

Section 1006. Severability. If any clause, provision or section of this Agreement be ruled invalid or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidity or unenforceability of such clause, provision or section shall not affect any of the remaining clauses, provisions or sections.

Section 1007. <u>Execution in Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

Section 1008. <u>Captions</u>. The captions or headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and in no way define, limit or describe the scope or intent of any provisions of this Agreement.

Section 1009. <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed in all respects, whether as to validity, construction, performance or otherwise, by the laws of the State of Michigan.

Section 1010. Non-Liability of State. This Agreement shall not be construed to create any liability or indebtedness of the State of Michigan, or of any officer thereof.

Section 1011. Non-Liability of Authorizing Body. The Authority and the Trustee, on behalf of the Bondholder, each understands and agrees that the authorizing body, Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents, has not agreed to assume, undertake or in any way guarantee payment of the Academy's obligations from any source of revenue available to the Authorizing Body, including the administrative fee deducted by the Authorizing Body from the state school aid payments received by the Authorizing Body for the Academy.

Section 1012. <u>The Indenture</u>. The Academy agrees to be bound by the terms of the Indenture applicable to it, and agrees not to take any action which would cause the Authority or the Trustee to violate the terms of the Indenture.

Section 1013. <u>Limitation of Rights</u>. This Agreement is solely for the benefit of the Authority and the Academy and its successors and assigns and nothing contained in this Agreement shall be deemed to confer upon anyone other than the Authority and the Academy and its successors and assigns any right to insist upon, to enforce the performance or observance of or to benefit from any of the obligations contained herein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the date first above written.

MICHIGAN PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY

Thomas J. Letavis

Executive Director

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY-WEST

Walter L. Williams

Its: Board Secretary/Treasurer

EXHIBIT A TO FINANCING AGREEMENT

BOND PAYMENTS

Date	Principal	Interest	Total Principal and Interest
December 1, 2007	•	422,118.75	422,118.75
June 1, 2008	- '	422,118.75	422,118.75
December 1, 2008	+	422,118.75	422,118.75
June 1, 2009	-	422,118.75	422,118.75 .
December 1, 2009		422,118.75	. 422,118.75
June 1, 2010	**	422,118.75	422,118.75
December 1, 2010	÷	422,118.75	422,118.75
June 1, 2011	215,000.00	422,118.75	637,118.75
December 1, 2011		415,803.13	415,803.13
June 1, 2012	225,000.00	415,803.13	640,803.13
December 1, 2012	~	409,193.75	409,193.75
June 1, 2013	240,000.00	409,193.75	649,193.75
December 1, 2013		402,143.75	402,143.75
June 1, 2014	255,000.00	402,143.75	657,143.75
December 1, 2014	₹	394,653.13	394,653.13
June 1, 2015	270,000.00	394,653.13	664,653.13
December 1, 2015	<u></u>	386,721.88	386,721.88
June 1, 2016	285,000.00	386,721.88	671,721.88
December 1, 2016	. -	378,350.00	378,350.00
June 1, 2017	300,000.00	378,350.00	678,350.00
December 1, 2017	÷	369,537.50	369,537.50
June 1, 2018	320,000.00	369,537.50	689,537.50
December 1, 2018	₹.	360,137.50	360,137.50
June 1, 2019	335,000.00	360,137.50	695,137.50
December 1, 2019		350,296.88	350,296.88
June 1, 2020	355,000.00	350,296.88	705,296.88
December 1, 2020	.₩	339,868.75	339,868.75
June 1, 2021	375,000.00	339,868.75	714,868.75
December 1, 2021		328,853.13	328,853.13
June 1, 2022	400,000.00	328,853.13	728,853.13
December 1, 2022	-	317,103.13	317,103.13
June 1, 2023	420,000.00	317,103.13	737,103.13
December 1, 2023	~	304,765.63	304,765.63
June 1, 2024	445,000.00	304,765.63	749,765.63

Date	Principal	Interest	Total Principal and Interest	
Dute	, , mespai	***************************************		
December 1, 2024	\$40.	291,693.75	291,693.75	
June 1, 2025	475,000.00	291,693.75	766,693.75	
December 1, 2025	-	277,740.63	277,740.63	
June 1, 2026	500,000.00	277,740.63	777,740.63	
December 1, 2026	7	263,053.13	263,053.13	
June 1, 2027	530,000.00	263,053.13	793,053.13	
December 1, 2027	÷	247,484.38	247,484.38	
June 1, 2028	560,000.00	247,484.38	807,484.38	
December 1, 2028	بيا	231,034.38	231,034.38	
June 1, 2029	595,000.00	231,034.38	826,034.38	
December 1, 2029	Δ	213,556.25	213,556.25	
June 1, 2030	630,000.00	213,556.25	843,556.25	
December 1, 2030	-	195,050.00	195,050.00	
June 1, 2031	665,000.00	195,050.00	860,050.00	
December 1, 2031	₩.	175,515.63	175,515.63	
June 1, 2032	705,000.00	175,515.63	880,515.63	
December 1, 2032	 .	154,806.25	154,806.25	
June 1, 2033	750,000.00	154,806.25	904,806.25	
December 1, 2033	# .	132,775.00	132,775.00	
June 1, 2034	790,000.00	132,775.00	922,775.00	
December 1, 2034	* 2	109,568.75	109,568.75	
June 1, 2035	840,000.00	109,568.75	949,568.75	
December 1, 2035	·	84,893.75	84,893.75	
June 1, 2036	890,000.00	84,893.75	974,893.75	
December 1, 2036	- ,	58,750.00	58,750.00	
June 1, 2037	2,000,000.00	58,750.00	2,058,750.00	

Schedule of Intercept Amounts Assigned

Pursuant to the Financing Agreement

	Principal Component and	Principal Component and		
	Portion of Set- Aside Component	Portion of Set- Aside Component	Scheduled Fee	·
.	Allocated to	Allocated to	Payment	
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Component	Total
6/26/2007		105,529.69	459.04	105,988.73
7/26/2007	-	105,529.69	459.04	105,988.73
8/26/2007		105,529.69	459.04	105,988.73
9/26/2007	₹	- sum		*
10/26/2007	,	105,529,69	459,04	105,988.73
11/26/2007	-	· 		**
12/26/2007		84,423.75	459,04	84,882.79
1/26/2008	~	84,423.75	459,04	84,882.79
2/26/2008		84,423.75	459.04	84,882.79
3/26/2008	-	84,423.75	718:50	85,142.25
4/26/2008	-	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
5/26/2008	···	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
6/26/2008	-	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
7/26/2008	Nier	84,423.75	718,50	85,142.25
8/26/2008	~±	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
9/26/2008	een.	~		.~
10/26/2008	The .	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
11/26/2008	Mod	***		~
12/26/2008	-	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
1/26/2009	-	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
2/26/2009	÷.	84,423.75	718,50	85,142.25

D	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Scheduled Fee Payment	· m.u.l
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Component	Total
3/26/2009	: - -	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
4/26/2009	, m er	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
5/26/2009		84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
6/26/2009	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
7/26/2009	***	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
8/26/2009	ú.	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
9/26/2009	.	, 	<u></u>	, -
10/26/2009	· 也	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
11/26/2009	.**	• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
12/26/2009		84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
1/26/2010	ऽ *प -	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
2/26/2010	₩',	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
3/26/2010	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
4/26/2010	≓ '.	84,423.75	718.50	85,142.25
5/26/2010	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
6/26/2010	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
7/26/2010	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
8/26/2010	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
9/26/2010		-	-	-
10/26/2010	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
11/26/2010	•	.	· -	 ,
12/26/2010	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
1/26/2011	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
2/26/2011	21,500.00	84,423.75	718.50	106,642.25
3/26/2011	21,500.00	84,423.75	713.13	106,636.88
4/26/2011	21,500.00	84,423.75	713.13	106,636.88
5/26/2011	22,500.00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
6/26/2011	22,500,00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
7/26/2011	22,500.00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
8/26/2011	22,500.00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
9/26/2011	 ·	~	-	-

	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component	Scheduled Fec	
	Allocated to	Allocated to	Payment	
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Component	Total
10/26/2011	22,500.00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
11/26/2011	* -	**	~	wa ·
12/26/2011	22,500.00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
1/26/2012	22,500.00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
2/26/2012	22,500.00	83,160.63	713.13	106,373.75
3/26/2012	22,500.00	83,160.63	702.13	106,362.75
4/26/2012	22,500.00	83,160.63	702.13	106,362.75
5/26/2012	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
6/26/2012	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
7/26/2012	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
8/26/2012	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
9/26/2012	· ·		_	·
10/26/2012	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
11/26/2012		-	·	·
12/26/2012	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
1/26/2013	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
2/26/2013	24,000.00	81,838.75	702.13	106,540.88
3/26/2013	24,000.00	81,838.75	690.50	106,529.25
4/26/2013	24,000.00	81,838.75	690.50	106,529.25
5/26/2013	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
6/26/2013	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
7/26/2013	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
8/26/2013	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
9/26/2013	444	•	, mar	<u></u>
10/26/2013	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
11/26/2013	New Year	-	••	·
12/26/2013	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
1/26/2014	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
2/26/2014	25,500.00	80,428.75	690.50	106,619.25
3/26/2014	25,500.00	80,428.75	678.13	106,606.88
4/26/2014	25,500.00	80,428.75	678.13	106,606.88

	Component and	Component and		
	Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Scheduled Fee Payment	
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Component	<u>Total</u>
5/26/2014	27,000.00	78,930.63	678.13	106,608.75
6/26/2014	27,000.00	78,930.63	678.13	106,608.75
7/26/2014	27,000.00	78,930.63	678.13	106,608.75
8/26/2014	27,000.00	78,930.63	678.13	106,608.75
9/26/2014	-	~ .	·• •	4
10/26/2014	27,000.00	78,930.63	678.13	106,608.75
11/26/2014	,	rie.	(44 -	₩.
12/26/2014	27,000.00	78,930.63	678.13	106,608.75
1/26/2015	27,000.00	78,930.63	678,13	106,608.75
2/26/2015	27,000.00	78,930.63	678.13	106,608.75
3/26/2015	27,000.00	78,930.63	665.00	106,595.63
4/26/2015	27,000.00	78,930.63	665.00	106,595.63
5/26/2015	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
6/26/2015	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
7/26/2015	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
8/26/2015	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
9/26/2015	<u>.</u>	·	u u	-
10/26/2015	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
11/26/2015	~	₩.	i.	-
12/26/2015	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
1/26/2016	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
2/26/2016	28,500.00	77,344.38	665.00	106,509.38
3/26/2016	28,500.00	77,344.38	651.13	106,495.50
4/26/2016	28,500.00	77,344.38	651.13	106,495.50
5/26/2016	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
6/26/2016	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
7/26/2016	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
8/26/2016	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
9/26/2016	-		** .	-
10/26/2016	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
11/26/2016	•	-		

	Principal Component and	Principal Component and		
	Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Scheduled Fee Payment	
<u>Date</u>	Principal	Interest	Component	<u>Total</u>
12/26/2016	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
1/26/2017	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
2/26/2017	30,000.00	75,670.00	651.13	106,321.13
3/26/2017	30,000.00	75,670.00	636.50	106,306.50
4/26/2017	30,000.00	75,670.00	636.50	106,306.50
5/26/2017	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
6/26/2017	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
7/26/2017	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
8/26/2017	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
9/26/2017	<u></u>		%	••
10/26/2017	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
11/26/2017	÷	÷	₩.	See
12/26/2017	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
1/26/2018	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
2/26/2018	32,000.00	73,907.50	636.50	106,544.00
3/26/2018	32,000.00	73,907.50	621.00	106,528.50
4/26/2018	32,000.00	73,907.50	621.00	106,528.50
5/26/2018	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
6/26/2018	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
7/26/2018	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
8/26/2018	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
9/26/2018	#:	<u>.</u>	••	•
10/26/2018	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
11/26/2018	÷	-	•	-
12/26/2018	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
1/26/2019	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
2/26/2019	33,500.00	72,027.50	621.00	106,148.50
3/26/2019	33,500.00	72,027.50	604.63	106,132.13
4/26/2019	33,500.00	72,027.50	604.63	106,132.13
5/26/2019	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00
6/26/2019	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00
7/26/2019	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00

	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside	Scheduled	
	Component	Component	Fee	
	Allocated to	Allocated to	Payment	
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Component	Total
8/26/2019	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00
9/26/2019	4	₩'	-	₩.
10/26/2019	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00
11/26/2019	~	←	~	-
12/26/2019	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00
1/26/2020	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00
2/26/2020	35,500.00	70,059.38	604.63	106,164.00
3/26/2020	35,500.00	70,059.38	587.38	106,146.75
4/26/2020	35,500.00	70,059.38	587.38	106,146.75
5/26/2020	37,500.00	67 , 973.75	587.38	106,061.13
6/26/2020	37,500.00	67,973.75	587.38	106,061.13
7/26/2020	37,500.00	67,973.75	587.38	106,061.13
8/26/2020	37,500.00	67,973.75	587.38	106,061.13
9/26/2020	Page 5	[- *		, , , ,
10/26/2020	37,500.00	67,973.75	587.38	106,061.13
11/26/2020	. 4 .		>=	; == :
12/26/2020	37,500.00	67,973.75	587.38	106,061.13
1/26/2021	37,500.00	67,973.75	587.38	106,061.13
2/26/2021	37,500.00	67,973.75	587.38	106,061.13
3/26/2021	37,500.00	67,973.75	569.13	106,042.88
4/26/2021	37,500.00	67,973.75	569.13	106,042.88
5/26/2021	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75
6/26/2021	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75
7/26/2021	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75
8/26/2021	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75
9/26/2021	<u>~</u>	*	-	- .
10/26/2021	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75
11/26/2021	î n	-	**	
12/26/2021	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75
1/26/2022	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75
2/26/2022	40,000.00	65,770.63	569.13	106,339.75

	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Scheduled Fee Payment	
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Component.	Total
3/26/2022	40,000.00	65,770.63	549.75	106,320.38
4/26/2022	40,000.00	65,770.63	549.75	106,320.38
5/26/2022	42,000.00	63,420.63	549,75	105,970.38
6/26/2022	42,000.00	63,420.63	549.75	105,970.38
7/26/2022	42,000.00	63,420.63	549.75	105,970.38
8/26/2022	42,000.00	63,420.63	549.75	105,970.38
9/26/2022	· -	, 	•	, <u>.</u>
10/26/2022	42,000.00	63,420.63	549.75	105,970.38
11/26/2022	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, 	₩.	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
12/26/2022	42,000.00	63,420.63	549.75	105,970.38
1/26/2023	42,000.00	63,420.63	549.75	105,970.38
2/26/2023	42,000.00	63,420,63	549.75	105,970.38
3/26/2023	42,000.00	63,420.63	529.25	105,949.88
4/26/2023	42,000.00	63,420.63	529.25	105,949.88
5/26/2023	44,500.00	60,953.13	529,25	105,982.38
6/26/2023	44,500.00	60,953.13	529.25	105,982.38
7/26/2023	44,500.00	60,953.13	529.25	105,982.38
8/26/2023	44,500.00	60,953.13	529.25	105,982.38
9/26/2023	mai	· •	-	-
10/26/2023	44,500.00	60,953.13	529.25	105,982.38
11/26/2023	. 		÷	
12/26/2023	44,500.00	60,953.13	529.25	105,982.38
1/26/2024	44,500.00	60,953.13	529.25	105,982.38
2/26/2024	44,500.00	60,953.13	529.25	105,982.38
3/26/2024	44,500.00	60,953.13	507.63	105,960.75
4/26/2024	44,500.00	60,953.13	507.63	105,960.75
5/26/2024	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38
6/26/2024	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38
7/26/2024	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38
8/26/2024	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38
9/26/2024	~	-		
10/26/2024	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38

	Component and Portion of Set-	Component and Portion of Set-	,	
	Aside	Aside	Scheduled	
	Component	Component	Fee	
Doto	Allocated to	Allocated to	Payment	Matal.
<u>Date</u>	Principal	Interest	Component	<u>Total</u>
11/26/2024	. 44	<u></u>		
12/26/2024	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38
1/26/2025	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38
2/26/2025	47,500.00	58,338.75	507.63	106,346.38
3/26/2025	47,500.00	58,338.75	484,63	106,323.38
4/26/2025	47,500.00	58,338.75	484,63	106,323.38
5/26/2025	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
6/26/2025	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
7/26/2025	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
8/26/2025	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
9/26/2025	₩*	√	شدر	~.
10/26/2025	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
11/26/2025	·	Nation 1	•	;₩
12/26/2025	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
1/26/2026	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
2/26/2026	50,000.00	55,548.13	484.63	106,032.75
3/26/2026	50,000.00	55,548.13	460.25	106,008.38
4/26/2026	50,000.00	55,548.13	460.25	106,008.38
5/26/2026	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
6/26/2026	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
7/26/2026	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
8/26/2026	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
9/26/2026	₩	-	-	
10/26/2026	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
11/26/2026		<u></u>	~	
12/26/2026	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
1/26/2027	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
2/26/2027	53,000.00	52,610.63	460.25	106,070.88
3/26/2027	53,000.00	52,610.63	434.50	106,045.13
4/26/2027	53,000.00	52,610.63	434.50	106,045.13
5/26/2027	56,000.00	49,496.88	434.50	105,931.38
6/26/2027	56,000.00	49,496.88	434.50	105,931.38
7/26/2027	56,000.00	49,496.88	434.50	105,931.38

	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component	Scheduled Fee	
70. .	Allocated to	Allocated to	Payment	<i>m</i>
<u>Date</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Component	<u>Total</u>
8/26/2027	56,000.00	49,496.88	434.50	105,931.38
9/26/2027	56,000,00	40 406 99	434.50	105 021 29
10/26/2027	56,000.00	49,496.88	434,30	105,931.38
11/26/2027	56,000,00	40 406 99	424.50	105 021 20
12/26/2027	56,000.00	49,496.88	434.50	105,931.38
1/26/2028	56,000.00	49,496.88	434.50 434.50	105,931.38 105,931.38
2/26/2028	56,000.00	49,496.88		105,931.38
3/26/2028	56,000.00	49,496.88	407.25	•
4/26/2028	56,000.00	49,496.88	407.25	105,904.13
5/26/2028	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
6/26/2028	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
7/26/2028	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
8/26/2028	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
9/26/2028	50 500 00	46.006.00	407.25	106 114 12
10/26/2028	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
11/26/2028	50 500 00	46 206 22	407.25	106 114 12
12/26/2028	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
1/26/2029	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
2/26/2029	59,500.00	46,206.88	407.25	106,114.13
3/26/2029	59,500.00	46,206.88	378.37	106,085.25
4/26/2029 5/26/2029	59,500.00	46,206.88	378.37 378.37	106,085.25 106,089.63
	63,000.00	42,711.25		106,089.63
6/26/2029 7/26/2029	63,000.00 63,000.00	42,711.25	378.37 378.37	106,089.63
8/26/2029		42,711.25	378.37	106,089.63
	63,000.00	42,711.25	3/0,3/	100,009.03
9/26/2029	62,000,00	42 711 25	378.37	106 090 63
10/26/2029 11/26/2029	63,000.00	42,711.25	310.31	106,089.63
	63,000.00	42 711 25	378.37	106,089.63
1/26/2029	•	42,711.25	378.37 378.37	106,089.63
1/26/2030 2/26/2030	63,000.00	42,711.25 42,711.25		106,089.63
3/26/2030	63,000.00 63,000.00		378.37 347.75	106,089.03
	•	42,711.25		106,059.00
4/26/2030	63,000.00	42,711.25	347.75	100,009.00

	Principal Component and	Principal Component and		
	Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Scheduled Fee Payment	
Date	Principal Principal	Interest	Component	Total
5/26/2030	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
6/26/2030	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
7/26/2030	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
8/26/2030	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
9/26/2030		· ·	1 *:	,
10/26/2030	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
11/26/2030	, 	*	بن	
12/26/2030	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
1/26/2031	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
2/26/2031	66,500.00	39,010.00	347.75	105,857.75
3/26/2031	66,500.00	39,010.00	315.38	105,825.38
4/26/2031	66,500.00	39,010.00	315.38	105,825.38
5/26/2031	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
6/26/2031	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
7/26/2031	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
8/26/2031	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
9/26/2031	·	•		-
10/26/2031	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
11/26/2031	-	-	-	-
12/26/2031	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
1/26/2032	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
2/26/2032	70,500.00	35,103.13	315.38	105,918.50
3/26/2032	70,500.00	35,103.13	281.13	105,884.25
4/26/2032	70,500.00	35,103.13	281.13	105,884.25
5/26/2032	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38
6/26/2032	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38
7/26/2032	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38
8/26/2032	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38
9/26/2032	w.	- ·	***	÷
10/26/2032	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38
11/26/2032	**	-	~	~
12/26/2032	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38
1/26/2033	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38

2/26/2033	75,000.00	30,961.25	281.13	106,242.38
3/26/2033	75,000.00	30,961.25	244.75	106,206.00
	Principal	Principal		
	Component	Component and		
	and Portion of Set-	Portion of Set-		
	Aside	Aside	Scheduled	
	Component	Component	Fee	
	Allocated to	Allocated to	Payment	
<u>Date</u>	Principal	Interest	Component	<u>Total</u>
4/26/2033	75,000.00	30,961.25	244.75	106,206.00
5/26/2033	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
6/26/2033	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
7/26/2033	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
8/26/2033	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
9/26/2033	•	, wa.		***
10/26/2033	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
11/26/2033	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
12/26/2033	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
1/26/2034	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
2/26/2034	79,000.00	26,555.00	244.75	105,799.75
3/26/2034	79,000.00	26,555.00	206.25	105,761.25
4/26/2034	79,000.00	26,555.00	206.25	105,761.25
5/26/2034	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
6/26/2034	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
7/26/2034	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
8/26/2034	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
9/26/2034	tys	•	·	
10/26/2034	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
11/26/2034	₩	. 4 *	<u></u> 1	· -
12/26/2034	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
1/26/2035	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
2/26/2035	84,000.00	21,913.75	206.25	106,120.00
3/26/2035	84,000.00	21,913.75	165.50	106,079.25
4/26/2035	84,000.00	21,913.75	165.50	106,079.25
5/26/2035	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	106,144.25
6/26/2035	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	106,144.25
7/26/2035	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	106,144.25
8/26/2035	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	106,144.25
9/26/2035	-	•	-	-

	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Principal Component and Portion of Set- Aside Component Allocated to	Scheduled Fee	
Date	Principal	Interest	Payment Component	Total
10/26/2035	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	<u>Total</u> 106,144.25
11/26/2035	62,000.00	10,978.75	105.50	100,144.23
12/26/2035	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	106,144.25
1/26/2036	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	106,144.25
2/26/2036	89,000.00	16,978.75	165.50	106,144.25
3/26/2036	89,000.00	16,978.75	122.25	106,101.00
4/26/2036	89,000.00	16,978.75	122.25	106,101.00
5/26/2036	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
6/26/2036	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
7/26/2036	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
8/26/2036	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
9/26/2036	-	4		,
10/26/2036	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
11/26/2036	•	·-	wx	·
12/26/2036	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
1/26/2037	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
2/26/2037	200,000.00	11,750.00	122.25	211,872.25
3/26/2037	200,000.00	11,750.00	250.00	211,800.00
4/26/2037	200,000.00	11,750.00	250.00	211,800.00

EXHIBIT D TO FINANCING AGREEMENT

REQUISITION CERTIFICATE

	J.S. Bank National Association, Trustee, and Aichigan Public Educational Facilities Authority
FROM:	Pavid Ellis Academy-West (the "Academy")
· ·	Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority Limited Obligation Levenuc Bonds (David Ellis Academy-West Project), Series 2007
	sents Requisition Certificate Noin the total amount of \$ to pay those t detailed in the schedule attached.
The under	signed certifies that:
against the Project	ne expenditures for which moneys are requisitioned hereby represent proper charges t Fund for the above-named Series 2007 Bonds, have not been included in a previous to been properly recorded on the Academy's books.
due and payable or	he moneys requisitioned hereby are not greater than those necessary to meet obligations in to reimburse the Academy for its funds actually advanced for the costs of the Project, sted do not include retention or other moneys not yet due or earned under construction
otherwise available	ter payment of moneys hereby requested, there will remain in the Project Fund or e to the Academy sufficient funds available to complete the Project substantially in e plans and specifications therefor.
	clivered herewith are copies of invoices or other appropriate documentation supporting imbursements requested.
5. No	Default or Event of Default under any of the Bond Documents has occurred and
Capitalized Agreement and Ind	I terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings given in the Financing lenture.
Executed tl	hisday of
	DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY-WEST
Approved:	By:Authorized Academy Representative
roject Architect	
By	

FINANCING AGREEMENT - DEAW

D-1

EXHIBIT E TO FINANCING AGREEMENT

COMPLETION CERTIFICATE

TO:	U.S. Bank National Association, Trustee, and Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority			
FROM:	David Ellis Academy-West (the "Academy")			
RE:		Michigan Public Edigation Revenue Bond		l Facilities Authority I Ellis Academy-West Project), Series
The un	dersigned doe	s hereby certify:		
in such manne Certificate (the and use of the	een completed er as to confo e "Completion facilities com	d in accordance with torm with all requirem a Date"). All approve	he descr ents of ils and c a public	ping, refinancing and furnishing of the riptions submitted to the Authority and the Agreement, as of the date of this certificates necessary to the occupance school academy have been received in the certificates.
	ng contested,		below	cept those not yet due and payable, o and for which sufficient moneys fo
(a)	Cost of the Pr	oject not yet due and	oayable:	
Descrip	otion			Amount
				\$
				\$
		TOTA	ΛŢ,	\$

	Desc	ription		Amount
				\$
				\$_
			TOTAL	\$
	3.	Attached hereto are the foll	owing documen	ts;
	(a) An endorsement to the title insurance policy issued to the Trustee indicating that no liens or encumbrances exist against the Project except Permitted Encumbrances.			
(b) Copies of all insurance policies required by the Agreement.			the Agreement.	
(c) Copies of all lien waivers executed by the general contractor.			eneral contractor.	
	(d) A Certificate of Occupancy for the Project Improvement, if required.			Improvement, if required.
	(e) An Alta "as-built" survey with respect to the real property included in the Project Improvements.			
	(f)	The Certificate of Approval	from the State 1	Fire Marshal.
		ent Surplus Bond Proceeds	and the Trustee	of the totals set forth in 2(a) and (b) is hereby authorized and directed to Section 605 of the Agreement.
	default. Not	ch, with the giving of notice	e or lapse of tir knowledge of th	the Agreement, nor has any event ne or both, shall become an event of he Academy that would prevent the
		ertificate is given without pro of or which may subsequently		ghts against third parties which exist at g.
	Execu	ted this day of	······································	
	•		DAVID ELL	IS ACADEMY-WEST
			Ву:	
			Autho	rized Academy Representative
		FINANCING	GAGREEMENT -	DEAW

(b)

Payments being contested:

E-2

EXHIBIT F

TO FINANCING AGREEMENT

FORM OF MUNICIPAL OBLIGATION

No: R-1

\$14,370,000

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA STATE OF MICHIGAN COUNTY OF WAYNE

DAVID ELLIS ACADEMY - WEST

SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BOND, SERIES 2007

Holder:

MICHIGAN PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY (the

"Authority")

Principal Amount:

Fourteen Million Three Hundred Seventy Thousand Dollars (\$14,370,000)

David Ellis Academy - West, a Michigan public school academy (the "Issuer"), for value received, hereby promises to pay to the Holder specified above or its assigns, the Principal Amount specified above at the times and in the amounts specified on the Schedule of Bond Payments, which schedule is attached as Exhibit A to the Financing Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2007 (the "Financing Agreement") between the Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority and the Issuer (a copy of which Exhibit A is attached hereto) unless prepaid according to the terms and conditions of the Financing Agreement and the Trust Indenture between the Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority and U.S. Bank National Association, dated as of June 1, 2007 (the "Trust Indenture"). Interest shall be computed and paid as provided in the Financing Agreement and the Trust Indenture.

This bond is issued pursuant to and in full compliance with the Constitution and laws of the State of Michigan (the "State"), particularly Act No. 451, Michigan Public Acts, 1976, as amended ("Act No. 451") and is authorized by a resolution of the board of directors of the Issuer adopted March 19, 2007, for the purpose of financing, on behalf of the Issuer, (1) the costs of the acquisition of land and an existing approximately 82,000 square foot building and related improvements and the furnishing and equipping thereof, all to be located at 19800 Beech Daly Road, Redford, Michigan (the "School Site") and occupied by the Issuer for use as a public school academy; (2) the acquisition of certain school equipment and furnishings to be located at the School Site (3) the renovation and expansion of the School Site; (4) the funding of a reserve fund for the Authority Bonds (as hereinafter defined); (5) the funding of capitalized interest on

FINANCING AGREEMENT - DEAW

the Authority Bonds; (6) the payoff of an existing line of credit with Detroit Commerce Bank; and (7) the funding of costs of issuance and other financing costs related to the Authority Bonds (collectively, the "Project").

This bond and the interest hereon are general obligations of the Issuer and payable as a first budget obligation from any funds of the Issuer available therefore, and for the prompt payment of the principal of and interest on this bond, the full faith and credit of the Issuer is irrevocably hereby pledged. Pursuant to the Financing Agreement and the State Aid Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2007, between the Issuer, the Authority, the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents, as the authorizing body of the Issuer, and the Treasurer of the State of Michigan, the Issuer has irrevocably pledged its state aid as security for the payment of this bond. The Issuer covenants to annually make an irrevocable appropriation of a sufficient amount of the Pledged State Aid, as that term is defined in the Financing Agreement, for the payment of the principal of this bond, together with the interest hereon.

Pursuant to the Financing Agreement, by purchasing this bond, the Authority is loaning the Issuer the proceeds received from the sale of the Authority's \$14,370,000 aggregate principal amount of Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (David Ellis Academy - West Project), dated the date of their initial delivery to the original purchasers thereof (the "Authority Bonds"), to fund the Project. The Issuer has agreed to repay such loan at the times and in the amounts sufficient for the Authority to make the payment of the principal of and redemption premium, if any, and interest on the Authority Bonds as and when due and as initially set forth on Schedule of Bond Payments attached hereto as Exhibit A and as may be modified from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Financing Agreement. The Authority Bonds are being issued concurrently with the execution and delivery of this bond, pursuant to, and are secured by, the Trust Indenture. The Issuer has reserved the right to issue additional obligations of equal standing with this bond as to the Security (as defined in the Trust Indenture), subject to the limitations provided by law and subject to the limitations set forth in the Financing Agreement.

It is hereby certified and recited that all acts, conditions and things required by law, precedent to and in the issuance of this note have been done, exist and have happened in regular and due time and form as required by law, and that the total indebtedness of the Issuer, including this bond, does not exceed any constitutional or statutory limitation.

This bond is issued under and is subject to the terms and conditions of the Financing Agreement.

This bond is to be construed according to the laws of the State of Michigan.

Tab 7

CONTRACT SCHEDULE 7

$\frac{\textbf{REQUIRED INFORMATION FOR}}{\textbf{PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMY}}$

SCHEDULE 7

REQUIRED INFORMATION FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL ACADEMY

<u>Required Information for Public School Academy</u>. This Schedule contains information required by Part 6A of the Revised School Code ("Code"). The required information for the Academy is contained in this Schedule 7.

Section a. Governance Structure. The governance structure of the Academy is set forth in Section a of this Schedule. Section b. Educational Goals. The educational goals of the Academy are set forth in Section b of this Schedule. Section c. Educational Programs. The educational programs of the Academy are set forth in Section c of this Schedule. Section d. Curriculum. The curriculum of the Academy is set forth in Section d of this Schedule. Section e. Methods of Pupil Assessment. The methods of pupil assessment of the Academy are set forth in Section e of this Schedule. Section f. Application and Enrollment of Students. The application and enrollment of students criteria of the Academy are set forth in Section f of this Schedule. Section g. School Calendar and School Day Schedule. The school calendar and school day

schedule procedures are set forth in Section g of this Schedule.

the Academy are set forth in Section h of this Schedule.

Age or Grade Range of Pupils. The age or grade range of pupils to be enrolled by

Section h.

Tab A

SECTION A GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

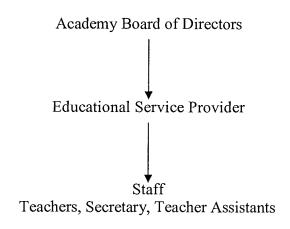
The College Board shall appoint the Board of Directors of the Academy ("Academy Board"). The Academy Board has all the powers and duties permitted by law to manage the business, property and affairs of the Academy. The Academy Board is responsible for assuring that the Academy operates according to the terms and conditions of this Contract and Applicable law. Contract Schedule 2: Bylaws, Articles IV and V, set forth a further description of the Academy Board's governance structure.

The Academy is incorporated as a non-stock, directorship nonprofit corporation. The Academy Board shall have at least five (5), but no more than nine (9) members, as determined by the College Board. The College Board shall select the members of the Academy Board according to the terms and conditions set forth by the Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents.

The Academy Board shall manage the business, property and affairs of the Academy. The Academy Board shall set all educational, fiscal and administrative policies for the Academy.

With the issuance of this Contract, the Academy Board may contract with a service provider to implement the Academy's educational program as set forth in Schedule 7 of this Contract. If the Academy Board retains a service provider, that service provider will be responsible for the performance of the Academy and will be accountable to the Academy Board. A service provider must report to the Academy Board at regularly scheduled times and upon any request by the Academy Board.

The Governance Structure of the Academy:



The Academy Board consists of five (5) members. Nominations and appointments of subsequent members shall be made in accordance with this Contract. Vacancies in office shall be determined and filled pursuant to the provisions set forth in the Bylaws. The current Academy Board Members are as follows:

Aaron Burrell — President Address: 23285 Grayson Drive

Southfield, MI 48075 Cell: 248-979-4177

Email: <u>aburrell@dickinsonwright.com</u> Term: July 1, 2013 — June 30, 2020

Mary Wood — Vice President Address: 16704 Edinborough

Detroit, MI 48219 Cell: 313-531-5042

Email: marymaliz@aol.com

Term: July 1, 2016 — June 30, 2021

Hollie Jackson — Secretary Address: 19622 Riverview

Detroit, MI 48219 Cell: 313-910-9017

Email: holli5babies@comcast.net
Term: July 1, 2014 —June 30, 2020

Charline Coats - Treasurer Address: 24496 Verdant Drive Farmington Hills, MI 48335

Cell: 248-345-7344

Email: coatsycm@gmail.com

Term: July 28, 2016 — June 30, 2019

Maurice Perkins

Address: 15834 Plainview

Cell: 313-537-7831

Email: perkinsm13@yahoo.com

Term: May 25, 2017 — June 30, 2019

Tab B

SECTION B EDUCATIONAL GOALS

SCHEDULE 7B

EDUCATIONAL GOALS AND RELATED MEASURES

Pursuant to Applicable Law and the Terms and Conditions of the Contract, including Article VI, Section 6.2, the Academy shall achieve or demonstrate measurable progress for all groups of pupils toward the achievement of the educational goal identified in this schedule. Upon request, the Academy shall provide Bay Mills Community College Charter Schools Office (BMCSO) with a written report, along with supporting data, assessing the Academy's progress toward achieving this goal. In addition, Bay Mills Community College Board of Regents Public School Authorizing Body expects the Academy will meet the State of Michigan's accreditation standards pursuant to state and federal law.

Educational Goal to Be Achieved

Prepare students academically for success in college, work and life.

To determine whether the Academy is achieving or demonstrating measurable progress toward achievement of this goal, BMCSO will annually access the Academy's performance using the following measures:

Measure 1: Student Achievement

The academic achievement of all students in grades 2-8 will be assessed using the following metrics and achievement targets.

GRADES	METRICS	ACHIEVEMENT TARGETS
Grades 2-8	The average grade-level	Students enrolled for three* or
	scores in reading and math as	more years will on average
	measured by NWEA MAP.	achieve scores equal to or greater
		than the grade-level reading and
		math college readiness
		achievement targets most recently
		identified by NWEA studies.

^{*}If the cohort of students enrolled for three or more years is not sufficient in size to conduct a valid analysis, the cohort of students enrolled for two or more years will be used.

Measure 2: Student Growth

The academic growth of all students in grades 2-8 at the Academy will be assessed using the following metrics and growth targets:

Grades	Metrics	Growth Targets
Grades 2-8	Growth made by students	Students will on average
	from fall-to-spring in reading	achieve fall-to-spring

and math as measured by	academic growth targets for
growth targets set for each	reading and math as set for
student by NWEA MAP.	each student by NWEA MAP.

The measure of student growth is the most important, but not the only factor the authorizing body considers when determining whether the Academy is "demonstrating measurable progress" toward the contractual goal of preparing students academically for success in college, work, and life. Some of the other factors considered are: academy's comparative position within state accountability reports, required state test proficiency rates compared to surrounding district's, the trend in the number of students reaching growth targets and achievement targets over the contract period, attendance rates.

Tab C

SECTION C <u>EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS</u>

Description of Educational Program

The Academy's academic programs encompass the Michigan K-12 Standards which include the Common Core State Standards for ELA and Math. We use the MC3 for Social Studies and for Science we are beginning the move from Michigan GLCEs to NGSS. This curriculum is combined with research-based teaching methodologies specific to our program and target population.

The DEAW curriculum was developed with teachers and mapped to reflect our quarterly benchmark assessments, a service provided by our educational partner, Achievement Network. Our curriculum is web-based through Atlas Rubicon, therefore, easily accessible from any location. Along with Atlas and Achievement Network, our curriculum is supported by several research-based curriculum resources. Curriculum resources include Eureka Math, Journeys/Collections, Edmentum (Education City, Study Island, Exact Path), Raz Kids, TCI for Science, TCI for Social Studies and Leader in Me.

Students are provided teaching and learning opportunities designed for their ability level, while being challenged to meet and/or exceed academic expectations appropriate for their age level. In the core curricular areas of reading, language arts, mathematics, science and social studies all students have access to small group settings designed to challenge their abilities while providing an atmosphere where they are able to experience success while mastering critical skills.

Rigorous curriculum helps students learn key academic content and practice 21st Century Skills. Science labs offer inquiry-based learning opportunities. Technology labs allow students to practice coding and digital and interpersonal communication. We endeavor for all instruction to strengthen our student's critical thinking, problem solving, collaboration and communication skills; while building vital workplace skills and lifelong habits of learning.

The Academy implements MTSS at all grade levels. In accordance with the program, students receive support relative to their tier level. All Tier 1 students receive differentiated and small group instruction as an integral part of our educational program. Tier 3 students are provided support services from math and reading specialists. In addition to regular instruction, the Academy offers tutoring outside of the school day.

To complement the academic instructional programs and support the whole child, the Academy provides a variety of opportunities to participate in extra-curricular activities, student clubs, and special events. These include: Student Council, Lego Robotics, Basketball, Soccer, Cheerleading, Flag Football, Choir, and Volleyball.

Special events and unique learning opportunities are also a central component of our academic programs. Students demonstrate acquisition of skills and application of concepts through authentic means by participating in performance and project-based activities. These include: Leader In Me and Character Assemblies, Black History Month, School Spirit Week, Holiday Choir Performance, Career Days, National Junior Honor Society, Science Fair, and Spring Concert. Academic field trips are planned by staff across all grade levels. These learning trips include Henry Ford Museum, Detroit Science Center, Cranbrook Science and Art Center,

Detroit Institute of Arts, Detroit Historical and Children's Museums, Detroit Zoo, among others.

Tab D

SECTION D CURRICULUM

Tab E

SECTION E METHODS OF PUPIL ASSESSMENT

Methods of Pupil Assessment

The M-STEP is a 21st Century online test given for the first time in the Spring of 2015. It is designed to gauge how well students are mastering state standards. These standards, developed for educators by educators, broadly outline what students should know and be able to do in order to be prepared to enter the workplace, career education training, and college. M-STEP results, when combined with classroom work, report cards, local district assessments and other tools, offer a comprehensive view of student progress and achievement.

State Assessments Provide • An important snapshot of student achievement at a state, district and building level • Valuable information to parents on their child's academic achievement • Important data for teachers, schools, and districts to help guide instruction

Once each year, all students in Michigan take a high-quality state summative assessment. Summative assessments measure what students know and are able to do at specific grade levels and in specific subject areas. All of Michigan's state assessments measure student progress with Michigan's content standards or other career or college-readiness goals. The Michigan Student Test of Educational Progress (M-STEP) is given online to students in grades 3-8 and measures current student knowledge of Michigan's high academic standards in English language.

ANet is an education nonprofit that helps schools boost student learning with great teaching that's grounded in standards, informed by data, and built on the successful practices of educators around the country.

ANet provides formative interim **assessments** that give educators timely, actionable, and student-specific data.

ANet assessments help teachers understand what students know and are able to do with respect to the standards. They go well beyond right and wrong—they provide information about which students are succeeding or struggling, with what, and why.

ANet reports provide timely, actionable, and student-specific data. These specific, targeted data are powerful tools teachers can use to help and empower each of their students.

In other words, these are assessments for learning, not assessments of learning. ANet offers our partners a bridge to the Common Core by customizing our assessments—so schools can maintain rigor and high expectations during this complex period of transition.

NWEA delivers the insights that help students learn, teachers teach, and leaders lead.

Our proven assessment solutions, customized professional learning, and industry-leading research keep you ahead of the curve as times and standards change

The culture we've developed is about using data to inform instruction and enhance what we do in the classroom. We use MAP Growth so that we can be better facilitators in the classroom. Learning Made Visible

MAP® Growth™ measures what students know and informs what they're ready to learn next. By dynamically adjusting to each student's performance, MAP Growth creates a personalized assessment experience that accurately measures performance—whether a student performs on, above, or below grade level. Timely, easy-to-use reports help teachers teach, students learn, and administrators lead.

MAP Growth reveals how much growth has occurred between testing events and, when combined with our norms, shows projected proficiency. Educators can track growth through the school year and over multiple years.

MAP Growth engages students and measures enough depth of knowledge to determine a student's true understanding.

Additional assessment and evaluation tools will include:

- Standards Based report cards
- Bi Weekly ANet Quizzes
- Teacher Created Tests
- Pre and Post Testing Assessments for Title 1 and other special services eligibility
- Student Self Reflection and Goal Setting
- Leader in Me Student Journals
- Staff Professional Development Needs Assessment
- K-8 Technology Keyboarding Classes
- Feedback Meetings
- Teaching and Learning Cycle

Tab F

SECTION F <u>APPLICATION AND ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS</u>

David Ellis Academy West

Enrollment Limits

The Academy will offer pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade. The maximum enrollment shall be 850 students. The Academy will annually adopt maximum enrollment figures prior to its application and enrollment period.

Requirements

Section 504 of the Revised School Code states that public school academies shall neither charge tuition nor discriminate in pupil admissions policies or practices on the basis of intellectual or athletic ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, status as a handicapped person, or any other basis that would be illegal if used by a Michigan public school district.

- Academy enrollment shall be open to all individuals who reside in Michigan. Except for a foreign exchange student who is not a United States citizen, a public school academy shall not enroll a pupil who is not a Michigan resident.
- Academy admissions may be limited to pupils within a particular age range/grade level or on any other basis that would be legal if used by a Michigan public school district.
- The Academy Board may establish a policy providing enrollment priority to siblings of currently enrolled pupils or children of Academy Board members or Academy employees.
- The Academy shall allow any pupil who was enrolled in the immediately preceding academic year to re-enroll in the appropriate age range/grade level unless that grade is not offered.
- No student may be denied participation in the application process due to lack of student records.
- If the Academy receives more applications for enrollment than there are spaces available, pupils shall be selected for enrollment through a random selection drawing.

David Ellis Academy West

Application Process

- The application period shall be a minimum of two weeks in duration, with evening and/or weekend times available.
- The Academy shall accept applications all year. If openings occur during the academic year, students shall be enrolled. If openings do not exist, applicants shall be placed on the official waiting list. The waiting list shall cease to exist at the beginning of the next application period.
- In the event there are openings in the class for which students have applied, students shall be admitted according to the official waiting list. The position on the waiting list shall be determined by the random selection drawing. If there is no waiting list, students shall be admitted on a first-come, first-served basis.
- The Academy may neither close the application period nor hold a random selection drawing for unauthorized grades prior to receipt of approval from the Charter Schools Office.

Legal Notice

- The Academy shall provide legal notice of the application and enrollment process in a local newspaper of general circulation. A copy of the legal notice must be forwarded to the Charter Schools Office.
- At a minimum, the legal notice must include:
 - A. The process and/or location(s) for requesting and submitting applications.
 - B. The beginning date and the ending date of the application period.
 - C. The date, time, and place the random selection drawing(s) will be held, if needed.
- The legal notice of the application period shall be designed to inform individuals that are most likely to be interested in attending the Academy.
- The Academy, being an equal opportunity educational institution, shall be committed to good-faith affirmative action efforts to seek out, create and serve a diverse student body.

David Ellis Academy West

Re-enrolling Students

- The Academy shall notify parents or guardians of all enrolled students of the deadline for notifying the Academy that they wish to re-enroll their child.
- If the Academy Board has a preference policy for siblings or children of employees and Academy Board members, the re-enrollment notice must also request that the parent or guardian indicate whether a sibling(s) or child(ren) of employees or Academy Board members seeks to enroll for the upcoming academic year.
- An enrolled student who does not re-enroll by the specified date can only apply to the Academy during the application period for new students.
- An applicant on the waiting list at the time a new application period begins must reapply as a new student.
- After collecting the parent or guardian responses, the Academy must determine the following:
 - A. The number of students who have re-enrolled per grade or grouping level.
 - B. The number of siblings or children of employees and Academy Board members seeking admission for the upcoming academic year per grade.
 - C. If space is unavailable, the Academy must develop a waiting list for siblings of re-enrolled students.
 - D. The number of spaces remaining, per grade, after enrollment of current students, siblings, and children of employees and Academy Board members.

David Ellis Academy West

Random Selection Drawing

A random selection drawing is required if the number of applications exceeds the number of available spaces.

Prior to the application period, the Academy shall:

- Establish written procedures for conducting a random selection drawing.
- Establish the maximum number of spaces available per grade or grouping level.
- Establish the date, time, place and person to conduct the random selection drawing.
- Notify the Charter Schools Office of both the application period and the date
 of the random selection drawing, if needed. The Charter Schools Office may
 have a representative on-site to monitor the random selection drawing process.

The Academy shall use a credible, neutral "third party" such as a CPA firm, government official, ISD official or civic leader to conduct the random selection drawing. Further, the Academy shall:

- Conduct the random selection drawing at a public meeting where parents, community members and the public may observe the process.
- Use numbers, letters, or another system that guarantees fairness and does not give an advantage to any applicant.

The Academy shall notify applicants not chosen in the random selection drawing that they were not selected and that their name has been placed on the Academy's official waiting list for openings that may occur during the academic year. Students shall appear on the official waiting list in the order they were selected in the random selection drawing.

LAN01\252295.1 ID\JTHA - 078905/0001

Tab G

SECTION G SCHOOL CALENDAR AND SCHOOL DAY SCHEDULE

SECTION 7g: SCHOOL CALENDAR AND SCHOOL DAY SCHEDULE

School Calendar

The Academy's school calendar shall comply with the Code and the School Aid Act of 1979. The Academy Board must submit a copy of the Academy's school calendar to the College Board.

School Day Schedule

The Academy Board must structure the Academy's school day schedule to meet the required number of instructional days and hours as set forth in the Code and the Act. The Academy Board must submit the school day schedule to the College Board prior to the commencement of each academic year.

Tab H

SECTION H AGE OR GRADE RANGE OF PUPILS

SECTION 7h: AGE OR GRADE RANGE OF PUPILS

The Academy plans to enroll students in pre-kindergarten through eighth grade and may add grades with the prior written approval of the Charter Schools Office Director or the College Board.

Students of the Academy will be children who have reached the age of five (5) as set forth in MCL 380.1147. A child may enroll in kindergarten if the child is at least 5 years of age on September 1, 2018.

If a child is not 5 years of age on the specified enrollment eligibility date but will be 5 years of age not later than December 1 of a school year, the parent or legal guardian of that child may enroll the child in kindergarten for that school year if the parent or legal guardian notifies the school in a timely manner.

4849-0572-5275.1 078905\000001



Science 1 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Questio	al / Focus ns	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
1: Propertie s of Objects (Week 1, 13 Weeks)	How are scientific properties used to choose materials for solving engineering challenges?	In this physical science unit, children develop skills in using the appropriate senses to make purposeful observations of the properties of a variety of objects and materials. They investigate the observable physical attributes of color, shape, size, sinking, floating, texture and magnetic attraction. Children explore the properties of water in its solid and liquid state. They plan and conduct investigations collaboratively to produce data to serve as the basis for evidence to answer a question or solve a problem.	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.	2.	How are observab le propertie s used to organize objects? What objects or materials do magnets attract and repel? How are the physical propertie s of a solid and a liquid different? How do propertie s of materials help solve engineeri ng problems?	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking	Unit 1 Lesson Resourc e Packet	Liquids and Solids in My Home.docx Magnetic or Non- Magnetic.doc Sink or Float.doc Using Our Senses to Investigate.docx What is a Property.docx Science Notebook Template grd 1.doc Concepts ar Teaching Points - Unit 1- Grade Final.docx ELA Teaching Points and Focus Questions - Unit 1- Grade 1 Boat Design Report Letter Home for Engineering

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Children use their understanding of properties of materials to design a device that solves a specific problem.	W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.				Projects My Observations
		MI: GLCE: Science				
		1st Grade				
		Discipline 1: Science Processes				
		Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.				
		S.IP.01.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.				
		S.IP.01.12 Generate				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence
		questions based on observations.			
		S.IP.01.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations.			
		S.IP.01.16 Construct simple charts from data and observations.			
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.			
		S.IA.01.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.			
		S.IA.01.14 Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make observations, conduct simple investigations,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and watch a video).				
		Discipline 2: Physical Science				
		Properties of Matter K-7 Standard P.PM:				
		Develop an understanding that all				
		matter has observable attributes with				
		physical and chemical				
		properties that are described, measured,				
		and compared. Understand that				
		states of matter exist as solid, liquid, or				
		gas; and have				
		physical and chemical properties.				
		Understand all matter is composed of				
		combinations of elements, which are				
		organized by common attributes and				
		characteristics on the				
		Periodic Table. Understand that				
		substances can be classified as mixtures				
		or compounds and				
		according to their physical and chemical				
		properties. P.PM.E.1 Physical				
		Properties- All objects and substances have				
		physical properties that can be measured.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		P.PM.01.11 Demonstrate the ability to sort objects according to observable attributes such as color, shape, size, sinking or floating.				
		P.PM.E.2 States of Matter- Matter exists in several different states: solids, liquids and gases. Each state of matter has unique physical properties. Gases are easily compressed but liquids and solids do not compress easily. Solids have their own particular shapes, but liquids and gases take the shape of the container.				
		P.PM.01.21 Demonstrate that water as a solid keeps its own shape (ice).				
		P.PM.01.22 Demonstrate that water as a liquid takes on the shape of various containers.				
		P.PM.E.3 Magnets- Magnets can repel or attract other magnets. Magnets can also attract magnetic objects. Magnets can				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Fo	ocus	Thinking	Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			attract and repel at a distance. P.PM.01.31 Identify materials that are attracted by magnets. P.PM.01.32 Observe that like poles of a magnet repel and unlike poles of a magnet attract. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All						
2: Weather and Seasons (Week 14, 7 Weeks)	How do scientists observe, record and compare changes in weather?	The first learning cycle focuses on the study of weather and how it changes from day-to-day. Students identify local weather conditions such as temperature, cloud cover, precipitation and wind. After monitoring temperature changes that occur during different types of the day, they	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write	in wea do scie observation over time 3. How	ather entists erve y? at erns ather entists erve r e?		Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and	Unit 2 Lesson Resourc e Packet	Weather Observation Report -(13).doc Anemometer Design Report.docx Cycle 1- Teaching Points.docx Cycle 3 - Seasonal Weather Patterns.docx Cylce 2 Teaching points.docx How-to Book

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	plan and conduct an investigation of day to day temperature patterns. In the second learning cycle students take on the role of meteorologists. They research severe weather descriptions in order to determine appropriate safety recommendation s. Students design, build and use weather monitoring tools to investigate current weather patterns. They prepare and present an oral weather report which includes a forecast based on the weather data patterns they recorded.	informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.1.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a	communi cate informati on? 4. How is the work of scientists and engineer s related?	communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking		Planning Sheet.docx Precipitation Measuring Tool Design Process.docx Text Feature Authors Use.docx Anemometer Example .doc Class Thermometer Template.docx Engineering Materials Letter.docx Anemometer Example .doc Class Thermometer Template.docx Four Seasons Sorting Materials Letter.docx Four Seasons Sorting Mat .docx Four Seasons Weather Book Page.doc How do I Choose What to

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		sequence of instructions).				Wear.docx Precipitation
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.				Graph .doc Precipitation Measuring Tool Design Report .doc Sky Graph.doc Temperature Graph.doc
		W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.				Temperature Patterns Investigation Reportdocx.docx Temperature Through the Day .doc
		MI: GLCE: Science 1st Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes				Weather Words and Tools I Know- (1).doc Weather
		Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves				Words.docx Wind Graph (15).doc Sample Calendar for Grade 1 Weathe
		observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry				Hot and Cold Pictures Sample Science Report Weather Words and Tools
		involves generating questions, conducting				Scientists Use Weather

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.				Pictures Grade 1 Earth Science Weather Overview 1-3-
		S.IP.01.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.				15.doc Sample Science Report 2-20-15.doc Weather
		S.IP.01.12 Generate questions based on observations.				Observation Report 2-3- 15.doc
		S.IP.01.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations.				Weather Words and Tools Scientists Use 2- 3-15.doc
		S.IP.01.14 Manipulate simple tools (for example: hand lens, pencils, rulers, thermometers, rain gauges, balances, nonstandard objects for measurement) that aid observation and data collection.				Anemometer Design Report 1- 3-15.docx ELA and Science Teaching Points Weather and Seasons 3-16- 15.docx
		S.IP.01.15 Make accurate measurements with appropriate (nonstandard) units for the measurement tool.				Engineering Materials Letter 2-3-15.docx How do I Choose What to Wear 2-3-
		S.IP.01.16 Construct simple charts from data and observations. Inquiry Analysis and				Precipitation Measuring Tool Design Process 8-24-15.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding S	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.				Seasonal Weather Patterns Investigation Plan 2-20- 15.docx Temperature Patterns Investigation Report 2-3- 15.docx
		S.IA.01.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation.				
		S.IA.01.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.				
		S.IA.01.14 Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make observations, conduct simple investigations, and watch a video).				
		Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history.				
		S.RS.01.11 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.				
		S.RS.01.12 Recognize that science investigations are done				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		more than one time.				
		Discipline 4: Earth Science E.ES.E.2 Weather-				
		Weather changes from day to day and over the seasons.				
		E.ES.01.21 Compare daily changes in the weather related to temperature (cold, hot, warm, cool); cloud cover (cloudy, partly cloudy, foggy) precipitation (rain, snow, hail, freezing rain); wind (breezy, windy, calm).				
		E.ES.01.22 Describe and compare weather related to the four seasons in terms of temperature, cloud cover, precipitation, and wind.				
		E.ES.01.23 Describe severe weather characteristics.				
		E.ES.01.24 Describe precautions that should be taken for human safety during severe weather conditions (thunder and lightning, tornadoes, strong winds, heavy precipitation).				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinkin	g Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			E.ES.E.3 Weather Measurement- Scientists use tools for observing, recording, and predicting weather changes.					
			E.ES.01.31 Identify the tools that might be used to measure temperature, precipitation, cloud cover and wind.					
			E.ES.01.32 Observe and collect data of weather conditions over a period of time.					
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
3: The Sun Warms the Earth (Week 21, 8 Weeks)	How do scientists investigate and explain the Sun's affect on the Earth?	In the first cycle of this Earth Science unit, students explore the relationship between the Sun's warmth and the seasonal weather patterns investigation in Grade 1 Unit 2: Weather and	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information	 How does the Sun affect the Earth's temperat ure? How does the Sun appear to move 	•	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions Developing	OS SCOPE Sun Warms the Earth 12-18- 15.doc	Sunrise Times Chart.docx ELA Teaching Point and Focus Questions - Uni 3 Cycle 1.docx Hours of Sunlight and Temperature.do

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Seasons. They investigate how sunlight affects the temperature of soil and water. Students use their knowledge of the Sun's heat and the engineering process to build a solar oven. The second cycle focuses on the apparent movement of the sun across the sky, creating night and day. Students build a solar clock to demonstrate how the shadows caused by the Sun move as the day progresses. They produce a poster designed to explain to others how the Sun warms the Earth and moves across the sky. Unit 3 as a Word Document	clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.1.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions). 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each	in predictab le patterns across the sky? 3. What causes day and night? 4. How can the Sun's heat be used to solve problems?	and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking		Hours of Sunlight Chart 2014.docx Sunrise Sunset 2014.xlsx Exploring the Sun's Warmth Solar Oven Design Report Where is the Sun Exploring the Sun's Warmth Report Letter Home for Engineering Projects Sun Warms the Earth Solar Oven Project 3-2- 15.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.				
		W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.				
		MI: Science (2015) 1st Grade				
		Space Systems: Patterns and Cycles Space Systems: Patterns and Cycles				
		1-ESS1-1 Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.				
		MI: GLCE: Science 1st Grade				
		Discipline 4: Earth Science Earth Systems K-7 Standard E.ES:				
		Develop an understanding of the warming of the Earth by the sun as the major source of				
		energy for phenomenon on Earth and how the sun's warming relates to				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Questio	al / Focus ns	Thinkin	g Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			weather, climate, seasons, and the water cycle. Understand how human interaction and use of natural resources affects the environment. E.ES.E.1 Solar Energy- The sun warms the land, air and water and helps plants grow.						
			E.ES.01.11 Identify the sun as the most important source of heat which warms the land, air, and water of the Earth.						
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.						
4: Animal Life (Week 29, 8 Weeks)	How do animals grow, change, and survive in their habitats?	The first grade life science curriculum builds on the students' prior knowledge of living and nonliving things and the basic needs of all living things. Students explore the	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine		How do animals grow and change over time? What character istics (body parts)	•	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions	Unit 4 Lesson Resourc e Packet	All About Book.docx Animal Habitat Photographs.doc X Bird Beaks.docx Bird Pictures.docx

Unit (Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	development of animals through the basic life cycle: egg, young and adult, and egg, larva, pupa and adult. They make connections between young and adult and recognize characteristics that are passed from parent to young. Students investigate animal body parts and their functions. They use their findings to invent an animal, choose a habitat, and assign appropriate body parts to help the animal survive in the habitat.	and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under	are passed on from parents to their young? 3. How do physical character istics and adaptatio ns help animals survive?	 Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking 		Chicken Life Cycle Stages.doc Design a Solution Report.docx Mealworm Life Cycle Stages.doc Mealworm Observation Template.doc dult and Baby Animal Body Part Pictures ELA and Science Teaching Points Grd 1 Unit Hidden Animals Powerpoint Photos of Dogs and Puppies Who Is The Mommy Assessment Adult and Baby Animals Photos 4-29- 15.ppt

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		investigation.				
		W.1.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).				
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.				
		W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.				
		MI: GLCE: Science				
		1st Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing,				

Unit Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Standards / Content Expectations Questions Thinking Strategies Lesson Questions Questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions	Resources
investigating, recording, and developing solutions	
to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.	
S.IP.01.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.	
S.IP.01.12 Generate questions based on observations.	
S.IP.01.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations.	
S.IP.01.14 Manipulate simple tools (for example: hand lens, pencils, rulers, thermometers, rain gauges, balances, nonstandard objects for measurement) that aid observation and data collection.	
S.IP.01.16 Construct simple charts from data and observations.	

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.				
		S.IA.01.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation.				
		S.IA.01.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.				
		S.IA.01.14 Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make observations, conduct simple investigations, and watch a video).				
		Discipline 3: Life Science Organization of Living				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	S	Things K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop an understanding that plants and animals (including humans) have basic requirements for maintaining life which include the need for air, water and a source of energy. Understand that all life forms can be classified as producers, consumers, or decomposers as they are all part of a global food chain where food/energy is supplied by plants which need light to produce food/energy. Develop an understanding that plants and animals can be classified by observable traits and physical characteristics. Understand that all living organisms are composed of cells and they exhibit cell growth and division. Understand that all plants and animals have a definite life				
		cycle, body parts, and systems to perform				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		specific life functions. L.OL.E.1 Life Requirements- Organisms have basic needs. Animals and plants need air, water, and food. Plants also require light. Plants and animals use food as a source of energy and as a source of building material for growth and repair.				
		L.OL.01.13 Identify the needs of animals.				
		L.OL.E.2 Life Cycles- Plants and animals have life cycles. Both plants and animals begin life and develop into adults, reproduce, and eventually die. The details of this life cycle are different for different organisms.				
		L.OL.01.21 Describe the life cycle of animals including the following stages: egg, young, adult; egg, larva, pupa, adult.				
		Heredity K-7 Standard L.HE: Develop an understanding that all life forms must reproduce to survive.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Understand that characteristics of mature plants and animals may be inherited or acquired and that only inherited traits are passed on to their young. Understand that inherited traits can be influenced by changes in the environment and by genetics. L.HE.E.1 Observable Characteristics-Plants and animals share many, but not all, characteristics of their parents.				
		L.HE.01.11 Identify characteristics (for example: body coverings, beak shape, number of legs, body parts) that are passed on from parents to young.				
		L.HE.01.12 Classify young animals based on characteristics that are passed on from parents (for example: dogs/puppies, cats/kittens, cows/calves, chicken/chicks).				
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
NEW Michigan Science Standard						
s (Week 1, 37 Weeks)						



Science 2 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Question		Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
1: Properties of Materials and Mixtures (Week 2, 10	How are scientific properties used to choose materials to solve	In this unit, students develop competence identifying, classifying,	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K- 5 MI: Grade 2		How do we use our senses to describe propertie	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions	Unit 1 Lesson Resourc e Packet	Best Benders (Activity 6).docx Guess My Object (Activity 3).docx Material Hardness (Activity 5).docx
Weeks)	problems?		properties of objects. They use their informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. Properties of objects. They use their parts. They use this knowledge to choose objects that have writing solutions information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.2.2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex writing informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex writing informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex writing informative/explanato ry texts to examine selection.	s of Dev materials mod? Reference Properties and s to infor classify Plar materials out i? Reference Properties and s to infor classify Plar materials out i? Reference Properties and s to infor classify Plar materials and and s to the properties and the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties	Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking		Moving Day Help (Activity 1).docx Moving Day Sorting (Activity 8).docx Potpourri Recipe Card.doc Properties of Materials Song (Activity 7).docx Properties	
			texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.	4.	measure propertie s of materials ? How do			Speaker Letter (Activity 11).docx Property Word Sort (Activity 7).docx Sorting in My Life (Activity 7).docx
			5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.	5.	we make and separate mixtures ? How do we know			Mystery Crystals (Activity 12).docx Clean Up That Spill Investigation Form.docx
			W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a		which materials could be			Mixtures in My Life (Activity 9).docx Potpourri Parent

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.	used solve engineeri		Letter (Activity 10).docx Potpourri Planning
		Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	ng challeng es?		Guide.docx Science Notebook Grid Template.doc Science Notebook Observation Template.doc Science Notebook Template.doc OS Scope Properties of Material & Mixtures-1 Unit Pla
		W.2.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).			1-23-15.doc Examples of Mixtures and Tools Photos Property Word Sort Testing Paper
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.			Absorbency Which Container Record Sheet Potpourri Parent Letter ELA Teaching Points and Focus Questions - Grade 2 Unit 1
		W.2.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.			Absorbency investigation Powerpoint.ppt What is a Mixture 10-1-16.ppt Examples of

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		MI: GLCE: Science 2nd Grade			Mixtures and Tools Photos 10-1-16.pptx
		Discipline 1: Science Processes	-		
		Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.			
		S.IP.02.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.			
		S.IP.02.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations.			
		S.IP.02.14 Manipulate simple tools (ruler, meter stick, measuring cups, hand lens, thermometer, balance) that aid observation			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		and data collection.			
		S.IP.02.15 Make accurate measurements with appropriate units (meter, centimeter) for the measurement tool.			
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.			
		S.IA.02.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation.			
		S.IA.02.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.			
		S.IA.02.14 Develop strategies and skills for information gathering and problem solving (books, internet, ask an			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		expert, observation, investigation, technology tools).			
		or compounds and according to their physical and chemical properties. P.PM.E.1 Physical			
		Properties- All objects and substances have			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		physical properties that can be measured.			
		P.PM.02.12 Describe objects and substances according to their properties (color, size, shape, texture, hardness, liquid or solid, sinking or floating).			
		P.PM.02.13 Measure the length of objects using rulers (centimeters) and meter sticks (meters).			
		P.PM.E.4 Material Composition- Some objects are composed of a single substance, while other objects are composed of more than one substance.			
		P.PM.02.41 Recognize that some objects are composed of a single substance (water, sugar, salt) and others are composed of more than one substance (salt and pepper, mixed dry beans).			
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
2: Uses and Properties of Water (Week 12, 9 Weeks)	Why do we need to conserve water?	In this earth science unit, students conduct interviews and observe their environment in order to better understand why we need water. They explore maps, pictures, and other graphic resources to discover where water is found on the earth. Students are presented with information about the approximate percentage of fresh drinking water on Earth and explore how different tools can be used to clean up polluted water. They compare their results with information on how experts clean polluted water.	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.2.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by	 Where is water found? (location s) Why do we need water? (uses) How does water change form? (solid,liq uid) How can we clean up dirty water? How can we 	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking	Unit 2 Lesson Resourc e Packet	Forms of Precipitation.doc Guess My Object.doc How My Family Uses Water.docx Images of bodies of water.docx Images of water in liquid and solid states.docx Persuasive Letter Paper For Evaluate.docx Photos of Tools for Volume.doc Water Down the Drain Homework.doc Water Test.docx ELA Teaching Points and Focus Questions - Grade 2 Unit 2 Poster Engineering Design Process Dirty Water Challenge Cleaning Up Water 12-16.docx Keeping Water Solid Design Report 8-24-15.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	act Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Students conduct a investigati compare he much water used when tap is and not turned while brus teeth. The conclude of first cycle writing a persuasive	and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under				
	letter to persuade friend or relative to conserve water. Students texamine h	writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).				
	water can in liquid or solid form work with properties both state and look for examples water in both states (rai	8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while				
	dew, fog, snow, hail They concept the unit us their understan of properti water to keice cubes	W.2.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. MI: GLCE: Science				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
	melting and to describe a mystery material. Uses & Properties of Water Unit Plan-1	Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.			
		S.IP.02.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.			
		S.IP.02.12 Generate questions based on observations.			
		S.IP.02.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations. S.IP.02.14 Manipulate simple tools (ruler, meter stick, measuring cups, hand lens, thermometer, balance)			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract S	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		that aid observation and data collection.			
		S.IP.02.15 Make accurate measurements with appropriate units (meter, centimeter) for the measurement tool.			
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.			
		S.IA.02.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation.			
		S.IA.02.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.			
		S.IA.02.14 Develop strategies and skills for information gathering and problem solving			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		(books, internet, ask an expert, observation, investigation, technology tools).			
		Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history and within society.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		S.RS.02.11 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.			
		S.RS.02.13 Recognize that when a science investigation is done the way it was done before, similar results are expected.			
		S.RS.02.15 Use evidence when communicating scientific ideas.			
		Discipline 2: Physical Science Properties of Matter K-7 Standard P.PM: Develop an understanding that all matter has observable attributes with physical and chemical properties that are described, measured, and compared Understand that states of matter exist as solid, liquid, or gas; and have physical and chemical properties. Understand all matter is composed of combinations of			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		organized by common attributes and characteristics on the Periodic Table. Understand that substances can be classified as mixtures or compounds and according to their physical and chemical properties. P.PM.E.1 Physical Properties- All objects and substances have physical properties that can be measured.			
		P.PM.02.14 Measure the volume of liquids using common measuring tools (measuring cups, measuring spoons).			
		Discipline 4: Earth Science Fluid Earth K-7 Standard E.FE: Develop an understanding that Earth is a planet nearly covered with water and that water on Earth can be found in three states, solid, liquid, and gas. Understand how water on Earth moves in predictable patterns. Understand			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		Earth's atmosphere as a mixture of gases and water vapor. E.FE.E.1 Water- Water is a natural resource and is found under the ground, on the surface of the earth, and in the sky. It exists in three states (liquid, solid, gas) and can go back and forth from one form to another.			
		E.FE.02.11 Identify water sources (wells, springs, lakes, rivers, oceans).			
		E.FE.02.12 Identify household uses of water (drinking, cleaning, food preparation).			
		E.FE.02.13 Describe the properties of water as a liquid (visible, flowing, shape of container and recognize rain, dew, and fog as water in its liquid state.			
		E.FE.02.14 Describe the properties of water as a solid (hard, visible, frozen, cold) and recognize ice, snow, and hail as water in its solid state.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essenti Questio	al / Focus ons	Thinking) Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.						
3: Earth's Surface Features (Week 21, 8 Weeks)	How are landforms built up and broken down?	In the prior unit, students learned about water sources & bodies of water. In this earth science unit, students use photographs and globes to compare landforms in their area to landforms from another area. They write a Landform Concept book for kindergartener s, showing relative size and shape. Students observe and discuss a model of wind and water erosion. They view videos on earthquakes	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.2.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a	1. 2. 3.	Which of the earth's features are found in or near our community? How do the features in our community differ from those in other communities? How does water move on the surface of the earth? How do water & wind	•	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicatin g information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking	Unit 3 Lesson Resourc e Packet	Camel Landform Homework.docx How Does Wind and Water Change the Land.doc Landform Concept Book Page (5).doc Landform Concept Book Planning Page.docx Landform Photos.pptx Landform Poem.docx Landform PowerPoint.ppt Landform Riddles.docx Landform ScienceNotebooks.do cx Model to Stop Erosion Report.docx Modeling Dough Request Letter.doc Weathering and erosion in my neighborhood.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
	and volcanoes to see why landforms change shape and size. Students use engineering design and revise their own model of how to slow down erosion. Lastly, they create their own make believe community containing labeled surface features and answer questions about how land is built up and broken down. Unit Overview - Earths Surface Features-2	W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.2.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).	change the shape of the land?		Map Michigan 2016.pdf Map of Midwest US 2016.pdf Landform Photos (Smith's Vacation) 2016.pptx Landform Page 2016.doc Solving Erosion Report 7-30-16.docx Changes in my neighborhood 7-30- 2016.docx Comparing Place 7-30-16.docx ELA Teaching Points Earth's Surface 3 9-27-16.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		information from provided sources to answer a question.			
		MI: Science (2015) 2nd Grade			
		Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth			
		2-ESS2-2 Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.			
		2-ESS2-2 MI Develop a model to represent the state of Michigan and the Great Lakes, or a more local land area and water body			
		MI: GLCE: Science			
		2nd Grade Discipline 1:			
		Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding Unit Abstract s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.			
		S.IP.02.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.			
		S.IP.02.12 Generate questions based on observations.			
		S.IP.02.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations.			
		S.IP.02.14 Manipulate simple tools (ruler, meter stick, measuring cups, hand lens, thermometer, balance) that aid observation and data collection.			
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.			
		S.IA.02.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation.			
		S.IA.02.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.			
		S.IA.02.14 Develop strategies and skills for information gathering and problem solving (books, internet, ask an expert, observation, investigation, technology tools).			
		Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Resources Sequence
		importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history and within society.			
		S.RS.02.13 Recognize that when a science investigation is done the way it was done before, similar results are expected.			
		Discipline 4: Earth Science Solid Earth K-7 Standard E.SE: Develop an understanding of the properties of earth materials and how those properties make materials useful. Understand			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		gradual and rapid changes in earth materials and features of the surface of Earth. Understand magnetic properties of Earth. E.SE.E.2 Surface Changes- The surface of Earth changes. Some changes are due to slow processes, such as erosion and weathering, and some changes are due to rapid processes, such as landslides, volcanic eruptions, and earthquakes.			
		E.SE.02.21 Describe the major landforms of the surface of the Earth (mountains, plains, plateaus, valleys, hills).			
		E.FE.E.2 Water Movement- Water moves in predictable patterns.			
		E.FE.02.21 Describe how rain collects on the surface of the Earth and flows downhill into bodies of water (streams, rivers, lakes, oceans) or into the ground.			
		E.FE.02.22 Describe the major bodies of			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategi	es Lesson Sequence	Resources
			water on the Earth's surface (lakes, ponds, oceans, rivers, streams).				
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
4: Plant Growth and Developme nt (Week 29, 8 Weeks)	How does the surrounding environment affect how a plant grows & changes?	Students observe a dying plant to predict what conditions they need to change to help it survive. They design systems to encourage plant growth and test conditions plants need to survive (water, warmth, light, air). Students make observations to construct evidence- based explanations of how each part of a plant helps the plant	MI: Grade 2 Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.2.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to	 Why are some plants alike and different? What are the conditions that all plants need to grow and survive? How do plants change as they grow? Why are plant parts importan? 	Designing Identifyin Inferring Observin Predicting Question	ng 4 ng Lesson ig Resourc g e Packet g	Fruit Dissection Recording Sheet.doc Animals Help Plant Seeds.pptx Diagram of a Seed.doc Friendly Letter Paper.docx Making a Plant Model 12-14.docx Master Gardener help letter.docx The Life Cycle of a Tomato Plant Diagram.docx Plant Growth Record.doc Plant Observation Log.docx Seed Observations and Predictions.doc Student Notebook Sample Pages.pdf

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	survive. The match seeds and seedling to adult plant based on the characteristi of the plants (for example leaf shape, flower type, color, size) and draw who baby plants probably loo like based of the characteristi of the adult plant. Stude discover that plants go through predictable I cycles (seed seedling, plants producing seeds) and record observations their notebooks about the	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.2.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of				Master Gardener Letter ELA Teaching points-Plant Growth and Development 7- 29-15.docx Bean Seed Dissection 7-29- 15.doc
	growth of a bean plant through its li cycle. They demonstrate what they've learned by acting as a	digital sources, assess the credibility				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
	master gardener to give advice or what to do to help a dying plant and they will create the model of a	experiences or gather			
	plant with all o its labeled parts.	MI: GLCE: Science 2nd Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes	-		
		Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.			
		S.IP.02.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.			
		S.IP.02.12 Generate questions based on			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		observations.			
		S.IP.02.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations.			
		S.IP.02.14 Manipulate simple tools (ruler, meter stick, measuring cups, hand lens, thermometer, balance) that aid observation and data collection.			
		S.IP.02.15 Make accurate measurements with appropriate units (meter, centimeter) for the measurement tool.			
		S.IP.02.16 Construct simple charts and graphs from data and observations.			
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology.			
		S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		investigations.			
		S.IA.02.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation.			
		S.IA.02.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.			
		Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		analysis of evidence that guides decision- making and the application of science throughout history and within society.				
		S.RS.02.11 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.				
		S.RS.02.15 Use evidence when communicating scientific ideas.				
		Discipline 3: Life Science Organization of Living Things K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop an understanding that plants and animals (including humans) have basic requirements for maintaining life which include the need for air, water and a source of energy. Understand that all life forms can be classified as producers, consumers, or decomposers as they are all part of a global food chain where				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources	
		food/energy is supplied by plants which need light to produce food/energy. Develop an understanding that plants and animals can be classified by observable traits and physical characteristics. Understand that all living organisms are composed of cells and they exhibit cell growth and division. Understand that all plants and animals have a definite life cycle, body parts, and systems to perform specific life functions. L.OL.E.1 Life Requirements-Organisms have basic needs. Animals and plants need air, water, and food. Plants also require light. Plants and animals use food as a source of energy and as a source of building material for growth and repair. L.OL.02.14 Identify the needs of plants.				
		L.OL.E.2 Life Cycles- Plants and animals have life cycles. Both				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence Resources
		plants and animals begin life and develop into adults, reproduce, and eventually die. The details of this life cycle are different for different organisms.			
		L.OL.02.22 Describe the life cycle of familiar flowering plants including the following stages: seed, plant, flower, and fruit.			
		Heredity K-7 Standard L.HE: Develop an understanding that all life forms must reproduce to survive. Understand that characteristics of mature plants and animals may be inherited or acquired and that only inherited traits are passed on to their young. Understand			
		that inherited traits can be influenced by changes in the environment and by genetics. L.HE.E.1 Observable Characteristics- Plants and animals share many, but not all, characteristics of their parents.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding S	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		L.HE.02.13 Identify characteristics of plants (for example: leaf shape, flower type, color, size) that are passed on from parents to young.				
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
NEW Michigan Science Standards (Week 1, 37 Weeks)						



Science 3 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
1: Changes in Motion (Week 1, 10 Weeks)	How can engineers use their understanding of force and motion to solve problems?	Students extend their Kindergarten understanding of force as a push or pull by investigating the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object. They compare the cause and effect relationships between two objects in contact with objects not in contact with each other. Students learn that forces interact with each other and can be used to move an object, change direction of an object, or stop an object in motion. They apply this understanding to an engineering challenge. OS Scope	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.3.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas	 How do we describe motion? What are forces and how do they cause change in motion? How can we use patterns of motion to solve problems? 	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking	Unit 1 Lesson Resource Packet	Balanced and Unbalanced Force Diagrams.docx Engineering Design Log Playground.docx Engineering Design Process Poster.doc Explanation of Force Arrows and Tug of War.doc Force and Motion Vocabulary Cards.docx Force Arrow Template.docx Frayer Model of Force.doc Magnet Maze Template.doc Magnet Maze Template.doc Make It Move.doc Motion at Home.docx Sample photos of Roller Coaster.doc Ramps and Motion

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Forces and Motion-3 Unit	within categories of information.				Concept Map Grade 3 unit 3
		<u>Overview</u>	W.3.2d. Provide a concluding statement or section.				without extra arrow Engineering Design Log Roller
			5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.				Coaster Design ELA Teaching Points - Changes in Motion Teaching Points Engineering
			W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.				Design Team Reflections - Roller Comparing Vehicle Mass to Speed 7-15-15.doc Engineering
			Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.				Design Log Roller Coaster Design 7- 15-15.docx Engineering Design Team Reflections - Roller.docx Surfaces and Speed 7-15-15.doc Comparing
			W.3.7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.				Vehicle Mass to Speed 7-15-15.doc
			8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.				
		W.3.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.				
		MI: Science (2015) 3rd Grade				
		Engineering Design Engineering Design				
		3-5-ETS1-1 Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.				
		3-5-ETS1-2 Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.				
		3-5-ETS1-3 Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Un Understandings	it Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			can be improved.				
			Forces and Interactions				
			Forces and Interactions				
			3-PS2-3 Ask questions to determine cause and effect relationships of electric or magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.				
			3-PS2-4 Define a simple design problem that can be solved by applying scientific ideas about magnets.				
			MI: GLCE: Science				
			3rd Grade				
			Discipline 1: Science Processes				
			Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and				
			reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to				
			problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting				
			investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			observation.				
			S.IP.03.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.				
			S.IP.03.14 Manipulate simple tools that aid observation and data collection (for example: hand lens, balance, ruler, meter stick, measuring cup, thermometer, spring scale, stop watch/timer).				
			S.IP.03.16 Construct simple charts and graphs from data and observations.				
			Discipline 2: Physical Science				
			Force and Motion K-7 Standard P.FM: Develop an understanding that the position and/or motion of an object is relative to a point of reference. Understand forces affect the motion and speed of an object and that the net force on an object is the total of all of the forces acting on				
			it. Understand the Earth pulls down on objects with a force called gravity. Develop an understanding that some forces are in direct contact with				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			objects, while other forces are not in direct contact with objects. P.FM.E.2 Gravity- Earth pulls down on all objects with a force called gravity. With very few exceptions, objects fall to the ground no matter where the object is on the Earth.				
			P.FM.03.22 Identify the force that pulls objects towards the Earth.				
			P.FM.E.3 Force- A force is either a push or a pull. The motion of objects can be changed by forces. The size of the change is related to the size of the force. The change is also related to the weight (mass) of the object on which the force is being exerted. When an object does not move in response to a force, it is because another force is being applied by the environment.				
			P.FM.03.35 Describe how a push or a pull is a force.				
			P.FM.03.37 Demonstrate how the change in motion of an object is related to the strength of				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Question	al / Focus ns	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			the force acting upon the object and to the mass of the object.					
			P.FM.03.38 Demonstrate when an object does not move in response to a force, it is because another force is acting on it.					
			P.FM.E.4 Speed- An object is in motion when its position is changing. The speed of an object is defined by how far it travels in a standard amount of time.					
			P.FM.03.41 Describe the motion of objects in terms of direction.					
			P.FM.03.42 Identify changes in motion (change direction, speeding up, slowing down).					
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
2: Light and Sound	How are light and sound produced and how do they	In this physical science unit students investigate the	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5		How does light travel? How do	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking	Unit 2 Lesson Resource Packet	Investigating Materials and Light Report.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
(Week 11, 10 Weeks)	travel?	properties of light and sound. In the first learning cycle, they identify various light sources, investigate with how light travels. Students design and conduct an investigation examining how different types of materials interact with lights path. They conclude this cycle by applying their understanding of how light behaves to the design and construction of a mobile made of reflective, opaque, transparent and translucent materials. In the second learning cycle, students identify sound as another form of energy. Through exploration, they learn that sound is produced when objects vibrate. They investigate how	MI: Grade 3 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.3.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d. Provide a concluding statement or section. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing,	we see objects that do not make light? 3. How are sounds produced? 4. How can sounds be changed to make music? 5. How do different materials interact with light and sound energy? 6. How do sound and light energy compare?	questions and defining problems Constructing explanations and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking		Sound Producing Stations .doc Changing Sounds 7-22-15.doc Design a Musical Instrument Parent Letter 7-22- 15.doc ELA Teaching Points Grade 3 Light and Sound 8- 3-15.docx Investigating Materials and Light Report 8-2-15.docx Scienctific Explanation Sheet.docx Sound Producing Centers 7-22-15.doc Making Music 7- 22-15.doc

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		to change the pitch and loudness of sound produced by different vibrating materials. Students apply their understanding of sound in the	rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. Research to Build and				
		design and creation of a musical instrument. They conclude the unit by comparing and contrasting sound and light energy.	Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.				
		Unit Plan	W.3.7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.				
			8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.				
			W.3.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			categories.				
			MI: GLCE: Science				
			3rd Grade				
			Discipline 1: Science Processes				
			Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation.				
			S.IP.03.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses.				
			S.IP.03.12 Generate questions based on observations.				
			S.IP.03.16 Construct simple charts and graphs from data and observations.				
			Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA:				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.				
			S.IA.03.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation in collaborative groups.				
			Discipline 2: Physical Science Energy K-7 Standard P.EN: Develop an understanding that there are many forms of energy (such as heat, light, sound, and electrical) and that energy is transferable by convection, conduction, or radiation. Understand energy can be in motion, called kinetic; or it can be stored, called potential. Develop an understanding that as				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			temperature increases, more energy is added to a system. Understand nuclear reactions in the sun produce light and heat for the Earth. P.EN.E.1 Forms of Energy- Heat, electricity, light, and sound are forms of energy.				
			P.EN.03.11 Identify light and sound as forms of energy.				
			P.EN.E.2 Light Properties- Light travels in a straight path. Shadows result from light not being able to pass through an object. When light travels at an angle from one substance to another (air and water), it changes direction.				
			P.EN.03.21 Demonstrate that light travels in a straight path and that shadows are made by placing an object in a path of light.				
			P.EN.03.22 Observe what happens to light when it travels from air to water (a straw half in the water and half in the air looks bent).				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			P.EN.E.3 Sound- Vibrating objects produce sound. The pitch of sound varies by changing the rate of vibration.				
			P.EN.03.31 Relate sounds to their sources of vibrations (for example: a musical note produced by a vibrating guitar string, the sounds of a drum made by the vibrating drum head).				
			P.EN.03.32 Distinguish the effect of fast or slow vibrations as pitch.				
			Properties of Matter K-7 Standard P.PM: Develop an understanding that all matter has observable attributes with physical and chemical properties that are described, measured, and compared. Understand that states of matter exist as solid, liquid, or gas; and have physical and chemical properties. Understand all matter is composed of combinations of elements, which are organized by common attributes and characteristics on the Periodic Table. Understand that				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Question		Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			substances can be classified as mixtures or compounds and according to their physical and chemical properties. P.PM.E.5 Conductive and Reflective Properties- Objects vary to the extent they absorb and reflect light energy and conduct heat and electricity.					
			P.PM.03.52 Explain how we need light to see objects: light from a source reflects off objects and enters our eyes.					
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
3: Structures and Functions of Living Things (Week 21, 8 Weeks)	How do plant and animal structures and characteristics help it function in its environment?	This unit is divided into two learning cycles. In the first cycle of this unit students investigate how physical and behavioral characteristics help organisms meet their survival needs	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through		What is the relationsh ip between the structure and the function of plant and animal parts?	Asking questions and defining problems Comparing Classifying Developing and using models Planning and carrying out investigations Analyzing and	Unit 3 Lesson Resource Packet	Animal Adaptation Performance Task.docx Animal Adaptations 7-11- 15.docx Animal Adaptations Three Column Chart 8-6- 15.doc Animal and

Overarchii Unit Enduring Understan	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Initially they investigate the functions of plant parts and relate how these functions and characteristics (e.g., leaf, shape, thorns, odor, and color) assist plants in their survival in specific environments. Students extend their understanding of the relationship between structure and function by identifying and comparing animal structures that assist in foodgetting, protection, support and movement. They explain how these structures have adapted to help the animal survive in their natural habitats. They apply their understanding by creating models of organisms which illustrate and	the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.3.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. W.3.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. W.3.2c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. W.3.2d. Provide a concluding statement or section. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning,	 How do plant and animal adaptations help them meet their survival needs? How do scientists use observable specialized distructures to classify organisms? How do scientists use a classification system to identify plants and animals? 	interpreting data Using mathematics and computational thinking Constructing explanations and designing solutions Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information		Plant Classification 8-6-15.docx Animal Classification .ppt Animal Dichotomous Key Example 8-5-15.doc Animal Dichotomous Key.docx Animal Fact Cards-teacher background.docx Animal Photo and Fact Cards.docx Animal Picture Cards.docx Bird Beak Photos.docx Bird Beak Station Signs.docx Camouflage .pptx Classification chart - blank.doc Design a Plant Action Cards.docx Dichotomous Key for Michigan Trees.docx How Plants Survive 8-5-15.docx Informational Book Notes Taking

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		explain the relationship between structural adaptations and survival. In the second learning cycle, students explore and apply classification systems of living things. They begin by developing systems to sort and identify familiar objects. They examine how distinguishable characteristics are used to classify both plants and animals. Students discover that scientists have developed accepted classification systems to help them study living things. They further their knowledge as they use simple dichotomous keys to identify various Michigan	Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.3.7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.3.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories. MI: GLCE: Science 3rd Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process				Guide7-24-15.docx Leaf Characteristics.doc Leaf Photos.docx Michigan Anima Dichotomous Key.docx Michigan Anima Picture Cards.docx Michigan Animals and Plants Informational Book CheckBric 7-24- 15.docx Michigan Plant and Animal Cards.docx Mystery Photo #1.doc Photos of Michigan Leaves.doc Plant Parts Observation Handout.docx Plant Survival.docx Plant Survival.docx Plants Adaptations.pptx Plants by Desig 8-5-15.docx Sample Photos for Animal Classification Practice .docx Schoolyard Field

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		plants and animals. A focus on Michigan plants and animals brings relevance to student learning. Students apply their developing knowledge of the structures and functions of living thinking in creating books that present these concepts in a text and visual format to share with others.	K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.03.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses. Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.				Research 8-5- 15.docx Schoolyard Survival.docx Shoe chart example.png Venn Diagram.docx Websites for Michigan Habitats Animals Plants.docx Plant Card Game Card Master.docx Plant Card Game Student Pages.docx Plant Card Game Teacher Pages.docx Plant Card Game Teacher Pages.docx Plant Card Game Teacher Pages.docx Platypus Photo .docx

S.IA.03.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation in collaborative groups. Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology.	
Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and	
S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history and within society. S.RS.03.15 Use	

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			evidence when communicating scientific ideas.				
			characteristics. Understand that all living organisms are composed of cells and they exhibit cell growth and division.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			plants and animals have a definite life cycle, body parts, and systems to perform specific life functions. L.OL.E.3 Structures and Functions-Organisms have different structures that serve different functions in growth, survival, and reproduction.				
			L.OL.03.31 Describe the function of the following plant parts: flower, stem, root and leaf.				
			L.OL.03.32 Identify and compare structures in animals used for controlling body temperature, support, movement, food-getting, and protection (for example: fur, wings, teeth, scales).				
			L.OL.E.4 Classification- Organisms can be classified on the basis of observable characteristics.				
			L.OL.03.41 Classify plants on the basis of observable physical characteristics (roots, leaves, stems, and flowers).				
			L.OL.03.42 Classify animals on the basis of				

observable physical characteristics (backbone, body coverings, limbs). Evolution K-7 Standard L.EV: Develop an understanding that plants and animals have observable parts and characteristics that help them survive and flourish in their environments. Understand that fossils provide evidence that life forms have changed over time and were influenced by changes in environmental conditions. Understand that life forms either change (evolve) over time or risk extinction due to environmental changes and describe	Overarching and Unit Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
K-7 Standard L.EV: Develop an understanding that plants and animals have observable parts and characteristics that help them survive and flourish in their environments. Understand that fossils provide evidence that life forms have changed over time and were influenced by changes in environmental conditions. Understand that life forms either change (evolve) over time or risk extinction due to environmental changes and describe			characteristics (backbone, body				
how scientists identify the relatedness of various organisms based on similarities in anatomical features. L.EV.E.1 Environmental Adaptation- Different kinds of organisms have characteristics			Evolution K-7 Standard L.EV: Develop an understanding that plants and animals have observable parts and characteristics that help them survive and flourish in their environments. Understand that fossils provide evidence that life forms have changed over time and were influenced by changes in environmental conditions. Understand that life forms either change (evolve) over time or risk extinction due to environmental changes and describe how scientists identify the relatedness of various organisms based on similarities in anatomical features. L.EV.E.1 Environmental Adaptation- Different kinds of organisms				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			parts in a variety of plants that allow them to live in their environment (leaf shape, thorns, odor, color).				
			L.EV.03.12 Relate characteristics and functions of observable body parts to the ability of animals to live in their environment (sharp teeth, claws, color, body coverings).				
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
4: Earth Materials and Natural Resources (Week 29, 9 Weeks)	How do humans use and impact the Earth's natural resources?	In this earth science unit, students investigate natural resources, particularly those that come from the Earth. The content of this unit has been organized into three learning cycles.	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient	1. How do scientist use observal e properties of Earl materials for identification and classification? 2. How are humans	data Asking questions and defining problems Constructing explanations t and designing solutions	Unit 4 Lesson Resource Packet	AllAboutCoal.pdf Coal Energy.pdf Cookie Mining.pdf Elementary Energy Infobook.pdf Oil gas poster.pdf Renewable Non- Renewable Flyer.pdf Earth Materials and Resources.pptx
		In the first cycle of this unit, students	evidence. W.3.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts,	depende nt on the Earth's	argument from		Mineral Descriptions.doc

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		investigate the properties of a variety of rocks and minerals. They use mineral properties to classify and identify unknown samples. They compare a rock sample and its properties to the minerals from which it is composed. Students are then given an example of Earth materials with a variety of size particles. After using their observations to explain the composition and formation of sand samples, students investigate and compare the water-holding ability of sand, soil and gravel. Students conclude this cycle by making and using a model of a rock to explain how its mineral composition	supporting a point of view with reasons. W.3.1a. Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons. W.3.1b. Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused	natural resources ? 3. How do scientists describe the way humans interact with and change Earth materials and natural resources ? 4. How do engineers design plans for conservin g the Earth's natural resources ? 5. How do scientists and engineers communi cate to others the importanc e of conservin g natural resources ?	evaluating, and communicating information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computational thinking		Power Up Game Cards.doc Sample Recycling List.doc ELA Grade 3 Unit 4 Teaching Points 1-24-16.docx Informational Writing Grade 3 Self Reflection.docx Opinion Writing Grade 3 Self Reflection.docx Reusing Items from Trash Directions.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		affects its characteristic properties. In the second	questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.				
		learning cycle, students investigate the difference between	W.3.7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.				
		renewable and non-renewable resources. They use a model to explain how competition for different resources impacts availability. After defining and identifying	8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.3.8. Recall information from experiences or				
		examples of the two types of resources, students focus on energy- producing	gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.				
		resources. They use a model to explain why fossil fuels are a non-renewable resource and investigate the different ways people depend on fossil fuels. They research	MI: GLCE: Science 3rd Grade Discipline 4: Earth Science Earth Systems K-7 Standard E.ES: Develop an understanding of the warming of the Earth by the sun as the major				
		and compare the tradeoffs associated with	source of energy for phenomenon on Earth and how the sun's				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		using different options for producing electricity and make a recommendation for which type of energy resource should be used for building a new Power Plant in their community.	warming relates to weather, climate, seasons, and the water cycle. Understand how human interaction and use of natural resources affects the environment. E.ES.E.4 Natural Resources- The supply of many natural resources is limited. Humans have devised				
		In learning cycle three, students use a model (simulation) to	methods for extending their use of natural resources through recycling, reuse, and renewal.				
		make predictions about how choices and changes can affect a person's	E.ES.03.41 Identify natural resources (metals, fuels, fresh water, fertile soil, and forests).				
		energy footprint. They investigate how the impact of mining for natural resources can	E.ES.03.42 Classify renewable (fresh water, fertile soil, forests) and non-renewable (fuels, metals) resources.				
		impact the surface of the earth, and how much of the resources we collect are	E.ES.03.43 Describe ways humans are protecting, extending, and restoring resources (recycle, reuse, reduce, renewal).				
		thrown away in garbage. Students compare different alternatives for	E.ES.03.44 Recognize that paper, metal, glass, and some plastics can be recycled. E.ES.E.5 Human				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		dealing with the amount of trash produced. They sort the trash they collected for recycling and design useful items from trash materials. Students conclude the unit by writing a position paper on how to best preserve the earth's natural resources. <u>Unit as a Word Document</u>	Impact- Humans depend on their natural and constructed environment. Humans change environments in ways that are helpful or harmful for themselves and other organisms. E.ES.03.51 Describe ways humans are dependent on the natural environment (forests, water, clean air, earth materials) and constructed environments (homes, neighborhoods, shopping malls, factories, and industry).				
			E.ES.03.52 Describe helpful or harmful effects of humans on the environment (garbage, habitat destruction, land management, renewable and non-renewable resources).				
			Solid Earth K-7 Standard E.SE: Develop an understanding of the properties of earth materials and how those properties make materials useful. Understand gradual and rapid changes in earth materials and features of the surface				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			of Earth. Understand magnetic properties of Earth. E.SE.E.1 Earth Materials- Earth materials that occur in nature include rocks, minerals, soils, water, and the gases of the atmosphere. Some Earth materials have properties which sustain plant and animal life.				
			E.SE.03.13 Recognize and describe different types of earth materials (mineral, rock, clay, boulder, gravel, sand, soil).				
			E.SE.03.14 Recognize that rocks are made up of minerals.				
			E.SE.E.2 Surface Changes- The surface of Earth changes. Some changes are due to slow processes, such as erosion and weathering, and some changes are due to rapid processes, such as landslides, volcanic eruptions, and earthquakes.				
			E.SE.03.22 Identify and describe natural causes of change in the Earth's surface (erosion,				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			glaciers, volcanoes, landslides, and earthquakes).				
			E.SE.E.3 Using Earth Materials- Some Earth materials have properties that make them useful either in their present form or designed and modified to solve human problems. They can enhance the quality of life as in the case of materials used for building or fuels used for heating and transportation.				
			E.SE.03.31 Identify Earth materials used to construct some common objects (bricks, buildings, roads, glass).				
			E.SE.03.32 Describe how materials taken from the Earth can be used as fuels for heating and transportation.				
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
NEW							

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
Michigan Science Standards (Week 1, 37 Weeks)							

Atlas Version 8.2 © Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved



Science 4 (M)



Unit	Enduring	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
Unit 1: Heat, Electricit y, and Magnetis m (Week 1, 9 Weeks)	How is energy transfor med and changed in our environ ment?	In this physical science unit students are introduce d to the concept of energy, with emphasis on familiar examples of heat and electrical energy. They explore the concept that adding energy to a substanc e has an effect on its state, motion, or temperat	MI: GLCE: Science 4th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understan ding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questionin g, investigati ng, recording, and developing	1. Ho wis ene rgy cha nge d fro m one for m to ano ther ? 2. Ho wis hea t ene rgy tran sfer red and tran sfor me d? 3. Ho wis ele ctri cal	1. Cre ate a cha rt, cart oon or disp lay that illus trat es and defi nes hea t and elec tricit y as for ms of ene rgy (P. EN. 04. 12, S.IP .04. 16).	Comparing Concluding Describing Designing Examining Measuring Observing	Lesson Packet - Heat Electricit Y Magnetis m 4	Student Resource Ardley, Neil. The Science Book of Electricity. New York: Gulliver Books, 1991. The Science Book of Energy. New York: Gulliver Books, 1992. Burton, Jane. The Nature and Science of Energy. Milwaukee, WI: Gareth Stevens, 1998. Challoner, Jack. Energy. New York: Dorling Kindersley Publishing, 1993. Dr. E's Energy Lab. 29 August 2008. U.S. Department of Energy. 26 February 2009 http://www.eere.energy.gov/kids/ Energy Kids Page. 26 February 2009 http://www.eia.doe.gov/kids/onlineresources.html Hewitt, Sally. Amazing Electricity. New York: Crabtree Publishing, 2008 Introduction to Energy. 17 December 2005. U.S. Department of Energy. 26 February 2009 http://www.fe.doe.gov/education/energylessons/index.html

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Understand	ure. They look at how energy can be transform ed from form to form (although it cannot be created or destroye d.) Students identify and compare how heat energy can be transform ed from chemical energy (burning), mechanic al energy (rubbing, friction),			Assessments 2. Tea ch you nge r stud ents to mak e acc urat e me asu rem ents	Strategies	Sequence	Lauw, Darlene, and Lim Cheng Puay. Electricity. New York: Crabtree Publishing, 2002. Heat. New York: Crabtree Publishing, 2002. Teacher Resource Aries Series: Exploring Energy: Waterwheels, Windmills, and Sunlight. Watertown, MA: Charlesbridge Publishing, 2001. Bill Nye Series: Energy. Videocassette. New York: Disney Publishing, 1995. Blackwell, Frank F. Energy and Change. Ypsilanti, MI:High/Scope Educational Research Foundation, 1996. Landes, Nancy M., Gail C. Foster, and Colleen K. Steurer. BSCS Science T.R.A.C.S.: Investigating Heat & Changes in Materials. Dubuque, IA: Kendall/Hunt Publishing Co., 1999. Robertson, William C. Stop Faking It! Energy. Arlington, VA: National Science Teachers Association, 2002.
		or electrical energy (resistan ce in electrical devices). They	S.IP.04.16 Construct simple charts and graphs from data and observations		stig atio n usin g cool wat er,			Science Alive: Electricity. New York, NY: Crabtree Publishing, 2002. Science Snacks. Exploratorium. 26 February 2009 http://www.exploratorium.edu/snacks

simple circuits to investigat e the Communic and error for standard energy through a wire and observe how it can be transformed into light (bulbs), mechanic al energy (buzzers, motors) or heat (nair dryer). Students design investigat lons, gather and organize data, and e e evidence to share left and a diage and	Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
of analysis analysis			simple circuits to investigat e the transfer of electrical energy through a wire and observe how it can be transform ed into light (bulbs), mechanic al energy (buzzers, motors) or heat (hair dryer). Students design investigat ions, gather and organize data, and use evidence to share ideas related to the ability	Analysis and Communic ation K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understan ding that scientific inquiry and investigati ons require analysis and communic ation of findings, using appropriat e technology . S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an		m wat er, and hot wat er to de mo nstr ate how adding ene rgy to a sub stan ce rais es the tem per atur e (P. EN. 04. 41, S.IP .04. 13). 3. Cre ate a			Mechanisms and Energy. Toronto, ONT: Trifolium Books, 2002. Unit 1 Energy Transfer and Change - Unit Outline Unit 1 Energy Transfer and

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstrac Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	comm materi to conduct electric. They apply their knowled e of he and electric transfer and change by demorating these concept througe illustrations, model and activiti activiti in the end of the en	presentati on of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigati ons. e S.IA.04.11 Summarize information from charts and graphs to answer scientific questions. S.IA.04.14 S, Develop research strategies and skills for information gathering and problem solving. Reflection and Social Implication s xtu K-7		phic org aniz er that illus trat es how hea t ene rgy is tran sfor me d fro m elec tricit y, mec hani cal or radi ant ene rgy. Incl ude eve ryd ay exa mpl			
	<u> </u>	S.RS:		es of			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performa Task / Assessm		Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			Develop			eac			
			an			h (D			
			understan		((P. EN.			
			ding that			04.			
			claims and			42,			
			evidence			S.ÍA			
			for their			.04.			
			scientific			14,			
			merit			P.E			
			should be			N.0 4.4			
						3,			
			analyzed. Understan			S.R			
					;	S.0			
			d how			4.1			
			scientists		4	1).			
			decide			Cre ate			
			what			a			
			constitutes			quiz			
			scientific			ga			
			knowledge		1	me			
			. Develop			circ			
			an			uit			
			understan			boa rd			
			ding of the			bas			
			importanc			ed			
			e of			on			
			reflection			info			
			on			rma			
			scientific			tion lear			
			knowledge			ned			
			and its			thro			
			application		ı	ugh			
			to new		1	the			
			situations			ene			
			olladions		ı	rgy			

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performand Task / Assessmen	Stratogics	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		to better		un			
		understan		Dra w a			
		d the role		dia			
		of science		rar			
		in society		of			
		and		the			
		technology		ele tric			
		S.RS.E.1		l cir	_		
		Reflecting		uit			
		on		wit			
				arr			
		knowledge is the		WS			
				to			
		application		de			
		of		cril e	J		
		scientific		the	1		
		knowledge		en			
		to new		rgy			
		and		tra			
		different		sfe			
		situations.		an ch			
		Reflecting		ng			
		on		(P.			
		knowledge		EN	l.		
		requires		04			
		careful		51			
		analysis of		S.F			
		evidence		S.(4.1			
		that					
		guides		1). 5. Bu	il		
		decision-		d a	١		
		making		cir			
		and the		uit			
		G.1.G G.10		tes	ı		

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		application		er .			
		of science		usin			
		throughout		g a batt			
		history		ery,			
		and within		bulb			
		society.		,			
		S.RS.04.11		and			
		Demonstrate		thre			
		scientific		e wire			
		concepts		s to			
		through		test			
		various illustrations,		the			
		performance		hea			
		s, models,		t			
		exhibits, and		and elec			
		activities.		trica			
		Discipline		I			
		2: Physical		con			
		Science		duct			
		Energy		ivity of			
		K-7		com			
		Standard		mo			
		P.EN:		n			
		Develop		mat			
		an		erial			
		understan		s. Cre			
				ate			
		ding that		a			
		there are		cha			
		many		rt to			
		forms of		rec			
		energy		ord			
		(such as		and com			
		heat, light,		par			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			sound,		е			
			and		goo			
			electrical)		d			
			and that		and			
			energy is		poo r			
			transferabl		con			
					duct			
			e by		ors.			
			convection		Det			
			,		erm			
			conduction		ine			
			, or		whi			
			radiation.		ch mat			
			Understan		erial			
			d energy		S			
			can be in		wou			
			motion,		ld			
			called		be			
			kinetic; or		арр			
			it can be		ropr			
			stored,		iate for			
					spe			
			called		cific			
			potential.		pur			
			Develop		pos			
			an		es			
			understan		suc			
			ding that		h as			
			as		COO king			
			temperatur		king ute			
			e '		nsil			
			increases,		S,			
			more		roof			
			energy is		ing			
			added to a		mat			
			ลนน ะ น เบ ล		erial			

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		system. Understan d nuclear reactions in the sun produce light and heat for the Earth. P.EN.E.1 Forms of Energy- Heat, electricity, light, and sound are forms of energy. P.EN.04.12 Identify heat and electricity as forms of energy. P.EN.E.4 Energy and Temperatu re- Increasing the temperatur e of any substance		s, and ho me insu latio n (P. PM. 04. 53, S.IA .04. 11, S.IP .04. 13). Sample Assessment Items			

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		requires the addition of energy. P.EN.04.41 Demonstrate how temperature can be increased in a substance by adding energy. P.EN.04.42 Describe heat as the energy produced when substances burn, certain kinds of materials rub against each other, and when electricity flows through wire. P.EN.04.43 Describe how heat is produced through electricity, rubbing, and burning. P.EN.E.5					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Electrical Circuits- Electrical circuits transfer electrical energy and produce magnetic fields. P.EN.04.51 Demonstrate how electrical energy is transferred and changed through the use of a simple circuit. P.PM.E.5 Conductiv e and Reflective Properties -Objects vary to the extent they absorb and reflect light					

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			energy and conduct heat and electricity. P.PM.04.53 Identify objects that are good conductors or poor conductors of heat and electricity. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
Unit 2: Properti es and Changes of Matter (Week 10, 10 Weeks)	How can properti es of matter be observe d and measure d?	In this physical science unit students explore the propertie s of matter, emphasiz ing mass and volume. They measure the mass of objects	MI: GLCE: Science 4th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understan	1. Wh at are the bas ic pro pert ies of all mat ter? 2. Ho w is ma ss rela	Sample Assessment Items	Comparing/Co ntrasting Describing Differentiating Measuring Observing Organizing	Lesson Packet - Measuri ng Propertie s of Matter - 4	

Unit	E ndliring	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		with balances and their weight with spring scales. Students use a variety of container s to compare volumes of liquids and the capacitie s of container s. They refine their skills by making accurate measure ments with the appropria te units of grams, kilograms, milliliters, and liters. Students reinforce measure ment	ding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questionin g, investigati ng, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigati ons, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observatio	ted to an obj ect's wei ght? 3. Ho w doe s mat ter cha nge stat es? 4. Ho w doe s ene rgy affe ct the stat es of mat ter?				

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstrac Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	skills bestimated general states matter through heating and cooling the states through the states matter through heating and cooling the states through the state	stin S.IP.04.14 Manipulate simple tools that aid observation and data collection (for example: hand lens, balance, ruler, meter stick, measuring cup, thermometer stick, scale, stop watch/timer, graduated cylinder/bea ker). Ints S.IP.04.15 Make ct accurate measuremen igat ts with appropriate units ing (millimeters centimeters, milliliters, liters, grams, seconds, grams, ge.					

Unit	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Measurin g Propertie s of Matter - Unit Word Documen t with Contextu alized GLCEs	measuremen t tool. Inquiry Analysis and Communic ation K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understan ding that scientific inquiry and investigati ons require analysis and communic ation of findings, using appropriat e technology . S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		an analysis					
		and					
		presentati					
		on of					
		findings					
		that lead					
		to future					
		questions,					
		research, and					
		investigati					
		ons.					
		S.IA.04.11					
		Summarize					
		information from charts					
		and graphs					
		to answer scientific					
		questions.					
		S.IA.04.15					
		Compare					
		and contrast sets of data					
		from multiple					
		trials of a science					
		investigation					
		to explain					
		reasons for differences.					
		Reflection					
		and Social					
		Implication					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		s K-7					
		Standard					
		S.RS:					
		Develop					
		an understan					
		ding that					
		claims and					
		evidence					
		for their					
		scientific					
		merit					
		should be					
		analyzed. Understan					
		d how					
		scientists					
		decide					
		what					
		constitutes					
		scientific					
		knowledge . Develop					
		an					
		understan					
		ding of the					
		importanc					
		e of					
		reflection					
		on scientific					
		knowledge					
		Kilowieuge					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and its application to new situations to better understan d the role of science in society					
		and technology S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the					
		application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations.					
		Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		guides decision- making and the application of science throughout history and within society. S.RS.04.11 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performance s, models, exhibits, and activities. Discipline 2: Physical Science Properties of Matter K-7 Standard P.PM: Develop an understan ding that all matter					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		has observable attributes with physical and chemical properties that are described, measured, and compared. Understan d that states of matter exist as solid, liquid, or gas; and have physical and chemical properties. Understan					
		d all matter is composed of combinatio					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		ns of					
		elements, which are					
		organized					
		by					
		common					
		attributes					
		and					
		characteri					
		stics on the					
		Periodic					
		Table.					
		Understan					
		d that					
		substance					
		s can be					
		classified as					
		mixtures					
		or					
		compound					
		s and					
		according					
		to their					
		physical and					
		chemical					
		properties.					
		P.PM.E.1					
		Physical					
		Properties					
		- All					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		objects and substance s have physical properties that can be measured.					
		P.PM.04.16 Measure the weight (spring scale) and mass (balances in grams or kilograms) of objects.					
		P.PM.04.17 Measure volumes of liquids in milliliters and liters. P.PM.E.2 States of					
		Matter- Matter exists in several different states: solids, liquids,					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and					
		gases.					
		Each state					
		of matter has					
		unique					
		physical					
		properties.					
		Gases are					
		easily					
		compress					
		ed, but					
		liquids and					
		solids do not					
		compress					
		easily.					
		Solids					
		have their					
		own					
		particular					
		shapes,					
		but liquids					
		and gases take the					
		shape of					
		the					
		container.					
		P.PM.04.23					
		Compare					
		and contrast the states					
		(solids,					
		liquids,					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings	gases) of matter. Changes in Matter K-7 Standard P.CM: Develop an understan ding of changes in the state of matter in terms of heating and cooling, and in terms of arrangeme nt and relative motion of atoms and molecules. Understan d the difference s between physical					
		and chemical					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		changes. Develop an understan ding of the conservati on of mass. Develop an understan ding of products and reactants in a chemical change. P.CM.E.1 Changes in State- Matter can be changed from one state (liquid, solid, gas) to another and then back again. This may					

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			be caused by heating and cooling. P.CM.04.11 Explain how matter can change from one state (liquid, solid, gas) to another by heating and cooling. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
Unit 3: Rel. & Require ments of Living Things (Week 20, 7 Weeks)	How do organis ms survive and interact within the environ ment?	In this life science unit students extend their study of plants and animals by examinin g their needs, their adaptations for survival,	MI: GLCE: Science 4th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understan	1. Ho w are the nee ds of pla nts and ani mal s sim ilar and diff ere	Sample Assessment Items	Comparing/Co ntrasting Describing Drawing Conclusions Evaluating Interpreting	Lesson Packet - Relation ships and Require ments of Living Things - 4	Meeting Needs of Living things Record Sheet .docx Meeting Needs of Living things Record Sheet Teacher model.docx Mt St Helens Powerpoint.pptx MT St Helens should I stay or should I go video removedmp4 Position-Driven Discussions Information.pdf Scenario Based Assessment Whitetail Deer 2-8-16.docx Scenario Based Assessment Whitetail Deer Scoring Guide.doc Sea Anemone.pptx Testing and Revising a Model

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		their relations hips, and their connections to the organism s that lived in Earth's past. They compare and contrast plant and animal requirem ents for energy, growth and repair. As students assess individual differences within organism s of the same kind, they learn how variations give organism s an advantage for	ding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questionin g, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems to problems through reasoning and observatio	nt? 2. Ho w do indi vid ual diff ere nce s pro vid e an adv ant age for sur viv al and rep rod ucti on? 3. Ho w do pla nts and ani mal s inte raci wit hin				Testing and Revising a Model Record Sheet.docx Weaving The Web activity sheet.docx Weaving the Web Template.docx Asian Carp web sites.docx Characteristics of a clownfish key.docx Clownfish photos.doc Environmental Change Presentation.pptx Environmental Engineering Report Planning Template.docx Food Chain Data Chart.docx Food Chain Data Recording Sheet.docx Living together living alone data chart.docx Making a model changing habitats data chart.docx Meeting Needs of Living Things powerpoint.pptx

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		survival and reproduct ion. They explore the plants and animals within a food chain or food webs and their relations hips. Students investigat e how environm ental changes can affect the relations hips among organism s within a community, reflected in the food web. They study	n. S.IP.04.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses. S.IP.04.12 Generate questions based on observations . S.IP.04.13 Plan and conduct simple and fair investigation s. S.IP.04.16 Construct simple charts and graphs from data and observations . Inquiry Analysis and Communic ation	a foo d cha in or foo d we b? 4. Ho w do env iron me ntal cha nge s affe ct pla nt and ani mal rela tion shi ps? 5. Ho w can hu ma ns pos				
		fossils and	K-7	itiv ely				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		discover that they are evidence of the history of the Earth and provide a record of plants and animals that lived in the past. Students compare and contrast plant and animal forms found in fossils and organism s that exist today. Through research they apply their knowledg e of the intricate relations hip of	Standard S.IA: Develop an understan ding that scientific inquiry and investigati ons require analysis and communic ation of findings, using appropriat e technology . S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentati on of findings that lead to future	imp act env iron me ntal cha nge s? 6. Ho wis evi den ce of eart h's hist ory and pas t life for ms obs erv ed and stu die d?				

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstr Understand ings		ontent	Focus	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	and envi ent l desi mod	mals, the ironm by igning dels, stratio or ibits.	questions, research, and investigati ons. S.IA.04.11 Summarize information from charts and graphs to answer scientific questions. S.IA.04.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation in collaborative groups. S.IA.04.14 Develop research strategies and skills for information gathering and problem solving. Reflection and Social Implication s K-7				

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings	Standard S.RS: Develop an understan ding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understan d how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge . Develop an understan ding of the					
		importanc e of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		to new situations					
		to better					
		understan					
		d the role of science					
		in society					
		and					
		technology					
		S.RS.E.1					
		Reflecting					
		on					
		knowledge					
		is the					
		application of					
		scientific					
		knowledge					
		to new					
		and					
		different					
		situations.					
		Reflecting					
		on Isopreladas					
		knowledge					
		requires careful					
		analysis of					
		evidence					
		that					
		guides					
		decision-					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		making and the					
		application of science					
		throughout					
		history					
		and within					
		society.					
		S.RS.04.11					
		Demonstrate					
		scientific concepts					
		through					
		various					
		illustrations, performance					
		s, models,					
		exhibits, and					
		activities.					
		S.RS.04.15 Use					
		evidence					
		when					
		communicati ng scientific					
		ideas.					
		S.RS.04.17					
		Identify current					
		problems					
		that may be					
		solved					
		through the use of					
		technology.					
		S.RS.04.18					
		Describe the					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		effect humans and other organisms have on the balance of the natural world. S.RS.04.19 Describe how people have contributed to science throughout history and across cultures. Discipline					
		3: Life Science Organizati on of Living					
		Things K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop an understan ding that plants and animals					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		humans)					
		have basic					
		requireme					
		nts for					
		maintainin					
		g life					
		which					
		include the					
		need for					
		air, water					
		and a					
		source of					
		energy. Understan					
		d that all					
		life forms					
		can be					
		classified					
		as					
		producers,					
		consumer					
		s, or					
		decompos					
		ers as					
		they are					
		all part of					
		a global					
		food chain					
		where					
		food/energ					
		y is					
		supplied					
		by plants					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		which					
		need light					
		to produce					
		food/energ y. Develop					
		an					
		understan					
		ding that					
		plants and					
		animal can					
		be					
		classified					
		by					
		observabl					
		e traits					
		and physical					
		characteri					
		stics.					
		Understan					
		d that all					
		living					
		organisms					
		are					
		composed					
		of cells					
		and they exhibit cell					
		growth					
		and					
		division.					
		Understan					
		d that all					

s	Abstract	Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		plants and					
		animals					
		have a definite life					
		cycle,					
		body					
		parts, and					
		systems to					
		perform					
		specific					
		life					
		functions.					
		L.OL.E.1 Life					
		Requirem					
		ents-					
		Organisms					
		have basic					
		needs.					
		Animals					
		and plants					
		need air,					
		water, and food.					
		Plants					
		also					
		require					
		light.					
		Plants and					
		animals					
		use food					
		as a source of					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		energy and as a source of building material for growth and repair. L.OL.04.15 Determine that plants require air, water, light, and a source of energy and building material for growth and repair. L.OL.04.16 Determine that animals require air, water, and a source of energy and building material for growth and repair. Evolution K-7 Standard L.EV: Develop an					
		understan					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		ding that					
		plants and animals					
		have					
		observabl					
		e parts					
		and					
		characteri					
		stics that					
		help them					
		survive and					
		flourish in					
		their					
		environme					
		nts.					
		Understan					
		d that fossils					
		provide					
		evidence					
		that life					
		forms					
		have					
		changed					
		over time					
		and were influenced					
		by					
		changes in					
		environme					
		ntal					
		conditions.					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Understan d that life forms either change (evolve) over time or risk extinction due to environme ntal changes and describe how scientists identify the relatednes s of various organisms based on similarities in anatomical features. L.EV.E.2 Survival-Individuals of the					
		same kind differ in					

their characteri stics, and sometimes the difference s give individuals an advantage in surviving and reproducin g. LEV.04.21 identify individual differences (color, leg length, size, wing size, leaf shape) in organisms of the same kind. LEV.04.22 identify how variations in physical characteristi es of	Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
individual organisms give them an			characteri stics, and sometimes the difference s give individuals an advantage in surviving and reproducin g. L.EV.04.21 Identify individual differences (color, leg length, size, wing size, leaf shape) in organisms of the same kind. L.EV.04.22 Identify how variations in physical characteristi cs of individual organisms					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings	advantage for survival and reproduction. Ecosyste ms K-7 Standard L.EC: Develop an understan ding of the interdepen dence of the variety of population s, communiti es and					
		ecosystem s, including those in the Great Lakes region. Develop an understan ding of different					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		types of interdepen dence and that biotic (living) and abiotic (non-living) factors affect the balance of an ecosystem . Understan d that all organisms cause					
		changes, some detrimenta I and others beneficial, in the environme nt where they live. L.EC.E.1 Interaction s-Organisms interact in					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		various					
		ways including					
		providing					
		food and					
		shelter to					
		one					
		another.					
		Some interaction					
		s are					
		helpful:					
		others are					
		harmful to					
		the					
		organism and other					
		organisms					
		L.EC.04.11					
		Identify					
		organisms as part of a					
		food chain or					
		food web.					
		L.EC.E.2					
		Changed					
		Environme nt Effects-					
		When the					
		environme					
		nt					
		changes,					
		some					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		plants and					
		animals survive to					
		reproduce;					
		others die					
		or move to					
		new					
		locations.					
		L.EC.04.21					
		Explain how environment					
		al changes					
		can produce					
		a change in the food					
		web.					
		Discipline					
		4: Earth					
		Science					
		E.ST.E.3					
		Fossils-					
		Fossils provide					
		evidence					
		about the					
		plants and					
		animals					
		that lived					
		long ago					
		and the nature of					
		the					
		environme					
		nt at that					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstrac Understand	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		time. E.ST.04.31 Explain how fossils provide evidence of the history of the Earth. E.ST.04.32 Compare and contrast life forms found in fossils and organisms that exist today. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
Unit 4: Sun, Moon, Earth (Week 27, 11 Weeks)	How do forces at a science distance unit affect studer energy and introdumotion? d to the characteristics a motion commobject the sk the su	4th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Sin Standard S.IP:	1. Wh at are the cha ract eris tics of the sun , eart h, and	Sample Assessment Items	Cause and Effect Comparing/Co ntrasting Describing Interpreting Measuring Organizing	Lesson Packet - Sun, Moon and Earth-4	

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Earth and Earth's moon. They contrast the sun and Earth's moon and compare their character istics to those of the Earth. Students explore similaritie s and differenc es in orbits, relative distances and their ability to support life. As they learn and model the rotation and revolutio n of the Earth,	an understan ding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questionin g, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning	eart h's mo on? 2. Ho w are the app are nt mo ve me nts of the sun , eart h, and eart h's mo on obs erv ed on this pla net ? 3. Ho w are the app are				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring	Unit	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus	Performance Task /	Thinking	Lesson	Resources
	Understand ings	Abstract	Expectations	Questions	Assessments	Strategies	Sequence	
		they	and	nt				
		define a	observatio	mo				
		year, and day and	n.	ve me				
		night by	S.IP.04.11	nts				
		relating	Make	of				
		the	purposeful	the				
		apparent	observation	sun				
		motion of	of the natural	,				
		sun and Earth's	world using the	eart h,				
		moon to	appropriate	and				
		calendar	senses.	eart				
		events.	S.IP.04.13	h's				
		Students	Plan and	mo				
		continue to	conduct	on rela				
		examine	simple and fair	ted				
		the	investigation	to				
		motion of	S.	our				
		objects in	S.IP.04.16	cal				
		the sky	Construct	end				
		as they study the	simple	ar? 4. Ho				
		phases	charts and	4. 110 W				
		of the	graphs from	can				
		moon	data and observations	we				
		and its		mo				
		monthly orbit	Inquiry	del the				
		around	Analysis	act				
		the	and	ual				
		Earth.	Communic	mo				
		They	ation	ve				
		differenti	K-7	me				
		ate the apparent		nts of				
		motion of	Standard	the				
		the sun	S.IA:	sun				
		and	Develop	,				

Unit	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Earth's moon across the sky through day and night and the seasons. Students conclude the unit by demonstrating their understa nding of the sun, Earth and Earth's moon through various activities, illustrations, and models. Unit 4: Motion in the Solar System - Unit Word Documen t with Contextualized	an understan ding that scientific inquiry and investigati ons require analysis and communic ation of findings, using appropriat e technology . S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentati on of findings that lead to future questions, research, and	eart h, and eart h's mo on?				

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	GLCEs	investigations. S.IA.04.13 Communicate and present findings of observations and investigation s. S.IA.04.14 Develop research strategies and skills for information gathering and problem solving. Reflection and Social Implication s K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		merit					
		should be					
		analyzed.					
		Understan					
		d how					
		scientists					
		decide					
		what constitutes					
		scientific					
		knowledge					
		. Develop					
		an					
		understan					
		ding of the					
		importanc					
		e of					
		reflection					
		on					
		scientific					
		knowledge					
		and its					
		application to new					
		situations					
		to better					
		understan					
		d the role					
		of science					
		in society					
		and					
		technology					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision- making and the application of science throughout history and within society.					
		S.RS.04.11 Demonstrate					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		scientific concepts through various illustrations, performance s, models, exhibits, and activities. S.RS.04.14 Use data/sample s as evidence to separate fact from opinion. Discipline 4: Earth					
		Science Earth in Space and Time K-7 Standard E.ST: Develop an understan ding that the sun is the central and largest body in the solar					

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Ak Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		system					
		and that					
		Earth and					
		other					
		objects in					
		the sky					
		move in a					
		regular and					
		predictabl					
		e motion					
		around the					
		sun.					
		Understan					
		d that					
		those					
		motions					
		explain the					
		day, year,					
		moon					
		phases, eclipses					
		and the					
		appearanc					
		e of					
		motion of					
		objects					
		across the					
		sky.					
		Understan					
		d that					
		gravity is					
		the force					

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			that keeps the planets in orbit around the sun and governs motion in the solar system. Develop an understan ding that fossils and layers of Earth provide evidence of the history of Earth's life forms, changes over long periods of time, and theories regarding Earth's history and					
			continental					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		drift.					
		E.ST.E.1 Characteri					
		stics of					
		Objects in					
		the Sky-					
		Common					
		objects in					
		the sky					
		have					
		observabl					
		e characteri					
		stics.					
		E.ST.04.11					
		Identify the					
		sun and moon as					
		common					
		objects in					
		the sky. E.ST.04.12					
		Compare					
		and contrast					
		the characteristi					
		cs of the					
		sun, moon					
		and Earth, including					
		relative					
		distances					
		and abilities to support					
		life.					
		E.ST.E.2					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Patterns of Objects in the Sky- Common objects in the sky have					
		predictabl e patterns of movement . E.ST.04.21 Describe the					
		orbit of the Earth around the sun as it defines a year. E.ST.04.22 Explain that					
		the spin of the Earth creates day and night. E.ST.04.23 Describe the motion of the moon around the					
		Earth. E.ST.04.24 Explain how the visible shape of the moon follows					

Unit	Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		a predictable cycle which takes approximatel y one month. E.ST.04.25 Describe the apparent movement of the sun and moon across the sky through day/night and the seasons. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
NEW Michigan Science Standard s (Week 1, 37 Weeks)							



Science 5 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
Unit 1: Forces and Motion (Week 1, 10 Weeks)	How can we observe and measure the effects of forces on the motion of objects?	In this physical science unit, students examine how forces affect the motion of objects. They discover contact forces and non-contact forces that can cause a change in motion. Students explore and describe what happens when two forces act on an object in the same or different directions, recognizing whether they are balanced or unbalanced	MI: GLCE: Science 5th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves	 How is the motion of an object described relative to its point of reference? How can the motion of an object be described in terms of distance, time, and direction? How is the motion of object sembled in terms of distance, and direction? 	Sample Assessm ent Items Assessm ent Packet - Force and Motion	Comparing Concluding Describing Designing Measuring Observing	Lesson Packet - Forces and Motion	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ A Running Start and Frames of Reference - Student Directions A Running Start and Frames of Reference - Video Sites Acceleration and Newton's Second Law - Reading and Practice Brick Lab - Student Sheet Carnival of Forces Carnival of Forces Carnival of Forces Figgscellent Egg Drop Elaboration Energetic Cooking Energetic Cooking Energy of a Pendulum Energy of a Pendulum Answer Key Energy Project (2) Forces that Affect Motion Friction: Friend or Foe Activity Illustrating Newton's First Law Measuring Motion Lab

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	. Students analyze information from data tables to justify how the strength of unbalanced forces and the mass of objects are related to the size of the change in motion. They explain that motion is observed and measured relative to a point of reference. Students compare the motion of objects by measuring their distance, time, and direction relative to other objects or a point of reference. They	generating questions, conducting investigation s, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.05.11 Generate scientific questions based on observations, investigations, and research. S.IP.05.12 Design and conduct scientific investigations. S.IP.05.13 Use tools and equipment (spring scales, stop watches, meter sticks and tapes, models, hand lens) appropriate to scientific investigations.	repres ented on a graph? 4. How do forces affect the motion of object s? 5. How is chang e in motion related to the strengt h of the force and the mass of the object?			Mu of Shoe Friction Lab Newton's Laws Review Newton's Third Law of Motion Other Types of Motion Other Ways to Move Worksheet Physics Internet Scavenger Hunt Rolling Along Running Starts Inertia Newton's 1st Law (Text in the Middle) Sportscaster Physics Draft The Penny Game Inertia Understanding Speed Graphs Understanding Speed Graphs - Answer Key WWI Bombing Aces Unit 1: Forces and Motion - Knowledge and Skills Document

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / ct Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Resources Sequence
	measure distance and change in position using meter sticks or tapes, and measure time using stopwatch or timer to determine the speed of an object. Students design and conduct simple investigations about motion, collecting data and constructing distance vitime graph from their data. They make observations and compare and contrast the speed of objects.	devices in an investigation. S.IP.05.15 Construct charts and graphs from data and observations. S.IP.05.16 Identify patterns in data. Inquiry Analysis and Communicat ion K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigation s require analysis and communicati on of findings, using			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Word Document with Contextuali zed GLCEs	technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigation s. S.IA.05.11 Analyze information from data tables and graphs to answer scientific questions. S.IA.05.13 Communicate and defend findings of observations and investigations using evidence. S.IA.05.14 Draw conclusions from sets of				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		multiple trials of a scientific investigation. Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance			Strategies	Sequence	
		of reflection on scientific knowledge and its					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Think Assessmen Strate ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		application				
		to new				
		situations to				
		better				
		understand				
		the role of				
		science in				
		society and				
		technology.				
		S.RS.M.1				
		Reflecting				
		on				
		knowledge				
		is the				
		application				
		of scientific				
		knowledge				
		to new and different				
		situations.				
		Reflecting				
		on				
		knowledge				
		requires				
		careful				
		analysis of				
		evidence				
		that guides				
		decision-				
		making and				
		the				
		application				
		of science				
		throughout				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategie ts	Resources
		history and within society. S.RS.05.13 Identify the need for evidence in making scientific decisions. S.RS.05.16 Design solutions to problems using technology. Discipline 2: Physical Science			
		Forces and Motion K-7 Standard P.FM: Develop an understandi ng that the position and/or motion of an object is relative to a point of reference. Understand forces affect			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		the motion				
		and speed				
		of an object				
		and that the				
		net force on				
		an object is				
		the total of				
		all of the				
		forces				
		acting on it.				
		Understand				
		the Earth				
		pulls down				
		on objects				
		with a force				
		called				
		gravity.				
		Develop an				
		understandi				
		ng that				
		some forces				
		are in direct				
		contact with				
		objects, while other				
		forces are				
		not in direct				
		contact with				
		objects.				
		P.FM.M.2				
		Force				
		Interactions-				
		Some forces				
		between				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		objects act				
		when the				
		objects are				
		in direct				
		contact				
		(touching),				
		such as				
		friction and				
		air				
		resistance,				
		or when				
		they are not				
		in direct				
		contact (not				
		touching), such as				
		magnetic				
		force,				
		electrical				
		force, and				
		gravitational				
		force.				
		P.FM.05.21				
		Distinguish				
		between				
		contact forces				
		and non- contact forces.				
		P.FM.05.22				
		Demonstrate				
		contact and				
		non-contact				
		forces to change the				
		motion of an				
		object.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		P.FM.M.3				
		Force-				
		Forces have				
		a magnitude				
		and				
		direction.				
		Forces can				
		be added.				
		The net				
		force on an				
		object is the				
		sum of all of				
		the forces				
		acting on				
		the object.				
		The speed				
		and/or				
		direction of				
		motion of an				
		object				
		changes				
		when a non-				
		zero net				
		force is				
		applied to it.				
		A balanced				
		force on an				
		object does				
		not change				
		the motion				
		of the object				
		(the object				
		either				
		remains at				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Resources
	gs	rest or continues to move at a constant speed in a straight line). P.FM.05.31 Describe what happens when two forces act on an object in the same or opposing directions. P.FM.05.32 Describe how constant motion is the result of balanced (zero net) forces. P.FM.05.33 Describe how changes in the motion of objects are caused by a non-zero net (unbalanced) force. P.FM.05.34 Relate the size of change in motion to the	Questions		
		strength of unbalanced forces and the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		mass of the				
		object.				
		P.FM.M.4				
		Speed-				
		Motion can				
		be				
		described				
		by a change in position				
		relative to a				
		point of				
		reference.				
		The motion				
		of an object				
		can be				
		described				
		by its speed				
		and the				
		direction it is				
		moving. The				
		position and				
		speed of an				
		object can				
		be				
		measured				
		and graphed				
		as a function of				
		time.				
		P.FM.05.41				
		Explain the				
		motion of an				
		object relative				
		to its point of				
		reference.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			P.FM.05.42 Describe the motion of an object in terms of distance, time and direction, as the object moves, and in relationship to other objects. P.FM.05.43 Illustrate how motion can be measured and represented on a graph. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
Unit 2: Dynamic s of the Solar System (Week 11, 11 Weeks)	How do forces affect the position and motion of objects in the sky?	This earth science unit reinforces and extends the fourth grade unit of study of the sun, moon, and earth to objects within the solar system. Students explore the seasons	MI: GLCE: Science 5th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understandi	1. How does the positio n and motion of the Earth cause seaso nal chang es throug hout the year?	Solar System Assessm ent Packet Sample Assessm ent Items	Cause and Effect Comparing Concluding Describing Designing Examining Identifying Observing	Lesson Packet - The Dynamic s of the Solar System	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Unit 2: Dynamics of the Solar System - Knowledge and Skills Document

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / ct Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	and their relationship to the tilt of the earth of its axis and revolution around the sun. They define a year as on revolution around the sun. Students study the solar system and describe the position motion, an relationship of the planets and other objects in the sky to the sun. They investigate the position of the modin its orbit and it's phases. Students observe and explain the apparent motion of the sun,	inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigation s, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.05.15 Construct	 How does the position n and motion of the moon cause moon phase s, eclips es, and tides? What effect does the rotation n and revolut ion of the Earth have on observation of object s in the sky? How are the predict able motion 				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / t Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	moon and constellations across the sky due to the earth's rotation and revolution. They study lunar and solar eclipses based on the relative positions of the sun, moon, and earth. Students relate ocean tides to the gravitational pull and orbit of the moon. They apply their knowledge of objects in the sky through various charts, illustrations, and models. Dunit 2: Dynamics of the Solar System Unit	using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and	s of object s in the solar syste m descri bed?			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Word Document with Contextuali zed GLCEs	S. S.IA.05.12 Evaluate data, claims, and personal knowledge through collaborative science discourse. S.IA.05.13 Communicate and defend findings of observations and investigations using evidence. S.IA.05.15 Use multiple sources of information to evaluate strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, or data. Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		claims and					
		evidence for					
		their					
		scientific					
		merit should					
		be					
		analyzed. Understand					
		how					
		scientists					
		decide what					
		constitutes					
		scientific					
		knowledge.					
		Develop an					
		understandi					
		ng of the					
		importance					
		of reflection					
		on scientific knowledge					
		and its					
		application					
		to new					
		situations to					
		better					
		understand					
		the role of					
		science in					
		society and					
		technology.					
		S.RS.M.1					
		Reflecting					
		on					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		knowledge					
		is the					
		application					
		of scientific					
		knowledge					
		to new and					
		different					
		situations.					
		Reflecting					
		on					
		knowledge					
		requires					
		careful					
		analysis of evidence					
		that guides					
		decision-					
		making and					
		the					
		application					
		of science					
		throughout					
		history and					
		within					
		society.					
		S.RS.05.12					
		Describ					
		limitations in personal and					
		scientific					
		knowledge.					
		S.RS.05.13					
		Identify the					
		need for evidence in					
		CVIUCITUE III					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		making scientific decisions. S.RS.05.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.					
		Discipline 4: Earth Science					
		Earth Systems K-7 Standard E.ES: Develop an understandi ng of the warming of the Earth by					
		the sun as the major source of energy for phenomeno n on Earth and how the sun's					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		warming					
		relates to					
		weather,					
		climate,					
		seasons,					
		and the					
		water cycle.					
		Understand					
		how human					
		interaction					
		and use of natural					
		resources					
		affects the					
		environment					
		. E.ES.M.6					
		Seasons-					
		Seasons					
		result from					
		annual					
		variations in					
		the intensity					
		of sunlight					
		and length					
		of day due					
		to the tilt of					
		the axis of					
		the Earth					
		relative to					
		the plane of its yearly					
		orbit around					
		the sun.					
		E.ES.05.61					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	gs	Demonstrate and explain seasons using a model. E.ES.05.62 Explain how the revolution of the Earth around the sun defines a year. Earth in Space and Time K-7 Standard E.ST: Develop an understanding that the sun is the central and largest body in the solar system and that Earth and other objects in the sky move in a regular and predictable motion around the		ts		
		sun. Understand				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		that those motions explain the day, year, moon phases, eclipses and the appearance of motion of objects across the sky. Understand that gravity is the force that keeps the planets in orbit around the sun and governs motion in the solar system. Develop an understanding that fossils and layers of Earth provide evidence of the history					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		of Earth's life forms, changes over long periods of time, and theories regarding Earth's history and continental drift. E.ST.M.1 Solar System-The sun is the central and largest body in our solar system. Earth is the third planet from the sun in a system that includes other planets and their moons, as well as smaller objects, such as					
		asteroids					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / T Assessmen S ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and comets. E.ST.05.11 Design a model that describes the position and relationship of the planets and other objects (comets and asteroids) to the sun. E.ST.M.2 Solar System Motion- Gravity is the force that keeps most objects in the solar system in regular and predictable motion. E.ST.05.21 Describe the motion of planets and moons in terms of rotation on axis and orbits due to gravity. E.ST.05.22 Explain the					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Focus Question	ai /	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			phases of the moon. E.ST.05.23 Explain the apparent motion of the stars (constellations) and the sun across the sky. E.ST.05.24 Explain lunar and solar eclipses. E.ST.05.25 Explain the tides of the oceans as they relate to the gravitational pull and orbit of the moon. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan						
Unit 3: Survival of Organis ms (Week 22, 11 Weeks)	How do traits of organisms help them survive in their environme nt?	In this life science unit, students investigate the traits of organisms and their influence on survival in the	MI: GLCE: Science 5th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process	1.	How are the traits of specie s influen ced by geneti cs and	Sample Assessm ent Items Survival of Organism s Assessm ent	Analyzing Comparing Concluding Describing Evaluating Observing Researchin	Lesson Packet - Survival of Organis ms	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Unit 3: Survival of Organisms - Knowledge and Skills Document

Overarching and Endurin Understandi gs	g Ilnit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	environmen t. They examine how traits are determined by heredity and how they are used to classify living things. Students conduct research and activities to compare and contrast inherited and acquired traits. They explore how the behavioral characteristi cs of animals and the physical characteristi cs of all organisms help them survive in their environmen t. Students examine	K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigation s, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.05.11	the enviro nment? 2. How do the behavi oral and physic al charac teristic s of organi sms help them surviv e in their enviro nment? 3. How do we disting uish betwe en inherit ed and acquir ed traits? 4. How do fossils provid e eviden	Packet		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	fossils as evidence of change in living things and the environmen t. They analyze the relationship between environmen tal change and catastrophic events to species extinction. Through research, students examine the contribution s made by individuals to create a classificatio n system based on the similar anatomical features of contempora ry organisms. Unit 3: Survival of Organisms Unit Word Document	Generate scientific questions based on observations, investigations, and research. Inquiry Analysis and Communicat ion K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigation s require analysis and communicati on of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings	ce about how specie s and enviro nment al conditi ons have chang ed? 5. How can specie s extinct ion be related to catastr ophic events and enviro nment al chang e? 6. How do the similar ities in traits help us classif y organi sms?			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	with Contextualized GLCEs	that lead to future questions, research, and investigation s. S.IA.05.12 Evaluate data, claims, and personal knowledge through collaborative science discourse. S.IA.05.13 Communicate and defend findings of observations and investigations using evidence.				
		S.IA.05.15 Use multiple sources of information to evaluate strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, or data. Reflection and Social Implications				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / 1 Assessmen S ts	Γhinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		science in					
		society and					
		technology.					
		S.RS.M.1					
		Reflecting					
		on					
		knowledge					
		is the					
		application					
		of scientific					
		knowledge					
		to new and					
		different					
		situations.					
		Reflecting					
		on					
		knowledge					
		requires					
		careful					
		analysis of					
		evidence					
		that guides					
		decision-					
		making and					
		the					
		application					
		of science					
		throughout					
		history and					
		within					
		society.					
		S.RS.05.11 Evaluate the					
		strengths and					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		weaknesses of claims, arguments, and data.				
		S.RS.05.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.				
		S.RS.05.17 Describe the effect humans and other organisms have on the balance in the natural world.				
		S.RS.05.19 Describe how science and technology have advanced because of the contributions of many people throughout history and				
		across cultures. Discipline 3: Life Science Heredity K-7				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Standard L.HE: Develop an understandi ng that all life forms must reproduce to survive. Understand that characteristi cs of mature plants and animals may be inherited or acquired and that only inherited traits are passed on to their young. Understand that inherited traits can be influenced by changes in the environment and by genetics.					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		L.HE.M.1				
		Inherited				
		and				
		Acquired				
		Traits - The				
		characteristi				
		cs of				
		organisms				
		are				
		influenced				
		by heredity				
		and				
		environment				
		. For some				
		characteristi				
		CS,				
		inheritance				
		is more				
		important; for other				
		characteristi				
		CS,				
		interactions				
		with the				
		environment				
		are more				
		important.				
		L.HE.05.11				
		Explain that				
		the traits of an				
		individual are				
		influenced by both the				
		environment				
		and the				

Overa and E Unit Under gs	rching nduring standin	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		genetics of the individual. L.HE.05.12 Distinguish between inherited and acquired traits. Evolution K-7 Standard L.EV: Develop an understanding that plants and animals have observable parts and characteristics that help them survive and flourish in their environments. Understand that fossils provide evidence that life forms have changed over time					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and were influenced by changes in environment al conditions. Understand that life forms either change (evolve) over time or risk extinction due to environment al changes and describe how scientists identify the relatedness of various organisms based on similarities in anatomical features. L.EV.M.1 Species Adaptation					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and				
		Survival-				
		Species with				
		certain traits				
		are more				
		likely than				
		others to				
		survive and				
		have				
		offspring in				
		particular environment				
		s. When an				
		environment				
		changes,				
		the				
		advantage				
		or				
		disadvantag				
		e of the				
		species'				
		characteristi				
		cs can				
		change.				
		Extinction of				
		a species				
		occurs when				
		the				
		environment				
		changes				
		and the characteristi				
		cs of a				
		species are				
		species are				

Init	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		insufficient				
		to allow				
		survival.				
		L.EV.05.11 Explain how behavioral characteristics (adaptation, instinct, learning, habit) of animals help them to survive in their				
		environment. L.EV.05.12 Describe the physical characteristics (traits) of organisms that help them survive in their environment.				
		L.EV.05.13 Describe how fossils provide evidence about how living things and environmental				
		conditions have changed. L.EV.05.14 Analyze the relationship of environmental change and catastrophic events (for				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	gs	example: volcanic eruption, floods, asteroid impacts, tsunami) to species extinction. L.EV.M.2 Relationship s Among Organisms- Similarities among organisms are found in anatomical features, which can be used to infer the degree of relatedness among organisms. In classifying organisms, biologists consider details of internal and external structures to				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Focus Questior		Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			important than behavior or general appearance. L.EV.05.21 Relate degree of similarity in anatomical features to the classification of contemporary organisms. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan						
Unit 4: Animal Systems (Week 33, 5 Weeks)	How do animal systems function together?	In this life science unit, students investigate the body systems of animals. They explore the purpose of each system. They describe how systems work together to help the	MI: GLCE: Science 5th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understandi ng that scientific		What is the purpos e of the variou s body syste ms in animal s? How do animal syste ms work togeth er to allow	Sample Assessm ent Items Animal Systems Assessm ent Packet	Analyzing Comparing Concluding Demonstrat ing Describing Evaluating Observing Researchin g	Lesson Packet - Animal Systems - 5	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Unit 4: Animal Systems - Knowledge and Skills Document

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	organism survive. Students design and conduct scientific investigations that demonstrate how selected systems work together in a variety of activities. Dunit 4: Animal Systems Unit Word Document with Contextualized GLCEs	inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigation s, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.05.11 Generate scientific questions based on observations, investigations, and research. S.IP.05.12	the organi sm to perfor m specifi c activiti es? 3. How do animal syste ms functio n togeth er and contrib ute to the surviv al of the organi sm?				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Design and conduct scientific investigations.					
		S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and					
		presentation of findings that lead to future					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		questions,					
		research,					
		and					
		investigation					
		S.					
		S.IA.05.15 Use multiple					
		sources of					
		information to					
		evaluate strengths and					
		weaknesses of					
		claims,					
		arguments, or data.					
		Reflection					
		and Social					
		Implications					
		K-7					
		Standard					
		S.RS:					
		Develop an understandi					
		ng that					
		claims and					
		evidence for					
		their					
		scientific					
		merit should					
		be					
		analyzed. Understand					
		how					
		scientists					
		decide what					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		constitutes					
		scientific					
		knowledge.					
		Develop an					
		understandi					
		ng of the					
		importance					
		of reflection					
		on scientific					
		knowledge and its					
		application					
		to new					
		situations to					
		better					
		understand					
		the role of					
		science in					
		society and					
		technology.					
		S.RS.M.1					
		Reflecting					
		on					
		knowledge					
		is the					
		application					
		of scientific					
		knowledge to new and					
		different					
		situations.					
		Reflecting					
		on					
		knowledge					

requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision- making and the application of science throughout history and within society. S.RS.05.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities. Discipline 3: Life Science Organizatio n of Living Things K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop on	Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / T Assessmen S ts	hinking trategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
understandi			careful analysis of evidence that guides decision- making and the application of science throughout history and within society. S.RS.05.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities. Discipline 3: Life Science Organizatio n of Living Things K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop an					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / t Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ys — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	ng that plants and animals (including humans) have basic requirement s for maintaining life which include the need for air, water and a source of energy. Understand that all life forms can be classified as producers, consumers, or decomposer s as they are all part of a global food chain where food/energy is supplied by plants which need					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		produce					
		food/energy.					
		Develop an					
		understandi					
		ng that					
		plants and					
		animals can					
		be classified					
		by observable					
		traits and					
		physical					
		characteristi					
		CS.					
		Understand					
		tha all living					
		organisms					
		are					
		composed					
		of cells and					
		they exhibit					
		cell growth					
		and division.					
		Understand					
		that all					
		plants and					
		animals					
		have a definite life					
		cycle, body					
		parts, and					
		systems to					
		perform					
		specific life					
		specific life					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		functions. L.OL.M.4 Animal Systems- Multicellular organisms may have specialized systems that perform functions which serve the needs of the organism. L.OL.05.41 Identify the general purpose of selected animal systems (digestive, circulatory, respiratory, skeletal, muscular, nervous, excretory, and reproductive). L.OL.05.42 Explain how animal systems (digestive, circulatory, respiratory, respiratory, skeletal, muscular, nervous, excretory, and reproductive). L.OL.05.42 Explain how animal systems (digestive, circulatory, respiratory, respiratory,					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		skeletal, muscular, nervous, excretory, and reproductive) work together to perform selected activities. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan				
NEW Michiga n Science Standar ds (Week 1, 37 Weeks)						



Science 6 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategie ts		Resources
1: Energy in Action (Week 1, 9 Weeks)	How does energy interact within systems?	In this physical science unit, students conduct investigations demonstrating the transformation between potential and kinetic energy. They demonstrate that energy is not lost or gained in the process. They explore how heat energy might be transferred through convection, conduction, and radiation. Students explain the conservation of mass and the structure and relative motion of particles (atoms or molecules) in the various states of matter. Grade 6 science map.docx Unit 1: Energy in Action - Word Document with contextualized GLCEs	MI: Science (2015) Grades 6-8 Energy Energy MS-PS3-1 Construct and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object. PMS-PS3-2 Develop a model to describe that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes,	1. How is ener gy tran sfor med from pote ntial to kinet ic ener gy? 2. How is ener gy tran sferr ed from one plac e to anot her? 3. How doe s ener gy affe ct the	Classify Sample Assess ment Items Assess ment Packet Classify Gescrib G	n <u>Packet -</u> <u>Energy</u> n <u>in</u> <u>Action</u> iz	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresear chwriting.org/ Unit 1: Energy in Action - Knowledge & Skills Document

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system.	stat es of matt er?			
		PS3-3 Apply scientific principles to design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes thermal energy transfer.				
		PS3-4 Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic				

Init	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		the particles				
		as				
		measured				
		by the temperature				
		of the				
		sample.				
		P _{MS} -				
		PS3-5				
		Construct,				
		use, and				
		present				
		arguments				
		to support				
		the claim that when				
		the kinetic				
		energy of an				
		object				
		changes,				
		energy is				
		transferred to or from				
		the object.				
		MI: Science				
		(2009)				
		6th Grade				
		Discipline				
		1:				
		Science				
		Processe				
		S				
		Inquiry				
		Process K-7				
		Standard				
		S.IP:				
		Develop an				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		understandi ng that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning , investigatin g, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigatio ns, and developing				
		solutions to problems through reasoning and observation S.IP.06.11 Generate scientific questions based on observations				
		, investigation				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		s, and research.				
		S.IP.06.12 Design and conduct scientific investigation s.				
		Inquiry Analysis and Communica tion K-7 Standard				
		S.IA: Develop an understandi ng that scientific				
		inquiry and investigatio ns require analysis and				
		communica tion of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1				
		Inquiry includes an analysis and presentatio				
		n of findings				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		that lead to future questions, research, and investigatio ns.				
		S.IA.06.11 Analyze information from data tables and graphs to answer scientific questions.				
		S.IA.06.13 Communicat e and defend findings of observations and investigation s using evidence.				
		Discipline 2: Physical Science Energy K-7 Standard P.EN: Develop an understandi ng that there are				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		many forms of energy (such as heat, light, sound, and electrical) and that energy is transferable by convection, conduction, or radiation. Understand energy can be in motion, called kinetic; or it can be stored, called potential. Develop an understanding that as temperatur e increases,	Questions		Sequence	
		more energy is added to a system. Understand nuclear reactions in the sun produce light and heat for the Earth.				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		P.EN.M.1 Kinetic and Potential Energy- Objects and substances in motion have kinetic energy. Objects and substances may have potential energy due to their relative positions in a system. Gravitation al, elastic, and chemical energy are all forms of potential energy.				
		P.EN.06.11 Identify kinetic or potential energy in everyday situations (for example: stretched rubber band, objects in motion, ball on a hill,				

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		food energy).				
		P.EN.06.12 Demonstrate the transformati on between potential and kinetic energy in simple mechanical systems (for example: roller coasters, pendulums).				
		P.EN.M.4 Energy Transfer- Energy is transferred from a source to a receiver by radiation, conduction, and convection. When energy is transferred				
		from one system to another, the quantity of energy before the transfer is				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		equal to the quantity of energy after the transfer.				
		P.EN.06.41 Explain how different forms of energy can be transferred from one place to another by radiation, conduction, or convection.				
		P.EN.06.42 Illustrate how energy can be transferred while no energy is lost or gained in the transfer.				
		Changes in Matter K-7 Standard P.CM: Develop an understandi ng of changes in				

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		the state of				
		matter in terms of				
		heating and				
		cooling,				
		and in				
		terms of				
		arrangemen				
		t and relative				
		motion of				
		atoms and				
		molecules.				
		Understand the				
		differences				
		between				
		physical				
		and				
		chemical changes.				
		Develop an				
		understandi				
		ng of the				
		conservatio n of mass.				
		Develop an				
		understandi				
		ng of				
		products				
		and reactants in				
		a chemical				
		change.				
		P.CM.M.1				
		Changes in				
		State- Matter				
		changing				
		from state				
		to state can				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		be explained by using models which show that matter is composed of tiny particles in motion. When changes of state occur, the atoms and/or molecules are not changed in structure. When the changes in state occur, mass is conserved because matter is not created or destroyed.				
		P.CM.06.11 Describe and illustrate changes in state, in terms of the arrangement and relative motion of the atoms or				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			molecules. P.CM.06.12 Explain how mass is conserved as a substance changes from state to state in a closed system. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
2: Ecosyst ems (Week 10, 10 Weeks)	What are the relationsh ips between and among abiotic and biotic factors in an ecosyste m?	In this life science unit students describe the relationships and roles of biotic and abiotic factors within ecosystems, using those in the Great Lakes region as local and familiar examples. They recognize patterns in the flow of energy in ecosystems, and categorize organisms as producers, consumers, and decomposers	MI: Science (2015) Grades 6-8 Earth's Systems Earth's Systems Earth's Systems Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy	 Wha t is an ecos yste m? Wha t are simil ariti es and diffe renc es in the way orga nism 	Sample Assess ment Items Ecosyst ems Assess ment Packet	classifyin g comparin g describin g differenti ating identifyin g recognizi ng	Lesson Packet - Ecosyst ems	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresear chwriting.org/ Unit 2: Ecosystems - Knowledge and Skills Document

based on the way in which they obtain this process. obta this energy. Students explore relationships and interactions within populations and populations and discover how interrelations describe the impact population cycling of solution in the series of the simpact population in the series of th	
stability. They identify abiotic factors and examine their effect on ecosystems. Students analyze the impact and predict the outcome of human activity affecting the balance of an ecosystem.	

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		processes. History of Earth History of Earth History of Earth MS-ESS1-4 Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's 4.6-billion-year-old history. MS-ESS2-2 Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes have	yste m? 5. Wha t abio tic fact ors help orga nism s mai ntai n bala nce in an ecos yste m? 6. How do orga nism s, inclu ding hum ans, imp act the environ men			
		changed Earth's surface at	t in whic h they			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		varying time and spatial scales.	live?			
		MS-ESS2-3 Analyze and interpret data on the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the past plate motions.				
		MI: Science (2009) 6th Grade Discipline 1: Science				
		Processe s Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP:				
		Develop an understandi ng that scientific				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning				
		investigatin g, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigatio ns, and developing solutions to problems through				
		reasoning and observation				
		S.IP.06.11 Generate scientific questions based on observations				
		investigation s, and research.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.IP.06.12 Design and conduct scientific investigation s.				
		S.IP.06.13 Use tools and equipment (spring scales, stop watches, meter sticks and tapes, models, hand lens, thermometer , models, sieves, microscopes) appropriate to scientific investigation s.				
		S.IP.06.15 Construct charts and graphs from data and observations				
		S.IP.06.16 Identify patterns in data.				
		Inquiry				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Analysis and Communica tion K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communica tion of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions,				
		research, and investigatio ns. S.IA.06.11 Analyze information				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		from data tables and graphs to answer scientific questions.				
		S.IA.06.12 Evaluate data, claims, and personal knowledge through collaborative science discourse.				
		S.IA.06.15 Use multiple sources of information to evaluate strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, or data.				
		Discipline 3: Life Science Organizatio n of Living Things K-7 Standard L.OL.M.5 Producers, Consumers				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		, and Decompose rs - Producers are mainly green plants that obtain energy from the sun by the process of photosynth esis. All animals, including humans, are consumers that meet their energy needs by eating other organisms or their products. Consumers break down the structures of the organisms they eat to make the materials they need to grow and function.	Questions			
		Decompose rs, including				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		bacteria and fungi, use dead organisms or their products to meet their energy needs.				
		L.OL.06.51 Classify producers, consumers, and decomposer s based on their source of food (the source of energy and building materials).				
		L.OL.06.52 Distinguish between the ways in which consumers and decomposer s obtain energy.				
		Ecosystem s K-7 Standard L.EC:				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Develop an understanding of the interdepend ence of the variety of populations, communities and ecosystems, including those in the Great Lakes region. Develop an understanding of different types of interdepend ence and that biotic (living) and abiotic (non-living) factors affect the balance of an ecosystem. Understand that all organisms cause changes,	Questions			
		some detrimental and others beneficial, in the				

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		environmen				
		t where				
		they live.				
		L.EC.M.1				
		Interactions of				
		Organisms-				
		Organisms				
		of one				
		species				
		form a				
		population.				
		Populations of different				
		organisms				
		interact and				
		form				
		communitie				
		s. Living				
		communitie s and				
		nonliving				
		factors that				
		interact				
		with them				
		form				
		ecosystems				
		•				
		L.EC.06.11				
		Identify and				
		describe				
		examples of				
		populations, communities				
		, and				
		ecosystems				
		including the				
		Great Lakes				
		region.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		L.EC.M.2				
		Relationshi				
		ps of				
		Organisms-				
		Two types of				
		organisms				
		may				
		interact				
		with one				
		another in				
		several ways: They				
		may be in a				
		producer/				
		consumer,				
		predator/				
		prey, or				
		parasite/ho				
		st relationship				
		. Some				
		organisms				
		may				
		scavenge				
		or				
		decompose another.				
		Relationshi				
		ps may be				
		competitive				
		or mutually				
		beneficial.				
		Some species				
		have				
		become so				
		adapted to				
		each other				
		that neither				
		could				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		survive without the other.				
		L.EC.06.21 Describe common patterns of relationships between and among populations (competition, parasitism, symbiosis, predator/pre y).				
		L.EC.06.22 Explain how two populations of organisms can be mutually beneficial and how that can lead to interdepend ency.				
		L.EC.06.23 Predict how changes in one population might affect other populations based upon their				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		relationships in the food web.				
		L.EC.M.3 Biotic and Abiotic Factors- The number of organisms and populations an ecosystem can support depends on the biotic (living) resources available and abiotic (nonliving) factors, such as quality of light and water, range of temperatur es and soil compositio n.				
		L.EC.06.31 Identify the living (biotic) and nonliving (abiotic) components				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			of an ecosystem. L.EC.06.32 Identify the factors in an ecosystem that influence changes in population size. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
3: Earth Material s (Week 20, 11 Weeks)	How does an understan ding of geology help humans?	This unit attends to the Michigan Grade Level Content Expectations as they are gathered in Unit 3 of the Michigan Department of Education Science Companion Document. Topically, the unit addresses concepts related to earth materials (rocks, minerals, soil) and landforms which are produced from erosion and deposition of earth materials. To	MI: Science (2015) Grades 6-8 History of Earth History of Earth MS- ESS2-2 Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes have changed	1. How doe s the rock cycl e refle ct rock clas sific atio n syst ems ? 2. Why are min eral	Sample Assess ment Items Assess ment Packet	diagnosi ng and identificat ion classifyin g comparin g describin g differenti ating	Lesson Packet - Earth Material s 6	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresear chwriting.org/ Unit 3: Earth Materials - Knowledge and Skills Document Stream Table Modeling Guide

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	organize the content of this unit the Oakland Schools Science Scope has established two learning cycles: Cycle 1: Rocks and Minerals Cycle 2: Changing Landscape s The Earth Materials unit is followed by another geology unit that focuses on plate tectonic theory and earth history which is where SCoPE addresses earth's magnetic field. Together they provide a strong overview of the science of geology. Grade 6 science map.docx Unit 3: Earth Materials - Unit Word Document with contextualized GLCEs	Earth's surface at varying time and spatial scales. Human Impacts Human Impacts Human Impacts P MS-ESS3-2 Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects. P MS-ESS3-3 Apply scientific principles to design a method for	and rock reso urce s esse ntial for hum an nee ds? 3. How do eart h mat erial s relat e to land form s? 4. How do phys ical and che mica I weat heri ng affe ct the	ts		
		monitoring and	Eart h's mat			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		minimizing a	erial			
		human	S			
		impact on	and			
		the	land			
		environment	form			
			s?			
		<u>~</u>	5. How			
		P _{MS-}	can			
		ESS3-4	our und			
		Construct an	erst			
		argument	andi			
		supported	ng			
		by evidence	of			
		for how	soil			
		increases in	help			
		human	us			
		population	prot			
		and per-	ect it			
		capita	so			
		consumption	that			
		of natural	it is			
		resources	sust			
		impact	aina ble			
		Earth's	for			
		systems.	food			
		MI: Science	prod			
		(2009)	uctio			
		6th Grade	n			
			and			
		Discipline 1:	othe			
		Science	r			
		Processe	nee			
		S	ds?			
		Inquiry				
		Process				
		K-7				
		Standard				
		S.IP:				

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Develop an				
		understandi				
		ng that				
		scientific				
		inquiry and				
		reasoning involves				
		observing,				
		questioning				
		,				
		investigatin				
		g, recording,				
		and				
		developing				
		solutions to				
		problems.				
		S.IP.M.1				
		Inquiry				
		involves				
		generating				
		questions, conducting				
		investigatio				
		ns, and				
		developing				
		solutions to				
		problems				
		through				
		reasoning				
		and				
		observation				
		•				
		S.IP.06.12				
		Design and				
		conduct				
		scientific				
		investigation				
		S.				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.IP.06.13 Use tools and equipment (spring scales, stop watches, meter sticks and tapes, models, hand lens, thermometer , models, sieves, microscopes) appropriate to scientific investigation s.				
		S.IP.06.15 Construct charts and graphs from data and observations				
		Inquiry Analysis and Communica tion K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understandi ng that scientific inquiry and				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and				
		investigations. S.IA.06.13 Communicate and defend findings of observations and investigation susing evidence. Reflection and Social Implications				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understandi ng that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understandi ng of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations	Questions		Sequence	
		to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.M.1 Reflecting on				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history and within society.				
		S.RS.06.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performance s, models, exhibits, and activities.				
		Discipline 4: Earth Science				

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Solid Earth				
		K-7 Standard				
		E.SE:				
		Develop an				
		understandi				
		ng of the				
		properties				
		of earth				
		materials				
		and how those				
		properties				
		make				
		materials				
		useful.				
		Understand				
		gradual and				
		rapid changes in				
		earth				
		materials				
		and				
		features of				
		the surface				
		of Earth. Understand				
		magnetic				
		properties				
		of Earth.				
		E.SE.M.1				
		Soil- Soils				
		consist of				
		weathered rocks and				
		decompose				
		d organic				
		materials				
		from dead				
		plants,				
		animals,				

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and bacteria. Soils are often found in layers with each having a different chemical compositio n and texture. E.SE.06.11 Explain how physical and chemical weathering				
		lead to erosion and the formation of soils and sediments.				
		E.SE.06.12 Explain how waves, wind, water, and glacier movement, shape and reshape the land surface of the Earth by eroding rock in some areas and depositing				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Assessmen ts	Thinking	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			other areas. E.SE.06.13 Describe how soil is a mixture, made up of weather eroded rock and decomposed organic material. E.SE.06.14 Compare different soil samples based on particle size and texture. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
4: Plate Tectonic s and Earth History (Week 31, 7 Weeks)	What are the processe s affecting systems of the solid earth?	In this Earth science unit students explore the processes and structure of the solid earth. The unit addresses concepts related to evidence for plate tectonics, the nature of plate	MI: Science (2015) Grades 6-8 Interdepe ndent Relations hips in Ecosyste ms Interdepend ent	1. Wha t is the evid enc e for plat e tect onic s?	Sample Assess ment Items Assess ment Packet	analyzing comparin g describin g differenti ating identifyin g recognizi ng	Lesson Packet - Plate Tectonic s and Earth History	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresear chwriting.org/ Unit 4: Plate Tectonics and Earth History - Knowledge and Skills Document

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	boundaries, natural	Relationshi	do			
	hazards, deep time	ps in	fossi			
	and the geologic	Ecosystem	ls,			
	time scale, relative	S	rock			
	age dating	∠ =\	S,			
	techniques including the use of	(P) _{MS-}	and Eart			
	index fossils and on	LS2-2	h			
	ancient	Construct an	proc			
	environments	explanation	esse			
	reconstructed from	that predicts	S			
	evidence in the	patterns of	help			
	rock record. To	interactions	us			
	organize the	among	und			
	content of this unit	organisms	erst			
	two learning cycles	across	and			
	are established in	multiple	Eart			
	the Lesson	ecosystems.	h			
	Packet: Cycle 1 is titled "Evidence for	(-	histo ry?			
	the Plate Tectonic	P _{MS-}	3. How			
	Theory" and Cycle	LS2-5	doe			
	2 is titled "Exploring	Evaluate	S			
	Earth History." In	competing	the			
	both cycles student	design	stud			
	investigations	solutions for	y of			
	center on the	maintaining	the			
	evidence for the	biodiversity	Eart			
	key conclusions of	and	h's			
	these topics	ecosystem	geol			
	through the use of models and data	services.	ogic			
	analysis drawn	Matter	al histo			
	from real world	and	ry			
	geologic settings.	Energy in	prov			
	g-5.5g.5 55go.	Organism	ide			
		s and	evid			
		Ecosyste	enc			
		ms	e of			
	@	Matter and	how			
			life			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	grade 6 science map.docx Unit 4: Plate Tectonics and Earth History - Unit Word Document with contextualized GLCEs	Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem. PMS-LS2-3 Develop a model to describe the cycling of matter and flow of energy among living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem.				
		PMS-LS2-				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		4 Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect				
		populations. MI: Science (2009) 6th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processe s				
		Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understandi ng that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves				
		observing, questioning , investigatin g, recording,				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigatio ns, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation				
		S.IP.06.11 Generate scientific questions based on observations, investigation s, and				
		research. S.IP.06.13 Use tools and equipment (spring scales, stop watches, meter sticks and tapes,				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		models, hand lens, thermometer , models, sieves, microscopes) appropriate to scientific investigation s. S.IP.06.14 Use metric measureme nt devices in an investigation .				
		S.IP.06.16 Identify patterns in data.				
		Inquiry Analysis and Communica tion K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understandi ng that scientific inquiry and investigatio ns require analysis and				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		communica tion of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentatio n of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigatio ns.				
		S.IA.06.11 Analyze information from data tables and graphs to answer scientific questions.				
		S.IA.06.13 Communicat e and defend findings of observations and investigation s using				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		evidence.				
		evidence. S.IA.06.14 Draw conclusions from sets of data from multiple trials of a scientific investigation Reflection and Social Implication s K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understandi ng that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an				
		understandi ng of the importance				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		of reflection				
		on				
		scientific knowledge				
		and its				
		application				
		to new				
		situations				
		to better				
		understand				
		the role of science in				
		society and				
		technology.				
		S.RS.M.1				
		Reflecting				
		on knowledge				
		knowledge is the				
		application				
		of scientific				
		knowledge				
		to new and				
		different situations.				
		Reflecting				
		on				
		knowledge				
		requires				
		careful				
		analysis of evidence				
		that guides				
		decision-				
		making and				
		the				
		application of science				
		of science throughout				
		history and				
		within				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		society.				
		S.RS.06.11 Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, and data.				
		S.RS.06.12 Describe limitations in personal and scientific knowledge.				
		S.RS.06.13 Identify the need for evidence in making scientific decisions.				
		S.RS.06.14 Evaluate scientific explanations based on current evidence and scientific principles.				
		S.RS.06.15 Demonstrate scientific				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		concepts through various illustrations, performance s, models, exhibits, and activities.				
		S.RS.06.16 Design solutions to problems using technology.				
		S.RS.06.18 Describe what science and technology can and cannot reasonably contribute to society.				
		Discipline 4: Earth Science E.SE.M.5 Plate Tectonics- The lithospheric plates of the Earth constantly move, resulting in				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		geological events, such as earthquake s, volcanic eruptions, and mountain building.				
		E.SE.06.51 Explain plate tectonic movement and how the lithospheric plates move centimeters each year.				
		E.SE.06.52 Demonstrate how major geological events (earthquake s, volcanic eruptions, mountain building) result from these plate motions.				
		E.SE.06.53 Describe layers of the Earth as a lithosphere (crust and upper				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		mantle), convecting mantle, and dense metallic core.				
		E.SE.M.6 Magnetic Field of Earth- Earth as a whole has a magnetic field that is detectable at the surface with a compass.				
		E.SE.06.61 Describe the Earth as a magnet and compare the magnetic properties of the Earth to that of a natural or manufacture d magnet.				
		E.SE.06.62 Explain how a compass works using the magnetic field of the Earth, and				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		how a compass is used for navigation on land and sea.				
		Earth in Space and Time K-7 Standard E.ST: Develop an				
		understandi ng that the sun is the central and largest body in the solar				
		system and that Earth and other objects in the sky move in a regular and				
		predictable motion around the sun. Understand that those				
		motions explain the day, year, moon phases, eclipses and the				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		appearance				
		of motion of objects				
		across the				
		sky.				
		Understand				
		that gravity				
		is the force				
		that keeps the planets				
		in orbit				
		around the				
		sun and				
		governs				
		motion in the solar				
		system.				
		Develop an				
		understandi				
		ng that				
		fossils and				
		layers of Earth				
		provide				
		evidence of				
		the history				
		of Earth's				
		life forms, changes				
		over long				
		periods of				
		time, and				
		theories				
		regarding				
		Earth's history and				
		continental				
		drift.				
		E.ST.M.3				
		Fossils-				
		Fossils				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		provide important evidence of how life and environmen tal conditions have changed in a given location.				
		E.ST.06.31 Explain how rocks and fossils are used to understand the age and geological history of the earth (timelines and relative dating, rock layers).				
		E.ST.M.4 Geologic Time- Earth processes seen today (erosion, mountain building, and glacier movement) make possible the				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		measureme nt of geologic time through methods such as observing rock sequences and using fossils to correlate the sequences at various locations.				
		E.ST.06.41 Explain how Earth processes (erosion, mountain building, and glacier movement) are used for the measureme nt of geologic time through observing rock layers.				
		E.ST.06.42 Describe how fossils provide important				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performanc e Task / Thinking Assessmen Strategies ts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		evidence of how life and environment al conditions have changed. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan				
NEW Michiga n Science Standar ds (Week 1, 37 Weeks)						



Science 7 (M)



Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
1: Waves and Energy (Week 1, 9 Weeks)	How does energy interact with matter?	In this physical science unit, students conduct investigations to trace the transfer of energy through matter. They begin by exploring mechanical waves such as sound waves, seismic waves and waves in water through a variety of activities. They measure speed, wavelength, frequency and magnitude. Students investigate light as a form of electromagnet ic energy, examining the	questioning , investigatin g, recording, and developing	1. How doe s sola r ener gy produce heat and light on Eart h? 2. How are wav es produce d whe n ener gy inter acts with vari ous form s of matt er?	Sample Assess ment Items Assess ment Packet Classifying comparing rasting describing evaluating recognizing	/cont Packet - Waves and Energy	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons thttp://www.osteachingresear hwriting.org/ Reading Strategies for Science Unit 1: Waves and Energ - Knowledge and Skills Document

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		waves taking place on the sun which produce light and heat for the earth. Through the use of models, students discover that only a fraction of light produced by the sun is transformed to heat energy on Earth. Unit 1: Waves and Energy - Unit Word Document with contextualized GLCEs	observatio n. S.IP.07.11 Generate scientific questions based on	3. Wha t type s of wav es are asso ciate d with vari ous form s of matt er?			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.IP.07.16 Identify patterns in data.				
		Inquiry Analysis and				
		Communic ation K-7				
		Standard S.IA: Develop an				
		understand ing that scientific				
		inquiry and investigations require				
		analysis and communica tion of				
		findings, using appropriate				
		technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry				
		includes an analysis and				
		presentatio n of				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings	findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigatio ns. S.IA.07.12 Evaluate data, claims, and personal knowledge through collaborative science discourse. Reflection and Social Implication s K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understand ing that claims and evidence for their scientific				
		merit should be analyzed.				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Understan				
		d how				
		scientists				
		decide				
		what				
		constitutes				
		scientific				
		knowledge.				
		Develop an				
		understand				
		ing of the				
		importance of				
		reflection				
		on				
		scientific				
		knowledge				
		and its				
		application				
		to new				
		situations				
		to better				
		understand				
		the role of				
		science in				
		society and				
		technology.				
		S.RS.M.1				
		Reflecting				
		on				
		knowledge				
		is the				
		application				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings	of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history and within society. S.RS.07.11 Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, and data. S.RS.07.12				
		Describe limitations in personal and scientific knowledge.				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Discipline 2: Physical Science				
		Science Energy K-7 Standard P.EN: Develop an understand ing that there are many forms of energy (such as heat, light, sound, and electrical) and that energy is transferabl e by convection, conduction, or radiation. Understand denergy can be in motion, called				
		kinetic; or it can be				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		stored,				
		called potential.				
		Develop an				
		understand				
		ing that as				
		temperatur				
		e '				
		increases,				
		more				
		energy is				
		added to a				
		system.				
		Understan d nuclear				
		reactions in				
		the sun				
		produce				
		light and				
		heat for the				
		Earth.				
		P.EN.M.3				
		Waves and				
		Energy-				
		Waves				
		have				
		energy and transfer				
		energy				
		when they				
		interact				
		with				
		matter.				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Examples				
		of waves				
		include				
		sound				
		waves,				
		seismic				
		waves,				
		waves on				
		water, and				
		light				
		waves.				
		P.EN.07.31				
		Identify examples of				
		waves,				
		including				
		sound waves,				
		seismic waves, and				
		waves, and waves on				
		water.				
		P.EN.07.32				
		Describe how				
		waves are produced by				
		vibrations in				
		matter.				
		P.EN.07.33				
		Demonstrate				
		how waves transfer				
		energy when				
		they interact				
		with matter				
		(for example:				
		tuning fork in water, waves				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		hitting a beach, earthquake knocking over buildings).				
		P.EN.M.6 Solar Energy Effects-				
		Nuclear reactions take place				
		in the sun producing heat and light. Only				
		a tiny fraction of the light				
		energy from the sun reaches				
		Earth, providing energy to heat the				
		Earth. P.EN.07.61 Identify that				
		nuclear reactions take place in the sun, producing				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Focus Question	II /	Performan ce Task / Assessme nts		Lesson Sequence	Resources
			heat and light. P.EN.07.62 Explain how only a tiny fraction of light energy from the sun is transformed to heat energy on Earth. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan						
2:Physical & Chemical Properties/Ch anges of Matter (Week 10, 10 Weeks)	How do propertie s describe matter and its changes?	In this physical science unit, students conduct investigations exploring the physical and chemical properties of matter, including elements (atoms) and compounds (molecules). They use tools such as pH meters, balances,	MI: GLCE: Science 7th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understand ing that scientific inquiry and	2.	Wha t are phys ical and che mica I prop ertie s of matt er? How are the prop ertie s of ele	Sample Assess ment Items Assess ment Packet	categorizing classifying comparing/cont rasting describing evaluating recognizing	Packet - Physical and Chemical Changes in Matter	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearc hwriting.org/ Unit 2: Physical & Chemical Properties/Changes of Matter - Knowledge and Skills Document

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		thermometers and probes to measure properties and changes in matter. Students observe physical changes and chemical changes in substances. They identify reactant and products of chemical changes. They are introduced to the organizational structure of the Periodic Table of Elements, which provides insight into patterns among elements, including their reactivity. Finally, students explore the work of chemists as they develop	reasoning involves observing, questioning, questioning, investigatin g, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.07.12 Design and conduct scientific investigations.	me ts use d to org niz the m on the Per odi Tal e? 3. Wh t pro erti s are use d to cor rm che mic l cha nge s? 4. Wh t ar the rea tan s and pro uct of a	e de		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		new products and develop methods to reuse, recycle, or reduce the toxicity of chemical that we use. Unit 2: Physical & Chemical Properties/Changes of Matter Unit with Contextualize d GLCEs	S.IP.07.13 Use tools and equipment (spring scales, stop watches, meter sticks and tapes, models, hand lens, thermometer, models, sieves, microscopes, hot plates, pH meters) appropriate to scientific investigations. S.IP.07.15 Construct charts and graphs from data and observations. Inquiry Analysis and Communic ation K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understand ing that	che mica I cha nge ?			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations. S.IA.07.11 Analyze information from data tables and graphs to answer				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		scientific questions. S.IA.07.14 Draw conclusions from sets of data from multiple trials of a scientific investigation to draw conclusions. Reflection and Social Implication s K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understand ing that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand d how scientists decide what				
		constitutes				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings -		scientific knowledge. Develop an understand ing of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.M.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations.				
			Reflecting				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history and within society. S.RS.07.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities. Discipline 2: Physical Science Properties of Matter K-7 Standard				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		P.PM: Develop an understand ing that all matter has observable attributes with physical and chemical properties that are described, measured, and compared. Understan d that states of matter exist as solid, liquid, or gas; and have physical and chemical properties. Understan d all matter is				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		composed of combinations of elements, which are organized by common attributes and characteristics on the Periodic Table. Understand that substances can be classified as mixtures or compound s and according to their physical and chemical properties. P.PM.M.1 Chemical Properties-				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Ings	Matter has chemical properties. The understand ing of chemical properties helps to explain how new substances are formed. P.PM.07.11 Classify substances by their chemical properties (flammability, pH, and reactivity). P.PM.M.2 Elements and Compound s-Elements are composed of a single kind of				
		atom that are				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		grouped				
		into				
		families				
		with similar				
		properties				
		on the				
		periodic table.				
		Compound				
		s are				
		composed				
		of two or				
		more				
		different				
		elements.				
		Each				
		element				
		and				
		compound has a				
		unique set				
		of physical				
		and				
		chemical				
		properties				
		such as				
		boiling				
		point,				
		density,				
		color,				
		conductivit				
		y, and reactivity.				
		reactivity.				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		P.PM.07.21 Identify the smallest component that makes up an element. P.PM.07.22 Describe how the elements within the Periodic Table are organized by similar properties into families (highly reactive metals, less reactive metals, highly reactive nonmetals, and some almost completely non-reactive gases). P.PM.07.23 Illustrate the structure of molecules using models or drawings (water, carbon dioxide, table salt).				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		P.PM.07.24 Describe examples of physical and chemical properties of elements and compounds (boiling point, density, color,				
		conductivity, reactivity). Changes in Matter K-7 Standard P.CM:				
		Develop an understand ing of changes in the state of matter in				
		terms of heating and cooling, and in				
		terms of arrangeme nt and relative motion of atoms and				

molecules. Understan d the differences between physical and chemical changes. Develop an understand ing of the conservatio n of mass. Develop an understand ing of products and reactants in a chemical change. P. CM. M. 2 Chemical Changes- Chemical changes Chemical changes Occur when two elements and/or compound	Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
compound				Understand the differences between physical and chemical changes. Develop an understand ing of the conservation of mass. Develop an understand ing of products and reactants in a chemical change. P.CM.M.2 Chemical Changes-Chemical changes occur when two elements and/or				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			s react (including decomposi ng) to produce new substances . These new substances have different physical and chemical properties than the original elements and/or compound s. During the chemical change, the number and kind of atoms in the reactants are the same as the number				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	Ings	and kind of atoms in the products. Mass is conserved during chemical changes. The mass of the reactants is the same as the mass of the products. P.CM.07.21 Identify evidence of chemical change through color, gas formation, solid formation, and temperature change. P.CM.07.22 Compare and contrast the chemical				
		properties of a new				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Assessme nts		Lesson Sequence	Resources
			substance with the original after a chemical change. P.CM.07.23 Describe the physical properties and chemical properties of the products and reactants in a chemical change. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
3: The Structure and Function of Living Things (Week 20, 10 Weeks)	How do cells accompli sh life functions and sustain life?	In this life science unit, students use scientific equipment to observe single- and multi-cellular organisms. They identify ways in which cells accomplish the basic functions of life, such as acquiring and	MI: GLCE: Science 7th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understand ing that	1. Wha t are the simil ariti es and diffe renc es betw een singl e-celle d and multi	Sample Assess ment Items Assess ment Packet - Structur e and Function of Living Things	describing differentiating identifying observing recognizing	Lesson Packet - Structure and Function of Living Things - 7 Cycle1Acti vity 13 - Carbohydr ates, Lipids, Fats, and Proteins Powerpoin t Presentati	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearc hwriting.org/ Unit 3: The Structure and Function of Living Things - Knowledge and Skills Document The Organelle Trail Student Worksheet

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		using energy, maintaining balance (homeostasis), and reproducing. Through observation and model construction students examine cell processes. They differentiate between organisms that are one-celled and those that are multi-cellular, by looking at specialization among the cells of multicellular organisms. Students recognize cells that make up different body tissues, organs, and organ systems and relate structure to function. They explore how	questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.07.11 Generate scientific	cellilar organism s? 2. How are cells organized to accompl should the life function of organism s? 3. How do cells get the ene gy they need to surve, grow and reproduce?		Cycle1Acti vity 14 - Evidence Plants Make Powerpoin t Presentati on Cycle2Acti vity1 - Multi vs. Single SmartBoar d Presentati on Notebook (requires SmartBoar d software) Cycle2Acti vity2 - Sexual/As exual SmartBoar d Presentati on Notebook (requires SmartBoar d software) Cycle2Acti vity2 - Sexual/As exual SmartBoar d Presentati on Notebook (requires SmartBoar d Cycle2Acti vity5 -	

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Focus Questio		Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		organisms grow and reproduce through the processes that take place in cells. They describe how characteristics of living things are passed on through generations asexually and sexually, by tracing traits from parents to offspring through observation and experimentati on. To trace the source of energy for cell growth and other life functions, students investigate the conditions necessary for photosynthesi s. They explore how cells obtain, store and use food. Students	Analysis and Communic ation K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understand ing that scientific	 6. 	How are the cells of multi - cellu lar orga nism s spec ializ ed? How do orga nism s gro w? How do cells repr odu ce the msel ves? How is gen etic infor mati on pass ed		Differentiat ion Powerpoin t Presentati on	

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		research how science and technology have advanced because of the contributions of many people throughout history and across cultures. Unit 3: The Structure and Function of Living Things - Unit Word Document with contextualized GLCEs	S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentatio n of	from cells to cells ? 8. How is sexu al reprodu ction diffe rent than asex ual reprodu ction?			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.RS:				
		Develop an				
		understand				
		ing that				
		claims and				
		evidence				
		for their				
		scientific				
		merit				
		should be				
		analyzed.				
		Understan				
		d how				
		scientists				
		decide				
		what				
		constitutes				
		scientific				
		knowledge.				
		Develop an				
		understand				
		ing of the				
		importance of				
		reflection				
		on				
		scientific				
		knowledge				
		and its				
		application				
		to new				
		situations				
		to better				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings	understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.M.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision- making and the application of science throughout history and				
		within society.				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.RS.07.13 Identify the need for evidence in making scientific decisions. S.RS.07.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and				
		activities. Discipline 2: Physical Science P.EN.M.4 Energy Transfer- Energy is				
		transferred from a source to a receiver by radiation, conduction, and convection. When energy is transferred				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			from one system to another, the quantity of energy before the transfer is equal to the quantity of energy after the transfer. P.EN.07.43 Explain how light energy is transferred to chemical energy through the process of photosynthesi s. Discipline 3: Life Science Organizatio n of Living Things		nts		
			K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop an				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		understand ing that plants and animals (including humans) have basic requiremen ts for maintaining life which include the need for air, water and a source of energy. Understan d that all life forms can be classified as producers, consumers , or				
		decompos ers as they are all part of a global food chain where food/energ				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		y is supplied by plants which need light to produce food/energ y. Develop an understand ing that plants and animals can be classified by observable traits and physical characteris tics. Understand that all living organisms are composed of cells and they exhibit cell growth and division.				
		Understan				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		d that all				
		plants and				
		animals				
		have a				
		definite life				
		cycle, body				
		parts, and				
		systems to				
		perform				
		specific life				
		functions.				
		L.OL.M.2				
		Cell				
		Functions- All				
		organisms				
		are				
		composed				
		of cells,				
		from one				
		cell to				
		many cells.				
		In				
		multicellula				
		r .				
		organisms,				
		specialized				
		cells				
		perform				
		specialized				
		functions.				
		Organs				
		and organ				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		systems				
		are				
		composed				
		of cells,				
		and				
		function to				
		serve the				
		needs of				
		cells for				
		food, air,				
		and waste				
		removal.				
		The way in				
		which cells				
		function is				
		similar in				
		all living				
		organisms.				
		L.OL.07.21 Recognize				
		that all				
		organisms				
		are				
		composed of cells (single				
		cell				
		organisms,				
		multicellular				
		organisms).				
		L.OL.07.22 Explain how				
		cells make up				
		different body				
		tissues,				
		organs, and				
		organ				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		systems. L.OL.07.23 Describe how cells in all multicellular organisms are specialized to take in nutrients, which they use to provide energy for the work that cells do and to make the materials that a cell or organism needs. L.OL.07.24 Recognize that cells function in a similar way in all organisms. L.OL.M.3- Growth and Developme nt- Following fertilization, cell division produces a small				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
	ings	cluster of cells that then differentiat e by appearanc e and function to form the basic tissue of multicellula r organisms. L.OL.07.31 Describe growth and development in terms of increase of cell number and/or cell size. L.OL.07.32 Examine how through cell division, cells can become specialized				
		for specific functions. L.OL.M.6 Photosynth esis- Plants are				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		producers; they use the energy from light to make sugar molecules from the atoms of carbon dioxide and water. Plants use these sugars along with minerals from the soil to form fats, proteins, and carbohydra tes. These products can be used immediatel y, incorporate d into the cells of a				
		plant as				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		the plant grows, or stored for later use. L.OL.07.61 Recognize the need for light to provide energy for the production of carbohydrate s, proteins and fats. L.OL.07.62 Explain that carbon dioxide and water are used to produce carbohydrate s, proteins, and fats. L.OL.07.63 Describe evidence that plants make, use and store food. Heredity	Questions			
		K-7 Standard L.HE: Develop an understand ing that all				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			life forms				
			must				
			reproduce				
			to survive.				
			Understan				
			d that				
			characteris				
			tics of				
			mature				
			plants and				
			animals				
			may be inherited or				
			acquired				
			and that				
			only				
			inherited				
			traits are				
			passed on				
			to their				
			young.				
			Understan				
			d that				
			inherited				
			traits can				
			be				
			influenced				
			by changes				
			in the				
			environme				
			nt and by				
			geneucs.				
			genetics. L.HE.M.2				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Reproducti				
		on-				
		Reproducti				
		on is a				
		characteris				
		tic of all				
		living				
		systems;				
		because				
		no				
		individual				
		organism				
		lives				
		forever,				
		reproductio				
		n is				
		essential to				
		the				
		continuatio				
		n of every				
		species. Some				
		organisms reproduce				
		asexually.				
		Other				
		organisms				
		reproduce				
		sexually.				
		L.HE.07.21				
		Compare				
		how				
		characteristic				
		s of living				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions		n Thinking e Strategies	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			things are passed on through generations, both asexually. L.HE.07.22 Compare and contrast the advantages and disadvantage s of sexual vs. asexual reproduction. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan					
4: The Hydrosphere and Global Change (Week 30, 8 Weeks)	How does energy originatin g from the sun move within the fluid earth and biospher e?	In this Earth science unit, students investigate the interactions of solar energy and matter on this planet which result in weather and, ultimately, climate. They look at water cycles within the lithosphere,	1: Science Processes Inquiry	1. Ho doo s en gy fro the sui driv e glo al clir ate 2. Wh t atn	Sample Assess er ment Items Assess n ment Packet b	describing differentiating identifying observing recognizing	Lesson Packet - The Hydrosphe re and Global Change	Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearc hwriting.org/ Unit 4: Fluid Earth Systems and Human Impact - Knowledge and Skills Document

Unit g	Overarchin and Induring Inderstand	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		hydrosphere, and atmosphere. Students learn that the sun drives the water cycle and explore the relationship between the warming of the atmosphere by the sun and weather and climate. North American weather is studied using maps and satellite images that depict major air masses and frontal boundaries. Using their own measurement s and those of weather agencies, students observe, describe, and categorize weather patterns in	ing that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigatin g, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.07.11 Generate	osp heri c fact ors are nec essa ry to mea sure and mon itor in orde r to mak e weat her pred ictio ns? 3. How do hum ans inter act with and dep end upo n the hydr osp here			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		different places and over long periods of time. Students explore human activities that have altered the land, oceans, atmosphere, and biodiversity of plant and animal life in positive and negative ways and examine the causes of these activities. Students describe how human activities have contributed to climate change and water and air pollution. They use data sets to examine the extent of these problems. They engage in scientific discourse	scientific questions based on observations, investigations, and research. S.IP.07.13 Use tools and equipment (spring scales, stop watches, meter sticks and tapes, models, hand lens, thermometer, models, sieves, microscopes, hot plates, pH meters) appropriate to scientific investigations. Inquiry Analysis and Communic ation K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understand	?			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		suggesting, designing and evaluating potential solutions to environmental problems and ways in which decision-making processes can be changed personally and politically to reverse environmental degradation. Unit 4: Fluid Earth Systems and Human Impact - Unit Word Document with contextualized GLCEs	ing that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.M.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations. S.IA.07.11 Analyze information from data tables and graphs to				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		answer scientific questions. S.IA.07.12 Evaluate data, claims, and personal knowledge through collaborative science discourse. S.IA.07.14				
		Draw conclusions from sets of data from multiple trials of a scientific investigation to draw conclusions.				
		S.IA.07.15 Use multiple sources of information to evaluate strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, or data.				
		Reflection and Social Implication s K-7 Standard				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.RS: Develop an understand ing that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understand ing of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations				
		to better				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.M.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision-making and the application of science throughout history and within society.				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		S.RS.07.11 Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, and data. S.RS.07.14 Evaluate scientific explanations based on current evidence and scientific principles. S.RS.07.15 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances , models, exhibits, and activities. S.RS.07.16 Design solutions to problems using technology. S.RS.07.17		nts		
		Describe the effect humans and other organisms				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		have on the balance of the natural world. S.RS.07.18 Describe what science and technology can and cannot reasonably contribute to society. Discipline				
		4: Earth Science Earth Systems K-7 Standard E.ES: Develop an understand ing of the warming of the Earth by the sun as the major source of				
		energy for phenomen on on Earth and				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			how the				
			sun's				
			warming				
			relates to				
			weather,				
			climate,				
			seasons,				
			and the				
			water				
			cycle. Understan				
			d how				
			human				
			interaction				
			and use of				
			natural				
			resources				
			affects the				
			environme				
			nt.				
			E.ES.M.1				
			Solar				
			Energy- The sun is				
			the major				
			source of				
			energy for				
			phenomen				
			a on the				
			surface of				
			the Earth.				
			E.ES.07.11				
			Demonstrate,				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		using a				
		model or				
		drawing, the relationship				
		between the				
		warming by				
		the sun of the				
		Earth and the				
		water cycle				
		as it applies				
		to the				
		atmosphere (evaporation,				
		water vapor,				
		warm air				
		rising,				
		cooling,				
		condensation				
		, clouds).				
		E.ES.07.12				
		Describe the relationship				
		between the				
		warming of				
		the				
		atmosphere				
		of the Earth				
		by the sun				
		and convection				
		within the				
		atmosphere				
		and oceans.				
		E.ES.07.13				
		Describe how				
		the warming				
		of the Earth				
		by the sun				
		produces				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		winds and ocean currents.				
		E.ES.M.4				
		Human Consequen				
		ces- Human				
		activities have				
		changed				
		the land, oceans,				
		and atmospher				
		e of the				
		Earth resulting in				
		the				
		reduction of the				
		number and variety				
		of wild				
		plants and animals				
		sometimes				
		causing extinction				
		of species. E.ES.07.41				
		Explain how				
		human activities				

(surface mining, deforestation, overpopulation, noverpopulation, noverpopulation, northurction and urban development, farming, dams, landfills, and restoring natural areas) change the surface of the Earth and affect the surrival of organisms. E.E.S. 07-42 Describe the origins of pollution in the atmosphere, geosphere, and hydrosphere, (car exhaust, industrial emissions, acid rain, and natural sources), and how pollution impacts habitats, climatic change.	Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
threatens or			mining, deforestation, overpopulatio n, construction and urban development, farming, dams, landfills, and restoring natural areas) change the surface of the Earth and affect the survival of organisms. E.ES.07.42 Describe the origins of pollution in the atmosphere, geosphere, and hydrosphere, (car exhaust, industrial emissions, acid rain, and natural sources), and how pollution impacts habitats, climatic change,				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		endangers species. E.ES.M.7 Weather and Climate-Global patterns of atmospheri c and oceanic movement influence weather and climate. E.ES.07.71 Compare and contrast the difference and relationship between climate and weather. E.ES.07.72 Describe how different weather occurs due to the constant motion of the		nts		
		atmosphere from the energy of the sun reaching				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		the surface of the Earth. E.ES.07.73 Explain how the temperature of the oceans affects the different climates on Earth because water in the oceans holds a large amount of heat. E.ES.07.74 Describe weather conditions associated with frontal boundaries (cold, warm, stationary, and occluded) and the movement of major air masses and the jet stream across North America using a weather map. E.ES.M.8 Water				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		Cycle- Water circulates through the four spheres of the Earth in what is known as the "water cycle." E.ES.07.81 Explain the water cycle and describe how evaporation, transpiration, condensation , cloud formation, precipitation, infiltration, surface runoff, ground water, and absorption occur within	Quosilons	nts		
		the cycle. E.ES.07.82 Analyze the flow of water between the components of a watershed,				

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
			including surface features (lakes, streams, rivers, wetlands) and groundwater. Fluid Earth K-7 Standard E.FE: Develop an understand ing that Earth is a planet nearly covered with water and that water on Earth can be found in three states, solid, liquid, and gas. Understand d how water on Earth				
			Laitii				

moves in	
predictable patterns. Understan d Earth's atmospher e as a mixture of gases and water vapor. E.FE.M.1 Atmospher e - The atmospher e is a mixture of nitrogen, oxygen and trace gases that include water vapor. The atmospher e has different physical and chemical compositio n at different	

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Unit Abstract Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performan ce Task / Thinking Assessme Strategies nts	Lesson Sequence	Resources
		elevations. E.FE.07.11 Describe the atmosphere as a mixture of gases. E.FE.07.12 Compare and contrast the composition of the atmosphere at different elevations. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan				
NEW Michigan Science Standards (Week 1, 37 Weeks)						



Science 8 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Questions		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
Unit 1: Scientific Method (Week 1, 38 Weeks)	How is scientific thinking different from everyday thinking?	This unit is a continuation and overlap of seventh grade standards to allow eighth grade students the opportunity to secure and master the knowledge of the process of the scientific method and all necessary measure ment skills. Within this unit, students do several investigations designed to help them understand the nature of scientific thinking and knowledge claims. Since all science starts with a question or problem, the initial activity focuses on the difference between scientific and unscientific questions. Students avoid questions with yes or no answers, and focus on ones that are testable and deal with cause and effect relationships. Good scientific questions at this level are often in a form that expresses a	MI: GLCE: Science 7th Grade Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems. S.IP.M.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.07.11 Generate scientific questions based on observations, investigations, and research.	the chaic gray so on the chaic gray so on the chaic so en the	cientists mploy to elp nsure ccurate nd epeatable ata? //hat are nanipulate	scientific method measurement evidence- based ideas qualitative data (observations) quantitative data (measuremen ts) variable (independent, dependent, controlled) graphing skill s	Analyzing Critiquing Describing Designing Evaluating Explaining Identifying Predicting Measuring	TCI Science Kits

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	relationship (i.e., How does	sieves, microscopes, hot plates, pH meters) appropriate to scientific investigations. S.IP.07.14 Use metric measurement devices in an investigation. S.IP.07.15 Construct charts and graphs from data and observations. S.IP.07.16 Identify patterns in data. Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using	5. What types of scientific equipment are appropriate to use in different scientific investigations?			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	students develop an awareness of and skills used in developing and defending scientific knowledge claims. They design	•				
	investigations (or critique teacher- provided designs) that involve independent, dependent, and controlled variables an	S.IA.07.11 Analyze information from data tables and graphs to answer scientific questions.				
	their associated knowledge claims.	S.IA.07.12 Evaluate data, claims, and personal knowledge through collaborative science discourse.				
		S.IA.07.13 Communicate and defend findings of observations and investigations.				
		S.IA.07.14 Draw conclusions from sets of data from multiple trials of a scientific investigation to draw conclusions.				
		S.IA.07.15 Use multiple sources of information to evaluate strengths and weaknesses of claims, arguments, or data.				
		Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS:				

Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.M.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decisionmaking and the application of science throughout history and within society.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Questio	al / Focus ns	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
			Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.					
			S.RS.07.16 Design solutions to problems using technology.					
			Copyright © 2001- 2015 State of Michigan					
Unit 2: States of Matter and Heat (Week 6, 5 Weeks)	How does heat and energy effect the molecular motion within a solid, liquid and gas?	In this unit students compare solids, liquids, and gases with respect to intermolecular attractions and energy. Students use macroscopic observations to generate models for particle arrangement and motion at the molecular level. Students also describe the energy changes that accompany common changes of state. Students draw diagrams of the arrangement of the particles in substances before and after a phase change occurred. Students use their knowledge of	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: Science & Technical Subjects 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or	2.	How can macroscop ic observations be explained by the arrangement and motion of particles in solids, liquids, and gases? What properties of solids, liquids, and gases make them useful in society? How do states of	intermolecular forces kinetic energy molecular motion states of matter (properties & phase changes) heating curve graphs	Analyzing Evaluating Identifying Comparing Interpreting	

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	intermolecular attractions to explain why some substances exist as solids under normal classroom conditions while others exist as either liquids of gases. At this point, students understand the differences in particle arrangement, intermolecular attraction, and energy of particles. This conceptual understanding helps students as they compare the entropy of substances and explain energy changes associated with changes of state. Next, students are exposed to the heating curves of various substances. While analyzing heating curve graphs, students learn energy is transferred to the substance. Students are able to identify water's melting point and boiling point based upon heating curve data. Classroom discussion connects the heating curve investigation to phase diagrams for substances and introduces changes of	r over the course of a text. RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. Writing 2. Write informative/explanat ory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. WHST.6-8.2. Write informative/explanato ry texts, including the narration of historical	matter affect us in our daily life? 4. How is energy flow related to changes in state (solid, liquid, gas) of matter? 5. How do temperature versus time graphs represent the appearance and state of water when it is slowly heated or cooled?			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	state as either exothermic or endothermic.	clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.				
		WHST.6-8.2b. Develop the topic with relevant, well- chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.				
		WHST.6-8.2c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.				
		WHST.6-8.2d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.				
		WHST.6-8.2e. Establish and				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		maintain a formal style and objective tone.				
		WHST.6-8.2f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.				
		MI: GLCE: Science High School Chemistry HS C2.2 Molecules in Motion				
		C2.2A Describe conduction in terms of molecules bumping into each other to transfer energy. Explain why there is better conduction in solids and liquids than gases.				
		C2.2B Describe the various states of matter in terms of the motion and arrangement of the molecules (atoms) making up the substance.				
		C3.3 Heating Impacts				
		C3.3A Describe how				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
			heat is conducted in a solid.				
			C3.3B Describe melting on a molecular level.				
			C4.3 Properties of Substances				
			C4.3A Recognize that substances that are solid at room temperature have stronger attractive forces than liquids at room temperature, which have stronger attractive forces than gases at room temperature.				
			C4.3B Recognize that solids have a more ordered, regular arrangement of their particles than liquids and that liquids are more ordered than gases.				
			C5.4 Phase Change/Diagrams				
			C5.4B Measure, plot, and interpret the graph of the temperature versus time of an ice-water mixture, under slow heating, through melting and boiling.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
Unit 3: Atoms and the Periodic Table (Week 10, 12 Weeks)	How are we using knowledge of atomic structure to identify matter, its properties, and its interaction s?	The first part of this unit focuses on the nucleus and introduces the fundamental differences between atoms of different elements and isotopes. As part of an inquiry activity, students analyze models of atoms and ions by counting numbers of protons, neutrons and electrons. This gives students an opportunity to visualize and compare the differences between atoms of different elements, different isotopes of one element, and ions formed from atoms of an element. Students use mass and atomic numbers to identify elements and write their symbols. Class discussion helps students understand that: atoms of an	MI: GLCE: Science High School Chemistry HS C4.2 Nomenclature C4.2A Name simple binary compounds using their formulae. C4.2B Given the name, write the formula of simple binary compounds. C4.8 Atomic Structure C4.8A Identify the location, relative mass, and charge for electrons, protons, and neutrons. C4.8B Describe the atom as mostly empty space with an extremely small, dense nucleus consisting of the protons and neutrons and an electron cloud surrounding the	 How do scientist organize matter (metals, nonmetal metalloid on the Periodic Table? What informat do scientist use to different e one at from another? Why are some isotopes an elem unstable while others a stable? How car changes that occi in an ato. 	average atomic mass compound als, element ds) formula ion isotopes mass number mixture ion Periodic Table of Elements solution iat sub-atomic om particles	Analyzing Evaluating Identifying Comparing	

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Questio	al / Focus ns	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		element all have the same number of protons, isotopes of an element have the same number of protons but a different number of neutrons, and ions are formed when a neutral atom gains or loses an electron. Further class discussion introduces the concept of mass number, and average atomic mass. In this unit students are introduced to the number, location and energy of electrons in atoms and ions. Students will gain an understanding of electron configuration. Through classroom discussions, students learn to write electron configurations for atoms and ions, and relate electron configuration to reactivity.	nucleus. C4.8C Recognize that protons repel each other and that a strong force needs to be present to keep the nucleus intact. C4.8D Give the number of electrons and protons present if the fluoride ion has a -1 charge. C4.9 Periodic Table C4.9A Identify elements with similar chemical and physical properties using the periodic table. C4.10 Neutral Atoms, lons, and Isotopes C4.10A List the number of protons, neutrons, and electrons for any given ion or isotope. C4.10B Recognize that an element always contains the same number of protons. C5.5 Chemical Bonds — Trends	 6. 	when energy is either gained or lost be used to identify elements? How are electrons involved in the formation of covalent and ionic bonds? What are elements, compound s, and solutions?			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
			bonding between two atoms of different elements will be primarily ionic or covalent.				
			C5.5B Predict the formula for binary compounds of main group elements.				
			C5.8x Carbon Chemistry				
			C5.8A Draw structural formulas for up to ten carbon chains of simple hydrocarbons.				
			C5.8B Draw isomers for simple hydrocarbons.				
			C5.8C Recognize that proteins, starches, and other large biological molecules are polymers.				
			Copyright © 2001- 2015 State of Michigan				
Unit 4: Chemical Reactions and Acids/Bas	How are chemical reactions described and represente	In this unit, students explore the role of Chemistry in their world and understand that it's everywhere in their world. Students explore	MI: GLCE: Science High School Chemistry HS C3.4 Endothermic and Exothermic	What can physical and chemical properties tell us	acid base chemical and physical change chemical and	Analyzing Applying Classifying Comparing Describing Distinguishi	

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
es (Week 22, 4 Weeks)	d?	chemical and physical changes in an effort to learn about the fundamental building blocks of matter. They learn how scientists classify chemical and physical changes, and what tools are available to help scientists communicate with one another. The concepts of nomenclature, types of reactions, and balancing equations are woven into the classroom discussions of the laboratory investigations. Students learn these skills, as needed, in order to communicate information regarding the reactions they observed. With this approach, these concepts, which are essential for communication in chemistry, have relevance and meaning and provide a much needed foundation for more in-depth study later in the course. Within this unit, students are investigating elements and compounds through a series of laboratory	C3.4A Use the terms endothermic and exothermic correctly to describe chemical reactions in the laboratory. C3.4B Explain why chemical reactions will either release or absorb energy. C5.2 Chemical Changes C5.2A Balance simple chemical equations applying the conservation of matter. C5.2B Distinguish between chemical and physical changes in terms of the properties of the reactants and products. C5.2C Draw pictures to distinguish the relationships between atoms in physical and chemical changes. C5.7 Acids and Bases C5.7A Recognize formulas for common inorganic acids, carboxylic acids, and bases formed from	about substances? 2. How do we identify chemical and physical changes in matter? 3. What physical and chemical changes impact our daily lives? 4. How does chemistry help us understand threats to our environme nt? 5. How are chemical equations constructe d and balanced? 6. How are chemical bonds created or broken? 7. How does one determine if a chemical	physical property chemical bond chemical reactions (types and identifying reactants and products) coefficient compounds conservation of mass element endothermic exothermic formula hydrocarbons indicators pH subscript	ng Drawing Explaining Identifying Organizing Predicting Recognizin g Representi ng Using	

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	investigations. Students compare the properties of starting substances (reactants) to ending substances (products) in an effort to describe changes on a macroscopic level. Through classroom discussion and analysis, students classify reactants and products as elements, compounds, or mixtures. During subsequent lab experiments, students investigate how compounds are formed from elements (synthesis reactions), are changed to form new substances (single/double replacement and combustion reactions), broken down into different substances (decomposition reactions), and changed from one form to another (physical changes). During discussion of their observations, students begin to understand the evidence needed to classify a change as either a chemical or physical change. Reactions relating to	C5.7B Predict products of an acidbase neutralization. C5.7C Describe tests that can be used to distinguish an acid from a base. C5.7D Classify various solutions as acidic or basic, given their pH. C5.7E Explain why lakes with limestone or calcium carbonate experience less adverse effects from acid rain than lakes with granite beds. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan	bond will be ionic or covalent? 8. What are the various ways that products and reactants can be represente d? 9. What structures and molecular arrangeme nts are found in simple hydrocarbo ns and biological molecules? 10. What distinguish es chemical interaction s from physical interaction s? 11. How do chemical equations represent the conservati on of matter in a			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	corrosion, acid rain, respiration, and other real-world application can be chosen for the investigations to help students realize that chemistry is all around them. In this unit students investigate interactions between matter that produces substances with their own unique set of properties. They discover that these reactions are distinct from physical interactions where nonew substances are produced. It is important to note that while chemical chan result in new substances and these changes explain how relatively small number of elements can produce the diversity matter in the university matter in the university few combinations actual occur and that most possible combination of elements do not result in new substances. Student explore what happer when interactions between simple substances (elemen or compounds) occur	ns ie p ind n s ir t o at, ges ses v a ber y of se, ly ns ts ts ts	chemical interaction? 12. How do energy transfer diagrams differentiat e exothermic and endothermi c reactions? 13. What are the products of an acid/base reaction? 14. What is pH and how does it describe the acidity and alkalinity of substances?			

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		and categorize them as physical or chemical reactions. Then they represent these reactions using word equations that can be					
		reduced to symbolic form in a familiar chemical equation. Students balance these equations and recognize that both the					
		number of 'particles' and mass is conserved in a balanced chemical equation. They are then introduced to the					
		energy flow in chemical reactions and recognize that chemical interactions either release to (exothermic)					
		or absorb energy from (endothermic) the surrounding environment. Students explore acids and					
		bases and the various materials (e.g., litmus paper, indicators, pH scale, etc.) that are employed to distinguish					
		these chemicals from one another. They also identify common acids and bases in everyday products and					
		investigate the neutralization reaction between acids and bases.					

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focu Questions	s Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
Unit 5: Electricity and Magnetis m (Week 25, 5 Weeks)	How do scientists describe electric and magnetic interaction s?	In this unit students explore electrically charged objects by investigating a variety of interactions between two charged objects and charged objects with neutral objects. They describe these interactions in terms of the strength of the attractive and repulsive forces as well as through the use of charge distribution diagrams. Students investigate a variety of electric circuit interactions and be able to recognize open, complete, and short circuits. They also explain the roles that voltage, current, and resistance play in electric circuit interactions. Lastly, students describe various energy transformations that take place in common household devices and the roles that electric and magnetic interactions play in electric motors and generators.	MI: GLCE: Science High School Physics HS P3.7 Electric Charges P3.7A Predict how the electric force between charged objects varies when the distance between them and/or the magnitude of charges change. P3.7B Explain why acquiring a large excess static charge (e.g., pulling off a wool cap, touching a Van de Graaff generator, combing) affects your hair. P3.p8 Magnetic Force (prerequisite) P3.p8A Create a representation of magnetic field lines around a bar magnet and qualitatively describe how the relative strength and direction of the magnetic force changes at various places in the field.	1. How are the interactions between charged and neurobjects described. 2. What are the cause of both attractive and repulsive forces between charged and neurobjects. 3. How are electrical objects classifier and described described. 4. How are voltage, resistant and currestions and currestions and currestions. 5. What are the energian are the energed and the series and the energian and currestions.	conductors and insulators en Ohm's Law electric ctral charges (positive, negative, e neutral) ses electric force energy e energy transformatio e n non-contact force static charge electric force energy energy transformatio e n non-contact force static charge ce energy energy transformatio energy transformatio energy energy	Comparing Drawing Describing Explaining Identifying Predicting Representi ng	

Init	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		(prerequisite) P4.2 Energy Transformation P4.2A Account for and represent energy transfer and transformation in complex processes (interactions). P4.2B Name devices that transform specific types of energy into other types (e.g., a device that transforms electricity into motion). P4.3 Kinetic and Potential Energy P4.3A Identify the form of energy in given situations (e.g., moving objects, stretched springs, rocks on cliffs, energy in food). P4.10 Current Electricity —	transformations that occur in common household devices? 6. How does the electric force between objects vary when the distance between them and/or the magnitude of charges change? 7. How is energy conservati on different in open and closed systems?			
		P4.10A Describe the energy transformations when electrical energy is produced and transferred to homes and businesses.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Question	al / Focus ns	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
			P4.10B Identify common household devices that transform electrical energy to other forms of energy, and describe the type of energy transformation.					
			P4.10C Given diagrams of many different possible connections of electric circuit elements, identify complete circuits, open circuits, and short circuits and explain the reasons for the classification.					
			P4.10D Discriminate between voltage, resistance, and current as they apply to an electric circuit.					
			Copyright © 2001- 2015 State of Michigan					
Unit 6: Motion and Forces (Week 30, 9 Weeks)	What is the relationshi p between the forces acting on an object and its motion?	In this unit students discuss and categorize various examples of force interactions that represent contact interactions and noncontact (at a distance) interactions. The	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: Science & Technical	1.	What are some common examples of both contact and non-contact (at	acceleration action/reactio n forces average speed displacement vs distance forces	Analyzing Calculating Describing Explaining Identifying Interpreting Predicting Solving	

Overarching and Enduring Unit Understand gs	ng Ilnit Δhstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
	concept of net force is developed using the ideas of magnitude and direction of forces to determine if the forces, action on an object are balanced or unbalanced and the resulting motions are explored. They apply these ideas, to qualitatively describe the force and motion characteristics of one dimensional, two dimensional, circular, and periodic motion. Students use the concept of net force to solve problems involving Newton's 2nd Law. They learn how to clearly describe a 'reaction force' when given an 'action force' in a specific interaction. Students describe why action/reaction pair forces do not cancel each other out thus preventing motion. Students will calculate speed, velocity, and acceleration. The concept of motion will be explored through analyzing, interpreting, and drawing motion graphs and motion diagrams (strobe	Subjects 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, or ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. MI: GLCE: Science High School Physics HS STANDARD P2: MOTION OF OBJECTS The universe is in a	a distance) force interaction s? 2. How is the net force of an object calculated? 3. How do balanced and unbalance d forces affect an object's motion? 4. How does the mass of an object affect its motion? 5. What role does net force and direction of travel play in one-dimension al, two-dimension al, circular, and periodic motion? 6. What is an action/reac tion force pair and why do they not	frame of reference friction gravitational force magnitude and direction Newton's Laws one/two dimensional, periodic and circular motions revolution vs rotation scalar & vector quantities velocity weight vs mass kinetic energy open system potential energy work		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		pictures).	state of constant change. From small particles (electrons) to the large systems (galaxies) all things are in motion. Therefore, for students to understand the universe they must describe and represent various types of motion. Kinematics, the description of motion, always involves measurements of position and time. Students must describe the relationships between these quantities using mathematical statements, graphs, and motion maps. They use these representations as powerful tools to not only describe past motions but also predict future events. P2.1 Position — Time	cancel each other out? 7. What is the energy conservati on relationshi p between potential and kinetic energy?			
			P2.1A Calculate the average speed of an object using the change of position				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		and elapsed time.				
		P2.1B Represent the velocities for linear and circular motion using motion diagrams (arrows on strobe pictures).				
		P2.1C Create line graphs using measured values of position and elapsed time.				
		P2.1D Describe and analyze the motion that a position-time graph represents, given the graph.				
		P2.1E Describe and classify various motions in a plane as one dimensional, two dimensional, circular, or periodic.				
		P2.1F Distinguish between rotation and revolution and describe and contrast the two speeds of an object like the Earth.				
		P2.2 Velocity — Time				
		P2.2A Distinguish between the variables of distance, displacement, speed, velocity, and				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		acceleration.				
		P2.2B Use the change of speed and elapsed time to calculate the average acceleration for linear motion.				
		P2.2C Describe and analyze the motion that a velocity-time graph represents, given the graph.				
		P2.2D State that uniform circular motion involves acceleration without a change in speed.				
		STANDARD P3: FORCES AND MOTION Students identify interactions between objects either as being by direct contact (e.g., pushes or pulls, friction) or at a distance (e.g., gravity, electromagnetism), and to use forces to describe				
		interactions between objects. They recognize that non-zero net forces always cause changes in motion (Newton's fi rst law).				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
			These changes can be changes in speed, direction, or both. Students use Newton's second law to summarize relationships among and solve problems involving net forces, masses, and changes in motion (using standard metric units). They explain that whenever one object exerts a force on another, a force equal in magnitude and opposite in direction is exerted back on it (Newton's third law). P3.1 Basic Forces in Nature				
			P3.1A Identify the force(s) acting between objects in "direct contact" or at a distance.				
			P3.2 Net Forces				
			P3.2A Identify the magnitude and direction of everyday forces (e.g., wind, tension in ropes, pushes and pulls, weight).				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Thinking Vocabulary Strategie	
		done in different situations.			
		P3.2C Calculate the net force acting on an object.			
		P3.3 Newton's Third Law			
		P3.3A Identify the action and reaction force from examples of forces in everyday situations (e.g., book on a table, walking across the fl oor, pushing open a door).			
		P3.4 Forces and Acceleration			
		P3.4A Predict the change in motion of an object acted on by several forces.			
		P3.4B Identify forces acting on objects moving with constant velocity (e.g., cars on a highway).			
		P3.4C Solve problems involving force, mass, and acceleration in linear motion (Newton's second law).			
		P3.4D Identify the force(s) acting on objects moving with uniform circular			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		motion (e.g., a car on a circular track, satellites in orbit).				
		P3.6 Gravitational Interactions				
		P3.6A Explain earth- moon interactions (orbital motion) in terms of forces.				
		P3.6B Predict how the gravitational force between objects changes when the distance between them changes.				
		P3.6C Explain how your weight on Earth could be different from your weight on another planet.				
		P4.2 Energy Transformation				
		P4.2C Explain how energy is conserved in common systems (e.g., light incident on a transparent material, light incident on a leaf, mechanical energy in a collision).				
		P4.2D Explain why all the stored energy in gasoline does not transform to mechanical energy of a vehicle.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		P4.3 Kinetic and Potential Energy				
		P4.3B Describe the transformation between potential and kinetic energy in simple mechanical systems (e.g., pendulums, roller coasters, ski lifts).				
		P4.3C Explain why all mechanical systems require an external energy source to maintain their motion.				
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				



Science K (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standard	Essential / s Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
1: Observati ons with Senses (Week 1, 11 Weeks)	How do scientists investigat e materials and objects in their world?	In this unit students explore each of their five senses independe ntly. They use each sense separately to make observations. They make connection s between the observations they make and the body part associated with the sense they used. Connection s are also made to how their five senses help them enjoy their surroundin	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 2. Write informative/explanat ory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.K.2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanator y texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a	 Make purposeful observations of the natural world using the appropriate senses (S.IP.00.11). Generate questions based on observations using the senses (S.IP.00.12). Plan and conduct simple investigations using the senses (S.IP.00.13). Manipulate simple tools (hand lens, balances) that aid observation and data collection 	my five sens es to learn abou t my world? 2. How do I desc ribe mate rials and objects in my world? 3. How can I use my five sens es to orga	explanation s and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from	Unit 1 Lesson Resour ce Packet Sample Lesson Script Button Sorting Parent Audience Letter Science Notebook Template Taste Exploration Teaching the Five Senses Senses Draw and Label ELA Teaching Point and Focus Questions

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
	gs and help keep them safe. After students have practiced using each of their senses, they sort objects into like categories based on their observations. They apply their understanding of their five senses by designing a project that they can use to educate others.	new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.K.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.	(S.IP.00.14) Construct simple charts from data and observation s (S.IP.00.16) Share ideas about the senses through purposeful conversatio n (S.IA.00.12) Communica te and present findings of observation s (S.IA.00.13) Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make observation s, conduct simple investigatio	rials?	mathematic s and computatio nal thinking	

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		W.K.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. MI: GLCE: Science Kindergarten Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.00.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses	ns, and watch a video) (S.IA.00.14) Demonstrat e science concepts about the senses through illustrations, performanc es, models, exhibits, and activities (S.RS.00.1 1).			

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		S.IP.00.12 Generate questions based on observations.				
		S.IP.00.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations.				
		S.IP.00.14 Manipulate simple tools (for example: hand lens, pencils, balances, non-standard objects for measurement) that aid observation and data collection.				
		S.IP.00.16 Construct simple charts from data and observations.				
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.				
		S.IA.00.12 Share ideas about science				

Jnit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		through purposeful conversation.				
		S.IA.00.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.				
		S.IA.00.14 Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make observations, conduct simple investigations, and watch a video).				
		Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to				
		new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.E.1 Reflecting				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc e	Resources
			on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision making and the application of science throughout history and within society.					
			S.RS.00.11 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.					
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
2: Pushes and Pulls (Week 12, 9 Weeks)	How do scientists investigat e and describe how things move?	In this physical science unit, students investigate how forces affect the motion of a	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 2. Write	Describe the position of an object (above, below, in front of, behind, on) in relation to other	 How do obje ts mov e? How wou d 	and interpreting data Asking questions and	Unit 2 Lesson Resour ce Packet	I Can Identify Push and Pull Forces On the Playground Push Pull Sort.notebook Things Move with a Push or a Pull

Overarchir and Unit Enduring Understan ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
	variety of objects in their world. They distinguish between forces that pull objects and forces that push objects. Students examine how pushing and pulling on an object can change the speed or direction of its motion. They connect their understand ing of forces that push and pull with how gravity affects the motion of objects by investigatin g how objects fall towards the earth.	informative/explanat ory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. PW.K.2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanator y texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge	objects (P.FM.00.1 1). Describe the direction of a moving object (for example: away from or closer to) from different observers' views (P.FM.00.1 2). Observe how objects fall toward the earth (P.FM.00.2 1). Demonstrat e pushes and pulls on objects that can move (P.FM.00.3 1). Observe that objects initially at rest will move in the direction of a push or a pull (P.FM.00.3 2).	one desc ribe the moti on of an objec t? 3. How do shap e and force affec t an objec t's moti on? 4. What is the differ ence betw een a push and a pull? 5. How does gravi ty chan ge the moti	Constructin g explanation s and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communica ting information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematic s and computational thinking	Where's the Bear? Push Pull Sort.notebook Testing Different Shapes Testing-Different- Size-Pushes&Pulls.doc Force and Motion book.docx Gravity.docx How Does Shape Affect Motion.doc My Push & Pull Book Template.docx Push and Pull Inc.docx Push and pull small picture cards.doc Push&PullBook.docx Push&PullLargePictureS ort.docx ELA Teaching Point and Focus Questions - Unit 2 9-29-15.docx

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
	Science Concepts Only .doc	sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. PW.K.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. PW.K.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. MI: Science (2015)	Observe how pushes and pulls can change the speed or direction of moving objects (P.FM.00.3 3). Observe how the shape and mass of an object can affect motion (P.FM.00.3 4). Make purposeful observation s of the movement of objects in response to pushes and pulls (S.IP.00.11). Generate questions based on observation s of objects falling toward the earth (S.IP.00.12)	on of an objec t?		
		Kindergarten				

Unit	-naurina	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
			Forces and Interactions: Pushes and Pulls Forces and Interactions: Pushes and Pulls PK-PS2-1 Plan and conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object. PK-PS2-2 Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the speed or direction of an object with a push or a pull.* MI: Science (2009) Kindergarten Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions	 Plan and conduct simple investigations about pushes and pulls changing the speed or direction of moving objects (S.IP.00.13) Manipulate simple tools (pencil) to collect data about the effect of pulls or pushes changing the speed or direction of moving objects (S.IP.00.14) Construct simple charts from investigations about pushes and pulls changing the speed or direction of moving 			

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		to problems S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.00.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses S.IP.00.12 Generate questions based on observations. S.IP.00.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations. S.IP.00.14 Manipulate simple tools (for example: hand lens, pencils, balances, non-standard objects for measurement) that aid observation and data collection. S.IP.00.16 Construct simple charts from data and observations. Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that	objects (S.IP.00.16) Share ideas through purposeful conversatio n about how pushes or pulls affect the speed or direction of moving objects (S.IA.00.12) Communica te and present findings of observation s about the motion of an object (for example: away from or closer to) from different observers' views (S.IA.00.13) Develop strategies for information gathering			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.	(ask an expert, make observation s, conduct investigatio ns, watch a video) about forces affecting the motion of objects (S.IA.00.14)			
		S.IA.00.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation. S.IA.00.13 Communicate and present findings of observations. S.IA.00.14 Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make	Demonstrat e the effect of pushes or pulls on the motion of objects through various illustrations, performanc es, models, exhibits or activities (S.RS.00.1			
		observations, conduct simple investigations, and watch a video). Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be	1).			

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision making and the application of science throughout history and within society.				
		S.RS.00.11 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.				
		Discipline 2:				

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		Physical Science Force and Motion K-7 Standard P.FM: Develop an understanding that the position and/or motion of an object is relative to a point of reference. Understand forces affect the motion and speed of an object and that the net force on an object is the total of all of the forces acting on it. Understand the Earth pulls down on objects with a force called gravity. Develop an understanding that some forces are in direct contact with objects, while other forces are not in direct contact with objects. P.FM.E.1 Position- A position of an object can be described by locating the object relative to other objects or a background.				
		P.FM.00.11 Describe the position of an object (for example: above, below, in front of, behind, on) in				

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstr Understandi ngs	Standards / Content ract Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		relation to other objects around it.				
		P.FM.00.12 Describe the direction of a moving object (for example: away from or closer to) from different observers' views.				
		P.FM.E.2 Gravity- Earth pulls down on all objects with a force called gravity. With very few exceptions, objects fall to the ground no matter where the object is on the Earth.				
		P.FM.00.21 Observe how objects fall toward the earth.				
		P.FM.E.3 Force- A force is either a push or a pull. The motion of objects can be changed by forces. The size of the change is related to the size of the force. The change is also related to the weight (mass) of the object on which the force is being exerted. When an object does not				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Stan	Essenti dards Focus Questio		Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc e	Resources
			another force is being applied by the environment.						
			P.FM.00.31 Demonstrate pushes and pulls on objects that can move.						
			P.FM.00.32 Observe that objects initially at rest will move in the direction of the push or pull.						
			P.FM.00.33 Observe how pushes and pulls can change the speed or direction of moving objects.						
			P.FM.00.34 Observe how shape (for example: cone, cylinder, sphere) and mass of an object can affect motion.						
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.						
3: Basic Needs of Living Things	What do living things need to survive?	In this life science unit, students begin to	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science,	 Identify compa living a nonlivithings 	re Ind	What do living thing s	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking	Unit 3 Lesson Resour ce	Is it Living PowerPoint.pptx Is It Living.doc K Unit 3Teaching

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc e	Resources
(Week 21, 8 Weeks)		explore the natural world around them by determinin g the differences between living and nonliving things. They learn that living things include both plants and animals. The focus of the unit is on basic needs of all living things (air, water, food and space). Students gain understand ing of this concept through the exploration and investigation of the needs of plants and	& Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 2. Write informative/expla natory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.K.2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanato ry texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by	(L.OL.00.11). Identify living things as plants and animals (L.OL.00.12). Describe how earth materials contribute to plant and animal life (E.SE.00.12). Make purposeful observation s of living and nonliving things using the appropriate senses (S.IP.00.11) Generate questions about living things based on observation s (S.IP.00.12) Plan and conduct simple	need to survi ve? 2. How can one tell that som ethin g is alive? 3. How do the need s of plant s differ from thos e of anim als? 4. How do earth mate rials contribute to life?	questions and defining problems Constructin g explanation s and designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Planning and carrying out investigations Obtaining, evaluating, and communica ting information Using mathematic s and computational thinking	Packet	Points.docx Living and Nonliving Sort.docx living.nonliving- SmartBoard.notebook The Needs of Living Things.pptx To Survive Animals Need.docx Zoo Animal.docx Zoo Diorama Planning Sheet.docx All About Living Things Book Template.docx Earthworm Home Sample.JPG Investigating Earthworms.docx Iiving.nonliving.notebook Needs-or-Wants.doc Science Notebook Template.doc The Needs of Living Things.pptx Earthworm Home Labeled Photo Zoo Model Planning Sheet Needs or Wants Plant Investigation Snowman Template ELA Teaching Points

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		animals. They apply their understand ing by writing an "All About Book" and designing a habitat for a zoo animal.	planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.K.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and	investigations into the basic needs of living things (S.IP.00.13) • Manipulate simple tools (hand lens, balances) that aid observation and data collection (S.IP.00.14) • Construct simple charts from data and observations of living things (S.IP.00.16) • Share ideas about the needs of living things through purposeful conversation (S.IA.00.12) • Communicate and present findings of			Grade K Unit 3 9-28- 15.docx

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.K.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. MI: GLCE: Science Kindergarten Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and reasoning involves observing, questioning,	observation s of living things (S.IA.00.13) Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make observation s, conduct simple investigations, and watch a video) (S.IA.00.14) Demonstrat e science concepts about the needs of living things through illustrations, performanc es, models, exhibits, and activities (S.RS.00.11).			

Jnit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		investigating,				
		recording, and				
		developing				
		solutions to				
		problems				
		S.IP.E.1 Inquiry				
		involves				
		generating				
		questions,				
		conducting				
		investigations,				
		and developing				
		solutions to				
		problems through				
		reasoning and				
		observation.				
		S.IP.00.11 Make				
		purposeful				
		observation of the natural world using				
		the appropriate				
		senses				
		S.IP.00.12 Generate				
		questions based on				
		observations.				
		S.IP.00.13 Plan and				
		conduct simple investigations.				
		S.IP.00.14				
		Manipulate simple				
		tools (for example:				
		hand lens, pencils,				
		balances, non-				
		standard objects for				
		measurement) that aid observation and				

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		data collection. S.IP.00.16 Construct simple charts from data and observations.				
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations. S.IA.00.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation. S.IA.00.13				

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		Communicate and present findings of observations. S.IA.00.14 Develop strategies for information gathering				
		(ask an expert, use a book, make observations, conduct simple investigations, and watch a video).				
		Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an				
		understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit				
		should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes				
		scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of				
		the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new				

Jnit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		situations to				
		better understand				
		the role of				
		science in society				
		and technology.				
		S.RS.E.1				
		Reflecting on				
		knowledge is the				
		application of				
		scientific				
		knowledge to new				
		and different				
		situations.				
		Reflecting on				
		knowledge requires careful				
		analysis of				
		evidence that				
		guides decision				
		making and the				
		application of				
		science				
		throughout history				
		and within				
		society.				
		S.RS.00.11				
		Demonstrate				
		scientific concepts				
		through various				
		illustrations,				
		performances, models, exhibits, and				
		activities.				
		Discipline 3: Life				

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		Science Organization of Living Things K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop an understanding that plants and animals (including humans) have basic requirements for maintaining life which include the need for air, water				
		and a source of energy. Understand that all life forms can be classified as producers, consumers, or decomposers as they are all part of a global food chain where food/energy is supplied by plants which need light				
		to produce food/ energy. Develop an understanding that plants and animals can be				

Jnit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		classified by				
		observable traits				
		and physical				
		characteristics.				
		Understand that				
		all living				
		organisms are				
		composed of cells				
		and they exhibit				
		cell growth and				
		division.				
		Understand that				
		all plants and				
		animals have a				
		definite life cycle,				
		body parts, and systems to				
		perform specific				
		life functions.				
		L.OL.E.1 Life				
		Requirements-				
		Organisms have				
		basic needs.				
		Animals and				
		plants need air,				
		water, and food.				
		Plants also				
		require light.				
		Plants and				
		animals use food				
		as a source of				
		energy and as a				
		source of building				

Jnit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		material for growth and repair. L.OL.00.11 Identify that living things have basic needs. L.OL.00.12 Identify and compare living and nonliving things. Discipline 4: Earth				
		Science Solid Earth K-7 Standard E.SE: Develop an understanding of the properties of earth materials and how those properties make materials useful. Understand				
		gradual and rapid changes in earth materials and features of the surface of Earth. Understand magnetic properties of Earth. E.SE.E.1 Earth				
		E.SE.E.1 Earth Materials- Earth materials that occur in nature				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Leve	el Standards	Essent Focus Questio		Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc e	Resources
			include rocks, minerals, soils, water, and the gases of the atmosphere. Some Earth materials have properties which sustain plant and animal life. E.SE.00.12 Describe how Earth materials contribute to the growth of plant and animal life. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.							
4: My Earth (Week 29, 9 Weeks)	How are non-living earth materials investigat ed and used?	In this earth science unit, students develop an understand ing of earth materials. They revisit the difference between	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 2. Write informative/explanat ory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly	•	Identify earth materials that occur in nature (E.SE.00.11). Make purposeful observation s of different earth	1.	What non-living mate rials mak e up the Earth? How are rocks	Analyzing and interpreting data Asking questions and defining problems Constructin g explanation s and	Unit 4 Lesson Resour ce Packet	Sorting Rocks.docx Earth Material Investigation.doc Land and Water PowerPoint.ppt My Rock Report.docx Examining Rocks Exploring Sand Exploring Soil Book Template

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understand ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
	living and non-living materials and distinguish non-living materials found in nature from manufactur ed examples. Students make observations and compare samples of rock, sand, soil and water. They investigate how different types of earth materials absorb water and explore examples of how these materials are used in design and construction. Students	and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.K.2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanator y texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions,	materials (water, soil, sand, rock) using the appropriate senses (S.IP.00.11) Generate questions based on observation s of different earth materials (S.IP.00.12) Plan and conduct simple investigation s into the ability of different earth materials to absorb water (S.IP.00.13) Manipulate simple tools (hand lens, balances) that aid observation s and data collection of different	sand and soil alike and differ ent? 3. How does wate r inter act with other earth mate rials? 4. How do scien tists use fair tests to inves tigat e earth mate rials? 5. How are earth mate rials used by	designing solutions Developing and using models Engaging in argument from evidence Obtaining, evaluating, and communica tion information Planning and carrying out investigations Using mathematics and computation all thinking	ELA Teaching Point and Focus Questions Unit 4 9-28-15.docx

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		conclude the unit by writing an information al "report" summarizi ng their investigatio n of rocks, sand, soil and water.	demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.K.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.K.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. MI: GLCE: Science Kindergarten Discipline 1: Science Processes Inquiry Process K-7 Standard S.IP: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and	earth materials, including water (S.IP.00.14) Make accurate measureme nts with appropriate (non- standard) units of different earth materials (S.IP.00.15) Construct simple charts from data and observation s of earth materials (S.IP.00.16) Share ideas about investigatio ns into the properties of earth materials through purposeful conversatio n (S.IA.00.12)	engi neer s?		

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		reasoning involves observing, questioning, investigating, recording, and developing solutions to problems S.IP.E.1 Inquiry involves generating questions, conducting investigations, and developing solutions to problems through reasoning and observation. S.IP.00.11 Make purposeful observation of the natural world using the appropriate senses S.IP.00.12 Generate questions based on observations. S.IP.00.13 Plan and conduct simple investigations. S.IP.00.14 Manipulate simple tools (for example: hand lens, pencils, balances, non-standard objects for measurement) that aid observation and data collection. S.IP.00.15 Make accurate	Communica te and present findings of investigatio ns into the ability of different earth materials to absorb water (S.IA.00.13) Develop strategies for information gathering about earth materials. (Ask an expert, use a book.) (S.IA.00.14) Demonstrat e through models and activities how earth materials absorb water (S.RS.00.11).			
		accurate measurements with				

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		appropriate (non- standard) units for the measurement tool.				
		S.IP.00.16 Construct simple charts from data and observations.				
		Inquiry Analysis and Communication K-7 Standard S.IA: Develop an understanding that scientific inquiry and investigations require analysis and communication of findings, using appropriate technology. S.IA.E.1 Inquiry includes an analysis and presentation of findings that lead to future questions, research, and investigations.				
		S.IA.00.12 Share ideas about science through purposeful conversation.				
		S.IA.00.13 Communicate and present findings of observations.				
		S.IA.00.14 Develop strategies for information gathering (ask an expert, use a book, make				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
			observations, conduct simple investigations, and watch a video).				
			Reflection and Social Implications K-7 Standard S.RS: Develop an understanding that claims and evidence for their scientific merit should be analyzed. Understand how scientists decide what constitutes scientific knowledge. Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection on scientific knowledge and its application to new situations to better understand the role of science in society and technology. S.RS.E.1 Reflecting on knowledge is the application of scientific knowledge to new and different situations. Reflecting on knowledge requires careful analysis of evidence that guides decision making and the application of				
			science throughout				

Unit	Overarching and Unit Enduring Abstract Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
		history and within society.				
		S.RS.00.11 Demonstrate scientific concepts through various illustrations, performances, models, exhibits, and activities.				
		Discipline 4: Earth Science				
		Solid Earth K-7 Standard E.SE: Develop an understanding of the properties of earth materials and how those properties make materials useful. Understand gradual and rapid changes in earth materials and features of the surface of Earth. Understand magnetic properties of Earth. E.SE.E.1 Earth				
		Materials- Earth materials that occur in nature include rocks, minerals, soils, water, and the				
		gases of the atmosphere. Some Earth materials have properties which sustain plant and				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Unit Level Standards	Essential / Focus Questions	Thinking Strategies	Lesson Sequenc Resources e
			animal life.				
			E.SE.00.11 Identify Earth materials that occur in nature (sand, rocks, soil, water).				
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
NEW Michigan Science Standards (Week 1, 37 Weeks)							

Social Studies 1



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 1: What is a Family? (Week 1, 8 Weeks)	Why are families and schools important?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies Kindergarten Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. K - E1.0.1 Describe economic wants they have experienced. 1st Grade History H2 Living and Working Together Use historical thinking to understand the past. 1 - H2.0.1 Demonstrate chronological thinking by distinguishing among past, present, and future using family or school events. Geography G4 Human Systems Understand how human activities help	 What is a family? How are familie s alike and differe nt? How is a school like a family? 	alike basic needs change different diversity economic wants family past present responsibility rules school	Equipment/Manipulative Art Paper and Drawing Materials Such as Markers and Crayons Chart Paper and Markers Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource (Used in Lessons) Cruise, Robin. Little Mama Forgets. New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2006. Hines, Anna Grossnickle. Daddy Makes the Best Spaghetti. New York: Clarion Books, 1988. Howard, Arthur. When I Was Five. New York: Voyager Books, 1998. Katz, K. The Colors of Us. New York: Henry Holt and Company, 1999. Kuklin, Susan. How My Family Lives in America. New York: Aladdin Picture Books, 1998. Morris, Ann. Families. New York: Harper Collins, 2000. Smalls, Irene. Jonathan and His Mommy. New York: Little, Brown Young Readers, 1994. What Is a Family?. 100% Educational Videos. 1997. Discovery Education. 28 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Teacher Resource Books For Teaching About Families. 28 July 2015 http://www2.scholastic.com/browse/article.jsp?id=3121

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	shape the Earth's surface.			Families Poster Pack. Carson, California: Lakeshore Learning Materials, 2000.
	1 – G4.0.1 Use components of culture (e.g., foods, language, religion, traditions) to describe diversity in family life.			Families Thematic Unit E- Book. Teacher Created Resources, 28 July 2015 http://www.buyteachercreated.com/estore/product/2110 Hoberman, Mary Ann. Fathers, Mothers, Sisters, Brothers: A Collection of Family Poems. New York: Scholastic, 1991.
	Civics & Government C1 Purposes of Government Explain why people create governments.			Pellegrini, Nina. <i>Families are Different: Big Book and Teaching Guide</i> . New York: Scholastic, 1992. Teitler, Joanne. <i>Supplemental Materials (Unit 1, Lessons 1-5)</i> . Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative, 2009.
	1 – C1.0.1 Identify some reasons for rules in school (e.g., provide order, predictability, and safety).			Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Banks, J. A. An Introduction to Multicultural Education. Boston: Allyn & Bacon, 2002. Bisson, J. Celebrate! An Anti-Bias Guide to Enjoying Holidays in
	C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrate their responsibilities by participating in government.			early childhood programs. St. Paul, MN: Redleaf Press. 1997. Derman-Sparks, L. & the A. B. C. Task Force. Anti-Bias Curriculum: Tools for Empowering Young Children. Washington, DC: National Association for the Education of Young Children, 2001. National Council for the Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org/
	1 – C5.0.1 Describe some responsibilities people have at home and at school (e.g., taking care of oneself, respect for the rights of thers, following rules,			Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 28 July 2015 http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		getting along with others). Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. 1 – E1.0.2 Describe ways in which families consume goods and services. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			Teaching Tolerance Project. Starting Small: Teaching Tolerance in Preschool andthe Early Grades. Montgomery, AL: Southern Poverty Law Center, 1997. Vold, E. B. (ed.). Multicultural Education in Early Childhood Classrooms. Washington, DC: National Education Association, 1993. Wardle, F. Proposal: An Anti-Bias and Ecological Model for Multicultural Education. Childhood Education, 72, 152-156, 1996. York, S. Roots and Wings: Affirming Culture in Early Childhood Programs. St. Paul, MN: Redleaf Press, 1991.
Unit 2: How Do We Get What We Need or Want? (Week 9, 8 Weeks)	How do families meet their wants and needs where they live?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies Kindergarten Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. K - E1.0.1 Describe economic wants they have experienced.	1. How do familie s satisfy their needs and wants? 2. What is scarcit y and what does it force familie	choice consumer economic wants goods money pictograph producer scarcity services trade	Equipment/Manipulative Art paper and drawing materials, such as markers and crayons Chart paper and markers Coins: penny, nickel, dime, quarter, half dollar Colored construction paper cut into small squares to fix on pictographs Dollar bill Overhead projector or document camera and projector Play money Stickers (enough for one per student) Student journal or notebook

Overarching and Enduring S Unit Understandin E gs	standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	K - E1.0.2 Distinguish between goods and services. 1st Grade Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. 1 - E1.0.1 Distinguish between producers and consumers of goods and services. 1 - E1.0.2 Describe ways in which families consume goods and services. 1 - E1.0.3 Using examples, explain why people cannot have everything they want (scarcity) and describe how people respond (choice). 1 - E1.0.4 Describe reasons why people voluntarily trade. 1 - E1.0.5 Describe ways in which people earn money (e.g., providing goods and	s to do? 3. How and why do familie s trade?		Student Resource Barbour, Karen. Little Nino's Pizzeria. New York: Voyager Books, 1990. Brett, Jan. The Mitten. New York: G.P. Putnam's Sons, 1989. Brisson, Pat. Benny's Pennies. New York: Knopf Books for Young Readers, 1995. Chorao, Kay. Pig and Crow. New York: Owlet Paperbacks, 2005. Hughes, Sarah. My Aunt Works in a Cheese Shop (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Dad Works on a Farm. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Grandfather Works in a Bakery. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Mom is a Beekeeper. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Uncle Owns a Deli. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Mom is a Beekeeper. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Mom is a Beekeeper. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Mom is a Beekeeper. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. My Mom is a Beekeeper. (My Family at Work series). New York: Children's Press, 2000. -

I and	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	services to others, jobs). 1 – E1.0.6 Describe how money simplifies trade. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan		Teacher Resource Channell, Geanie, et. al. Focus: Grades K-2 Economics. National Council on Economic Education, 2007. Econ and Me Video Series and Teachers' Guide. National Council on Economic Education, 1995. Economics Posters. 28 July 2015 http://kidseconposters.com Heyse, Kathy and Day Harlan. Half-Pint Economics for Kids. Indiana Council for Economic Education, 2004. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge First Grade Social Studies Websites. August 12, 2015 Michigan Council on Economic Education. 28 July 2015 http://mceeonline.org National Council on Economic Education. 28 July 2015 http://www.ncee.net National Council for the Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org/ Online Lessons for each National Standard. 28 July 2015 http://www.ncee.net/ea/standards/ Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources.28 July 2015 http://www.nceunedu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html Voluntary National Content Standards in Economics. 28 July 2015 http://www.fte.org/teachers/standards/

Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 3: How Do We Learn About Places ? (Week 17, 8 Weeks)	How does where we live affect how we live?	MI: GLCE: Science 1st Grade Discipline 4: Earth Science E.ES.E.2 Weather- Weather changes from day to day and over the seasons. E.ES.01.22 Describe and compare weather related to the four seasons in terms of temperature, cloud cover, precipitation, and wind. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 1st Grade Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms Use geographic representations to acquire, process, and report information from a	1. How do we locate places? 2. How do we describe what places are like? 3. How do people adapt to and modify places?	absolute location adapt address aerial perspective birds eye view bodies of water direction globe human/environ ment interaction human characteristics land masses location map modify personal directions physical characteristics place region relative location season weather	Equipment/Manipulative Art Paper and Drawing Materials Such as Markers and Crayons Chart Paper and Markers Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Baker, Jeannie. Window. New York: Greenwillow Books, 1991. Cuyler, Margery. From Here to There. New York: Henry Holt and Company, 1999. Derby, Sally. My Steps. New York: Lee & Low Book Inc., 1996. Hoban, Tanya. All About Where. New York: Greenwillow Books, 1991. McMillan, Bruce. Mouse Views: What the Class Pet Saw. New York: Holiday House, 1993. Sweeney, Joan. Me on the Map. New York: Scholastic Inc., 1996. Teacher Resource Google Earth. 28 July 2015 http://www.earth.google.com Maps and Aerial Views. 28 July 2015 http://www.mapquest.com What Do Maps Show? 28 July 2015 http://erg.usgs.gov/isb/pubs/teachers-packets/mapshow/ Resources for Further Professional Knowledge

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit	and Enduring Understandin	spatial perspective. K-4 1 – G1.0.1 Construct simple maps of the classroom to demonstrate aerial perspective. 1 – G1.0.2 Give examples of places that have absolute locations (e.g., home address). 1 – G1.0.3 Use personal directions (left, right, front, back) to describe the relative location of significant places in the school environment. 1 – G1.0.4 Distinguish between landmasses and bodies of water using maps and globes. G2 Places and Regions	Focus		National Council for the Social Studies. 28 July 2015 thttp://www.ncss.org/ Teaching Social Studies. 28 July 2015 thttp://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html
		Understand how regions are created from common physical and human characteristics.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		1 – G2.0.1 Distinguish between physical (e.g., clouds, trees, weather) and human (e.g., buildings, playgrounds, sidewalks) characteristics of places. 1 – G2.0.2 Describe the unifying characteristics and/or boundaries of different school regions (e.g., playground, reading corner, library, restroom). G5 Environment and Society Understand the effects of humanenvironment interactions. 1 – G5.0.1 Describe ways in which people modify (e.g., cutting down trees, building roads) and adapt to the environment (e.g., clothing, housing, transportation). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 4: How	How can people and	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, &	1. How do we learn	artifact calendar chronology	Equipment/Manipulative Art Paper and Drawing Materials Such as Markers and Crayons

Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Do We Learn About the Past? (Week 25, 8 Weeks)	places affect our families?	MI: Grade 1 Reading: Literature Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RL.1.7 Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events. Reading: Informational Text 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text. Speaking and Listening 2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually,	about the past? 2. How is the past differe nt from the presen t? 3. Why do we celebrate people and events from the past?	country family historical evidence history month national holiday school	Chart Paper and Markers Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Brent, Lynnette. At School (Times Change series). Chicago, IL: Heinemann, 2003. Lillie, Patricia. When This Box is Full. New York: Scholastic, 1993. Kimmelman, Leslie. Happy 4th of July, Jenny Sweeney. New York: Albert Whitman & Company, 2003. Marzollo, Jean. Happy Birthday, Martin Luther King, Jr. New York: Scholastic Bookshelf, 2006. Mora, Pat. Pablo's Tree. Orlando, Florida: Harcourt Brace and Company, 1994. Nelson, Robin. School Then and Now (First Step Nonfiction) Minneapolis, MN: Lerner Publications, 2003. Rylant, Cynthia. Birthday Presents. New York: Orchard Books, 1987. Rylant, Cynthia. When I Was Young in the Mountains. New York: Puffin, 1982. Teacher Resource Brent, Lynnette. At Home (Times Change series). Chicago, IL: Heinemann, 2003. Historic Family Photographs. 28 July 2015 http://www.pbase.com/danielwickwire/wickwire_photos_one The Making of Modern Michigan: Digitizing Michigan's Hidden Past. A Photo Collection. 28 July 2015 http://mmm.lib.msu.edu/ Nelson, Robin. Home Then and Now (First Step Nonfiction). Minneapolis, MN: Lerner Publications, 2003.

Unit Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	quantitatively, and orally. SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. 6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.1.1e. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walk home; Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home).			Nelson, Robin. Transportation Then and Now (First Step Nonfiction) Minneapolis, MN: Lerner Publications, 2003. Rylant, Cynthia. Best Wishes (Meet the Author). New York: R.C. Owen, 1992. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge National Council for the Social Studies.28 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org/ National History Standards. 28 July 2015 http://nchs.ucla.edu/standards/ Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 28 July 2015 http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		MI: GLCE: Social Studies 1st Grade History H2 Living and Working Together Use historical thinking to understand the past.			
		1 – H2.0.1 Demonstrate chronological thinking by distinguishing among past, present, and future using family or school events.			
		1 – H2.0.2 Use a calendar to distinguish among days, weeks, and months.			
		1 – H2.0.3 Investigate a family history for at least two generations, identifying various members and their connections in order to tell a narrative about family life.			
		1 – H2.0.4 Retell in sequence important ideas and details from stories about families or schools.			
		1 – H2.0.5 Use historical records and artifacts (e.g., photos, diaries, oral histories,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and videos) to draw possible conclusions about family or school life in the past.			
		1 – H2.0.6 Compare life today with life in the past using the criteria of family, school, jobs, or communication.			
		1 – H2.0.7 Identify the events or people celebrated during United States national holidays and why we celebrate them (e.g., Independence Day, Constitution Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day; Presidents' Day).			
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
Unit 5: What is a Citize n? (Week 33, 5 Weeks	How do citizens shape a communit y?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Reading: Literature	1. Why do we need rules? 2. How can we get along with	authority citizen conflict consequences country enforcement equality fairness freedom majority rules	Equipment/Manipulative/Other 2 large poster boards or butcher paper for signs 3x5 index cards (enough for all students plus one extra 5x8 piece of green construction paper, cut to resemble long grass 2 long strips of butcher paper – one red and one blue 11x17 paper

Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RL.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RL.1.2. Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson. 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events,	others ? 3. How can citizen s work togeth er to solve proble ms?	patriotism power responsibility rights rules/laws symbols vote	Chalk or white board Chart Paper Construction paper (11"x18") Large black marker Markers or crayons Milk cartons (enough for all students plus one extra) Overhead projector or Document Camera/Projector Other art supplies as desired Tape or glue A toy car (Matchbox or Brio work well) A toy dog (Legos, Lincoln Log, or Brio work well) An adult volunteer to play the role of Sloppy Sally in Lesson 9 Student Resource Berger, Samatha. Martha Doesn't Share. New York: Little, Brown Books for Young Readers, 2010. Berry, Joy. Let's Talk About Being Fair. Pheonix, AZ: Gold Star Publishing, Inc., 1986 & 2000. Brimner, Larry Dane. School Rules. (Rookie Choices Series). New York: Scholastic, 2002. Center for Civic Education. Fair Bears Learn About Justice (Foundations of Democracy Series). California: Center for Civic Education, 1998 Orb and Effy Learn About Authority (Foundations of Democracy Series). California: Center for Civic Education, 1999.

Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RL.1.3. Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RL.1.4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and		The Zookeeper Learns About Responsibility (Foundations of Democracy Series). California: Center for Civic Education, 1998. Danziger, Paula. Second Grade Rules, Amber Brown. N.Y: Penguin Group USA, 2004. Douglass, Lloyd. The Statue of Liberty (Welcome Books American Symbols Series). New York: Rosen Books, 2003. The Bald Eagle (Welcome Books American Symbols Series). New York: Rosen Books, 2003. The White House (Welcome Books, American Symbols Series). New York: Rosen Books, 2003. Flack, Marjorie. The Story of Ping. New York: Scholastic Book Services, 1968. Finn, Carrie. Kids Talk About Fairness. New York: Picture Window Books, 2006. Havill, Juanita and Anne Silbey O'Brien. Jamaica Tag-Along. Boston, MA: Sandpiper, 1990. Hutchins, Pat. The Doorbell Rang Big Book. New York: Greenwillow Books, 1994. Marzollo, Jean. Happy Birthday, Martin Luther King. New York: Scholastic, 1993. Marx, David F. Martin Luther King Jr. Day. New York: Children's Press, 2001. Mayer, Cassie. Being Fair (Citizenship Series). Chicago, IL; Heinemann Raintree, 2008. Being Responsible (Citizenship Series). Chicago, IL; Heinemann Raintree, 2008.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RL.1.7 Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events. 9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take. RL.1.9. Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RL.1.10. With prompting and			Meiners, Cheri J. Know and Follow Rules. Minneapolis, MN: Free Spirit Publishing, 2005. Naylor, Phyllis Reynolds. King of the Playground. New York: Aladdin Paperbacks, 1994. O'Neill, Alexis. The Recess Queen. New York: Scholastic, 2002. Pinkwater, Daniel Manus. The Big Orange Splot. New York: Scholastic, Inc., 1977. Rowe, Don. The Sandbox: A book about Fairness. Mankato, MN: Picture Window Books, 2001. Suen, Anastasia. Cutting in Line Isn't Fair. Edina, MN: Magic Wagon, 2008. Sommer, Carl. It's Not Fair. Houston, TX: Advance Publishing, 2003. Swope, Sam. The Araboolies of Liberty Street. New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2001. Teacher Resource About the White House. The White House. 29 July 2015. http://whitehouse.gov/about/white-house/101/ Bald Eagle: Creature Features. National Geographic. 29 July 2015. http://kids.nationalgeographic.com/kids/animals/creaturefeature/ba Ideagle/ The Big Orange Splot. YouTube. Littlegreenghoul. 17 March 2011. 29 July 2015. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=93m5ro3ACpY&feature=related (animated but sound is low) Bloom, Amy and Mark Raffler. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lessons 1-9). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2011.

Overarchi and Endu Unit Understai gs	ring Standards / Content ndin Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1. Reading: Informational Text Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RI.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RI.1.2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.			Inside The White House. The White House. 29 July 2015 http://www.whitehouse.gov/about/inside-white-house Statue of Liberty - Light Show – 9.28.06. YouTube. 29 July 2015 http://www.youtube.com/v/NYvDReH7dLs Statue of Liberty. National Park Services. 29 July 2015 http://www.nps.gov/stli/index.htm 29 July 2015 Symbols of the U.S. Government: Statue of Liberty. Ben's Guide to Government. 29 July 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov/3-5/symbols/ladyliberty.html Symbols of the U.S. Government: The Bald Eagle. Ben's Guide to Government. 29 July 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov/3-5/symbols/eagle.html Symbols of the United States: Uncle Sam. Ben's Guide to Government. 29 July 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov/3-5/symbols/unclesam.html The Executive Branch. The White House. 29 July 2015 http://www.whitehouse.gov/our-government/executive-branch The Statue of Liberty. The Statue of Liberty – Elllis Island Foundation. 29 July 2015 http://www.statueofliberty.org/Fun Facts.html White House Interactive Tour. The White House. 29 July 2015 http://www.whitehouse.gov/about/interactive-tour Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Better Together. The Saguaro Seminar. Civic Engagement in America. Harvard Kennedy School. Harvard University. 29 July 2015

Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RI.1.3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RI.1.4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text. 6. Assess how point of view or			Center for Civic Education. 29 July 2015 http://www.civiced.org/index.php?page=lesson_plans CIRCLE. The Center for Information and Research on Civic Learning and Engagement. Tufts University. 29 July 2015 http://www.civicyouth.org/ Citizenship Education. 29 July 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/educationlssues/CitizenshipEducation/Cit EdDB_intro.asp Ehrenhalt, Alan. The Lost City: Discovering the Forgotten Virtues of Community in the Chicago of the 1950s. NY: BasicBooks, 1995. National Alliance for Civic Education. 29 July 2015 http://www.cived.net/ National Center for Learning and Citizenship. 29 July 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/projectsPartners/nclc/nclc_main.htm National Council for the Social Studies. 29 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org Putnam, Robert D. and David E. Campbell and Robert D. Putnam. AMERICAN GRACE: How Religion Divides and Unites Us. NY: Simon & Schuster, 2010. Putnam, Robert D. Bowling Alone: The Collapse and Revival of American Community. NY: Simon & Schuster, 2000. and Lewis Feldstein. Better Together: Restoring the American Community. NY: Simon & Schuster, 2003. The Saguaro Seminar. Civic Engagement in America. Harvard Kennedy School. Harvard University. 29 July 2015 http://www.hks.harvard.edu/saguaro/

Overar and Er Unit Unders gs	ching during Standards / Content standin Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RI.1.7. Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.			Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 29 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.html Walzer, Michael. "Civility and Civic Virtue in Contemporary America." In Radical Principles: Reflections of an Unreconstructed Democrat. NY: Basic Books, 1980.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit	Understandin	RI.1.10.With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1. Reading: Foundational Skills Phonics and Word Recognition RF.1.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs (two letters that represent one sound). b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words. c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.	rocus		Resources
		d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables. f. Read words with inflectional endings. g. Recognize and read grade-appropriate			
		irregularly spelled words. Fluency RF.1.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.			
		a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.			
		c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.			
		Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of			

Unit Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.1.1. Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure. 2. Write informative/explan atory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write informative/explanator y texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.1.3. Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details		

Overar and En Unit Unders gs	ching during Standards / Content tandin Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	to strengthen writing as needed. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and			

Overarching and Enduring Understandir gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.1.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.1.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges. SL.1.1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion. 2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including			

g ng Standards / Content in Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. 3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric. SL.1.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood. 5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. 6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. Language 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2b. Use end punctuation for sentences. L.1.2d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for		

Unit Overard and End Underst gs	ching during Standards / Content tandin Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	frequently occurring irregular words. L.1.2e. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions. 6. Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression. L.1.6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts,		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	gs	including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., I named my hamster Nibblet because she nibbles too much because she likes that). MI: GLCE: Social Studies 1st Grade History H2 Living and Working Together Use historical thinking to understand the past. 1 – H2.0.7 Identify the events or people celebrated during United States national holidays and why we celebrate them (e.g., Independence Day, Constitution Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day; Presidents' Day). Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms Use geographic representations to			
		acquire, process,			

Unit a	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Inderstandin Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and report information from spatial perspective.	а		
	K-4 1 – G1.0.2 Give examples of places that have absolute locations (e.g., hom address, school address). Civics & Government C1 Purposes of Government Explain why people create governments. 1 – C1.0.1 Identify some reasons for rules in school (e.g. provide order, predictability, and safety). 1 – C1.0.2 Give examples of the use power with authority school (e.g., princip teacher or bus drive enforcing school rules). 1 – C1.0.3 Give examples of the use power without authority in school	e of r in al, r		

unit and	erarching Enduring Standards / Content derstandin Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	(e.g., types of bullying, taking cuts in line). C2 Values and Principles of American Democracy Understand values and principles of American constitutional democracy. 1 – C2.0.1 Explain how decisions can be made or how conflicts might be resolved in fair and just ways (e.g., majority rules). 1 – C2.0.2 Identify important symbols of the United States of America (e.g., Statue of Liberty, Uncle Sam, White House, Bald Eagle). C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrate their responsibilities by		

g ng Standards / Content in Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
participating in government. 1 – C5.0.1 Describe some responsibilities people have at home and at school (e.g., taking care of oneself, respect for the rights of thers, following rules, getting along with others). 1 – C5.0.2 Identify situations in which people act as good citizens in the school community (e.g., thoughtful and effective participation in the school decisions, respect for the rights of others, respect for rule of law, voting, volunteering, compassion, courage, honesty). Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a problem as a public policy issue, analyze various perspectives, and generate and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		evaluate possible alternative resolutions. 1 – P3.1.1 Identify public issues in the school community. 1 – P3.1.2 Use graphic data to analyze information about a public issue in the school community. 1 – P3.1.3 Identify alternative resolutions to a public issue in the school community. P3.3 Persuasive Communication About a Public Issue Communication About a Public Issue T – P3.3.1 Express a position on a public issue. 1 – P3.3.1 Express a position on a public policy issue in the school community and justify the position with a reasoned argument. P4.2 Citizen Involvement Act constructively to further the public good. 1 – P4.2.1 Develop and implement an action plan to address		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		or inform others about a public issue. 1 – P4.2.2 Participate in projects to help or inform others. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		

Social Studies 2



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 1: What is a Communit y? (Week 1, 6 Weeks)	What is a community and why do families live in communities?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 1st Grade Geography G2 Places and Regions Understand how regions are created from common physical and human characteristi cs. 1 – G2.0.1 Distinguish between physical (e.g., clouds, trees, weather) and human (e.g., buildings, playgrounds, sidewalks) characteristic s of places. 2nd Grade Geography G2 Places and Regions Understand how regions are created	 What is a communit y? Why do families live in communiti es? How are communiti es alike and different? 	basic needs community family government human characteristics of place location physical characteristics of place transportation	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Chart Paper and Markers Student Resource *Costa-Pau, Rosa. The City. Broomall, PA: Chelsea House Publishers, 1995. Geisert, Bonnie and Arthur. Prairie Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 2001. Hammersmith, Craig. What is a Family? New York: Spyglass Books, 2002. Hoberman, Mary Ann. Fathers, Mothers, Sisters, Brothers: A Collection of Family Poems. New York: Scholastic, 1991. Lenski, Lois. Sing a Song of People. Boston, MA: Little, Brown and Company, 1987. Pancella, Peggy. Suburb. Chicago, Illinois: Heinemann, 2005. *Simon, Norma. All Kinds of Families. New York: Albert Whitman and Company, 1976. *Soentpiet, Chris K. Around Town. New York: HarperCollins, 1994. Takabayashi. Mari. I Live in Brooklyn. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 2004. *Treays, Rebecca. My Town. Tulsa, OK: Usborne Publishing, 1998. Teacher Resource * Prairie Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1998.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		from common physical and human characteristics.			* River Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1999. Detroit Photograph. 30 July 2015 http://www.phototravelpages.com/us/detroit_images/detroit.jpg Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials. Teacher-made material.
		Compare the physical and human characteristic s of the local community with those of another community. G4 Human Systems Understand			Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2009. Geisert, Bonnie and Arthur. <i>Mountain Town</i> . New York: Houghton Mifflin, 2000. Hoberman, Mary Ann. <i>Fathers, Mothers, Sisters, Brothers: A Collection of Family Poems</i> . New York: Scholastic, 1991. *How Communities Are Different. 30 July 2015 thttp://www.lessonplanspage.com/SSCommunityDifferencesVenn3.htm
		how human activities help shape the Earth's surface. 2 - G4.0.2			*Kids and Community. 30 July 2015 thttp://www.planning.org/kidsandcommunity/ *Miller, Jake. Community Needs: Meeting Needs and Wants in Communities. New York: The Rosen Publishing Group, 2005. *Norris, Jill. My Community, A Complete Thematic Unit. Monterey,
		Describe the means people create for moving people, goods, and ideas within the local community.			CA: Evan-Moor Educational Publishers, 1996. *Pancella, Peggy. City. Chicago, Illinois: Heinemann, 2006 Subdivision in Greenville. 30 July 2015 http://www.greenvilledailyphoto.com/index.php/2008/06/09/anareal-view-of-a-subdivision-in-greenville/ Resources for Further Professional Knowledge
		Civics & Governme nt			National Council for the Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		C1 Purposes of Government Explain why people create government s. 2 - C1.0.1 Explain why people form governments. Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. 2 - E1.0.3 Describe how businesses in the local community meet economic wants of consumers. Copyright © 2001-2015			Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 30 July 2015 thttp://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 thttp://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 thttp://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html * The resources denoted with an asterisk are not used in the lessons for this unit. They are provided here to give meaningful options to teachers.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations State of	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Michigan			
Unit 2: Where is My Communit y & What is it Like (Week 7, 6 Weeks)	How does environme nt affect a community?	MI: GLCE: Science 2nd Grade Discipline 4: Earth Science Solid Earth K-7 Standard E.SE: Develop an understandi ng of the properties of earth materials and how those properties make materials useful. Understand gradual and rapid changes in earth materials and features of the surface of Earth. Understand magnetic	1. Where is our communit y located? 2. What are the some physical and human characteri stics of our communit y? 3. How do people change the environme nt in the local communit y?	community geography human characteristic of place human/environ ment interaction land use location map movement physical characteristic of place region transportation	Equipment/Manipulatives Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Chart Paper and Markers Student Resource *Block, Marta Segal. Mapping Your Community (first guide to Maps). New York: Heinemann, 2008 Chesanow, Neil. Where Do I Live? New York: Barron's Educational Series, 1995. *Fox, Guy. Washington D.C. Children's Map. New York: Guy Fox Publishing, 2007. Geisert, Bonnie and Arthur. Desert Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 2001 Mountain Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1998 River Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1999 *Green, Jen. Why Should I Protect Nature? New York: Barron's Educational Series, 2005 (optional book) Madden, Don. The Wartville Wizard. New York: Aladdin Books, 1993 Morris, Ann. On the Go. New York: Harper Collins, 1994. Rabe. Tish. There's a Map on My Lap: All About Maps. New York: Random House Books for Young Readers, 2002.
		properties of			

Unit	erarching d Enduring derstandin Expectation	Cuestions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Earth. E.SE.E.2 Surface Changes The surfa of Earth changes Some changes due to sl processe such as erosion a weatheri and som changes due to ra processe such as landslide volcanic eruption and earthqua E.SE.02. Describe major landforms the surfac the Earth (mountain plains, plateaus, valleys, h E.FE.E.2 Water Moveme Water moves in	are low es, and ing, le are apid es, s, s, akes. 21 the s of ce of ns, mills).		Ritchie, Scott. Follow that Map! A First Book of Mapping Skills. New York: Kids Can Press, 2009. Takabayashi. Mari. I Live in Brooklyn. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 2004. Teacher Resource *Ashcroft, Minnie. Marvelous Map Activities for Young Learners: Easy Reproducible Activities that Introduce Important Map and Geography Skills, and Help Kids Explore their Neighborhood, Community and Beyond. New York: Scholastic, 2002. *Block, Marta Segal. Mapping Your Community (first guide to Maps). New York: Heinemann, 2008 Class Set-UpTool. 30 July 2015 http://teacher.scholastic.com/tools/class_setup/\text{\text{Seto-UpTool}}. 30 July 2015 http://teacher.scholastic.com/tools/class_setup/\text{\text{Descendention}}. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2009. How Communities Are Different. 30 July 2015 http://www.lessonplanspage.com/SSCommunityDifferencesVenn3.htm *Kids and Community. 30 July 2015 http://www.planning.org/kidsandcommunity Landforms. 30 July 2015 http://www.edu.pe.ca/southernkings/landforms.htm Map Adventures. 30 July 2015 http://egsc.usgs.gov/isb/pubs/teachers-packets/mapadventures/illust1.html Map of Waterford, Michigan. 30 July 2015 http://www.twp.waterford.mi.us/gis/maps/generic.pdf

Unit	deretandin Co	Ontont	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		predictable patterns. E.FE.02.22 Describe the major bodies of water on the Earth's surface (lakes, ponds, oceans, rivers, streams). MI: GLCE: Social Studies 2nd Grade Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms Use geographic representati ons to acquire, process, and report information from a spatial perspective. K-4 2 - G1.0.1 Construct maps of the			*Moore. Jo E. Beginning Geography: Landforms & Bodies of Water (Beginning Geography). New York: Evan-Moor, 1993 *Norris, Jill. My Community, A Complete Thematic Unit. Monterey, CA: Evan-Moor Educational Publishers, 1996. Outline Map of the U.S. 30 July 2015 http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united states/usa blank.jpg State of Michigan Maps. Michigan Department of Transportation website. 30 July 2015 http://www.michigan.gov/mdot/0,1607,7-151-9622 11033 11151,00.html *Wade. Mary Dodson. Map Scales (Rookie Read-About Geography). New York: Children's Press, 2003. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge National Council for the Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org/ Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 30 July 2015 http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html

Unit	Inderstandin		Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		local community that contain symbols, labels, and legends denoting human and natural characteristic s of place.			
		2 – G1.0.2 Use maps to describe the spatial organization of the local community by applying concepts including relative location and using distance, direction, and scale.			
		G2 Places and Regions Understand how regions are created from common physical and human characteristi			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		2 – G2.0.1 Compare the physical and human characteristic s of the local community with those of another community. 2 – G2.0.2 Describe how the local community is part of a larger region (e.g., county, metropolitan area, state).			
		G4 Human Systems Understand how human activities help shape the Earth's surface. 2 – G4.0.1 Describe land use in the community (e.g., where people live, where services are provided, where			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs		Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		products are made).			
		2 – G4.0.2 Describe the means people create for moving people, goods, and ideas within the local community.			
		G5 Environment and Society Understand the effects of human- environment interactions.			
		2 – G5.0.1 Suggest ways people can responsibly interact with the environment in the local community.			
		2 – G5.0.2 Describe positive and negative consequence s of changing the physical environment			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of the local community. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 3: How Do Citizens Live Together (Week 13, 6 Weeks)	How do people live together in a community?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 2nd Grade Civics & Government C1 Purposes of Government Explain why people create government s. 2 - C1.0.1 Explain why people form governments. 2 - C1.0.2 Distinguish between government action and private action. C2 Values and Principles of	 What is the purpose of governme nt? What does our local governme nt do? What are important roles and responsibi lities of citizens in a communit y? 	branches of government citizen city council civic responsibility common good community core democratic values court diversity government individual rights laws mayor patriotism	Equipment/Manipulative A large piece of chart paper with the Pledge of Allegiance written on it An American Flag Chart Paper and Markers Drawing Paper Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Plain white paper — one piece per student Student journal or notebook Student Resource Blos. Joan. Old Henry. New York: HarperCollins, 1990 *Kalman, Bobbie. Community Helpers from A to Z. New York: Crabtree Publishing, 1997. Dooley, Norah. Everybody Brings Noodles. New York: Carolrhoda Books, 2005. *Harris, Nancy, What's a City Council? New York: Heinemann, 2007. * What's a Mayor? New York: Heinemman, 2007. Pellegrino, Marjorie White. My Grandma's the Mayor. New York: Magination Press, 1999.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		American Democracy Understand values and principles of American constitution al democracy. 2 - C2.0.1 Explain how local governments balance individual rights with the common good to solve local community problems. 2 - C2.0.2 Describe how the Pledge of Allegiance reflects the core democratic value of patriotism. C3 Structure and Functions of Government Describe the structure of government in the United States and			Teacher Resource *Martin Jr., Bill; Sampson, Michael and Raschka, Chris. I Pledge Allegiance (Big Book). New York: Candlewick Press, 2005 *Norris, Jill. My Community, A Complete Thematic Unit. Monterey, CA: Evan-Moor Educational Publishers, 1996. Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 3). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2009. *Great Government for Kids. 30 July 2015 http://www.cccoe.net/govern/index.html Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Center for Civic Education. 30 July 2015. http://www.civiced.org/ Citizenship Education. 30 July 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/educationlssues/CitizenshipEducation/CitEdDB intro.asp National Center for Learning and Citizenship. 30 July 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/projectsPartners/nclc/nclc main.htm National Alliance for Civic Education. 30 July 2015 http://www.cived.net/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html * Although not specifically used in the lessons for this unit, these resources are included to provide meaningful options for teachers.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		how it functions to serve citizens.			
		2 – C3.0.1 Give examples of how local governments make, enforce, and interpret laws (ordinances) in the local community.			
		2 – C3.0.2 Use examples to describe how local government affects the lives of its citizens.			
		2 – C3.0.3 Identify services commonly provided by local governments (e.g., police, fire departments, schools, libraries, parks).			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrate their responsibilit ies by participating in government.			
		2 – C5.0.1 Identify ways citizens participate in community decisions.			
		2 – C5.0.2 Distinguish between personal and civic responsibilitie s and explain why they are important in community life.			
		Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 4:How Do People Work Together in a Communit y? (Week 19, 6 Weeks)	How do people's choices impact a community?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 1st Grade Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. 1 – E1.0.3 Using examples, explain why people cannot have everything they want (scarcity) and describe how people respond (choice). 2nd Grade Economics E1 Market Economy	1. How do scarcity, choice, and opportunit y cost impact economic decision making? 2. How do people and businesse s interact to meet economic wants?	businesses capital resources choice economic decision making economic wants human resources natural resources opportunity cost production scarcity specialization trade	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Chart Paper and Markers Student Resource Blood, Charles & Link, Martin. The Goat in the Rug. New York: Aladin Paperbacks 1990. Chinn, Karen. Sam and the Lucky Money. New York: Lee and Low, 1997. Hall, Donald. The Ox Cart Man. New York: Viking Junior Books, 1979. Marshall, Pam. From Tree to Paper (Start to Finish Series). Minneapolis, MN: Lerner Publications, 2003. (one copy for each two students) Teacher Resource Channell, Geanie, et. Al. Focus: Grades K-2 Economics. National Council on Economic Education, 2007. Econ and Me Video Series and Teachers' Guide. National Council on Economic Education. 1995. Economics Posters. 30 July 2015. https://kidseconposters.com Heyse, Kathy and Harlan Day. Half-Pint Economics for Kids. Indiana Council for Economic Education, 2006. https://mdc.itap.purdue.edu/item.asp?itemID=17147#.V9g8EJMrlY E. Norris, Jill. My Community, A Complete Thematic Unit. Monterey, CA: Evan-Moor Educational Publishers, 1996. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a		Council on Economic Education. 30 July 2015. http://www.councilforeconed.org/ Michigan Council on Economic Education.30 July 2015. http://mceeonline.org Online Lessons for each National Standard. 30 July 2015 http://www.councilforeconed.org/ea/standards/
		market economy. 2 – E1.0.1 Identify the opportunity cost involved in a consumer decision.		Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 30 July 2015. http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015. http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm
		2 – E1.0.2 Identify businesses in the local community.		
		2 – E1.0.3 Describe how businesses in the local community meet economic wants of consumers.		
		2 – E1.0.4 Describe the natural, human, and capital		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		resources needed for production of a good or service in a community. 2 – E1.0.5 Use examples to show that people cannot produce everything they want (specializatio n) and depend on trade with others to meet their wants. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 5: How Do Communit ies Change? (Week 25, 7 Weeks)	How do communiti es change over time?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 1st Grade History H2 Living and Working Together Use historical	 How do historians study the past? How can an individual impact history? How do communiti 	artifact change chronology decades historian historical evidence historical narrative historical perspective	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Chart Paper and Markers Student Resource Brenner, Martha. Abe Lincoln's Hat. New York: Random House for Youth Readers, 1994. Cherry Lynne. A River Ran Wild. New York: Harcourt Brace, 1992.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		thinking to understand the past. 1 – H2.0.1 Demonstrate chronological thinking by distinguishing among past, present, and future using family or school events. 1 – H2.0.6 Compare life today with life in the past using the criteria of family, school, jobs, or communication. 2nd Grade History H2 Living and Working Together Use historical thinking to understand the past. 2 – H2.0.1 Demonstrate chronological	es change over time?	history past people timeline	Hall, Donald. The Ox Cart Man.New York: Viking Junior Books, 1979. Pryor, Bonnie. The House on Maple Street. New York: Harper Trophy, 1992. Teacher Resource Igus, Toyomi. When I was Little. East Orange, NJ: Just Us Books, Inc., 1992. Norris, Jill. My Community, A Complete Thematic Unit. Monterey, CA: Evan-Moor Educational Publishers, 1996. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge American Local History Network. 30 July 2015 http://www.alhn.org/ American Memory Collection from the Library of Congress. 30 July 2015 http://lcweb2.loc.gov/ammem/ Henry Ford Museum/Greenfield Village. 30 July 2015 http://www.hfmgv.org/ History Cooperative. 30 July 2015 http://www.historycooperative.org/ The History Place. 30 July 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/ The Making of Modern Michigan: Digitizing Michigan's Hidden Past. 30 July 2015 http://mmm.lib.msu.edu/ National Council for History Education. 30 July 2015 http://www.nche.net/ Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 30 July 2015 http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/

Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	gs	thinking by distinguishing among years and decades using a timeline of local community events. 2 – H2.0.2 Explain why descriptions of the same event in the local community can be different. 2 – H2.0.3 Use an example to describe the role of the individual in creating history. 2 – H2.0.4 Describe changes in the local community over time (e.g., types of businesses, architecture and		Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html Using Primary Sources in the Classroom. 30 July 2015 http://lcweb2.loc.gov/learn/lessons/primary.html
		landscape, jobs,		

Unit	and Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		transportation , population). 2 – H2.0.5 Identify a problem in a community's past and describe how it was resolved. 2 – H2.0.6 Construct a historical narrative about the history of the local community from a variety of sources (e.g., data gathered from local residents, artifacts, photographs). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 6: How Can a Citizen Affect a	How can a citizen affect a community ?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 2nd Grade	 What is a good citizen? How do people work 	citizen citizen involvement civic responsibility	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Chart Paper and Markers Student Resource

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Communit y? (Week 32, 6 Weeks)		Civics & Governme nt C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrate their responsibilit ies by participating in government. 2 – C5.0.1 Identify ways citizens participate in community decisions. 2 – C5.0.2 Distinguish between personal and civic responsibilities and explain why they are important in community life.	together to solve communit y issues?	decision-making public issues	Kroll, Virginia. Good Citizen Sarah. Morton Grove, Illinois: Albert Whitman & Company, 2007. Lord, John Vernon. The Giant Jam Sandwich. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1972. Teacher Resource Picture Books About Citizenship. 30 July 2015 http://www.lawanddemocracy.org/book.cit.pix.html Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Citizenship Education. 30 July 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/educationlssues/CitizenshipEducation/CitEdDB intro.asp National Center for Learning and Citizenship. 30 July 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/projectsPartners/nclc/nclc main.htm National Alliance for Civic Education. 30 July 2015 http://www.cived.net/ Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 30 July 2015 http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 30 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185_Teaching_Social_Studies.html Using Primary Sources in the Classroom. 30 July 2015 http://lcweb2.loc.gov/learn/lessons/primary.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandin gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		2 – C5.0.3 Design and participate in community improvement projects that help or inform others. (See P4.2.2)			
		Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv			
		P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a problem as a public policy issue, analyze various perspectives, and generate and evaluate possible alternative resolutions.			
		2 – P3.1.1 Identify public issues in the local community that influence the daily lives of its citizens.			

Overarc and End Unit Underst gs	uring Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	2 – P3.1.2 Use graphic data and other sources to analyze information about a public issue in the local community and evaluate alternative resolutions. 2 – P3.1.3 Give examples of how conflicts over core democratic values lead people to differ on resolutions to a public policy issue in the local community. P3.3 Persuasive Communicat ion About a Public Issue Communicat e a reasoned position on a public issue. 2 – P3.3.1 Compose a			

Unit	and Enduring		Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		statement expressing a position on a public policy issue in the local community and justify the position with a reasoned argument.			
		P4.2 Citizen Involvement Act constructive ly to further the public good.			
		2 – P4.2.1 Develop and implement an action plan to address or inform others about a public issue.			
		2 – P4.2.2 Participate in projects to help or inform others.			
		Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			

© Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved

Social Studies 3 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 1: The Geograp hy of Michigan (Week 1, 5 Weeks)	How does the geograph y of Michigan affect the way people live?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 2nd Grade Geography G2 Places and Regions Understan d how regions are created from common physical and human characteris tics. 2 – G2.0.2 Describe how the local community is part of a larger region (e.g., county, metropolitan area, state). 3rd Grade Geography	1. How can the five themes of geograp hy be used to describe Michiga n? 2. How have people used, adapted to and modified the environ ment of Michiga n?	geography Great Lakes human/enviro nment interaction location Michigan movement natural resources place region state	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource *Appleford, Annie. <i>M is for Mitten</i> . Chelsea, MI: Sleeping Bear Press, 1999. Bergel, Colin and Koenig, Mark. <i>Mail by the Pail</i> . Detroit, MI: Wayne State University Press, 2001. *Blank Midwest Region map. 30 July 2015 http://www.teachervision.fen.com/tv/printables/scottforesman/SSMAP024.pdf Blank Outline Map of Michigan. 30 July 2015 http://geography.about.com/library/blank/blxusmi.htm *Bower, Gary. <i>I'm a Michigan Kid</i> . May 2005. Storybook Meadow Publishers, 2005. Cherry, Lynne. <i>A River Ran Wild</i> . San Diego: Harcourt Brace, Jovanonich, 1992. Dunes Photo Tour. 30 July 2015 http://www.leelanau.com/dunes/tour/ *Geisel, Theodor Seuss. <i>The Lorax</i> . New York: Random House, 1971. Geisert, Bonnie and Arthur. <i>Desert Town</i> . New York: Houghton Mifflin, 2001. Mountain Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1998. Prairie Town. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1999.

Overarching and Standards / Unit Enduring Content Understandi Expectations ngs	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
G1 The World in Spatial Terms Use geographi representations to acquire, process, and report information from a spatial perspective. K-4 3 – G1.0.1 Use cardinated directions (north, south east, west) to describe the relative location of significant places in the immediate environment 3 – G1.0.2 Use thematismaps to identify and describe the	e e		*Gibbons, Gail. The Great St. Lawrence Seaway. New York: Harper Collins, 1992. *How the Great Lakes Formed. Great Lakes Kids Website. 30 July 2015. http://www.on.ec.gc.ca/greatlakeskids/great-lakes-movie-1-e.html Kellogg, Steven. Paul Bunyan. New York: HarperCollins, 1985. Lewis, Anne Margaret. Hidden Michigan. Traverse City, MI: Mackinac Island Press, 2006. , Anne Margaret. Lighthouse Fireflies. Traverse City, Michigan: Mackinac Island Press, 2005. , Ann Margaret. Sleeping Bear, the Legend. Traverse City, MI: Mackinac Island Press, 2007. *MacGill-Callahan, Sheila. And Still the Turtle Watched. New York: Dial Books, 1991. Map of Michigan Lighthouses. 30 July 2015. http://www.michigan.gov/documents/hal mhc shpo lightmap 50933 7.p df McConnell, David. Meet Michigan. Hillsdale, MI: Hillsdale Educational Publishers, 2009. McLerran, Alice. Roxaboxen. New York: Lothrop, Lee and Shepard, 1991. Michigan Maps. Michigan Advantage.org. 30 July 2015. http://www.michiganadvantage.org/Reference/Maps/Default.aspx *Michigan Webcams. 30 July 2015. http://www.leonardsworlds.com/states/michigan.htm

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		physical and human characteristic s of Michigan. G2 Places and Regions Understan d how regions are created from common physical and human characteris tics. 3 – G2.0.1 Use a variety of visual materials and data sources to describe ways in which Michigan can be divided into regions. 3 – G2.0.2 Describe different regions to which Michigan belongs (e.g.,			Detroit: 30 July 2015 http://www.earthcam.com/usa/michigan/detroit/dsc/ Mackinac Bridge: 30 July 2015 http://www.mackinacbridge.org/ Copper Harbor: 30 July 2015 http://www.aviewfromthefield.com/livecam.html Michigan's State Symbols. 30 July 2015 http://www.michigan.gov/documents/mhc_mhm_statesymbols2002_4790 7.pdf Munsch, Robert. Lighthouse, A Story of Remembrance. New York: Cartwheel Books, 2003. Photographs of the J.W. Westcott. 30 July 2015 http://www.boatnerd.com/pictures/special/westcott/mailpailsouthdown.htm Photographs of Tahquemenon Falls. 30 July 2015 http://www.exploringthenorth.com/tahqua/tahqua.html *Rodgers, Denise. Great Lakes Rhythm & Rhyme. Spring Lake, MI: River Road Publications, 2003. Seeing the Light: Michigan Lighthouses. 30 July 2015 http://www.terrypepper.com/lights/state_michigan.htm Silverstein, Shel. The Giving Tree. New York: Harper and Row, 1964. Sleeping Bear Dunes Kids Site. 30 July 2015 http://www.nps.gov/slbe/forkids/index.htm *Van Allsburg, Chris. Just a Dream. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1990. Wargin, Kathy-Jo. Legend of Sleeping Bear. Chelsea, Michigan: Sleeping Bear Press, 1998.

Great Lakes * The Edmund Fitzgerald: The Song of the Bell. Chelsea, N	
Region, Midwest). G4 Human Systems Understan d how human activities help shape the Earth's surface. 3 - G4.0.3 Describe some of the current movements of goods, people, jobs or information to, from, or within Michigan and explain reasons for the movements. (E) G5 G7 G7 G7 G7 G7 G7 G7 G7 G7	Michigan 7-03.jpg es. Great ansing,

Unit Eı	nduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		human-environme nt interactions . 3 – G5.0.1 Locate natural resources in Michigan and explain the consequence s of their use. 3 – G5.0.2 Describe how people adapt to, use, and modify the natural resources of Michigan. (H) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			Limestone Quarry at Rogers City. 30 July 2015 http://www.boatnerd.com/news/newpictures03b/RogersCity_FRWhite.jpg Major Highways Map. Michigan Economic Development Website. 30 July 2015. http://ref.michiganadvantage.org/cm/attach/ab7251e3-c65b-4867-8584-90278c437381/majorhighways.pdf *Michigan Adventure! Discover Our State Symbols. 23 Jan. 2008 http://www.michigan.gov/hal/0.1607,7-160-15481-67748,00.html Michigan Beach. 30 July 2015 http://www.michigan.org/Things-to-Do/Outdoors/Beaches/Default.aspx Michigan Counties Map. 30 July 2015. http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/maps/michigan_map.html *Michigan Environmental Briefing Book, 2005-2006. Michigan Environmental Council. 30 July 2015 http://www.mecprotects.org/05briefingbook.pdf *Michigan Environmental Council. 30 July 2015 http://www.environmentalcouncil.org Michigan Farm. 30 July 2015 http://www.panoramio.com/photo/18396511 Michigan Forests Maps. 30 July 2015 http://www.panoramio.com/photo/18396511 Michigan Forests Maps. 30 July 2015 http://www.panoramio.com/photo/18396511 Michigan Maps. Michigan Advantage.org. 30 July 2015. http://www.michiganadvantage.org/Reference/Maps/Default.aspx Michigan's Natural Resources and Environment: A Citizens Guide. 30 July 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Expectations			http://www.legislature.mi.gov/documents/Publications/NaturalResources.pdf *Michigan's Official Economic Development and Travel Site. 30 July 2015 http://travel.michigan.org/index.asp?m=0 Michigan Oil Well. 30 July 2015 http://farm4.static.flickr.com/3358/3285607470_131a271c69.jpg *My-Michigan: People and Places that Matter. Michigan Environmental Council. 30 July 2015 http://www.mecprotects.org/land_mymich.html Outline Map of the United States. 30 July 2015 http://www.nationalatlas.gov/printable/images/pdf/outline/states.pdf *Rich in Resources. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. Contact 1-888-510-3326. Salt Mine in Detroit. 30 July 2015 http://www.detroitsalt.com/images/home-image.jpg *T.E.A.C.H. Great Lakes Education and Curriculum Homesite. 30 July 2015 http://www.great-lakes.net/teach/ Teacher's Lighthouse Resource for Grades K-4. 30 July 2015 http://www.uscg.mil/history/articles/LighthouseCurriculum.pdf Zebra Mussel Photos from the National Atlas. 30 July 2015 http://mationalatlas.gov/articles/biology/a_zm.html Resources for Further Professional Knowledge *State of Michigan Official Website. 30 July 2015 http://orchigan.org/index/states
					http://www.michigan.gov/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					* Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers.
Unit 2: The Econom y of Michigan (Week 7, 6 Weeks)	How have the geograph y and economy of Michigan shaped our past?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 3rd Grade Geography G4 Human Systems Understan d how human activities help shape the Earth's surface. 3 – G4.0.1 Describe major kinds of economic activity in Michigan today, such as agriculture (e.g., corn, cherries, dairy), manufacturin g (e.g., automobiles, wood	1. What do people consider in deciding what to produce and consum e in Michiga n? 2. How do scarcity and choice affect what is produce d and consum ed in Michiga n? 3. How is Michiga n part of the national and global	capital resources choice economic activities economic development economics entrepreneurs hip human resources incentives interdependen ce location Michigan natural resources productive resources role of government scarcity specialization trade	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Carle, Eric. Pancakes, Pancakes! New York, NY: Scholastic, Inc. 1990. El Nabli, Dina. Henry Ford. Time for Kids Biographies. NY: Harper Collins, 2008. McConnell, David. Meet Michigan. Hillsdale, MI: Hillsdale Educational Publishers, 2009. Teacher Resource *Children in the Marketplace-Lesson Plans in Economics for Grades 3 and 4. EconomicsAmerica Program, National Council on Economic Education, 1992. pp. 33-44. *Econedlink Online Lessons and Publications. National Council on Economics Education Website. 31 August 2015 http://www.nationalcouncil.org *Economic Education Web. 31 August 2015 http://ecedweb.unomaha.edu/K-12/home.cfm *Economics Posters. 31 August 2015 http://www.kidseconposters.com *Economics Websites. 31 August 2015 http://www.emints.org

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		products), services and tourism, research and development (e.g., Automation Alley, life sciences corridor, university communities), and explain the factors influencing the location of these economic activities. (E) Civics & Governme nt C3 Structure and Functions of Governme nt Describe the structure of government in the United States and	economi es?		Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 2, Lesson 1). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2009. Export Directory. Michigan Department of Agriculture. International Markets. 13 September 2009. http://www.mdainternational.com/ *Flowers, Barbara, Bonnie Meszaros, and Mary C. Suiter. Economics and Children's Literature. Ballwin, MO: SPEC Publishers, Inc, 1993. (Also see 1994 supplement). This is a resource manual containing 45 lesson plans on children's fiction and nonfiction books in grades 1-3 and 4-6. Each lesson teaches language arts concepts. Harvest Wind Farm Map and Photo.31 August 2015 http://www.wpsci.com/HarvestWindFarm.aspx Henry Ford and a Model-T. (picture) 31 August 2015 http://heckeranddecker.wordpress.com/2009/04/20/speed-of-light/ Henry Ford. Entrepreneur's Hall of Fame. 31 August 2015 http://www.ltbn.com/hall of fame/Ford.html Kellogg Company. 31 August 2015 http://www.kelloggcompany.com/ The Life of Henry Ford. 31 August 2015 http://www.hfmgv.org/EXHIBITS/HF/ The Log Man, LLC. 31 August 2015 http://thelogman.com/beds.html *The Michigan Economy. 1989-2002. 22 September 2009 http://www.michigan.org/cm/attach/125D281A-61E1-4E2B-98D2-0E7A228CA45D/EconRep.pdf Michigan Export Data. Department of Agriculture Website. 31 August 2015 http://www.ers.usda.gov/StateFacts/MI.htm#FC

Overard and Unit Endurin Unders ngs	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	how it functions to serve citizens. 3 – C3.0.2 Identify goods and services provided by the state government and describe how they are funded (e.g., taxes, fees, fines). Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundament al principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. 3 – E1.0.1 Explain how scarcity,			*Michigan: The Upper Hand. Michigan Economic Development Corp., 2007. 22 September 2009 http://ref.themedc.org/cm/attach/9E39AEC2-0093-4592-A4A6-2D4780701C1D/MEDC_GenBro_single-pg.pdf *The Motor City Exhibit. Detroit Historical Museum. 31 August 2015 http://www.detroithistorical.org/main/dhm/current_exhibits_details.aspx?ID=19 Outline Map of the U.S. 31 August 2015 http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united_states/usa_blank.jpg Shelti, Inc. 31 August 2015 http://www.shelti.com/ Sleeping Bear Farms.31 August 2015 http://www.sleepingbearfarms.com/ Vlasic Pickles.31 August 2015 http://www.sleepingbearfarms.com/ Wind Energy Brochure. 31 August 2015 http://ref.michiganadvantage.org/cm/attach/D0FE2DBC-197A-43C9-8A6B-17B5D68CD9F4/Wind_Energy.pdf Wind Farm Slide Show. Great Lakes Aerial Photos website. 31 August 2015 http://www.aerialpics.com/B/windgenerators.html Further Professional Knowledge Michigan Council on Economic Education.31 August 2015 http://mcee.net Online Lessons for each National Standard. 31 August 2015 http://www.ncee.net/ea/standards/

Unit	Enduring	Standards /	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		opportunity costs, and choices affect what is produced and consumed in Michigan. 3 – E1.0.2 Identify incentives (e.g., sales, tax breaks) that influence economic decisions people make in Michigan. 3 – E1.0.4 Describe how entrepreneur s combine natural, human, and capital resources to produce goods and services in Michigan. (H, G) 3 – E1.0.5 Explain the role of business development in Michigan's economic future.		Teaching Economics as If People Mattered. 31 August 2015 http://www.teachingeconomics.org/ Voluntary National Content Standards in Economics. 31 August 2015 http://www.fte.org/teachers/standards/ * Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers. Produce Grown in Michigan Commodity List

Unit	Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		E2 National Economy Use fundament al principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in the United States. 3 – E2.0.1 Using a Michigan example, describe how specialization leads to increased interdepende nce (cherries grown in Michigan are sold in Florida; oranges grown in Florida are sold in Michigan).			

Unit	Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		E3 Internation al Economy Use fundament al principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in the global economy.) 3 – E3.0.1 Identify products produced in other countries and consumed by people in Michigan. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 3: The Early History of Michigan (Week 13, 6 Weeks)	How have economi cs and the early history of Michigan influence d how Michigan grew?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 3rd Grade History H3 History of Michigan (Through Statehood) Use historical thinking to understand the past. 3 – H3.0.1 Identify questions historians ask in examining the past in Michigan (e.g., What happened? When did it happen? Who was involved? How and why did it happen?) 3 – H3.0.2 Explain how historians use primary and	 How do historian s learn about the past? How did people and events influenc e the early history of Michiga n? 	cause and effect chronology culture exploration human/enviro nment interaction Michigan primary sources secondary sources settlement statehood	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper Globe Highlighters Magnifying glasses Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student journal or notebooks 12" X 18" white drawing paper (one per student) or 12" X 18" brown construction paper (one per student) Student Resource "Adare, Sierra. Ojibwe. New York: Gareth Stevens Publishing, 2002. Cherry, Lynne. A River Ran Wild. San Diego: Harcourt Brace, Jovanonich, 1992. *Deur, Lynne. Nishnawbe: A Story of Indians in Michigan. Spring Lake, Michigan: River Road Publications, 1981. Gibson, Karen Bush. The Potawatomi. New York: Bridgestone Books, 2003. *Great Lakes Clothing Sketches. 1 September 2015 http://www.nativetech.org/clothing/regions/region7.html Howard, Ellen. The Log Cabin Quilt. New York: Holiday House, 1996. Kalman, Bobbie. Life in an Anishinabe Camp. New York: Crabtree Publishing, 2004. King, Sandra. Shannon, An Objibway Dancer. We are Still Here: Native Americans today series. Minneapolis: Lerner Publications, 1993. Lunge-Larsen, Lise and Preus, Margi. The Legend of the Lady Slipper. Boston, MA: Houghton Mifflin, 1999.

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		secondary sources to answer questions about the past. 3 – H3.0.3 Describe the causal relationships between three events in Michigan's past (e.g., Erie Canal, more people came, statehood). 3 – H3.0.4 Draw upon traditional stories of American Indians (e.g., Anishinaabeg - Ojibway (Chippewa), Odawa (Ottawa), Potawatomi; Menominee; Huron Indians) who lived in Michigan in order to make generalizatio			*Madeline La Framboise: Fur Trader. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. *McCall, Barbara, et al. The Ottawa. New York: Rourke Publishing, 1992. McConnell, David. Meet Michigan. Hillsdale, MI: Hillsdale Educational Publishers, 2009. *Nothing Was Wasted. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. *Panagopulos, Janie Lynn. A Place Called Home. Chelsea, MI: Sleeping Bear Press, 2001. *"Pioneer Life." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/mitten_pioneer-life.pdf *"Pioneers Settling a State". Michigan History for Kids. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/MHK-Getting-to-Michigan.pdf *"Sieur de la Salle." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/mitten_frenchexplorers.pdf *"Statehood for Michigan." Michigan History for Kids. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/MHK-Steps-to-Statehood.pdf *"The Great Lakes Fur Trade." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://www.seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/Fur-Trade-Mitten.pdf

and Unit Endu	uring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		ns about their beliefs. 3 – H3.0.5 Use informational text and visual data to compare how American Indians and settlers in the early history of Michigan adapted to, used, and modified their environment. 3 – H3.0.6 Use a variety of sources to describe interactions that occurred between American Indians and the first European explorers and settlers in Michigan. 3 – H3.0.7 Use a variety of primary and secondary sources to construct a historical			*"The Great Mystery." Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. *"The Huron Indians." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/mitten_huron.pdf *"The Three Fires." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/mitten_three-fires.pdf *"The Toledo War." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/mitten_toledowar.pdf Van Laan, Nancy. Shingebiss: An Ojibwe Legend. New York: Houghton Mifflin, 1997. *"Voyageurs of the Great Lakes." Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. Waboose, Jan Bourdeau. Morning on the Lake. Tonawanda, NY: Kids Can Press, 1998. Skysisters. Tonawanda, NY: Kids Can Press, 2002. Wargin, Kathy-Jo. The Voyageur's Paddle. Chelsea, MI: The Sleeping Bear Press, 2007. *Whelan, Gloria. Night of the Full Moon. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1993. Teacher Resource 1802 Map of Michigan. Bay-Journal Website. 01 September 2015 http://bay-journal.com/maps/maps.html

Unit Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	narrative about daily life in the early settlements of Michigan (pre-statehood). 3 – H3.0.9 Describe how Michigan attained statehood. 3 – H3.0.10 Create a timeline to sequence early Michigan history (American Indians, exploration, settlement, statehood). Geography G4 Human Systems Understan d how human activities help shape the Earth's surface.			Deur, Lynne. Settling in Michigan. Spring Lake, MI: River Road Publications, 1992. Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials. Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2009. Erie Canal Map. 01 September 2015 http://www.eriecanal.org "Father Jacques Marquette." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/mitten father-marquette.pdf "French Michigan". Michigan History For Kids. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/MHK-Voyaguers.pdf How Beaver Got His Tail. 01 September 2015. http://www.firstpeople.us/FP-Html-Legends/HowTheBeaverGotHisTail-Ojibwa.html Illustration of Early Detroit. Clarke Historical Library. Central Michigan University. 01 September 2015 http://clarke.cmich.edu/detroit/history.htm Images of the Erie Canal. 01 September 2015 http://www.eriecanal.org/images.html Map of the Northwest Territory. 01 September 2015 http://www.eriecanal.org/images.html Native American Legends. 01 September 2015 http://www.firstpeople.us/FP-Html-Legends/Legends-VZ.html Native American Tribes of Michigan Map and Websites. 23November 2009 http://www.native-languages.org/michigan.htm

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		3 – G4.0.4 Use data and current information about the Anishinaabeg and other American Indians living in Michigan today to describe the cultural aspects of modern American Indian life; give an example of how another cultural group in Michigan today has preserved and built upon its cultural heritage. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			Nikomis Learning Center. 01 September 2015. http://www.nokomis.org/ Paleolithic Spearheads. 01 September 2015. http://www.historyofscience.com/G2l/timeline/limages/biface.jpg Panagopulos, Janie Lynn. A Place Called Home. Chelsea, MI: Sleeping Bear Press, 2001. Photos of the Match-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan. 01 September 2015. "Pioneer Life." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/mitten_pioneer-life.pdf "Pioneers Settling a State". Michigan History for Kids. 13 September 2016. "Pioneers Settling a State". Michigan History for Kids. Spring 2001. "Statehood for Michigan.pdf "Statehood for Michigan." Michigan History for Kids. Spring 2001. http://www.seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/MHK-Steps-to-Statehood.pdf "The Great Lakes Fur Trade." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. Michigan History Magazine. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/Fur-Trade-Mitten.pdf Wargin, Kathy-Jo. Legend of the Lady's Slipper. Chelsea, MI: Sleeping Bear Press, 2003. Waterford Historical Society. 01 September 2015 http://www.waterfordhistoricalsociety.org/ White Oak Society. 01 September 2015
					Further Professional Knowledge

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					Cleland, Charles E. <i>Rites of Conquest: The History and Culture of Michigan's Native Americans</i> . Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 1992. Clifton, James A., George L. Cornell, and James M. McClurken. <i>People of the Three Fires: The Ottawa, Potawatomi and Ojibway of Michigan</i> . Grand Rapids, Ml: Grand Rapids Inter-Tribal Council, 1986. Dunbar, Willis F. and George S. May. <i>Michigan: A History of the Wolverine State</i> . 3rd rev. ed. Grand Rapids, Ml: W. B. Eerdmans Pub. Co., 1995. Dunnigan, Brian Leigh. <i>Frontier Metropolis: Picturing Early Detroit, 1701-1838</i> . Detroit: Wayne State University Press, 2001. Gilpin, Alec R. <i>The Territory of Michigan, 1805-1837</i> . East Lansing: Michigan State University Press, 1970. Halsey, John, ed. and Michael Stafford, assoc. ed. <i>Retrieving Michigan's Buried Past: The Archeology of the Great Lakes State</i> . Bloomfield Hills, Ml: Cranbrook Institute of Science, 1999. Kestenbaum, Justin L., ed. <i>The Making of Michigan, 1820-1860: A Pioneer Anthology</i> . Detroit: Wayne State University Press, 1990. * Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers.
Unit 4: The Growth of Michigan	How did people in Michigan work together to meet new	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 3rd Grade History	1. How has Michiga n changed over time?	agriculture agriculture and manufacturing auto industry automobile industry	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Cherry, Lynne. <i>A River Ran Wild</i> . San Diego: Harcourt Brace, Jovanonich, 1992.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
(Week 19, 6 Weeks)	challenge s as Michigan grew?	H3 History of Michigan (Through Statehood) Use historical thinking to understand the past. 3 – H3.0.1 Identify questions historians ask in examining the past in Michigan (e.g., What happened? When did it happen? Who was involved? How and why did it happen?) Geography G4 Human Systems Understan d how human activities help shape the Earth's surface.	2. How have Michiga n's resource s impacte d the econom y and growth of the state?	economic trends entrepreneur human/enviro nment interaction human migration manufacturing Michigan natural resources population push/pull factors	Cooking in a Logging Camp. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. Ethnicity Maps. 01 September 2015 http://www.geo.msu.edu/geogmich/part-four-E.html *Fayette Cause and Effect Activity. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. *Fayette Historic Townsite Map Activity. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. *Forests in Michigan: Informational Selection and Assessment. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. Great Lakes, Great Parks, Great History: Do L.A.P.S. for Michigan. Lansing, MI: Michigan Department of Natural Resources, 1999. McConnell, David. Meet Michigan. Hillsdale, MI: Hillsdale Educational Publishers, 2009. *Paul Bunyan Online Story. 01 September 2015 http://www.paulbunyantrail.com/talltale.html Polacco, Patricia. The Trees of the Dancing Goats. New York: Aladdin Books, 2000. (optional resource) Soo Locks Animation. 01 September 2015 http://huron.lre.usace.army.mil/SOO/alock.html Wooden Shoes in Wilderness. 01 September 2015 http://ncha.ncats.net/data/Wooden Shoes/ *Woodruff, Elvira. The Memory Coat. New York: Scholastic, 1999.

Overarchin and Unit Enduring Understand ngs	Standards / Content li Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	3 – G4.0.2 Describe diverse groups that have come into a region of Michigan and reasons why they came (push/pull factors). (H) 3 – G4.0.4 Use data and current information about the Anishinaabeg and other American Indians living in Michigan today to describe the cultural aspects of modern American Indian life; give an example of how another cultural group in Michigan today has preserved and built upon its			Teacher Resource "Copper." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/mitten copper.pdf Carriages. The Making of Modern Michigan. 01 September 2015 http://mmm.lib.msu.edu/search/imagedisplay.cfm?i=AF01a029 Donohoe, Kitty and Wartstler, Pasqua Cekola. Bunyan and Banjoes: Michigan Songs and Stories. Berkley, CA: Thunder Bay Press, 1987. Early Photographs. American Memory Collection. 27 July 2005. 01 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/ Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 4). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2010. Farm Activities and Printables. 01 September 2015 http://www.mrsjonesroom.com/themes/farm.html Farm Artifacts. 01 September 2015 http://www.saskschools.ca/~gregory/items.html Henry Ford and a Model-T. 01 September 2015 http://heckeranddecker.wordpress.com/2009/04/20/speed-of-light/ Henry Ford. Entrepreneur's Hall of Fame. 01 September 2015 http://www.ltbn.com/hall of fame/Ford.html Historical Photographs. The Making of Modern Michigan. 01 September 2015 http://mmm.lib.msu.edu/search/imagedisplay.cfm?i=AF01a183 "Iron Mining." Michigan History for Kids. Winter 2002. 01 September 2015 http://minnesotahumanities.org/Resources/Ironmining%20for%20kids.pdf

Unit E	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		cultural heritage. Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundament al principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. 3 – E1.0.3 Analyze how Michigan's location and natural resources influenced its economic development (e.g., how waterways and other natural resources have influenced economic activities			"Logs to Lumber." Michigan History for Kids. Fall 2004. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/MHK-White-Pine-Era.pdf Lumbering in Michigan. Michigan Historical Center. 01 September 2015 http://www.hal.state.mi.us/mhc/museum/explore/museums/hismus/prehis t/lumber/ "Michigan's Cereal City." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/mitten_cereal-city.pdf Mining Photographs. 01 September 2015 http://mmm.lib.msu.edu/search/imagedisplay.cfm?i=AF01a127 Pioneer Farm. 01 September 2015 http://www.cemeteries-madison-co-in.com/pioneerfarm.jpg Soo Locks Web Cam. 01 September 2015 http://www.soolocks.com/cam.phtml The Life of Henry Ford. 01 September 2015 http://www.hfmgv.org/EXHIBITS/HF/ The Making of Modern Michigan. 01 September 2015 http://mmm.lib.msu.edu/ The Model-T. The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/mitten_model-t.pdf "The Soo Locks." The Mitten. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/mitten_soo-locks.pdf

Unit	Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		such as mining, lumbering, automobile manufacturin g, and furniture making). (H, G) 3 – E1.0.4 Describe how entrepreneur s combine natural, human, and capital resources to produce goods and services in Michigan. (H, G) 4th Grade History H3 History of Michigan (Beyond Statehood) Use historical thinking to understand the past. 4 – H3.0.5 Use visual data and			Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Dunbar, Willis F. and George S. May. Michigan: A History of the Wolverine State. 3rd rev. ed. Grand Rapids, MI: W. B. Eerdmans Pub. Co., 1995. * Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers.

unit En	nduring nderstandi	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		informational text or primary accounts to compare a major Michigan economic activity today with that same or a related activity in the past. (E) 4 – H3.0.6 Use a variety of primary and secondary sources to construct a historical narrative about the beginnings of the automobile industry and the labor movement in Michigan. (G, E) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 5: The Govern ment of Michigan (Week 25, 7 Weeks)	How has the governm ent in Michigan responde d to the needs of people as Michigan has grown?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 3rd Grade Civics & Governme nt C1 Purposes of Governme nt Explain why people create governmen ts. 3 – C1.0.1 Give an example of how Michigan state government fulfills one of the purposes of government (e.g., protecting individual rights, promoting the common good, ensuring	 Why do the people in the state of Michiga n need a governm ent? How is our state governm ent organize d? What are some importan t rights and responsi bilities of Michiga n citizens? 	constitution executive branch government judicial branch legislative branch levels of government limited government Michigan public issues representative government responsibilitie s of citizenship rights of citizens	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Find a Representative. House of Representatives. 13 September 2016. http://www.house.mi.gov/mhrpublic/ *The Michigan Senate. Michigan Senate. 01 September 2015 http://www.senate.michigan.gov (Click on Kid's Page tab at top). Teacher Resource *Constitution of the State of Michigan of 1963. Michigan Legislature. 01 September 2015 http://www.michiganlegislature.org/documents/publications/manual/2001-2002/2001-mm-0070-0115-MICon.pdf *Michigan House of Representatives. 01 September 2015 http://house.michigan.gov/ *Michigan Laws. Michigan Legislature. 01 September 2015 http://www.michiganlegislature.org/ Mock Trials. Available for purchase from the American Bar Association. 01 September 2015 http://www.abanet.org/publiced/mocktrials.html Welcome to the Michigan Senate. Michigan Senate. 01 September 2015 http://www.senate.michigan.gov Resources for Further Professional Knowledge A Citizen's Guide to State Government. 2003-2004 Michigan Legislature. 01 September 2015 http://www.michiganlegislature.org/documents/publications/citizensguide.pdf Chapter 2: About State Government. Michigan in Brief website. 01 September 2015 http://www.michiganinbrief.org/edition06/text/intro/chap-2.htm

Unit E	Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		equal treatment under the law). C2 Values and Principles of American Democracy Understan d values and principles of American constitution al democracy . 3 – C2.0.1 Describe how Michigan state government reflects the principle of representative government. C3 Structure and Functions of			* Although not used in the lessons for this unit, these resources are included to provide meaningful options for teachers.

Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Governme nt Describe the structure of governmen t in the United States and how it functions to serve citizens. 3 – C3.0.1 Distinguish between the roles of state and local government. 3 – C3.0.3 Identify the three branches of state government in Michigan and the powers of each. 3 – C3.0.4 Explain how state courts function to resolve conflict.			

Unit	Overarching and Stand Enduring Cont Understandi Expe	tent	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Despurithe Con C5 the in An Destruction An Destruction An Citi de et resties par go t. 3 – Ide (e.g. free specifies pro pro	merican emocracy cplain iportant phts and ow, when, nd where merican cizens emonstrat their sponsibili es by articipatin in overnmen			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focu Questions	s Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		s of citizenship (e.g., respecting the rights of others, voting, obeying laws). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 6: Public Issues Facing Michigan Citizens (Week 32, 6 Weeks)	How do state and national governm ents work to solve problems citizens face?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 2nd Grade Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a problem as a public policy issue,	1. How do respond ble citizens resolve statewing e problem s? 2. How do people learn about public issue in our state? 3. Why do people disagre about the ways to solve	democratic values informed decision Michigan point of view public issue responsibilitie s of citizenship	Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource DiSalvo-Ryan, DyAnne. City Green. New York: Morrow Junior Books, 1994. McConnell, David. Meet Michigan. Hillsdale, MI: Hillsdale Educational Publishers, 2009. Teacher Resource Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 6). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2010 Example of a Water-based Wind Farm. 01 September 2015. http://www.guardian.co.uk/environment/2009/sep/17/worlds-largest-offshore-wind-farm-dong Harvest Wind Farm Map and Photo. http://www.ericdigests.org/2002-2/issues.htm. 01 September 2015 http://www.wpsci.com/HarvestWindFarm.aspx

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	analyze various perspective s, and generate and evaluate possible alternative resolutions. 2 – P3.1.1 Identify public issues in the local community that influence the daily lives of its citizens. 3rd Grade Geography G5 Environme nt and Society Understan d the effects of humanenvironme nt interactions . 3 – G5.0.1 Locate	problem s facing people in Michiga n?		Lake Michigan Power Coalition. 01 September 2015. http://www.protectwithpower.org/ Michigan Gold: Offshore Winds. 01 September 2015. http://blogcritics.org/politics/article/michigan-gold-offshore-wind/ Offshore Potential. 18 April 2010. http://www.landpolicy.msu.edu/ The Role of Renewable Energy Data. Energy Kids Website. 01 September 2015. http://tonto.eia.doe.gov/kids/ West Michigan Residents Give Thumbs Down. 01 September 2015. http://www.associatedcontent.com/article/2610413/offshore_wind_turbine_farm_in_lake.html?cat=9 Wind Power Map. 01 September 2015. http://www.aesmichigan.com/mich_wind_map.html Resources for Further Professional Knowledge National Alliance for Civic Education. 01 September 2015 http://www.cived.net/

Unit	Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		natural resources in Michigan and explain the consequence s of their use. 3 – G5.0.2 Describe how people adapt to, use, and modify the natural resources of Michigan. (H) Civics & Governme nt C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrat e their responsibilities by participatin g in			

Unit	Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		governmen t. 3 – C5.0.1 Identify rights (e.g., freedom of speech, freedom of religion, right to own property) and responsibilitie s of citizenship (e.g., respecting the rights of others, voting, obeying laws). Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a problem as a public policy			

Overarch and Unit Enduring Understa ngs	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	issue, analyze various perspective s, and generate and evaluate possible alternative resolutions. 3 – P3.1.1 Identify public issues in Michigan that influence the daily lives of its citizens. 3 – P3.1.2 Use graphic data and other sources to analyze information about a public issue in Michigan and evaluate alternative resolutions. 3 – P3.1.3 Give examples of how conflicts over core democratic values lead			

Unit	Enduring	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		people to differ on resolutions to a public policy issue in Michigan. P3.3 Persuasive Communic ation About a Public Issue Communic ate a reasoned position on a public issue. 3 – P3.3.1 Compose a paragraph expressing a position on a public policy issue in Michigan and justify the position with a reasoned argument. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			

Atlas Version 8.2 © Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved

Social Studies 4 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 1: Foundatio ns in Social Studies (Week 1, 3 Weeks)	What types of lenses do social scientists use in investigating places and people?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 4th Grade History H3 History of Michigan (Beyond Statehoo d) Use historical thinking to understa nd the past. 4 – H3.0.1 Use historical inquiry questions to investigate the developme nt of Michigan's	1. What question s frame the social studies discipline s of history, geograph y, governm ent and economi cs? 2. How are historian s, geograph ers, political scientists, and economi sts similar and different in how they study people and places?	economics / economist geography / geographer government / political scientist history / historian	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper and Markers Class set of magnifying glasses Four Different Types of Eye Glasses or Hats (to represent the four disciplines) Map of the United States Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Blank Outline Maps of the United States. About.com. 01 September 2015 http://geography.about.com/library/blank/blxusa.htm Goldish, Meish. Mass Production and the Model T: Building the Car for Everyone. Harcourt Achieve, Rigby, 2008. Hall, Donald. The Ox Cart Man. New York: Penguin Group, 1983. Haydon, Julie. Writing a Biography: Henry Ford. Harcourt Achieve Inc., 2006. Hoban, Lillian, Arthur's Funny Money. New York, Harper Collins. 1981. Parker, Lewis K. Henry Ford and the Automobile Industry. American Tycoons Series. Rosen Book Works, 2002. Teacher Resource Astronomy Picture of the Day. NASA. 01 September 2015 http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap970830.html (also at http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/image/usanight dmsp big.gif)

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		major economic activities (agriculture, mining, manufacturi ng, lumbering, tourism, technology, and research) from statehood to present. (C, E) What happened? When did it happen? Who was involved? How and why did it happen? How does it relate to other events or issues in the past, in the present, or in the future? What is its significanc e? Geograp hy			The 6 Core Economic Principles. Kids Econ Posters. Indiana Council for Economic Education. 01 September 2015 thtp://www.kidseconposters.com/6 Core Principles.html The Ford Motor Company Chronology. The Henry Ford. 01 September 2015 thtp://www.hfmgv.org/exhibits/fmc/chrono.asp The Life of Henry Ford. The Henry Ford. 01 September 2015 thtp://www.hfmgv.org/exhibits/hf/default.asp The Model T. The Henry Ford. 01 September 2015 thttp://www.hfmgv.org/exhibits/showroom/1908/model.t.html The Showroom of Automotive History. The Henry Ford. 01 September 2015 thttp://www.hfmgv.org/exhibits/showroom/featured.html United States and World Geography. Maps that Teach. Owl and Mouse Educational Software. 01 September 2015 thttp://www.yourchildlearns.com/geography.htm

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		G1 The World in Spatial Terms Use geograph ic represent ations to acquire, process, and report informati on from a spatial perspecti ve.			
		K-4 4 – G1.0.1 Identify questions geographer s ask in examining the United States (e.g., Where it is? What is it like there? How is it connected			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		to other places?). Civics & Governm ent C1 Purposes of Governm ent Explain why people create governm ents. 4 – C1.0.1 Identify questions political scientists ask in examining the United States (e.g., What does government do? What are the basic values and principles of American democracy			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		? What is the relationship of the United States to other nations? What are the roles of the citizen in American democracy?). Economics E1 Market Economy Use fundame ntal principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy.			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		4 – E1.0.1 Identify questions economists ask in examining the United States (e.g., What is produced? How is it produced? How much is produced? Who gets what is produced? What role does the governmen t play in the economy?). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 2: The United States in Spatial Terms	How does the geograph y of the United States affect the way	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 4th Grade Geograph y G1 The World in	1. What question s would geograph ers ask in examinin g the	absolute location climate elevation human and physical characteristics of place political boundaries	Equipment/Manipulative Box of thick markers (at least 6 different colors) Chart paper Computer with Internet access Geographer's Hat from Unit 1

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
(Week 4, 7 Weeks)	people live?	Spatial Terms Use geographic representat ions to acquire, process, and report information from a spatial perspective K-4 4 – G1.0.1 Identify questions geographers ask in examining the United States (e.g., Where it is? What is it like there? How is it connected to other places?). 4 – G1.0.2 Use cardinal and intermediate directions to describe the relative	United States? 2. What tools and technolo gies would geograph ers use to answer geograph ic question s? 3. How might the United States be describe d using the concepts of location, place, and regions?	population density regions relative location spatial perspective special purpose maps topography	Globe Large U.S map (political and physical) or desk maps Overhead projector or Document Camera and Projector Sticky Notes World Map Student Resource The American Southwest. National Parks of the American Southwest. 2 September 2015 http://www.americansouthwest.net/ American Southwest. 2 September 2015 http://www.nps.gov/history/nr/travel/amsw/ Center for the Study of the Pacific Northwest. 2 September 2015 http://www.washington.edu/uwired/outreach/cspn/Website/index.html Disney World. 2 September 2015 http://disneyworld.disney.go.com/wdw/?bhcp=1 Golden Gate Bridge. 2 September 2015 http://www.goldengatebridge.org/ Great Lakes Photo Gallery. Streetwater Visions. 2 September 2015 http://www.sweetwatervisions.com/Pages/galleryGL.html Great Lakes Map and Quiz Printout. Enchanted Learning. 2 September 2015 http://www.enchantedlearning.com/usa/statesbw/greatlakes.shtml Holling, Holling Clancy. Paddle-to-the-Sea. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1941.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		location of significant places in the United States. 4 – G1.0.3 Identify and describe the characteristi cs and purposes (e.g., measure distance, determine relative location, classify a region) of a variety of geographic tools and technologies (e.g., globe, map, satellite image). 4 – G1.0.4 Use geographic tools and technologies (e.g., songs, and pictures to answer geographic questions about the			Interactive United States Elevation Map. 2 September 2015 http://maps.howstuffworks.com/united-states-elevation-map.htm *A Kid's Guide to the People and Places of America: State-by-state Atlas. DK Publishing, 2003. Life in the USA: U.S. Regions. USA Study Guide Website. 2 September 2015 http://www.usastudyguide.com/regionaldifferences.htm Map of the North Pacific Coast. Outline of American Geography. 2 September 2015 http://usa.usembassy.de/etexts/outgeogr/map14.htm Map of the Southwest Border Area. Outline of American Geography. 2 September 2015 http://usa.usembassy.de/etexts/outgeogr/map12.htm Mount Rushmore. 2 September 2015 http://www.mstrushmore.net/ Nature of the Northwest. 2 September 2015 http://www.naturenw.org/ Neubecker, Robert. Wow! America. New York: Hyperion Books for Children, 2006. The North Pacific Coast. Outline of American Geography.2 September 2015 http://usa.usembassy.de/etexts/outgeogr/geog15.htm Pacific Northwest. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://usa.usembassy.de/etexts/outgeogr/geog15.htm Pacific Northwest. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pacific Northwest Pacific Northwest Region. USDA Forest Service. 2 September 2015 http://www.fs.fed.us/r6/welcome.shtml 2 September 2015 http://www.gonorthwest.com/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		United States. 4 – G1.0.5 Use maps to describe elevation, climate, and patterns of population density in the United States. G2 Places and Regions Understand how regions are created from common physical and human characterist ics. 4 – G2.0.1 Describe ways in which the United States can be divided into different regions (e.g., political regions, economic			*Postcards from America. 2 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		regions, landform regions, vegetation regions). 4 – G2.0.2 Compare human and physical characteristics of a region to which Michigan belongs (e.g., Great Lakes, Midwest) with those of another region in the United States. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			*U.S. Highways. 2 September 2015 http://www.us-highways.com/ U.S. Regions. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regions of the U.S.#The Belts Virtual Seaway Map with Ship Locations. Great Lakes St. Lawrence Seaway System. 2 September 2015 http://www.greatlakes-seaway.com/en/navigating/map/index.html What is the Northwest? Go Northwest. 2 September 2015 http://www.gonorthwest.com/Visitor/about/northwest.htm Teacher Resource *1895 U.S. Atlas. 2 September 2015 http://www.livgenmi.com/1895/ *Astronomy Picture of the Day. NASA. 2 September 2015 http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap970830.html (also at http://apod.nasa.gov/apod/image/usanight_dmsp_big.gif) Bates, Katherine. America the Beautiful. New York: Putnam Juvenile, 2003. *Blank Midwest Region Map. TeacherVision. 2 September 2015 http://www.teachervision.fen.com/tv/printables/kt_maps/kt_map_midwest_plains.pdf *Blank U.S. Outline Map. TeacherVision. 2 September 2015 http://www.teachervision.fen.com/tv/printables/kt_maps/kt_map_usa.pdf Climate Data For Selected Cities. 2 September 2015 http://www.infoplease.com/ipa/A0762183.html

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					Climate Maps of the United States. 2 September 2015 http://cdo.ncdc.noaa.gov/cgi- bin/climaps/climaps.pl?directive=quick_search&subrnum= Deserts in the United States. DesertUSA website. 2 September 2015 http://desertusa.net/glossary.html *Digital Petroleum Atlas. Kansas Geological Survey. 2 September 2015 http://www.kgs.ku.edu/DPA/frontEnd/regions1.html Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials for Unit 2.Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative, 2008. Exploration and Settlement:1800-1820 Map. 2 September 2015 http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united_states/exploration_1800.jpg Exploration and Settlement:1835-1850 Map. 2 September 2015 http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united_states/exploration_1835.jpg Federal Reserve Bank Districts Map. Federal Reserve Bank. 2 September 2015 http://www.federalreserve.gov/otherfrb.htm Four Corners Map. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Fourcorners-us.jpg The Geographic Fact of the Nation: Elevation 56" X 36" Poster. Product ID Number 114587. \$7.00. Can be ordered online at 2 September 2015 http://store.usgs.gov/b2c_usgs/b2c/start.do_or by calling 1-888-ASK-USGS. *Geography Songs. Songs For Teaching. 2 September 2015 http://www.songsforteaching.com/geographysongs.htm *Geolmages Project. University of California, Berkeley.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					http://gocalifornia.about.com/library/weekly/n az gc map vlg.htm The Great Lakes. Great Lakes Information Network. 2 September 2015 http://www.great-lakes.net/lakes/ Great Lakes Facts and Figures. Great Lakes Information Network. 2 September 2015 http://www.great-lakes.net/lakes/ref/lakefact.html Great Lakes System Map. 2 September 2015 http://www.lre.usace.army.mil/ storage/Pages/1721/seaway(SLSMC).jpg Guthrie, Woody. This Land is Your Land. New York: Little, Brown Young Readers, 1998. Illustrated Glossary of Landforms and Bodies of Water. Enchanted Learning. 2 September 2015 http://www.enchantedlearning.com/geography/landforms/glossary.shtml Illustration of the Gulf Stream. 2 September 2015 http://oceancurrents.rsmas.miami.edu/atlantic/img_mgsva/gulf-streamyyyy.gif Interactive Landforms Map. 2 September 2015 http://www.mrnussbaum.com/landforms.htm *Lake Effect Snow. The Weather Channel. 2 September 2015 http://www.weather.com/encyclopedia/winter/lake.html Landforms of the United States Map. World Atlas. 2 September 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/webimage/countrys/usanewe.htm Landform Photos. 2 September 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/webimage/countrys/usanewe.htm

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					Landforms of the United States - A Digital Shaded-Relief Portrayal. 2 September 2015 http://pubs.usgs.gov/imap/i2206/usa_shade.pdf Locker, Thomas. Home: A Journey Through America. New York: Voyager Books, 2000. Locker, Thomas. Where the River Begins. New York: Puffin Books, 1984. Metropolitan Areas of the United States Map. 2 September 2015 thtp://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united_states/us_metro_area_99.pdf *National Geographic. 2 September 2015 thtp://www.nationalgeographic.com/ *National Geographic Educational Network. 2 September 2015 thtp://www.ngsednet.org/ The Northern Hemisphere. Wikimedia Commons. 2 September 2015 thtp://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/lmage:Northern_Hemisphere_Lam_Az.png Outline Map of North America. About.com. 2 September 2015 thtp://geography.about.com/library/blank/namerica.jpg Physical Map of the United States. Eduplace.com. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.eduplace.com/ss/maps/pdf/usphys.pdf Population Density Map High Resolution Version. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.census.gov/geo/www/mapGallery/images/2k_night.pdf Regions Maps. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 thttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regions_of_the_U.s.#The_Belts

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					*Regions of the United States. Library of Congress. 2 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/gmdhtml/rrhtml/regdef.html Regions of the U.S. Digital Petroleum Atlas. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://www.kgs.ku.edu/DPA/frontEnd/regions1.html Rust Belt Map. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Rust-belt-map.jpg Rivers and Lakes Map. National Atlas. 2 September 2015 http://www.nationalatlas.gov/printable/images/pdf/outline/rivers_lakes.pdf Rivers in North America. World Atlas. 2 September 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/webimage/countrys/nariv.htm The Salton Sea. National Geographic. 2 September 2015 http://ingm.nationalgeographic.com/ngm/0502/feature5/index.html *Satellite Images of the United States. Geology.com. 2 September 2015 http://geology.com/satellite/states.shtml Seaway Data. Great Lakes St. Lawrence Seaway System. 2 September 2015 http://www.greatlakes-seaway.com/en/seaway/effective/ Snow Belt Map. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Snowbeltus.PNG Sun Belt Map. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Snowbeltus.PNG Sun Belt Map. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Map of USA highlighting Sun Belt .png Supplemental Curriculum Materials for Paddle to the Sea. 2 September 2015 http://nsgd.gso.uri.edu/ohsu/ohsue91001.pdf

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					*Sutcliffe, Andrea. The New York Public Library Amazing US Geography: A Book of Answers for Kids. Jossey-Bass, 2002. T.E.A.C.H. Great Lakes Education and Curriculum Homesite. Great Lakes Information Network. 2 September 2015 http://www.great-lakes.net/teach/ Thomas Locker in Pursuit of Nature. 2 September 2015 http://findarticles.com/p/articles/mi_qa3666/is_200103/ai_n8949704 Time Zone Map. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:National-atlas-timezones-2006.gif *United States Geography. 2 September 2015 http://members.aol.com/bowermanb/US.html *United States Geological Survey. 2 September 2015 http://www.usgs.gov/ United States Interstate Highways Map. 2 September 2015 http://www.onlineatlas.us/interstate-highways.htm United States Population Density Map and Information. 2 September 2015 http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Newsroom/NewImages/images.php3 2img_id=17439 *United States and World Geography. Maps that Teach. Owl and Mouse Educational Software. 2 September 2015 http://www.yourchildlearns.com/geography.htm U.S. Rivers Labeled Outline Map. Enchanted Learning. 2 September 2015 http://www.enchantedlearning.com/usa/outlinemaps/riverslabeled/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					U.S. Rivers Outline Map. Enchanted Learning. 2 September 2015 http://www.enchantedlearning.com/usa/outlinemaps/rivers/ Water Fact Sheet: Largest Rivers in the United States. U.S. Dept. of Interior. 2 September 2015 http://pubs.usgs.gov/of/1987/ofr87-242/pdf/ofr87242.pdf Water: Regional and State Links. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2 September 2015 http://www.epa.gov/ow/region.html The Western Hemisphere. Wikimedia Commons. 2 September 2015 http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Image:Western Hemisphere Lam Az.png Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Teaching Geography is Fundamental. The National Council for Geographic Education. 2 September 2015 http://www.ncge.org/geography/2005bill/ Teaching Geography in the Elementary School. 2 September 2015 http://www.ericdigests.org/pre-9212/geography.htm * Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers.
Unit 3: Human Geograph y in the United States	How are people connecte d to the Earth and to each other?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 4th Grade History H3 History of Michigan (Beyond	1. What question s do geograph ers ask in examinin g human	adaptation to the environment culture human/environm ent interaction immigration migration	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper Desktop U.S. Maps Hats from Unit 1 (Geographers, Historians) Highlighters

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
(Week 11, 7 Weeks)		Statehood) Use historical thinking to understand the past. 4 – H3.0.2 Use primary and secondary sources to explain how migration and immigration affected and continue to affect the growth of Michigan. (G) 4 – H3.0.7 Use case studies or stories to describe the ideas and actions of individuals involved in the Undergroun d Railroad in Michigan and in the Great Lakes region. (See 8-U4.2.2; 8- U4.3.2; 8-	geograph y in the United States? 2. How have the concepts of moveme nt and human/e nvironme nt interactio n influence d the develop ment of the United States? 3. How might the country resolve contemp orary public issues related to moveme nt and human/e nvironme nt interactio n in the	modification of the environment movement public issues push and pull factors resource use	Large timeline on paper in 50 year increments marked from 1800 to 2000 Large World Map Markers Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Physical map of the U.S. Stickers Student journal or notebook "Thinking Like a Historian" Bookmarks from Unit 1 Student Resource A Kid's Guide to the People and Places of America: State-by-state Atlas. DK Publishing, 2003. About Wetlands. National Wetlands Research Center. 2 September 2015 http://www.nwrc.usgs.gov/wetlands.htm Aliki. Painted Words/Spoken Memories: Marianthe's Story. New York: Greenwillow, 1998. Bunting, Eve. Dandelions. San Diego: Voyager Books, 1995. Train to Somewhere. New York: Clarion Books, 1996. Current Environmental Issues. Global Stewards. 2 September 2015 http://www.globalstewards.org/issues.htm Current Environmental Issues Website Resources. Simon Fraser University. 2 September 2015 http://www.sfu.ca/~sfpirg/hot_topics/current_environmental_issues.ht_m

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		U5.1.5; USHG 7.2.4) (G, C, E) Geograph y G1 The World in Spatial Terms Use geographic representat ions to acquire, process, and report information from a spatial perspective . K-4 4 - G1.0.1 Identify questions geographers ask in examining the United States (e.g., Where it is? What is it like there? How is it connected	United States?		The Debate over Clear Cutting of Forests. Mongabay. 2 September 2015 http://www.mongabay.com/external/sierra nevada clearing-cutting.htm Dooley, Nancy. Everybody Cooks Rice. New York: Lerner (1991). Energy and Mineral Resources Map. 2 September 2015 http://static.howstuffworks.com/gif/maps/pdf/NAM_US_THEM_Resources.pdf Facts about Hoover Dam. U.S. Department of the Interior. 2 September 2015 http://www.usbr.gov/lc/hooverdam/educate/kidfacts.html Freedman, Russell. Immigrant Kids. New York: Puffin Books, 1980. Hamilton, Virginia. Many Thousand Gone: African Americans From Slavery to Freedom. New York: Knopf Books for Young Readers, 2002. Hopkinson, Deborah. Apples to Oregon. New York: Scholastic, 2005 Sweet Clara and the Freedom Quilt. NY: Random, 1995. Immigration: Stories of Yesterday and Today. Scholastic. 2 September 2015 http://teacher.scholastic.com/activities/immigration/index.htm Lawrence, Jacob. The Great Migration: An American Story. New York: Harper Trophy, 1995. Levine, Ellen. If You Traveled on the Underground Railroad. NY: Scholastic, 1988. Natural Resources and the Environment. U.S. Department of Agriculture. 2 September 2015 ttp://www.usda.gov/wps/portal/lut/p/ s.7 0 A/7 0 10B?navtype=SU &navid=NATURALRESOURCES

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		to other places?). 4 – G1.0.3 Identify and describe the characteristics and purposes (e.g., measure distance, determine relative location, classify a region) of a variety of geographic tools and technologies (e.g., globe, map, satellite image). 4 – G1.0.4 Use geographic tools and technologies, stories, songs, and pictures to answer geographic questions about the United States.			Off-shore Drilling. Wikipedia. 2 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Offshore_drilling Polacco, Patricia. The Keeping Quilt. New York: Aladdin Books, 2001. Postcards from America. 2 September 2015 http://www.postcardsfrom.com/index.html Printable Maps. The United States Atlas. 2 September 2015 http://nationalatlas.gov/printable.html Rappaport, Doreen. Freedom River. New York: Hyperion Books, 2000. Say, Allen. Grandfather's Journey. New York: Houghton Mifflin/Walter Lorrain Books, 1993. Dr. Seuss. The Lorax. New York: Random House, 1971. Silverstein, Shel. The Giving Tree. New York: Harper Collins, 1964. State Agricultural Profiles. 2 September 2015 http://www.agclassroom.org/kids/ag_facts.htm State Mineral Production. Mineral Information Institute. 2 September 2015 http://www.mii.org/pdfs/resources/ResourcesWeUse.pdf United States Maps. 2 September 2015 http://www.united-states-map.com/ Van Allsburg, Chris. Just A Dream. New York, NY: Houghton Mifflin, 1990. Yates, Elizabeth. Amos Fortune Free Man. New York: E. P. Dutton, 1950. Teacher Resource

Unit	•	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		G4 Human Systems Understand how human activities help shape the Earth's surface. 4 – G4.0.1 Use a case study or story about migration within or to the United States to identify push and pull factors (why they left, why they came) that influenced the migration. (H) 4 – G4.0.2 Describe the impact of immigration to the United States on the cultural developmen t of different places or regions of the United States (e.g.,			American Ethnic Geography. Valpo University. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.valpo.edu/geomet/geo/courses/geo200/usa maps.html>. Bode, Janet. The Colors of Freedom: Immigrant Stories. New York: Grolier Publishing, 1999. Desert House. ABC News. 2 September 2015 thttp://a.abcnews.com/images/Business/ht desert house 051221 ssh.jpg Ellis Island. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.ellisisland.org Exploration and Settlement:1800-1820 Map. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united states/exploration 1800.jpg Exploration and Settlement:1835-1850 Map. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united states/exploration 1835.jpg Grand Canyon South Rim Village Map. About.com. 2 September 2015 thttp://gocalifornia.about.com/library/weekly/n_az_gc_map_vlg.htm History of Las Vegas photos. Early Vegas. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.earlyvegas.com/early_downtown_vegas.html Immigration Data. U.S. Census Bureau. 2 September 2015 thttp://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/immigration.html Immigration Photographs. Library of Congress. American Memory Collection. 2 September 2015 thttp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/browse/ Kansas Farm. 2 September 2015 thttp://media-2.web.britannica.com/eb-media/00/93900-004-5EA76A32.jpg

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		forms of shelter, language, food). (H) G5 Environme nt and Society Understand the effects of humanenvironmen t interactions 4 – G5.0.1 Assess the positive and negative effects of human activities on the physical environment of the United States. Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a			Lawlor, Veronica, ed. I Was Dreaming To Come to America: Memories from Ellis Island. New York: Puffin Books, 1997. Lessons to Accompany "Grandfather's Journey" by Allen Say. 2 September 2015 http://www.emints.org/ethemes/resources/S00000597.shtml Levine, Ellen. If You Traveled on the Underground Railroad. NY: Scholastic, 1988. Log House. 2 September 2015 http://www.astroshow.com/Alaska07/141aLogHouse.jpg A Look at Michigan Agriculture. 2 September 2015 http://www.agclassroom.org/kids/stats/michigan.pdf Metropolitan Areas of the United States Map. University of Texas. 2 September 2015 http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/united states/us metro area 99.pdf National Geographic Educational Network. National Geographic. 2 September 2015 http://www.ngsednet.org/ Pact puts plug on Great Lakes water diversion. MPNnow.com. 2 September 2015 http://www.mpnnow.com/news/x502300365/Pact-puts-plug-on-Great-Lakes-water-diversion Photo of the Annual Finnish Music Festival. 2 September 2015 http://www.playdembones.com/workshops.htm Satellite Images of the United States. Geology.com. 2 September 2015 http://geology.com/satellite/states.shtml Ski Resort. 2 September 2015 http://www.bestskiproperty.com/images/SilverLakeLodge-J.JPG

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		problem as a public policy issue, analyze various perspective s, and generate and evaluate possible alternative resolutions. 4 – P3.1.1 Identify public issues in the United States that influence the daily lives of its citizens. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			Sutcliffe, Andrea. The New York Public Library Amazing US Geography: A Book of Answers for Kids. Jossey-Bass, 2002. Thirsty? How 'bout a cool, refreshing cup of seawater? Water Science for Schools US Geological Survey, 2 September 2015 http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/drinkseawater.html Treaties & the Removal of the Michigan Potawatomi Lesson Plan. 2 September 2015 http://www.nokomis.org/docs/curriculum/Lesson3C.pdf Trees. Kentucky Division of Forestry. 2 September 2015 http://www.forestry.ky.gov United States Geography Websites. 2 September 2015 http://members.aol.com/bowermanb/US.html Want-Ads. 2 September 2015 http://www.kancoll.org/articles/orphans/or_wants.htm What's in a Pencil Besides Wood?. Mineral Information Institute. 2 September 2015 http://www.mii.org/pdfs/every/pencil.pdf You, Whoever You Are." Immigration. Library of Congress. 2 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/learn/features/immig/introduction.html
Unit 4: Exploring Economic s (Week 18, 7 Weeks)	How are geograph ers, economi sts, and political scientists similar	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 4th Grade History H3 History of Michigan	1. What question s do economi sts ask and how do their answers	circular flow competition division of labor economic decision making economics employment/ unemployment	Equipment/Manipulative Butcher or oversized construction paper Markers or colored pencils Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and different in how they study places and people?	(Beyond Statehood) Use historical thinking to understand the past. 4 – H3.0.5 Use visual data and informationa I text or primary accounts to compare a major Michigan economic activity today with that same or a related activity in the past. (E) Civics & Government C3 Structure and Functions of Government t Describe the structure of governmen	describe the United States? 2. How do the character istics of a market economy influence economi c decision making? 3. How does competiti on affect the economy in the United States?	incentives market economy price productivity public goods and services role of government specialization supply/demand	Adams, Barbara Johnston. The Go-Around Dollar. NY: Four Winds Press, 1992. Agee, Jon. Nothing. New York: Hyperion Books, 2007. Assembly Line. Discovery Education. 2007. Discovery Education. 09 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Crayon Assembly Line. 19 May 2016. http://entertainment.howstuffworks.com/4169-assembly-line-crayola-crayons-video.htm Country Import and Export Trade Data. U.S. Census Bureau. 09 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/statistics/country/index.html Disalvo-Ryan. Grandpa's Corner Store. New York: Harper Collins Publishers, 2000. Economics Songs. 09 September 2015 http://kidseconposters.com/econsongs.html Hall, Donald. The Ox Cart Man. New York: Viking Junior Books, 1979. History in Motion: Assembling the First Model T video clip. 09 September 2015 http://www.eyewitnesstohistory.com/himfordassembly.htm How A Car is Built DVD. Big Kids Productions, 2005. I Love Lucy Chocolate Assembly Line video clip. 09 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8NPzLBSBzPl Index of U.S. Government Department and Agencies. 09 September 2015 http://www.usa.gov/Agencies/Federal/All Agencies/index.shtml

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		t in the United States and how it functions to serve citizens. 4 - C3.0.7 Explain how the federal government uses taxing and spending to serve the purposes of government. Economic s E1 Market Economy Use fundamenta I principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. 4 - E1.0.1 Identify questions economists ask in			L'Hommedieu, Arthur. From Plant to Blue Jeans. New York: Children's Press, 1997. "The Model-T." The Mitten. February 2004. 13 September 2016. http://seekingmichigan.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/mitten modelt.pdf The Official Kids Portal for the U.S. Government. 09 September 2015 http://www.kids.gov/ Photographs of Rhyolite. 09 September 2015 http://www.rhyolitesite.com/sitemap.html Siebert, Diane. Rhyolite. New York, Clarion Books, 2003. Virtual Tour of Rhyolite, Nevada. 09 September 2015 http://www.rhyolitesite.com/tour.html Teacher Resource Characteristics of a Market Economy. 09 September 2015 http://ecedweb.unomaha.edu/lessons/fecg2.htm Economic Education Web. 09 September 2015 http://ecedweb.unomaha.edu/K-12/home.cfm Economics Books. 09 September 2015 http://www.kidseconbooks.com Economics in Action: Circular Flow. Producing Ohio: Creating Our Economy. 09 September 2015 http://www.producingohio.org/action/circular/index.html Economics Posters. 09 September 2015 http://www.kidseconposters.com

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		examining the United States (e.g., What is produced? How is it produced? How much is produced? Who gets what is produced? What role does the government play in the economy?). 4 – E1.0.2 Describe some characteristics of a market economy (e.g., private property rights, voluntary exchange, competition, consumer sovereignty, incentives, specialization). 4 – E1.0.3 Describe how positive			Employment and Unemployment. United States Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. 09 September 2015 http://www.bls.gov/data/home.htm First Ford Assembly Line 1913 Photograph. 09 September 2015 http://www.aeragon.com/02/02-04.html Ford Assembly Line.09 September 2015 http://image.motortrend.com/f/auto-news/ford-offers-hourly-employees-another-round-of-buyouts/10269871+cr1+re0+ar1/ford-assembly-line.jpg Ford Assembly Line Photograph. 09 September 2015 http://www.johndclare.net/images/Ford%20Assembly%20line.JPG Ford Assembly Line Photograph. 09 September 2015 http://www.solpass.org/7ss/lmages/ford%20assembly%20line.jpg Henry Ford Changes the World. Eyewitness to History Website. 09 September 2015 http://www.eyewitnesstohistory.com/ford.htm Information about Unemployment and Employment. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. 09 September 2015 http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps_htgm.htm Job Data. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. 09 September 2015 http://data.bls.gov/ Michigan Trade Data. U.S. Census Bureau.09 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/statistics/state/data/index.html Michigan Unemployment Statistics. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. 09 September 2015 http://data.bls.gov/PDQ/servlet/SurveyOutputServlet?data_tool=latest_numbers&series_id=LASST26000003

and Unit Endu	Standards / Standards / ring Content rstandi Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and negative incentives influence behavior in a market economy. 4 – E1.0.4 Explain how price affects decisions about purchasing goods and services (substitute goods). 4 – E1.0.5 Explain how specialization and division of labor increase productivity (e.g., assembly line). (H) 4 – E1.0.6 Explain how competition among buyers results in higher prices and competition among			National Council on Economic Education. 09 September 2015 http://www.ncee.net Nintendo Vs. Sony. ABC News.com. 20 Nov. 2007. 09 September 2015 http://abcnews.go.com/Technology/GadgetGuide/Story?id=38872358 page=1 Online Lessons for each National Standard. 09 September 2015 http://www.ncee.net/ea/standards/ Outsourcing Cartoon. WorldPress.com. 09 September 2015 http://michaelaltendorf.wordpress.com/2008/04/04/outsourcing-to-india/ Radio Ad. Digital Collection, Duke University Library. 09 September 2015 http://library.duke.edu/digitalcollections/adaccess.R0384/pg.1/ Soap Ad. Digital Collection, Duke University Library. 09 September 2015 http://library.duke.edu/digitalcollections/adaccess.BH1150/pg.1/ Teaching Economics as If People Mattered. 09 September 2015 http://www.teachingeconomics.org/ U.S./China Trade Data. U.S. Census Bureau.09 September 2015 http://www.teachingeconomics.org/ U.S./China Trade Data. U.S. Census Bureau.09 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/statistics/country/index.html Unemployment Map for January, 2009. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. 09 September 2015 http://www.creativeclass.com/creative class/ wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2009/03/unemployment-map.gif Walstad, William B. Teacher Background Reading on Public vs. Private Goods. EconEdLink.com 09 September 2015

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		sellers results in lower prices (e.g., supply, demand). 4 – E1.0.7 Demonstrat e the circular flow model by engaging in a market simulation, which includes households and businesses and depicts the interactions among them. 4 – E1.0.8 Explain why public goods (e.g., libraries, roads, parks, the Mackinac Bridge) are not privately owned. (H) E2 National Economy Use			http://www.econedlink.org/lessons/docs_lessons/462_Teacher_background1.pdf Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Voluntary National Content Standards in Economics. 09 September 2015 http://www.fte.org/teachers/standards/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		fundamenta I principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in the United States.			
		4 – E2.0.1 Explain how changes in the United States economy impact levels of employment and unemploym ent (e.g., changing demand for natural resources, changes in technology, changes in competition) . (H)			
		E3 Internation al Economy Use fundamenta I principles and			

	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		concepts of economics to understand economic activity in the global economy.) 4 – E3.0.1 Describe how global competition affects the national economy (e.g., outsourcing of jobs, increased supply of goods, opening new markets, quality controls). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of			
		Michigan			
Unit 5: Our Federal Governm ent	How is the federal governm ent structure d to fulfill	MI: GLCE: Social Studies	1. Why do people form limited governm ents?	Bill of Rights checks and balances Constitution delegated/reserv ed/shared powers	Equipment/Manipulative Butcher or chart paper Large white drawing paper (14"x11" or 17"x11") Markers

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
(Week 25, 8 Weeks)	the purposes for which it was created?	4th Grade Civics & Governm ent C1 Purposes of Governm ent Explain why people create governm ents. 4 – C1.0.1 Identify questions political scientists ask in examining the United States (e.g., What does governmen t do? What are the basic values and principles of American democracy	2. How does our federal governm ent work? 3. How does the Constituti on, including its core democrat ic values, limit the power of governm ent?	executive/legislat ive/judicial branches of government federal governmental authority individual rights limited government popular sovereignty representative government rule of law separation of powers	Newspapers (National News section) Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Political Scientist Hat from Unit 1 Student journal or notebook Student Resource Barnes, Peter and Cheryl Barnes. House Mouse, Senate Mouse. Lorton, VA: VSP Books, 1999. Marshall, the Courthouse Mouse. Lorton, VA: VSP Books, 1998. Woodrow for President. Lorton, VA: VSP Books, 1999. *Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 15 September 2015 thttp://bensguide.gpo.gov Catrow, David. We the Kids: The Preamble to the Constitution of the United States. New York: Penguin Putnam, 2005. The Constitution of the United States of America. Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 15 September 2015 thttp://bensguide.gpo.gov/9-12/documents/constitution/index.html Elementary Version of the Bill of Rights. Texas Law Related Education Project. State Bar of Texas. 15 September 2015 thttp://www.texaslre.org/downloads/bore.pdf Giesecke, Ernestine. National Government (Kids' Guide). Heinemann, 2000. *Granfield, Linda. America Votes: How Our President is Elected. Toronto, Canada: Kids Can Press, 2005. *Gutman, Dan. The Kid Who Became President. NY: Scholastic, Inc. 1999.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		? What is the relationship of the United States to other nations? What are the roles of the citizen in American democracy?). 4 – C1.0.2 Explain probable consequen ces of an absence of governmen t and of rules and laws. 4 – C1.0.3 Describe the purposes of governmen t as identified in the Preamble of the Constitutio n.			"How Does Government Affect Me?" The PBS Kids Democracy Project. 15 September 2015 http://pbskids.org/democracy/govandme/ How Laws are Made. Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 15 September 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov/3-5/lawmaking/example.html How Laws are Made. Kids in the House. Office of the Clerk. U.S. House of Representatives. 15 September 2015 http://clerkkids.house.gov/laws/index.html I'm just a Bill. Schoolhouse Rock. 15 September 2015 http://www.school-house-rock.com/Bill.html *Inside the Voting Booth. PBS Kids Democracy Project. 15 September 2015 http://pbs.org/democracy/kids/vote Krull, Kathleen. A Kid's Guide to America's Bill of Rights. NY: Avalon Camelot Books, 1999. Learn About Congress. Kids in the House. Office of the Clerk. U.S. House of Representatives. 15 September 2015 http://clerkkids.house.gov/congress/index.html The Preamble. School House Rock. 15 September 2015 http://www.school-house-rock.com/Prea.html President For a Day. The PBS Kids Democracy Project 15 September 2015://www.pbs.org/democracy/kids/presforaday/index.html *The President's Cabinet. Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 15 September 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov/3-5/government/national/cabinet.html Quigley, Charles N. and Ken Rodriguez. We the People. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education, 2003. 22-38, 87-121, 123-130.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		C3 Structure and Functions of Governm ent Describe the structure of governm ent in the United States and how it functions to serve citizens. 4 – C3.0.1 Give examples of ways the Constitutio n limits the powers of the federal governmen t (e.g., election of public officers, separation of powers,			Sobel, Syl. The U.S. Constitution and You. New York: Barron's Educational Series, 2001. How the U.S. Government Works. Barron's Educational Series, 1999. Presidential Elections and Other Cool Facts. Barron's Educational Series, 2001. The Three Branches of Government. Congress for Kids. The Dirksen Center. 15 September 2015 http://www.congressforkids.net/Constitution threebranches.htm TLC Elementary School: Separation of Powers . Discovery Channel School. 2006. United Streaming. 15 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ This is Our Government. 100% Educational Videos. 2003. United Streaming. 15 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Travis, Cathy. The Constitution Translated for Kids. Austin, TX: Ovation Books, 2008. Understanding the Constitution: The Executive Branch. Discovery Education. 2001. United Streaming. 15 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Understanding the Constitution: The Judicial Branch. Discovery Education. 2001. United Streaming. 15 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Understanding the Constitution: The Legislative Branch. Discovery Education. 2001. United Streaming. 15 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/

Unit	Overarching and Standards Enduring Content Understandi Expectationgs	Essential / Focus	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	checks a balances Bill of Rights). 4 – C3.0 Give example of power granted the feder government (e.g., coining of money, declaring war) and those reserved for the states (endriver's license, marriage license). 4 – C3.0 Described the organizational structure the feder government in the United States (legislation executive and judice branches).	s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s		What Is Government? American Government for Children Video Series. Wynnwood, PA: Schlessinger Media, 2002. Teacher Resource Barnes, Peter and Barnes Cheryl. A Mice Way to Learn About Government: A Curriculum Guide. Lorton, VA: VSP Books, 1999. The Bill of Rights. National Archives and Records Administration. 15 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/exhibits/charters/bill_of_rights_transcript.html Bill of Rights Institute. 15 September 2015 http://www.billofrightsinstitute.org/ Bush Vetoes Popular Bill. Reuters News. 15 September 2015 http://www.reuters.com/article/healthNews/idUSWAT00819020071003 ?pageNumber=2&virtualBrandChannel=0 *Center for Civic Education. 15 September 2015 http://www.civiced.org/ *Civics Lesson Plans. New York Times Learning Network. 15 September 2015 http://www.nytimes.com/learning/teachers/lessons/civics.html The Constitution. 15 September 2015 http://www.usconstitution.net/gifs/docs/cpage1.jpg Law Day Lessons for Schools. American Bar Association. 15 September 2015 http://www.abanet.org/publiced/lawday/schools/lessons Presidential Vetoes. Office of the Clerk. U.S. House of Representatives. 15 September 2015 http://clerk.house.gov/art_history/house_history/vetoes.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		4 – C3.0.4 Describe how the powers of the federal governmen t are separated among the branches. 4 – C3.0.5 Give examples of how the system of checks and balances limits the power of the federal governmen t (e.g., presidential veto of legislation, courts declaring a law unconstituti onal, congressio nal approval of judicial appointme nts). 4 – C3.0.6 Describe how the			We the People. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education, 2003. pp. 17, 22-27, 29-38, 85-165. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Ben's Guide to U.S. Government Grades 9 – 12. 15 September 2015 http://bensquide.gpo.gov/9-12/index.html Citizenship Education. http://www.ecs.org/html/educationlssues/CitizenshipEducation/CitEdD B intro.asp Civitas. 15 September 2015 http://www.civnet.org/ National Center for Learning and Citizenship. 15 September 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/projectsPartners/nclc/nclc main.htm National Alliance for Civic Education. 15 September 2015 http://www.cived.net/ Structure of the U.S. Government. 15 September 2015 http://www.theusgov.com/ United States Federal Government. 15 September 2015 http://www.hq.org/usfederal-govt.html * Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		President, members of the Congress, and justices of the Supreme Court come to power (e.g., elections versus appointme nts). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 6: Rights and Responsi bilities of Citizenshi p (Week 33, 5 Weeks)	Why are rights and responsi bilities of citizenshi p essential to our form of government?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 4th Grade Civics & Governm ent C2 Values and Principles of American Democracy Understand values and principles of	 How are rights and responsi bilities related? How can citizens work together to improve their governm ent? Why are rights and 	Bill of Rights citizenship civic responsibilities core democratic values individual rights public issues	Equipment/Manipulative Copies of local and regional newspapers Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student journal or notebook Two colors of highlighters each student Student Resource *Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 17 September 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov Bill of Rights in the News. Bill of Rights Institute. 17 September 2015 http://www.billofrightsinstitute.org/Teach/News/default.asp

Unit	Overarching and Standards / Enduring Content Understandi ngs	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	American constitutional democracy 4 - C2.0.2 Identify situations in which specific rights guaranteed by the Constitution and Bill of Rights are involved (e.g., freedom of religion, freedom of expression, freedom of press). C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when and where American citizens demonstrae their responsibil ties by	essential to our form of governm ent?		The Bill of Rights. Our Documents. 17 September 2015 http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=13 Christelow, Eileen. Vote! New York: Sandpiper Books, 2008. Clayton, Ed. Martin Luther King, the Peaceful Warrior. New York: Simon Pulse Books, 1991 (or other book about Dr. King). Cone, Molly. Come Back, Salmon. New York: Harcourt Books, 1992. *First Amendment Heroes: Part C of An Introduction to the First Amendment. Education for Freedom Website. 17 September 2015 http://www.freedomforum.org/packages/first/curricula/educationforfreedom/L01main.htm *Inside the Voting Booth. PBS Kids Democracy Project. 17 September 2015 http://pbs.org/democracy/kids/vote Issue Guide: Environment. Public Agenda. 17 September 2015 http://www.publicagenda.org/citizen/issueguides/environment Krull, Kathleen. Harvesting Hope: The Story of Cesar Chavez. New York: Harcourt Children's Books, 2003. Lead Toy Recalls. 17 September 2015 http://www.leadtoyrecalls.com/ Sierra, Judy. Ballyhoo Bay. New York: Simon & Schuster/Paula Wiseman Books, 2009. Stamper, Judith. Save the Everglades. New York: Steck-Vaughn, 1992. State News. 17 September 2015 http://www.stateline.org/live/ Toy Recall Database. 17 September 2015 http://www2.morganton.com/p/content/toy-recall-database-2008/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		participatin g in governmen t. 4 – C5.0.1 Explain responsibiliti es of citizenship (e.g., initiating changes in laws or policy, holding public office, respecting the law, being informed and attentive to public issues, paying taxes, registering to vote and voting knowledgea bly, serving as a juror). 4 – C5.0.2 Describe the relationship between rights and responsibiliti			*TLC Elementary School: United Streaming. 17 September 2015 thttp://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Teacher Resource America Votes: The Big Picture. Navigating Election Day. League of Women Voters Website. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.lwv.org *Bill of Rights Institute. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.billofrightsinstitute.org/Teach/freeResources/ *Center for Civic Education. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.civiced.org/ Choice of attire at voting booth at stake in suit. Daily Progress.17 September 2015 thttp://www.dailyprogress.com/cdp/news/local/article/choice of attire at voting booth at stake in suit/32617/ *Civics Lesson Plans. New York Times Learning Center website. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.nytimes.com/learning/teachers/lessons/civics.html Consumer Product Safety Commission. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.cpsc.gov/ Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act Signed Into Law. Godfrey and Kahn. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.gklaw.com/publication.cfm?publication_id=750 *Create Your Own Notebook on Core Democratic Values. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.michiganepic.org/coredemocratic/indexb.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		es of citizenship. 4 – C5.0.3 Explain why rights have limits. 4 – C5.0.4 Describe ways citizens can work together to promote the values and principles of American democracy. Discourse Decisions Ctzn Inv P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a problem as a public policy issue, analyze various perspective s, and generate			*Education for Freedom: Lesson Plans for Teaching the First Amendment. Freedom Forum Website. 17 September 2015 http://www.freedomforum.org/packages/first/curricula/educationforfree dom/index.htm The Five Freedoms. First Amendment Schools. 17 September 2015 http://www.firstamendmentschools.org/freedoms/freedomsindex.aspx Gas Prices Pump Up Support. Pew Research Center for the People and the Press. 17 September 2015 http://pewresearch.org/ Handcrafted Toy Makers Fear New Lead Paint Law. Washington Times.17 September 2015 http://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2008/dec/25/handcrafted-toy-makers-fear-new-lead-paint-law/ Illinois city shouldn't have silenced man at council meeting. First Amendment Center. 17 September 2015 http://www.firstamendmentcenter.org/news.aspx?id=21055 Indiana high court: State can sue over political 'robo-calls'. First Amendment Center. 17 September 2015 http://www.firstamendmentcenter.org/news.aspx?id=21053 Lead in Toys. New York Times. 17 September 2015 http://www.nytimes.com/2007/09/11/business/worldbusiness/11lead.ht ml Lead Toy Recalls. 17 September 2015 http://www.leadtoyrecalls.com/ *McCormick Tribune Freedom Museum. 17 September 2015 http://www.freedommuseum.us/html/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and evaluate possible alternative resolutions. 4 – P3.1.1 Identify public issues in the United States that influence the daily lives of its citizens. 4 – P3.1.2 Use graphic data and other sources to analyze information about a public issue in the United States and evaluate alternative resolutions. 4 – P3.1.3 Give examples of how conflicts over core democratic values lead people to differ on			Michigan House Reignites Smoking Ban Debate. Michigan News. 17 September 2015 http://www.mlive.com/news/index.ssf/2008/09/michigan house reignit es_smoki.html New Jersey inmate challenges ban on prison preaching. First Amendment Center. 17 September 2015 http://www.firstamendmentcenter.org/news.aspx?id=20960 Officials Defend Grade Policy. Pittsburg Post Gazette. 17 September 2015 http://www.post-gazette.com/pg/09007/940011-298.stm The Pew Research Center. 17 September 2015 http://pewresearch.org/ Public Agenda. 17 September 2015 http://www.publicagenda.org/ *Resources for Teachers on Core Democratic Values. 17 September 2015 http://www.classroomhelp.com/lessons/cdv/index.html Senate Okays Smoking Ban. Michigan News. 17 September 2015 http://www.mlive.com/news/index.ssf/2008/05/senate_oks_smoking_b an reactio.html Sikh sues judge over demand for turban removal. First Amendment Center. 17 September 2015 http://www.firstamendmentcenter.org/news.aspx?id=19003 Time Short For About 200 Deer. Detroit Free Press. 17 September 2015 http://m.freep.com/news.jsp?key=378966 Toy Recall Database: 17 September 2015 http://www2.morganton.com/p/content/toy-recall-database-2008/ *We the People. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education, 2003. pp. 132-172, 183-196.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		resolutions to a public policy issue in the United States. P3.3 Persuasive Communic ation About a Public Issue Communic ate a reasoned position on a public issue. 4 – P3.3.1 Compose a brief essay expressing a position on a public policy issue in the United States and justify the position with a reasoned argument. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			*What is the State of the First Amendment? Newsweek Education Program and the First Amendment Schools Project. 17 September 2015 http://www.firstamendmentschools.org *Yolen, Jane. Letting Swift River Go. Little Brown, 1995. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge CIRCLE: Center for Information and Research on Civic Learning and Engagement. 17 September 2015 http://www.civicyouth.org/ Citizenship Education. 17 September 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/educationlssues/CitizenshipEducation/CitEdD B intro.asp Civitas. 17 September 2015 http://www.civnet.org/ National Center for Learning and Citizenship. 17 September 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/projectsPartners/nclc/nclc main.htm National Alliance for Civic Education. 17 September 2015 http://www.cived.net/ Teaching Students To Discuss Controversial Public Issues. ERIC Digest. 17 September 2015 http://www.ericdigests.org/2002-2/issues.htm * Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers.

© Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved

Social Studies 5 (M)



Unit	Lndiirina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Unit 1: Our Govern ment (Week 1, 3 Weeks)	Why is the federal govern ment organiz ed to give and to limit power?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Reading: Informational Text Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.	 Why do we have both state and federal governme nts? How are core democrati c values and constitutio nal principles reflected in our governme nt? How is our governme nt organized to give and to limit power? 	checks and balances Constitution federalism government individual rights limited government popular sovereignty purposes of government rule of law separation of powers	1. Have student s write an answer to the questio n: "How is our govern ment organiz ed to limit power?" 2. Construct a Venn diagra m that gives exampl es of the powers delegat ed to the federal govern ment, powers reserve d to the states,	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper Construction paper Glue or Tape Highlighters Markers or crayons Overhead projector or document camera and projector Scissors, Spiral notebooks or a folder with paper, one per student Student Resource Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 17 September 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov The Bill of Rights Rap. You Tube. 28 17 September 2015 http://vimeo.com/4803822 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KINGYf7 pdJE&noredirect=1 How Laws are Made. Kids in the House. Office of the Clerk. U.S. House of Representatives. 17 September 2015 http://kids.clerk.house.gov/grade-school/lesson.html?intID=17 Quigley, Charles N. and Ken Rodriguez. We the People. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education, 2003. 22-38, 123-130. Sobel, Syl. The U.S. Constitution and You. New York: Barron's Educational Series, 2001.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining			and the powers that are shared by both state and federal govern ment. Use the exampl es from the Venn diagra m to explain in writing the principl e of federali sm and why some rights remain with the people. 3. Construct a poster display that describ es the powers of each	The Constitution of the United States of America. Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 17 September 2015 thttp://bensguide.gpo.gov/9-12/documents/constitution/index.html. TLC Elementary School: Separation of Powers. Discovery Channel School. 2006. United Streaming. 17 September 2015 thttp://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/. Teacher Resource Civics Lesson Plans. New York Times Learning Center Website. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.nytimes.com/learning/teachers/lessons/civics.html The Constitution. U.S. Constitution.net. 6 March 2011. 17 September 2015 thttp://www.usconstitution.net/gifs/docs/cpage1.jpg The Constitution of the United States of America. Ben's Guide to U.S. Government for Kids. 17 September 2015 thttp://bensguide.gpo.gov/9-12/documents/constitution/index.html Hart, Rachel. Supplemental Materials (Unit 1, Lessons 1-4). Teacher-made material. Oakland Schools, 2012. Law Day Lessons for Schools. American Bar Association 17 September 2015 thttp://www.abanet.org/publiced/lawday/schools/lessons

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area. Writing 2. Write informative/expl anatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.			branch of govern ment and explain s through exampl es how the system of checks and balanc es works. SS050104.final REVISED (1).pdf	Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Ben's Guide to U.S. Government Grades 9 - 12. 17 September 2015 http://bensguide.gpo.gov/9-12/index.html CIRCLE: Center for Information and Research on Civic Learning and Engagement. Tufts University. 17 September 2015 http://www.civicyouth.org/ Citizenship Education. 17 September 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/educationlssues/CitizenshipEducation/CitEdDB intro.asp Civitas. 29 August 2012 http://www.civnet.org/ Monk, Linda R. The Words We Live By: Your Annotated Guide to the Constitution. New York: Stonesong Press, 2003. National Center for Learning and Citizenship. 17 September 2015 http://www.ecs.org/html/projectsPartners/ncl c/nclc main.htm National Alliance for Civic Education. 17 September 2015 http://www.cived.net/ United States Federal Government. 17 September 2015 http://www.hg.org/usfederal-govt.html

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts /	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		W.5.2. Write informative/explana tory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.			
		Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3			
		above.) Speaking and Listening			

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 4th Grade			

Overa ng an Unit Endu Under dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Civics & Government C1 Purposes of Government Explain why people create governments. 4 – C1.0.2 Explain probable consequences of an absence of government and of rules and laws. C2 Values and Principles of American Democracy Understand values and principles of American constitutional democracy. 4 – C2.0.1 Explain how decisions can be made or how conflicts might be resolved in fair and just ways (e.g., majority rules). C3 Structure and Functions of Government				

unit En		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Describe the structure of government in the United States and how it functions to serve citizens. 4 – C3.0.2 Give examples of powers granted to the federal government (e.g., coining of money, declaring war) and those reserved for the states (e.g., driver's license, marriage license). 4 – C3.0.3 Describe the organizational structure of the federal government in the United States (legislative, executive, and judicial branches). 4 – C3.0.4 Describe how the powers of the federal government are separated among the branches. 4 – C3.0.5 Give examples of how the system of checks and balances limits the			

Unit E		Key Concepts /	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	power of the federal government (e.g., presidential veto of legislation, courts declaring a law unconstitutional, congressional approval of judicial appointments). 5th Grade US History & Geography U3.3 Creating New Government(s) and a New Constitution Explain some of the challenges faced by the new nation under the Articles of Confederation, and analyze the development of the Constitution as a new plan for governing. Grades 5 & 8 5 – U3.3.6 Describe the principle of federalism and how			

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		it is expressed through the sharing and distribution of power as stated in the Constitution (e.g., enumerated and reserved powers). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
Unit 2: Three Worlds Meet (Week 4, 6 Weeks)	How did the interacti on of three worlds transfor m human societie s?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Reading: Literature 5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions	1. How were the worlds of America, Africa, and Europe alike and different? 2. How and why did the three worlds meet? 3. How did European s, American Indians, and Africans view	cause and effect chronology Columbian Exchange cultural diffusion culture empire exploration historical thinking human/environment interaction informational text perspective/point of view region three worlds		Equipment/Manipulative An example of narrative text such as a story picture book or a chapter book Chart paper Crayons or markers (six different colors) Colored Pencils, Crayons or markers: blue, yellow, green, brown (for each student) Globe Highlighters – at least two per pair of students in different colors Map of North America Overhead projector or document camera/projector

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. RL.5.5. Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem. Reading: Informational Text 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.	the meetin g of their three worlds?			Salt and a piece of gold jewelry (optional) Scissors Small amount of peppercorns (one per student) and a peppercorn container Sticky notes Student journal or notebook White construction paper World Map Student Resource 1492: An Ongoing Voyage. Library of Congress. 18 September 2015 http://www.ibiblio.org/expo/1492.exhibit/Intro.html Age of Exploration: Build an Astrolabe. The Mariners' Museum. 18 September 2015 http://www.marinersmuseum.org/education/activity-two-teachers-create-astrolabe Ancient West African History Teaching and Learning Modules. Museum of African American History website. 18 September 2015 http://www.charleswrightmuseum.net/history / L Berson, Michael J. Horizons: United States History: Beginnings. Orlando: Harcourt School Publishers, 2005. 68-90 (or similar 5th grade Early American History textbook).

Unit E	overarchi g and Induring Inderstan ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain- specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area. 5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g.,				Bower, Burt, et al. America's Past, Social Studies Alive Program. Palo Alto, CA: Teacher's Curriculum Institute, 2010 (or a similar fifth grade social studies textbook). Christopher Columbus Websites. 18 September 2015 http://www.surfnetkids.com/christopher_columbus.htm deRubertis, Barbara. Columbus Day (Holidays and Heroes Series). NY: Kane Press, 1992. *Explorers. Enchanted Learning. (requires subscription) 18 September 2015 http://www.enchantedlearning.com/explorers/indexa.shtml *Explorers-in-Residence. National Geographic. 1 August 2011 http://www.nationalgeographic.com/field/grants-programs/explorers-in-residence/ *Famous Explorers. Kid Info.com. 18 September 2015 http://www.kidinfo.com/American History/Explorers.html *Fritz, Jean. The World in 1492. NY: Henry Holth & Co., 1992. Fritz, Jean. Where Do You Think You're Going, Christopher Columbus? NY: Paperstar Books, 1997. Growing up in America Before 1492. Appleseeds Magazine, October, 2005 (Vol.

ng a Unit End	during derstan		Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. RI.5.5. Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content				8 Number 2). Cobblestone Publishing. Available at CobblestoneOnline.net (optional resource) Haudenosaunee (Iroquois) Indian Fact Sheet. 18 September 2015 http://bigorrin.org/iroquois kids.htm Interactive Timeline of African History. MAAH website. 18 September 2015 http://www.charleswrightmuseum.net/history /timeline.html Kalman, Bobbie. Life in a Longhouse Village. NY: Crabtree Publishing, 2005 (optional resource). Life in a Pueblo. Native Nations of North America series. New York, NY: Crabtree Publishing, 2001 (optional resource). Nations of the Eastern Great Lakes. NY: Crabtree Publishing, 2005. (optional resource). Nations of the Northwest Coast. Native Nations of North America series. New York, NY: Crabtree Publishing, 2001 (optional). Liestman, Vickie. Columbus Day. NY: Carolrhoda books, 1992. *Native American Cultural Regions Map. U- S-History.com. 18 September 2015 http://www.u-s-history.com/natammap.html Native Americans: People of the Desert. Peter Matulavich Productions, 2004. Full

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. 9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take. RI.5.9. Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.				Native Americans: People of the Forest. Peter Matulavich Productions, 2004. Full Video. 18 September 2015 http://www.discoveryeducation.com Native Americans: People of the Northwest http://www.discoveryeducation.com Native Americans: People of the Northwest Coast. Peter Matulavich Productions, 2004. Full Video. 18 September 2015 http://www.discoveryeducation.com People of the Long House: The Iroquois. Discovery Education, 2006. Video Segment. 18 September 2015 http://www.discoveryeducation.com Resources for Learning about Christopher Columbus. Social Studies for Kids website. 18 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/subject s/columbus.htm Roop, Peter and Connie. I, Columbus: My Journal 1492-93. New York: Morrow/Avon, 1991. Shuter, Jane. Ancient West African Kingdoms. History Opens Windows Series. Chicago, IL: Heinemann, 2009 (optional resource). *The Vikings. The Viking Network Ireland. 18 September 2015 http://www.ncte.ie/viking/less2.htm

Overare ng and Unit Endurii Unders dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RI.5.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing 2. Write informative/expl anatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and				*Vikings: the North America Saga. Smithsonian National Museum of Natural History. 18 September 2015 http://www.mnh.si.edu/vikings/ Wisniewski, David. Sundiata: Lion King of Mali. New York: Sandpiper Books, 1999. Yolen, Jane. Encounter. NY: Voyager Books, 1996. Teacher Resource 1492: An Ongoing Voyage. Library of Congress. 18 September 2015 http://www.ibiblio.org/expo/1492.exhibit/Intro.html *Africa in the Classroom. 18 September 2015 http://www.africa.upenn.edu/K- 12/chill.html Age of Exploration Interactive Website. Mariner's Museum website. 18 September 2015 http://www.marinersmuseum.org/education/age-exploration Bruchac, Joseph. The First Strawberries: A Cherokee Story. NY: Puffin Books, 1998 (optional resource). Cameron, Ann. Orca's Song. NY: Harbor Books, 1987 (optional resource). Cameron, Ann. Raven Goes Berry Picking. NY: Harbor Books, 1991 (optional resource)

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.5.2. Write informative/explana tory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly				Do All Indians Live in Tipis? Questions and Answers from the National Museum of the American Indian. NY: Harper Paperbacks, 2007. Dominic, Gloria. Song of the Hermit Thrush: An Iroquois Legend. NY: Troll Books, 1998 (optional resource). Drake, James and Palumbo, Joseph. Three Worlds Meet: the Columbian Encounter and Its Legacy. Los Angeles: National Center for History in the Schools, 1992. *Early African History Unit. Exploring Africa website. 18 September 2015 thtp://exploringafrica.matrix.msu.edu/studen ts/curriculum/m7a/ Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials. Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative, 2011. Elmina Castle, 1481. Africans in America website. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.pbs.org/wgbh/aia/part1/1p260.html Equestrian Figure. Minneapolis Institute of Art website. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.artsconnected.org/resource/printl mage/3814 *Exploring Africa. 18 September 2015 thtp://exploringafrica.matrix.msu.edu/studen ts/curriculum/

Overarch ng and Unit Enduring Understa dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	and persuasively. SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one- on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 3rd Grade History H3 History of Michigan (Through Statehood) Use historical thinking to understand the past. 3 – H3.0.1 Identify questions historians ask in examining the past in Michigan (e.g., What happened? When did it				Fleischman, Paul. Joyful Noise: Poems for Two Voices. New York: Harper & Row, 1988 (optional resource). Gies, Joseph and Frances, Life in a Medieval City. New York: Harper & Row, 1969. A Historical Look at Native Americans Theme Set. Washington, D. C.: National Geographic Society, 2005. How Big is Africa Image and Poster. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.bu.edu/africa/outreach/materials/handouts/howbig.html Iroquois Confederacy Stories. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.kahonwes.com/iroquois/stories.htm McDermott. Gerald. Coyote: A Trickster Tale from the American Southwest. NY: Sandpiper Books, 1999 (optional). McKissack, Patricia and Frederick. The Royal Kingdoms of Ghana, Mali, and Songhay: Life in Medieval Africa. New York: Henry Holt and Co, 1995. Malotki, Ekkehart. The Magic Hummingbird: A Hopi Folktale. Walnut, CA: Kiva Publishing, 1995 (optional). Map of Africa. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.mongabay.org/images/african.gif

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	happen? Who was involved? How and why did it happen?) 5th Grade US History & Geography U1 USHG ERA 1 – Beginings to 1620 U1.1 American Indian Life in the Americas Describe the life of peoples living in North America before European exploration. 5 – U1.1.1 Use maps to locate peoples in the desert Southwest, the Pacific Northwest, the Pacific Northwest, the Great Plains, and the woodland peoples east of the Mississippi River (Eastern Woodland). (National Geography Standard 1, p. 144)				Map of The World. 1507. 18 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/today/placesinthenews/a rchive/2009arch/20090513_waldseemuller.html Map of The World. 1581. 18 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/pictures/item/200569203 5/ National Geographic Theme Set called: A Historical Look at Native Americans (optional). Nichols, Richard. A Story to Tell: Traditions of a Tlingit Community. Minneapolis, Lerner Publishing Group, 1997 (optional resource). *North American Ethnographic Collection. American Museum of Natural History Website. 18 September 2015 http://anthro.amnh.org/anthropology/databases/north_public/north_public.htm Regions of Africa Map. 1 August 2011 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Africa_map_regions.svg Roessel, Monty. Songs from the Loom: A Navajo Girl Learns to Weave. Minneapolis, Lerner Publishing Group, 1995 (optional resource). *Starving Sailors Lesson. The Mariners' Museum. 18 September 2015 http://www.marinersmuseum.org/education/activity-eleven-teachers-starving-sailors

Unit En	allrina	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		5 – U1.1.2 Compare how American Indians in the desert Southwest and the Pacific Northwest adapted to or modified the environment. (National Geography Standard 14, p. 171) 5 – U1.1.3 Describe Eastern Woodland American Indian life with respect to governmental and family structures, trade, and views on property ownership and land use. (National Geography Standard 11, p. 164, C, E) U1.2 European Exploration Identify the causes and consequences of European exploration and colonization. Grade 5			Swentzell, Rina. Children of Clay: A Family of Pueblo Potters. Minneapolis, Lerner Publishing Group, 1993 (optional resource). *Teaching Resources on Africa. Columbia University Libraries. 1 August 2011 http://www.columbia.edu/cu/lweb/indiv/africa/cuvl/teaching.html The bloody massacre perpetrated in King Street, Boston, on Mar. 5, 1770. Colonial Williamsburg Foundation. 18 September 2015 http://www.history.org/history/teaching/enewsletter/volume8/sept09/primsource.cfm *Three Worlds Meet. 18 September 2015 http://www.mrburnett.net/threeworlds.html *Three Worlds Meet: Defining U.S. Lessons. 18 September 2015 http://chnm.gmu.edu/fairfaxtah/lessons.php?browse=timeperiod&function=find&tpd1=1 *Three Worlds Meet: Teaching and Learning Resources. 18 September 2015 http://free.ed.gov/subjects.cfm?subject_id=1 07&toplvl=157 Trading Through the Desert. 18 September 2015 http://free.ed.gov/subjects.cfm?subject_id=1 07&toplvl=157 Trading Through the Desert. 18 September 2015 http://home.intekom.com/southafricanhistory online/pages/classroom/pages/projects/grade10/lesson3/05-trading-desert.htm

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		5 – U1.2.1 Explain the technological (e.g., invention of the astrolabe and improved maps), and political developments, (e.g., rise of nationstates), that made sea exploration possible. (National Geography Standard 1, p. 144, C) 5 – U1.2.2 Use case studies of individual explorers and stories of life in Europe to compare the goals, obstacles, motivations, and consequences for European exploration and colonization of the Americas (e.g., economic, political, cultural, and religious). (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169, C, E) U1.3 African Life Before the 16th Century Describe the lives of peoples				Turtle Island, Fiji. 18 September 2015 http://www.hotelsoftherichandfamous.com/tr avel/Asia/Fiji/Turtle-Island/Hotels/Turtle-Island US City Home. Michigan Cities. 18 September 2015. http://www.us-city-home.com/browse/michigan/pop 20000/ Vikings Came Before Columbus. Viking Voyages Map. 18 September 2015 http://www.webexhibits.org/vinland/archeological.html *Viola, H. and C. Margolis. Seeds of Change. Washington, DC: Smithsonian Publishing, 1991. *We Are Still Here: Native Americans Today, a series from Lerner Publications Co., 241 First Avenue North, Minneapolis, MN 55401. Zinn, Howard. A People's History of America. New York, New York, USA. HarperCollins Publishers, 1995. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge American History Websites. 18 September 2015 http://school.discoveryeducation.com/schrockguide/history/hista.html Calloway, Colin G. New Worlds for All: Indians, Europeans, and the Remaking of Early America. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1997.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		living in western Africa prior to the 16th century. 5 – U1.3.1 Use maps to locate the major regions of Africa (northern Africa, western Africa, central Africa, central Africa, southern Africa). (National Geography Standard 1, p. 144) 5 – U1.3.2 Describe the life and cultural development of people living in western Africa before the 16th century with respect to economic (the ways people made a living) and family structures, and the growth of states, towns, and trade. (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162) U1.4 Three World Interactions Describe the				Cronon, William. Changes in the Land: Indians, Colonists, and the Ecology of New England. New York: Hill and Wang, 1983. Crosby, Alfred W. The Columbian Exchange: Biological and Cultural Consequences of 1492. Westport, Conn.: Greenwood, 1972. Crosby, Alfred W. Ecological Imperialism: The Biological Expansion of Europe, 900-1900. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1986. Diamond, Jared. Guns, Germs, and Steel: The Fates of Human Societies. New York: W.W. Norton, 1997. Digital History. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/ The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.gilderlehrman.org/ The History Place. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.historyplace.com/ History Cooperative. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.historycooperative.org/ Making of America. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.historycooperative.org/ Making of America. 18 September 2015 thttp://quod.lib.umich.edu/m/moagrp/ Mann, Charles C. 1491: New Revelations of the Americas before Columbus. New York: Knopf, 2005.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		environmental, political, and cultural consequences of the interactions among European, African, and American Indian peoples in the late 15th through the 17th century. 5 – U1.4.1 Describe the convergence of Europeans, American Indians and Africans in North America after 1492 from the perspective of these three groups. (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162) 5 – U1.4.4 Describe the Columbian Exchange and its impact on Europeans, American Indians, and Africans. (National Geography				Mann, Charles C. 1493: Uncovering the New World Columbus Created. New York: Knopf, 2011. Nash, Gary B. Red, White, and Black: The Peoples of Early North America, 4th ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, 2000. National Council for History Education. 18 September 2015 http://www.nche.net/ National History Education Clearinghouse. 18 September 2015 http://teachinghistory.org/ Richter, Daniel K. Before the Revolution: America's Ancient Pasts. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 2011. Taylor, Alan. American Colonies. New York: Penguin, 2001. Thornton, John. Africa and Africans in the Making of the Atlantic World, 1400-1680. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998. Voyages: The Trans-Atlantic Slave Trade Database - 18 September 2015 http://www.slavevoyages.org Wineburg, Sam. Historical Thinking and Other Unnatural Acts. Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 2001.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Standard 11, p. 164, E) © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				* Although not used in the lessons created for this unit, these resources are included to provide meaningful options for teachers.
Unit 3: Coloni zation and Settle ment (Week 10, 6 Weeks)	Why did differen t colonial regions develop in North Americ a?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 4th Grade Geography G4 Human Systems Understand how human activities help shape the Earth's surface. 4 – G4.0.1 Use a case study or story about migration within or to the United States to identify push and pull factors (why they left, why they came) that influenced the migration. (H) 5th Grade	1. How did the push and pull factors of migration influence the settlement of different colonial regions in North America? 2. How did the geography of North America affect settlement patterns and the economic, political, and cultural developm	cause and effect colonial regions colonization cultural differences diversified economy economic development ethnic diversity migration one-crop economies/ staple- crops political institutions primary and secondary sources representative government role of religion settlement settlement slavery	1. Create a map depictin g the natural feature s of the three colonial regions and explain in writing how those feature s shaped the econo my and culture of each region. 2. Write an	Equipment/Manipulative 12 X18 drawing paper for constructing the graphic organizer used for assessment Chart paper Color Markers for highlighting – two different colors for each student Glue or glue sticks Map of the Western Hemisphere Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Scissors White construction paper World Map Student Resource *Archiving Early America. 18 September 2015 http://www.earlyamerica.com/

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		US History & Geography U1.2 European Exploration Identify the causes and consequences of European exploration and colonization. Grade 5 5 – U1.2.2 Use case studies of individual explorers and stories of life in Europe to compare the goals, obstacles, motivations, and consequences for European exploration and colonization of the Americas (e.g., economic, political, cultural, and religious). (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169, C, E) U1.4 Three World Interactions Describe the	ent of different colonial regions? 3. How did cultural difference s and similarities between European s and American Indians influence their interaction s?		evidenti ary-based argume nt that answer s the questio n: "Why did differen t colonial regions develo p in North Americ a?"	*Berson, Michael J. Horizons: United States History: Beginnings. Orlando: Harcourt School Publishers, 2005 (or similar 5th grade Early American History textbook). Big Apple History. PBS Kids Website. 18 September 2015 http://pbskids.org/bigapplehistory/index-flash.html Bower, Burt, et al. America's Past, Social Studies Alive Program. Palo Alto, CA: Teacher's Curriculum Institute, 2010 or a similar fifth grade social studies textbook. Pp. 61-71. Bulla, Clyde Robert. A Lion to Guard Us. NY: Harper Trophy, 1989. (optional) *The Fort. History Is Fun. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyisfun.org/PDFbooks/JAME STOWN-Teacher%20with%20pictures%205-8-03.pdf Hacker, Randi. Old New Amsterdam. Time For Kids Readers. Orlando, Florida: Harcourt, Inc., 2002. (optional) Jamestown Online Adventure. History Globe. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyglobe.com/jamestown/ Journey to a New Life Online Simulation. Exploring Maryland's Roots website. 18 September 2015 http://mdroots.thinkport.org/interactives/newlife/intro.asp

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		environmental, political, and cultural consequences of the interactions among European, African, and American Indian peoples in the late 15th through the 17th century. 5 – U1.4.2 Use primary and secondary sources (e.g., letters, diaries, maps, documents, narratives, pictures, graphic data) to compare Europeans and American Indians who converged in the western hemisphere after 1492 with respect to governmental structure, and views on property ownership and land use. (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167, C, E)			*Jamestown Rediscovery. 18 September 2015 http://www.apva.org/jr.html *The Mayflower Compact. 18 September 2015 http://avalon.law.yale.edu/17th_century/mayflower.asp>. McGovern, Ann. If You Sailed on the Mayflower. New York: Scholastic, 2000. (optional) *Plimoth Plantation. 18 September 2015 http://www.plimoth.org/ Van Leeuwen, Jean. Across the Wide Dark Sea: The Mayflower Journey. New York: Dial Books, 1995. (optional) Virtual Tours of St. Augustine: Castillo de San Marcos. 18 September 2015 http://www.augustine.com/history/walkingtour.php?tour=5 Waters, Kate. On the Mayflower: Voyage of the Ship's Apprentice and a Passenger Girl. New York: Scholastic, 1996. (optional) Samuel Eaton's Day: A Day in the Life of a Pilgrim Boy New York: Scholastic, 1993. (optional) Sarah Morton's Day: A Day in the Life of a Pilgrim Girl. New York: Scholastic, 1989 (optional)

Unit E	verarchi g and nduring nderstan ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		5 – U1.4.3 Explain the impact of European contact on American Indian cultures by comparing the different approaches used by the British and French in their interactions with American Indians. (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162, C, E) U2 USHG ERA 2 – Colonization and Setlement (1585-1763) U2.1 European Struggle for Control of North America Compare the regional settlement patterns and describe significant developments in Southern, New England, and the mid-Atlantic colonies.				Tapenum's Day: A Wampanoag Indian boy in Pilgrim Times New York: Scholastic, 1996. (optional) *The Way People Live Series. San Diego, DA: Lucent Books, 1999. Yero, Judith Lloyd. The Mayflower Compact. Documents of Freedom series. Washington, D.C: National Geographic, 2004. (optinal) Yolen, Jane and Heidi Elizabeth Yolen-Stemple. Roanoke Colony: An Unsolved Mystery from History. New York: Simon & Schuster Children's Books, 2002. (optional) You are the Historian: Investigating the First Thanksgiving. 18 September 2015 ttp://www.plimoth.org/education/olc/index j s2.html Teacher Resource 1657 Comberford Map. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. 18 September 2015 ttp://www.learnnc.org/lp/media/uploads/20 08/03/south part virginia.jpg Ann Hutchinson. Wikipedia School Section. 18 September 2015 thttp://schools-wikipedia.org/wp/p/Puritan.htm Castillo de San Marcos. National Park Service Website. 18 September 2015 ttp://www.nps.gov/casa/ Children on the Mayflower. The Pilgrims & Plymouth Colony, 1620. 18 September

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Exportations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		5 – U2.1.1 Describe significant developments in the Southern colonies, including • patterns of settlement and control including the impact of geography (landforms and climate) on settlement (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167) • establishment of Jamestown (National Geography Standard 4, p. 150) • development of one-crop economies (plantation land use and growing season for rice in Carolinas and tobacco in Virginia) (National Geography Standard 7, p. 156) • relationships with American Indians (e.g., Powhatan) (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162)				http://www.rootsweb.com/~mosmd/mfchild.h tm Colonization Map. National Park Services. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.nps.gov/nr/travel/kingston/colonization.htm Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 3, Lessons 1-9). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative, 2011. English Settlers in New England. U.S. History Images. 18 September 2015 thttp://ushistoryimages.com/new-england-colonies.shtm Fort New Amsterdam. U.S. History Images. 18 September 2015 thttp://ushistoryimages.com/new-amsterdam.shtm Fray Franciso Ximenez, Hisgtorica de la Provincia de San Vicente de Chiapas y Guatemala de la Orden de Precicadores, Prologo del Lic. Antonio Illacorta, 1929. *Hakim, Joy. Making Thirteen Colonies: 1600-1740. New York: Oxford, 1999. *The Lost Colony. 18 September 2015 thttp://thelostcolony.org/For Educators.htm Indentured Servant Ad. The Glasglow Story. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.theglasgowstory.com/images/TG SE00607 m.jpg

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		development of colonial representative assemblies (House of Burgesses) (National Geography Standard 5, p. 152) development of slavery 5 – U2.1.2 Describe significant developments in the New England colonies, including patterns of settlement and control including the impact of geography (landforms and climate) on settlement (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167) relations with American Indians (e.g., Pequot/King Phillip's War) (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162) growth of agricultural (small farms) and nonagricultural				Jamestown Artifacts. Virtual Jamestown. 18 September 2015 http://www.virtualjamestown.org/images/artifacts/jamestown.html James Fort Drawing. Historic Jamestown Rediscovery. 18 September 2015 http://www.apva.org/history/fort.html Jamestown Rediscovery. 18 September 2015 http://www.apva.org/jr.html Jamestown Settlement Teacher Resource Packet. History is Fun. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyisfun.org/PDFbooks/JAME STOWN- Teacher%20with%20pictures%205-8-03.pdf John Smith's 1614 Map of New England. The Pilgrims & Plymouth Colony, 1620. 18 September 2015 http://www.rootsweb.com/~mosmd/nemap.h tm Manhattan Aerial View. New York School of Medicine. 18 September 2015 http://mdphd.med.nyu.edu/visit/maps- directions/manhattan-aerial-view Map of Pennsylvania. Earth Witness. 18 September 2015 http://journal.earthwitness.org/the-ew- journal/2006/12/28/the-first-friends-and- slavery-part-three.html

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	(shipping, manufacturing) economies (National Geography Standard 15, p. 173) • the development of government including establishment of town meetings, development of colonial legislatures and growth of royal government (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169) • religious tensions in Massachusetts that led to the establishment of other colonies in New England (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169 C, E) 5 – U2.1.3 Describe significant developments in the Middle Colonies, including • patterns of settlement and control including the impact of				New Amsterdam in 1660. Fulkerson Family Website. 18 September 2015 http://www.fulkerson.org/ *New France. The Canadian Encyclopedia. 18 September 2015 http://www.thecanadianencyclopedia.com/in dex.cfm?PgNm=TCE&Params=A1ARTA00 05701 New Netherland in 1644. Fulkerson Family Website. 18 September 2015 http://www.fulkerson.org/1644nn.html Occupations of the New World. Virtual Jamestown. 18 September 2015 http://www.virtualjamestown.org/census1a.h tml Pamphlet Introduction. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. 18 September 2015 http://www.learnnc.org/lp/editions/nchist-colonial/2043 Peter Schaghen Letter. New Netherland Institute. 18 September 2015 http://www.nnp.org/nnp/documents/schagen main.html Peter Stuvyesant Tears Up Surrender Papers. 18 September 2015 http://www.sonofthesouth.net/revolutionary-war/colonies/new-netherland.htm Roger Williams. Freedom: A History of US. 18 September 2015

ng a Unit Endu	uring erstan		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		geography (landforms and climate) on settlement (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167) • the growth of Middle Colonies economies (e.g., breadbasket) (National Geography Standard 7, p. 156) • The Dutch settlements in New Netherlands, Quaker settlement in Pennsylvania, and subsequent English takeover of the Middle Colonies • immigration patterns leading to ethnic diversity in the Middle Colonies (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162, C, E) 5 – U2.1.4 Compare the regional settlement patterns of the Southern colonies, New England, and the Middle Colonies. (National			http://www.pbs.org/wnet/historyofus/web03/features/bio/B05 2.html Royal Charter for Georgia. Georgia Info. 18 September 2015 http://georgiainfo.galileo.usg.edu/tdgh-apr/apr21.htm Seal of New Netherlands. New York State Education Department. 18 September 2015 http://www.p12.nysed.gov/ciai/chf/elemhudson/hudsonelemclass.html Thomas Hooker and His People. Wikipedia. 18 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Mr Thomas Hooker & His People travelling 1636.jpe g Virtual New Amsterdam. New Amsterdam History Center. 18 September 2015 http://www.newamsterdamhistorycenter.citymax.com/page/page/1846100.htm Wampanoag Country in the 1600s. 18 September 2015 http://www.plimoth.org/education/olc/MapWampanoag.pdf William Penn Receives the Charter. Life. 18 September 2015 http://www.life.com/image/50698414 Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Binder, Frederick M. and David M. Reimers. The Way We Lived: Essays and Documents

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Geography Standard 12, p. 167) U2.3 Life in Colonial America Distinguish among and explain the reasons for regional differences in colonial America. 5 – U2.3.1 Locate the New England, Middle, and Southern colonies on a map. (National Geography Standard 3 p. 148) Copyright © 2001- 2015 State of Michigan				in American Social History. New York: Houghton Mifflin Co., 2003. Digital History. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/ Foner, Eric. The Story of American Freedom. New York: WW Norton & Co., Inc., 1998. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.gilderlehrman.org/ History Cooperative. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.historycooperative.org/ The History Place. 18 September 2015 thtp://www.historyplace.com/ Landsman, Ned C. Crossroads of Empire: the Middle Colonies In British North America. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 2010. Levy, Barry. Quakers and the American Family: British Settlement in the Delaware Valley, 1650-1765. New York: Oxford University Press, 1988. Making of America. 18 September 2015 thtp://quod.lib.umich.edu/m/moagrp/ McWilliams, James E. Building the Bay Colony: Local Economy and Culture in Early Massachusetts. Charlottesville: University of Virginia Press, 2007.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
					Assessments	Merrell, James H. Into the American Woods: Negotiators on the Pennsylvania Frontier. New York: W.W. Norton, 1999. Merritt, Jane T. At the Crossroads: Indians and Empires on a Mid-Atlantic Frontier, 1700-1763. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2003. Morgan, Edmund S. American Slavery, American Freedom: The Ordeal of Colonial Virginia. New York: W.W. Norton, 1975. Morgan, Edmund S. Visible Saints: The History of a Puritan Idea. New York: New York University Press, 1963. Nash, Gary B. Quakers and Politics: Pennsylvania, 1681-1726. Boston: Northeastern University Press, 1968. National Council for History Education. 18 September 2015 http://www.nche.net/ National History Education Clearinghouse. 18 September 2015 http://www.nche.net/ Weber, David J. The Spanish Frontier in North America. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1992. White, Richard. The Middle Ground: Indians, Empires, and Republics in the Great Lakes Region, 1650-1815. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press,
						1991.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
						* Although not specifically cited in the lessons for this unit, this resource has been included here to provide meaningful options to teachers.
Unit 4: Life in Coloni al Americ a (Week 16, 6 Weeks)	How did life in the three colonial regions set the stage for colonist s to join in the cause for indepen dence?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 5th Grade US History & Geography U2 USHG ERA 2 – Colonization and Setlement (1585-1763) U2.1 European Struggle for Control of North America Compare the regional settlement patterns and describe significant developments in Southern, New England, and the mid-Atlantic colonies. 5 – U2.1.1 Describe significant developments in	1. How did economic activities contribute to the significant difference s among the colonial regions? 2. How did colonial political experienc es influence how colonists viewed their rights and responsibil ities? 3. How did the institution of slavery affect colonial developm ent and	African-American culture colonial self-government economic activities generalizations indentured servants labor force point of view/perspective regional differences royal government slavery staple-crops Triangular Trade		Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Archiving Early America. 18 September 2015 http://www.earlyamerica.com/ Berson, Michael J. Horizons: United States History: Beginnings. Orlando: Harcourt School Publishers, 2005 (or similar 5th grade Early American History textbook). Colonial Coins in America. 18 September 2015 http://score.rims.k12.ca.us/score_lessons/market_to_market/pages/ForeignCoins.html Colonial Currency. Notre Dame. 18 September 2015 http://www.coins.nd.edu/ColCurrency/ Colonial Williamsburg Trades. 18 September 2015 http://www.history.org/Almanack/life/trades/tradehdr.cfm A Colonial Family and Community. The Henry Ford. 18 September 2015 http://www.thehenryford.org/exhibits/smartfun/colonial/intro/index.html

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings			Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		the Southern colonies, including • patterns of settlement and control including the impact of geography (landforms and climate) on settlement (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167) • establishment of Jamestown (National Geography Standard 4, p. 150) • development of one-crop economies (plantation land use and growing season for rice in Carolinas and tobacco in Virginia) (National Geography Standard 7, p. 156) • relationships with American Indians (e.g., Powhatan) (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162) • development of colonial representative	life in the colonies?			KidZone. Colonial Williamsburg. 18 September 2015 http://www.history.org/kids/games/ Lester, Julius. From Slave Ship to Freedom Road. New York: Dial, 1998. Living under Enslavement. The Henry Ford. 18 September 2015 http://www.thehenryford.org/exhibits/smartfun/hermitage/open.html A Slave Ship Speaks: The Wreck of the Henrietta Marie. Mel Fisher Maritime Heritage Society, Inc. 18 September 2015 http://www.historical-museum.org/exhibits/hm/henmarie.htm The Slave Ship Zong. The Transatlantic Slave Trade. 18 September 2015 http://www.antislavery.org/breakingthesilence/main/Activities/04 SlaveShipZong.pdf The Virginia House of Burgesses. 18 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/articles/ushistory/houseofburgesses.htm Yates, Elizabeth. Amos Fortune Free Man. New York: E. P. Dutton, 1950. You Be the Historian. Smithsonian National Museum of American History. Hands On History Room. Teacher Resource Account of the Middle Passage. Virtual Jamestown. 18 September 2015

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understar dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	assemblies (House of Burgesses) (National Geography Standard 5, p. 152) • development of slavery 5 – U2.1.2 Describe significant developments in the New England colonies, including • patterns of settlement and control including the impact of geography (landforms and climate) on settlement (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167) • relations with American Indians (e.g., Pequot/King Phillip's War) (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162) • growth of agricultural (small farms) and nonagricultural (shipping, manufacturing) economies				http://www.virtualjamestown.org/mpassage.html Africans in America. PBS/WGBH. 18 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/aia Inside a Slave Fort. 18 September 2015 http://www.antislavery.org/breakingthesilence/main/PickandMix/Inside%20a%20Slave%20Fort.doc Native American Cultures. 18 September 2015 http://www.sagehistory.net/colonial/topics/nativeam.htm Stuff Imported From London. 18 September 2015 http://score.rims.k12.ca.us/score_lessons/market_to_market/pages/JohnGreenhow.html Thomson, Melissa and Ruth Dean. Life in the American Colonies. San Diego: Lucent Books, 1999. Triangular Trade Routes. 18 September 2015 http://www.eduplace.com/kids/socsci/books/applications/imaps/maps/g5s_u3/index.html Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Binder, Frederick M. and David M. Reimers. The Way We Lived: Essays and Documents in American Social History. New York: Houghton Mifflin Co., 2003.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings		Key Concepts /	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		(National Geography Standard 15, p. 173) • the development of government including establishment of town meetings, development of colonial legislatures and growth of royal government (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169) • religious tensions in Massachusetts that led to the establishment of other colonies in New England (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169 C, E) 5 – U2.1.3 Describe significant developments in the Middle Colonies, including • patterns of settlement and control including the impact of geography (landforms and climate) on			http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/ Foner, Eric. The Story of American Freedom. New York: WW Norton & Co., Inc., 1998. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.gilderlehrman.org/ History Cooperative. 18 September 2015 http://www.historycooperative.org/ The History Place. 18 September 2015 thttp://www.historyplace.com/ Making of America. 18 September 2015 thttp://quod.lib.umich.edu/m/moagrp/

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Evacetations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	settlement (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167) • the growth of Middle Colonies economies (e.g., breadbasket) (National Geography Standard 7, p. 156) • The Dutch settlements in New Netherlands, Quaker settlement in Pennsylvania, and subsequent English takeover of the Middle Colonies • immigration patterns leading to ethnic diversity in the Middle Colonies (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162, C, E) U2.2 European Slave Trade and Slavery in Colonial America Analyze the development of the slave system in the			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Americas and its impact upon the life of Africans. 5 – U2.2.1 Describe Triangular Trade including • the trade routes • the people and goods that were traded • the Middle Passage • its impact on life in Africa (National Geography Standards 9, and 11; pp. 160 and 164 E) 5 – U2.2.2 Describe the life of enslaved Africans and free Africans in the American colonies. (National Geography Standard 5, p. 152) 5 – U2.2.3 Describe how Africans living in North America drew upon their African past (e.g., sense of family, role of oral tradition) and adapted elements of new cultures to develop a distinct African-American				

Unit		Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	culture. (National Geography Standard 10, p. 162) U2.3 Life in Colonial America Distinguish among and explain the reasons for regional differences in colonial America. 5 – U2.3.1 Locate the New England, Middle, and Southern colonies on a map. (National Geography Standard 3 p. 148) 5 – U2.3.2 Describe the daily life of people living in the New England, Middle, and Southern colonies. (National Geography Standards 14 and Southern colonies. (National Geography Standards 14 and 15; pp. 171 and 173) 5 – U2.3.3 Describe colonial life in America from the				

ng a Unit End	luring lerstan		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		perspectives of at least three different groups of people (e.g., wealthy landowners, farmers, merchants, indentured servants, laborers and the poor, women, enslaved people, free Africans, and American Indians). (National Geography Standard 6, p. 154). 5 – U2.3.4 Describe the development of the emerging labor force in the colonies (e.g., cash crop farming, slavery, indentured servants). (E) 5 – U2.3.5 Make generalizations about the reasons for regional differences in colonial America. (National Geography Standard 6, p. 154) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Unit 5: Road to Revolu tion (Week 22, 6 Weeks)	Why did some colonists from different tregions join to create an independent nation?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Reading: Literature 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RL.5.2. Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text.	1. How did economic issues and political experienc es and ideas affect the relationshi p between Great Britain and the colonies? 2. Why were some colonists unhappy with British rule after the French and Indian War? 3. How and why did people in different colonial regions unite against Great Britain?	authority/power cause and effect chronology conflict imperialism liberty limited government Patriot/Loyalist perspective representative government self-government taxation trade policies		Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper Document Camera or Projector Map of the United States Markers or crayons Tissue boxes, one per student Student Resource *Abigail Adams. Early American Primary Sources Kit. Teacher Created Materials. CA: Huntington Beach, 2005. American Revolution. Kid Info website. 18 September 2015 http://www.kidinfo.com/American History/American Revolution.html *Archiving Early America. 18 September 2015 http://www.earlyamerica.com/ Bower, Burt, et al. America's Past, Social Studies Alive Program. Palo Alto, CA: Teacher's Curriculum Institute, 2010. pp. 133-59, or a similar fifth grade social studies textbook. Fort Necessity. National Park Service. 18 September 2015 http://www.nps.gov/fone/index.htm *Berson, Michael J. Horizons: United States History: Beginnings. Orlando: Harcourt School Publishers, 2005 (or similar 5th grade Early American History textbook).

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RL.5.3. Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact). Reading: Informational Text Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support				Fradin, Dennis Brindell. Let It Begin Here! Lexington and Concord: First Battles of the American Revolution. New York: Walker Books for Young Readers, 2005. *The French and Indian War of the 1750s.18 September 2015 http://www.mccordfamilyassn.com/french.ht m Fritz, Jean. Why Don't You Get a Horse, Sam Adams? New York: Putnam Juvenile Press, 1996. (optional) History Makers of the American Revolution. History Central. 18 September 2015 http://www.historycentral.com/bio/RevoltBIO S/INDEX.html Important People of the American Revolution. The American Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.theamericanrevolution.org/ipeopl e.asp Intolerable Acts and The First Continental Congress. The American Revolution. University of San Fransisco. 1999. 18 September 2015 http://www.usfca.edu/fac staff/conwell/revol ution/congress.htm Phillis Wheatley. Early American Primary Sources Kit. Teacher Created Materials. CA: Huntington Beach, 2005. (optional)

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	conclusions drawn from the text. RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and				*Quigley, Charles N. and Ken Rodriguez. We the People. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education. 2003. 21-24. Turner, Ann. Katie's Trunk. New York: Aladdin Paperbacks, 1997. (optional) Teacher Resource *Authority: Foundations of Democracy. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education, 1997. 5-11. Colonial Government and the Crown. Eagleton Institute of Politics. Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey.18 September 2015 http://www.revolutionary-war-and-beyond.com/massachusetts-circular-letter-february-11-1768.html Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lessons 1-8). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative, 2011. Examples of Stamp Act Stamps. The American Revolution Website. 18 September 2015 http://www.arpinphilately.com/blog/what-was-the-stamp-act-of-1765/en/ Eyewitness Accounts of the Boston Massacre. Historywiz.com. 18 September 2015 http://www.historywiz.com/primarysources/eyewit-boston.htm The First Continental Congress. Architect of the Capitol. 18 September 2015

Overarch ng and Unit Enduring Understa dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area. 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the				http://www.aoc.gov/cc/art/cox_corr/g_exp/first_continental.cfm?closeup=1 The French and Indian War of the 1750s. McCord Family Association. 18 September 2015 http://www.mccordfamilyassn.com/french.htm Glorious News. The American Revolution, 1763-1783. The Learning Page. Library of Congress. 18 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/teachers/classroommaterials/presentationsandactivities/presentations/timeline/amrev/britref/news.html Illustrations of the Boston Massacre. 18 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/research/arc/ Illustration of Phillis Wheatley Book. Africans in America. PBS/WGBH. 18 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/aia/part2/2h7b.htm I Join or Die Cartoon. Archiving Early America. 31 18 September 2015 http://www.earlyamerica.com/earlyamerica/firsts/cartoon/snake.html Map of Boston Area. American Experience. PBS/WGBH. 18 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/patriotsday/maps/index.html#info1

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		point of view they represent. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. 9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the				Moore, Frank. American eloquence: a collection of speeches and addresses: by the most eminent orators of America, Volume 1. D. Appleton and Co., 1857. Page 4. 18 September 2015 http://books.google.com/books?id=l9gYWiLf ZkgC&printsec=frontcover&dq=bibliogroup: %22American+Eloquence:+a+Collection+of +Speeches+and+Addresses:+By+the+Most +Eminent+Orators+of+America%22&hl=en &sa=X&ei=l-cUT-LxGcnF0AH9hsmLAw&ved=0CDIQ6AEwA A#v=onepage&q=bibliogroup%3A%22American%20Eloquence%3A%20a%20Collection %20of%20Speeches%20and%20Addresses%3A%20By%20the%20Most%20Eminent %20Orators%20of%20America%22&f=false No Stamp Act Teapot. 18 September 2015 http://www.worldwideshoppingmall.co.uk/pot teryshop/product.asp?productid=1590 Patrick Henry Speech. Colonial Williamsburg. 18 September 2015 http://www.history.org/almanack/people/bios/pathenryspeech short.html *Paul Revere's Engraving. Archiving America. 18 September 2015 http://www.earlyamerica.com/review/winter9 6/enlargement.html Winters, Jay. Colonial Voices: Hear Them Speak. New York: Dutton Juvenile, 2008. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		approaches the authors take. RI.5.9. Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably. Reading: Foundational Skills Phonics and Word Recognition RF.5.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.				American History Websites. Discovery Education. 18 September 2015 http://school.discoveryeducation.com/schrockguide/history/hista.html Digital History. 18 September 2015 http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/ Foner, Eric. The Story of American Freedom. New York: WW Norton & Co., Inc., 1998. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 18 September 2015 http://www.gilderlehrman.org/ History Cooperative. 18 September 2015 http://www.historycooperative.org/ The History Place. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/ Kruman, Marc W. Between Authority and Liberty: State Constitution Making in Revolutionary America. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1997. Making of America. 18 September 2015 http://quod.lib.umich.edu/m/moagrp/ National Council for History Education. 18 September 2015 http://www.nche.net/ National History Education Clearinghouse. 18 September 2015 http://teachinghistory.org/

Unit	Evacetations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Fluency RF.5.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. c. Use context to confirm or self- correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.5.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with				* Although not specifically cited in the lessons for this unit, this resource has been included to provide meaningful options for teachers.

Overard ng and Unit Endurin Undersi dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	reasons and information. W.5.1a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.5.1b. Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details. W.5.1c. Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically). W.5.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the				

Unit E		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Gradespecific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			

Unit E		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.			

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 5th Grade US History & Geography U3 USHG ERA 3 Revolution and the New Nation (1754 - 1800) U3.1 Causes of the American Revolution Identify the major political, economic, and ideological reasons for the American Revolution. 5 – U3.1.1 Describe the role of the French and Indian War, how British policy toward the colonies in America changed from 1763 to 1775, and colonial dissatisfaction with the new policy. (National Geography Standard 13 p. 169 C, E)				

Overarchi ng and Unit Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	5 – U3.1.2 Describe the causes and effects of events such as the Stamp Act, Boston Tea Party, the Intolerable Acts, and the Boston Massacre. 5 – U3.1.3 Using an event from the Revolutionary era (e.g., Boston Tea Party, quartering of soldiers, writs of assistance, closing of colonial legislatures), explain how British and colonial views on authority and the use of power without authority differed (views on representative government). 5 – U3.1.4 Describe the role of the First and Second Continental Congress in unifying the colonies (addressing the Intolerable Acts, declaring independence, drafting the Articles of Confederation).				

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		5 – U3.1.6 Identify the role that key individuals played in leading the colonists to revolution, including George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin, Patrick Henry, Samuel Adams, John Adams, and Thomas Paine. 5 – U3.1.8 Identify a problem confronting people in the colonies, identify alternative choices for addressing the problem with possible consequences, and describe the course of action taken. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
Unit 6: The	How did colonial experie	MI: GLCE: Social Studies	How did the colonists	Declaration of Independence		Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector

Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Americ an Revolu tion (Week 28, 6 Weeks)	nce and ideas about govern ment influenc e the creation of a new nation?	5th Grade US History & Geography U3 USHG ERA 3 Revolution and the New Nation (1754 - 1800) U3.1 Causes of the American Revolution Identify the major political, economic, and ideological reasons for the American Revolution. 5 – U3.1.4 Describe the role of the First and Second Continental Congress in unifying the colonies (addressing the Intolerable Acts, declaring independence, drafting the Articles of Confederation). 5 – U3.1.5 Use the Declaration of Independence to explain why the	justify their right to rebel? 2. In what ways was the American Revolution a war of ideas? 3. How did people influence the course of the war?	government by consent military advantages and disadvantages Patriot / Loyalist revolution right of revolution sovereignty treaty turning point tyranny unalienable rights		Student Resource 1776: The Movie, Director's Cut. DVD. Hunt, Peter H., Director. Sony Pictures Home Entertainment. 1972. 2002. Abigail Adams. Early American Primary Sources Kit. Teacher Created Materials. CA: Huntington Beach, 2005. American Revolution. Kid Info website. 18 September 2015 http://www.kidinfo.com/American History/A merican_Revolution.html The American Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.theamericanrevolution.org/ipeopl e.asp American Revolution Biographies. The American Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.americanrevolution.com/Biograp hies.htm Berson, Michael J. Horizons: United States History: Beginnings. Orlando: Harcourt School Publishers, 2005 (or similar 5th grade Early American History textbook). Bial, Raymond. Where Washington Walked. NY: Walker and Company, 2005. Chandra, Deborah. George Washington's Teeth. NY: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2003.

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		colonists wanted to separate from Great Britain and why they believed they had the right to do so. 5 – U3.1.6 Identify the role that key individuals played in leading the colonists to revolution, including George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin, Patrick Henry, Samuel Adams, John Adams, and Thomas Paine. 5 – U3.1.7 Describe how colonial experiences with self-government (e.g., Mayflower Compact, House of Burgesses and town meetings) and ideas about government (e.g., purposes of government such as protecting individual rights and promoting the common good, natural rights, limited government, representative				Fritz, Jean. Can't You Make Them Behave, King George? New York: Putnam Juvenile, 1996. George Washington's Breakfast. NY: Putnam Juvenile, 1998. Will You Sign Here, John Hancock. New York: Putnam Juvenile, 1997. Hakim, Joy. From Colonies to Country: 1710-1791. New York: Oxford, 1999. Harness, Cheryl. George Washington. Washington, D.C.: National Geographic Children's books, 2000. Ingram, Scott. The Battle of Bunker Hill. San Diego, CA: Blackbirch Press, 2004. People of the Revolution. ThinkQuest USA. 2003. 3 Sept. 2008 St. George, Judith. The Journey of the One and Only Declaration of Independence. New York: Philomel Publishing, 2005. Turner, Ann. Katie's Trunk. New York: Aladdin Paperbacks, 1997. Teacher Resource Anticipation/Reaction Guide. North Central Regional Educational Laboratory. 18 September 2015

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		government) influenced the decision to declare independence. U3.2 The American Revolution and Its Consequences Explain the multi-faceted nature of the American Revolution and its consequences. 5 – U3.2.1 Describe the advantages and disadvantages of each side during the American Revolution with respect to military leadership, geography, types of resources, and incentives. (National Geography Standard 4, p.150, E) 5 – U3.2.2 Describe the importance of Valley Forge, Battle of Saratoga, and Battle of Yorktown				Conflict and Revolution: 1775 to 1776. The History Place – American Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/unitedstates/re volution/revwar-75.htm Declaration of Independence: Right to Institute New Government. Fragment of Earliest Draft. Thomas Jefferson. 18 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/jefferson/jeffdec.html Ethan Allen and the Taking of Fort Ticonderoga. 18 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/education/lessons/revolution-images/images/ethan-allen.gif From the Diary of Albigence Waldo. Surgeon at Valley Forge, 1777. From Revolution to Reconstruction. 18 September 2015 http://odur.let.rug.nl/~usa/D/1776-1800/war/waldo.htm George Washington Picture Gallery. The History Place. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/unitedstates/revolution/wash-pix/gallery.htm Henry Knox. American Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.americanrevolution.com/HenryKnox.htm The Horse America. British Cartoon. Library of Congress. 18 September 2015

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		in the American Revolution. 5 – U3.2.3 Compare the role of women, African Americans, American Indians, and France in helping shape the outcome of the war. 5 – U3.2.4 Describe the significance of the Treaty of Paris (establishment of the United States and its boundaries). (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169, C) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan				http://lcweb2.loc.gov/pp/pphome.html (Type "The horse America" in the search field). How to Make Invisible Ink. 18 September 2015 http://www.iit.edu/~smile/ch9602.html Jefferson's Writing Desk. 18 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/jefferson/images /vc30.jpg Letters from Valley Forge. American Revolution.Org. 18 September 2015 http://www.americanrevolution.org/vlyfrgeltrs.html Maps of the Battle of Saratoga. The American Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.americanrevolution.com/Battleof Saratoga.htm The Military Journal of George Ewing. Ewing Family History Pages. 18 September 2015 http://www.sandcastles.net/journal2.htm North American After 1783. 18 September 2015 http://www.sandcastles.net/journal2.html Remarks at the Bicentennial Observance of the Battle of Yorktown in Virginia. University of Texas. 18 September 2015 http://www.reagan.utexas.edu/archives/speeches/1981/101981a.htm

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Expectations	Questions	Vocabulary	Assessments	Ritchie, Donald A., et al. "Decision Tree." American History and National Security. Columbus, OH: Ohio State University Mershon Center, 1994. 226. Rough Draft of the Declaration. USHistory.org. 18 September 2015 http://www.ushistory.org/declaration/document/rough.htm Saratoga: The Tide Turns on the Frontier. National Park Service. Teaching with Historic Places Lesson Plans. 18 September 2015 http://www.cr.nps.gov/nR/twhp/wwwlps/lessons/93saratoga/93saratoga.htm Stories from the Revolution. National Park Service. 18 September 2015 http://www.nps.gov/revwar/about the revolution/those_fought.html
						Surrender of Cornwallis. National Archives. 18 September 2015 http://archives.gov/education/lessons/revolution-images/images/cornwallis-surrender.gif The Surrender of General Burgoyne. National Archives. 18 September 2015 http://archives.gov/education/lessons/revolution-images/images/images/treaty-of-paris-01.jpg

ng a Unit Endu	uring erstan		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	S				The Unfinished Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.nps.gov/revwar/unfinished_revolution/overview.html An Unlikely Victory: 1777 to 1783. The History Place – American Revolution. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/unitedstates/revolution/revwar-77.htm What Made George Washington a Good Military Leader. EdSiteMent. National Endowment for the Humanities. 18 September 2015 http://edsitement.neh.gov/view_lesson_plan_asp?id=527 Winter at Valley Forge. National Archives. 18 September 2015 http://archives.gov/education/lessons/revolution-images/images/valley-forge.gif Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Digital History. 18 September 2015 http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/ Foner, Eric. The Story of American Freedom. New York: WW Norton & Co., Inc., 1998. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 18 September 2015 http://www.gilderlehrman.org/

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
						History Cooperative. 18 September 2015 http://www.historycooperative.org/ The History Place. 18 September 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/ Kruman, Marc W. Between Authority and Liberty: State Constitution Making in Revolutionary America. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1997. Making of America. 18 September 2015 http://quod.lib.umich.edu/m/moagrp/ National Council for History Education. 18 September 2015 http://www.nche.net/ National History Education Clearinghouse. 18 September 2015 http://teachinghistory.org/
Unit 7: A New Nation (Week 34, 4 Weeks)	Why is the federal govern ment organiz ed to give and to limit power?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 5th Grade Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a problem as a public policy	1. How effectively did the Framers of the Constitutio n resolve the problems the nation encounter ed under the Articles of Confedera tion?	amendment Articles of Confederation Bill of Rights compromise consent of the governed Constitutional Convention federalism Federalists and Anti-Federalists framers limited government public issue U.S. Constitution		Equipment/Manipulative Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Any class set of textbooks for fifth grade Social Studies, such as: Berson, Michael J. Horizons: United States History: Beginnings. Orlando: Harcourt School Publishers, 2005. American History: The Birth of A Nation: The Living Constitution. United Streaming. 21 September 2015

unit En	adirina		Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		issue, analyze various perspectives, and generate and evaluate possible alternative resolutions. 5 – P3.1.1 Identify contemporary public issues related to the United States Constitution and their related factual, definitional, and ethical questions. 5 – P3.1.2 Use graphic data and other sources to analyze information about a contemporary public issue related to the United States Constitution and evaluate alternative resolutions. 5 – P3.1.3 Give examples of how conflicts over core democratic values lead people to differ on contemporary constitutional issues in the United States.	2. What role did compromi se play in constructi ng the Constitutio n? 3. How did the Framers address the issues of governme ntal power and individual rights?			http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/ass etDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=B77EAEF0- 4D59-4A58-B06F- 03E2235B29A4&tabStart=videoSegments The Articles of Confederation. Primary Documents in American History. Library of Congress. 21 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/rr/program/bib/ourdocs/a rticles.html The Articles of Confederation. Liberty Online. 21 September 2015 http://libertyonline.hypermall.com/ArtConfed .html Bill of Rights. 21 September 2015 http://www.billofrights.org/ Centuries of Citizenship: A Constitutional Timeline, 1787-1790. National Constitution Center. 21 September 2015 http://www.constitutioncenter.org/timeline/ht ml/cw01.html Centuries of Citizenship: A Constitutional Timeline, 1791-1824. National Constitution Center. 21 September 2015 http://www.constitutioncenter.org/timeline/ht ml/cw03.html Charters of Freedom. National Records and Archives Administration. 21 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/national- archives-experience/charters/charters.html Constitution of the United States: A History. The National Archives and Records

ng a Unit End	derstan Exp		Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	CAISC FE PO DE SCREDIE COLLEGIA O GOOD FE COLLEGIA	23.3 Persuasive communication about a Public ssue communicate a casoned osition on a ublic issue. – P3.3.1 ompose a short ssay expressing a osition on a contemporary ublic policy issue elated to the constitution and istify the position with a reasoned regument. IS History & Geography I3.3 Creating lew Government(s) and a New Constitution some of the challenges aced by the ew nation and analyze the			Administration. 21, September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/national-archives-experience/charters/constitution history.htm I The Constitutional Convention. Teaching American History.org. 21 September 2015 http://teachingamericanhistory.org/convention/ Explore the Constitution. National Constitution Center. 21 September 2015 http://www.constitutioncenter.org/explore/Forkids/index.shtml Fritz, Jean. Shh! We're Writing the Constitution. NY: G.P Putnam's Sons, 1987. Goldberg, Robert M. and Richard M. Haynes. Unlocking the Constitution and the Declaration of Independence. Bellevue, WA: Globe Book Company, Inc. 1994. Hakim, Joy. Making Thirteen Colonies: 1789-1850. New York: Oxford, 1999. The History Place – A New Nation: 1784 to 1790. The History Place. 21 September 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/unitedstates/revolution/rev-nation.htm Independence: The Articles of Confederation. Congress for Kids. 21 September 2015 http://www.congressforkids.net/Independence articles.htm

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		development of the Constitution as a new plan for governing. Grades 5 & 8 5 – U3.3.1 Describe the powers of the national government and state governments under the Articles of Confederation. 5 – U3.3.2 Give examples of problems the country faced under the Articles of Confederation (e.g., lack of national army, competing currencies, reliance on state governments for money). (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169, C) 5 – U3.3.3 Explain why the Constitutional Convention was convened and why the Constitution was written. 5 – U3.3.4 Describe the issues over				A Little Rebellion Now and Then is a Good Thing. Early America.com. 21 September 2015 http://www.earlyamerica.com/review/summe r/letter.html The Making of the Constitution. Social Studies for Kids. 21 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/articles/ushistory/makingoftheconstitution3.htm The Northwest Ordinance. Early America.com. 21 September 2015 http://www.earlyamerica.com/earlyamerica/milestones/ordinance/ Quigley, Charles N. and Ken Rodriguez. We the People. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education. 2003. 40-65, 70-74, 87-121, 133-150. Shays' Rebellion and the Constitution. Calliope. 21 September 2015 http://www.calliope.org/shays/shays2.html Teacher Resource The Anti-Federalist Papers. Constitution Society. 21 September 2015 http://www.constitution.org/afp/afp.htm The Bill of Rights. National Archives and Records Administration. 21 September 2015 http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flas h=true&doc=13

Unit	Overarchi ng and Enduring Understan dings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		representation and slavery the Framers faced at the Constitutional Convention and how they were addressed in the Constitution (Great Compromise, Three- Fifths Compromise). (National Geography Standard 9, p. 160, C) 5 – U3.3.5 Give reasons why the Framers wanted to limit the power of government (e.g., fear of a strong executive, representative government, importance of individual rights). 5 – U3.3.6 Describe the principle of federalism and how it is expressed through the sharing and distribution of power as stated in the Constitution (e.g., enumerated and reserved powers). 5 – U3.3.7 Describe the concern that			Centuries of Citizenship: A Constitutional Timeline. National Constitution Center. 21 September 2015 http://www.constitutioncenter.org/timeline/ The Constitutional Convention: What the Founding Fathers Said. EDSITEment. National Endowment for the Humanities. 21 September 2015 http://edsitement.neh.gov/view lesson plan .asp?id=402 Debate on Ratification. SCORE. 27 June 2008 http://score.rims.k12.ca.us/activity/ratificatio n/ The Federalist Papers. Founding Fathers Info. 21 September 2015 http://www.foundingfathers.info/federalistpa pers/ The Federalist Papers. Library of Congress. 21 September 2015 http://icreport.loc.gov/home/histdox/fedpape rs.html The Federalist Papers. From Revolution to Reconstruction. 21 September 2015 http://www.let.rug.nl/usa/D/1776- 1800/federalist/fedxx.htm "James Madison Explains the Constitution to Thomas Jefferson." The James Madison Center. James Madison University. 21 September 2015

Unit	L nalirina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		some people had about individual rights and why the inclusion of a Bill of Rights was needed for ratification. 5 – U3.3.8 Describe the rights found in the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Amendments to the United States Constitution. Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan				Lloyd, Gordon. "Introduction to the Constitutional Convention." Teaching American History.org. 21 September 2015 http://teachingamericanhistory.org/convention/intro.html Teaching with Documents: The Ratification of the Constitution. National Archives and Records Administration. 21 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/education/lessons/constitution-day/ratification.html Resources for Further Professional Knowledge American History Websites. 21 September 2015 http://school.discoveryeducation.com/schrockguide/history/hista.html Digital History. 21 September 2015 http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/ Foner, Eric. The Story of American Freedom. New York: WW Norton & Co., Inc., 1998. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 21 September 2015 http://www.gilderlehrman.org/ Hakim, Joy. Freedom, A History of US. New York: Oxford University Press, 2003. History Cooperative. 21 September 2015 http://www.historycooperative.org/

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
					The History Place. 21 September 2015 http://www.historyplace.com/ Kruman, Marc W. Between Authority and Liberty: State Constitution Making in Revolutionary America. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1997. Making of America. 21 September 2015 http://quod.lib.umich.edu/m/moagrp/ National Council for History Education. 21 September 2015 http://www.nche.net/ National History Education Clearinghouse. 21 September 2015 http://teachinghistory.org/

Social Studies 6 (M)



Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
1: Foundatio ns of World Geography (Week 1, 5 Weeks)	How can a global perspective help me understand my world?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions	1. How can the approaches and perspectives of different social scientists better help us understand our world? 2. How can the five themes of geography help us investigate our world? 3. What makes an issue or problem global in scope?	five themes of geography geographic features geographic inquiry geographic thinking geographic tools and technologies global human vs. physical geography perspective social science fields (anthropology, civics, economics, geography, history, sociology) spatial scales	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper Computer for PowerPoint presentation Folders (one per student) – for the Global Investigator's Notebooks Globe Globe Highlighters Lined paper for the notebooks Markers Overhead projector or Document Camera/Projector Scissors Student Global Investigator Notebooks Student Resource A present-day map of the world. A student geography textbook such as Wiggins, Grant, et al. My World Geography: Boston, MA: Pearson, 2011. The Geography Guide. Info Please. 21 September 2015. http://www.infoplease.com/spot/99geography1. html Geography Hall of Fame. Fact Monster. 21 September 2015. http://www.factmonster.com/ipka/A0770092.ht ml Highest, Longest, Biggest, Largest, Deepest, Smallest of the World. Geography for School. 21 September 2015.

and Unit Endu	ring Standards Expectation	s / Content Essential / Focus ons Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	text and analyzed develop summa	t. 1. Cite textual e to analysis ry and ry ermine ideas nes of a d e their pment; arize the pporting and 2. ne the deas or ion of a or ry provide rate y of the listinct or ge or . nd are		http://geographyforschool.blogspot.com/2011/1 2/highest-longest-biggest-largest-deepest.html Mapmaker Interactive. National Geographic. 21 September 2015.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse			Collapse: How Societies Choose to Fail or Succeed. Wikipedia. 21 September 2015. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Collapse %28book %29 The disappearance of the Aral Sea. 21 September 2015. http://www.grida.no/graphicslib/detail/the-disappearance-of-the-aral-sea 1729 The Earth Institute. Columbia University. 21 September 2015. http://www.earth.columbia.edu/articles/view/17 88 Egbo, Carol, Supplemental Materials (Unit 1, Lessons 1-8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012 PowerPoint "Unit 1, Lesson 2." Oakland Schools. 23 June 2012 PowerPoint "Unit 1, Lesson 3." Oakland Schools. 16 July 2012 PowerPoint "Unit 1, Lesson 5." Oakland Schools. 23 June 2012 For Geography Teachers. Geography World. 21 September 2015. http://geographyworldonline.com/teach.html Geography & Map Reading Room. Library of Congress. 21 September 2015. http://www.loc.gov/rr/geogmap/refweb.html Global Problem Lists. Nautilus Institute. 21 September 2015. http://nautilus.org/gps/probs/

Unit E	Overarching nd Induring Inderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Writing Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			Google Earth Images. Google Earth. 21 September 2015. http://www.google.com/earth/index.html GIS. Westfield State University. 21 September 2015. http://www.westfield.ma.edu/prospective-students/academics/geography-and-regional-planning/geographic-information-systems/gisminor/ Globe Examples. 21 September 2015. http://www.worldglobes.com/ How Much is 7 Billion? Kids Post. The Washington Post. 3 August 2012. If the World Were a Village Companion website. Mapping.com. 21 September 2015. http://www.mapping.com/village.shtml Just how big is 7 billion? CNN World. 21 September 2015. http://articles.cnn.com/2011- 1031/world/world 7-billion 1 global-population-scale-population-reference-bureau? s=PM:WORLD McNamara Terminal Map. All Airports. Detroit Metropolitan Airport. 31 July 2012. New Zealand Earthquake Causes Widespread Damage. WTVY.com. 21 September 2015. http://dwarnwxteam.com/2010/09/08/new-zealand-earthquake-causes-widespread-damage/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. WHST.6-8.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently. Research to Build and Present Knowledge			News Stories. BBC. 21 September 2015. http://www.bbc.com/ Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons Photographs of the Aral Sea. Association of American Geographers. 21 September 2015. http://meridian.aag.org/changingplanet/index.cfm?action=main.module§ionID=1&moduleID=4 Rischard, Jean-Francois. High Noon: 20 Global Problems, 20 Years to Solve Them, NY: Basic Books, 2002. The Ten Challenges in the Copenhagen Consensus, 2008. 21 September 2015. http://www.copenhagenconsensus.com/Default.aspx?ID=955 Teacher's Home Page. Education. National Geographic. 21 September 2015. http://education.nationalgeographic.com/education/?ar a=1 What is a Global Problem? Nautilus Institute. 21 September 2015. http://inautilus.org/gps/intro/ What is GIS? Esri. 21 September 2015. http://www.esri.com/what-is-gis/index.html World of 7 Billion. Population Connection. 21 September 2015. http://www.worldof7billion.org/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to			For Further Professional Knowledge De Blij, Harm. Why Geography Matters. New York: Oxford Press, 2007 The Power of Place. New York: Oxford Press, 2009. Fisher, Chris and Tony Binns, eds. Issues in Geography Teaching. NY: Routledge, 2000. Gersmehl, Phil. Teaching Geography. NY: Guilford Press, 2008. Rischard, J.F. High Noon: 20 Global Problems, 20 Years to Solve Them. NY: Basic Books, 2002. The Geography Guide. Info Please. 31 July 2012.

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms:			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		process information from a spatial perspective.			
		Grades 6 & 7 6 – G1.1.1 Describe how geographers use mapping to represent places and natural and human phenomena in the world. 6 – G1.1.2 Draw a sketch map from memory of the Western Hemisphere showing the major regions			
		(Canada, United States, Mexico, Central America, South America, and Caribbean). G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.2 Explain why maps of the same place may vary, including cultural perspectives of the Earth and new knowledge based on science and modern technology. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		places and regions. 6 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to locate information and process maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Western Hemisphere to answer geographic questions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and			

unit Er	nduring nderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 6 – G1.3.2 Explain the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		between and among cultural groups (control/use of natural resources, power, wealth, and cultural diversity). G5.2 Physical and Human Systems Describe how physical and human systems shape patterns on the Earth's surface. 6– G5.2.1 Describe the effects that a change in the physical environment could have on human activities and the choices people would have to make in adjusting to the change (e.g., drought in northern Mexico, disappearance of forest vegetation in the Amazon, natural hazards			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and disasters from volcanic eruptions in Central America and the Caribbean and earthquakes in Mexico City and Colombia). Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.3 Give examples of how countries work together for mutual benefits through international organizations (e.g. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Organization of American States (OAS), United Nations (UN)). Economics E3.3 Economic Systems Describe how societies organize to allocate resources to			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	produce and distribute goods and services. 6 – E3.3.1 Explain and compare how economic systems (traditional, command, and market) answer four basic questions: What should be produced? How will it be produced? How will it be distributed? Who will receive the benefits of production? (e.g., compare United States and Cuba, or Venezuela and Jamaica.) 7th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – H1.2.5 Describe how historians use methods of inquiry to identify cause effect relationships in history noting that many have multiple causes. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people,			

Overarc and Unit Enduring Underst ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. 7 – G1.1.2 Draw an accurate sketch map from memory of the Eastern Hemisphere showing the major regions (Africa, Asia, Europe, Australia/Oceania , Antarctica). G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to locate information and process			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Eastern Hemisphere to answer geographic questions. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate			

Unit E	Overarching nd Induring Inderstandi gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		interdependence and accessibility. G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1 Identify and explain factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth). G5.2 Physical and Human Systems Describe how physical and human systems shape patterns			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		on the Earth's surface. 7 – G5.2.1 Describe the effects that a change in the physical environment could have on human activities and the choices people would have to make in adjusting to the change (e.g., drought in Africa, pollution from volcanic eruptions in Indonesia, earthquakes in Turkey, and flooding in Bangladesh). Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 7 – C4.3.3 Explain why governments belong to different types of international and regional organizations (e.g., United Nations (UN), North Atlantic Treaty			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Organization (NATO), Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), European Union (EU), and African Union (AU), G-8 countries (leading economic/political)). Economics E3.3 Economic Systems Describe how societies organize to allocate resources to produce and distribute goods and services. 7 – E3.3.1 Explain and compare how economic systems (traditional, command, and market) answer four basic questions: What			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		should be produced? How will it be produced? How will it be distributed? Who will receive the benefits of production? (e.g., market economies in Africa, Europe; command economy in North Korea; and the transition to market economies in Vietnam and China). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
2: The World in Spatial Terms (Week 6, 6 Weeks)	How can a global perspective help me understand my world?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12	1. What factors should we consider when using maps	climate distortion geographic representations global global grid human/environment interaction human vs. physical geography/features	Equipment/Manipulative A Basketball Blank paper Chart paper Computer and Projector, Overhead Projector or Document Camera/Projector or Smart Board

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas	and why? 2. How and why do people organize (categorize or regionalize) the world to study global issues or problem s? 3. How do the physical (natural) features and physical process es of Earth present challeng es and opportunities for human societies? 4. How and why does a natural	map projection natural disasters natural hazards natural or physical processes perspective region spatial patterns spatial scales	Computers and Internet Access for Student Research for Lesson 9 Global Investigator's Notebook Globe Highlighters Markers, colored pencils or crayons (3 different colors per student) One world map per student from a textbook, atlas or printed copy Overhead transparencies and transparency markers Sample Travel Brochures Scissors Some wrapping paper and tape Student Resource 2010 Haiti Earthquake. Wikipedia. 21 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2010 Haiti earthquake#Tsunami A student geography textbook such as Wiggins, Grant, et al. My World Geography: Boston, MA: Pearson, 2011, pp. 2-43, 770,775-781, 835, 884-85. Borgna, Brunna. The Geography Guide. 21 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how	hazard become a global natural disaster ?		http://www.infoplease.com/spot/99geography1.html The Degree Confluence Project. 2008. 21 September 2015 http://www.confluence.org Fast Facts: Haiti Earthquake. Fox News. 21 September 2015 http://www.foxnews.com/world/2010/01/13/fast-facts-haiti-earthquake/ Forces of Nature. National Geographic. 21 September 2015 http://environment.nationalgeographic.com/environment/natural-disasters/forces-of-nature/ Foreign Policy: The Shaky Inequality Of Earthquakes. National Public Radio. 21 September 2015 http://www.npr.org/2011/03/15/134564050/foreign-policy-the-shaky-inequality-of-earhquakes Geography Hall of Fame. Pearson Education, Inc. 21 September 2015 http://www.factmonster.com/ipka/A0770092.html Google Maps. 21 September 2015 http://www.maps.google.com Haiti: America's Response to the Tragedy. 21 September 2015 http://slncj2011.blogspot.com/2011/04/differences-between-haitian-and.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs,			Haiti Earthquake 2010. Oxfam International. 21 September 2015 http://www.oxfam.org/haitiquake Haiti Earthquake Facts and Figures. Disasters Emergency Committee. 21 September 2015 http://www.dec.org.uk/haiti-earthquake- facts-and-figures Honsu, Japan Tsunami Global Propagation. YouTube. 21 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YOgJof0u bs&lr=1&uid=RvjyjVFLdCHZ6EVeOk1a4w How Far is it? InfoPlease.com. 21 September 2015 http://www.infoplease.com/atlas/calculate-distance.html Interactive Tsunami Map. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. 21 September 2015 http://nctr.pmel.noaa.gov/database devel.html Japan Earthquake Facts and Figures. Disaster Recovery Journal. 21 September 2015 http://www.drj.com/japan-earthquake-and-tsunami-facts-and-figures.html Japan Earthquake Key Facts and Figures. Washington Post. 21 September 2015 http://voices.washingtonpost.com/blog-post/2011/03/crisis in japan key facts and.html Japan Earthquake and Tsunami Factbox. Telegraph. World News. 21 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims			http://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/worldnews/asia/japan/9116636/Japan-earthquake-andtsunami-factbox.html Landforms. 21 September 2015 http://www.edu.pe.ca/southernkings/landforms.htm Latitude and Longitude Finder. Info Please.com. 21 September 2015 http://www.infoplease.com/atlas/latitude-longitude.html(optional) Maps Relating to the March 2011 Japan Earthquake. United States Geological Survey. 21 September 2015 http://earthquake.usgs.gov/earthquakes/eqinthenews/2011/usc0001xgp/#maps McArthur's Universal Corrective Map of the World. YouTube. 21 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QYuV4eOVz38 National Geographic: Environment. 21 September 2015 http://environment.nationalgeographic.com/environment/?source=NavEnvHome Shrivastava, Salabh. Highest, Longest, Biggest, Largest, Deepest, Smallest of the World. Geography for School. 21 September 2015

Overard and Unit Endurin Underst ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	in an analysis of substantive topics or texts using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. WHST.6-8.1a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. WHST.6-8.1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text,			http://geographyforschool.blogspot.com/2011/1 2/highest-longest-biggest-largest-deepest.html Top 10 Lists: Geography. Top Ten 10. 21 September 2015 http://www.top-ten- 10.com/science/geography/geography.htm Voices: From Haiti to Japan. A Tale of Two Disaster Recoveries. Earth Magazine. 21 September 2015 http://www.earthmagazine.org/article/voices- haiti-japan-tale-two-disaster-recoveries What a Difference a Government Makes: Japan's Earthquake. Relief Web. 21 September 2015 http://reliefweb.int/report/japan/what-difference- government-makes-japans-earthquake World Geography Facts-Water. 21 September 2015 http://www.kidzworld.com/article/1751- world-geography-facts-water Teacher Resource 2004 Tsunami. World Atlas. 21 September 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/aatlas/infopage/tsun ami.htm 2011 Japan Earthquake and Tsunami. Teaching Geoscience with Visualizations. Science Education Resource Center at Carleton College. 8 Sept. 2012 2011 Japan Earthquake Epicenter. Free World Maps. 21 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		using credible sources. WHST.6-8.1c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. WHST.6-8.1d. Establish and maintain a formal style. WHST.6-8.1e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,			http://www.freeworldmaps.net/asia/japan/earth quake-2011-03.html Afro-Eurasia Centered Map. 9 Sept 2012 Airports Closed. The Guardian. 15 April 2010. 21 September 2015 http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2010/apr/15/airports-closed-volcanic-ash-iceland Alaska Resident Finds Basketball. Kyodo News. May, 2012. Alaska Returns Basketball Washed Away By Tsunami to Middle School in Japan. Huffington Post. 13 June 2012. 21 September 2015 http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2012/06/13/basketball tsunami n 1594284.html Antarctica With and Without Ice. 9 Sept 2012 Cat Species World Regions. 21 September 2015 http://www.bigcats.com/cat-species-by-world-regions Countries in Two Hemisphere. World Atlas. 21 September 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/aatlas/infopage/eastwestco.htm Countries the Equator Passes Through. World Atlas. 21 September 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/aatlas/newart/locator/equator.htm Deserts Map. National Geographic. 21 September 2015

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short			http://environment.nationalgeographic.com/environment/habitats/desert-map/ Earthquakes Fact Sheet. 21 September 2015. http://ict.sopac.org/VirLib/El0010.pdf Effects of Tornadoes. Miami University. 22 September 2012 Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 2, Lessons 1-9). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012 PowerPoint (Unit 2, Lessons 1-5, 7-9). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. Elevation Map of Iceland. Global Warming Science. 21 September 2015 http://www.appinsys.com/globalwarming/RS_lceland.htm Former Principal Gives Presentation. Daily Astorian. 10 May 2012. 23 September 2012 Furuti, Carlos. Map Projections Summary. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.progonos.com/furuti/MapProj/Normal/ProjTbl/projTbl.html Global Incident Viewer. Economic and Social Research Institute. Ireland. 22 September 2012 Grasslands Map. National Geographic. 21 Sept 2015 http://environment.nationalgeographic.com/environment/habitats/grassland-map/.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. WHST.6-8.8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search			Google Maps. 21 Sept. 2015 http://www.maps.google.com. The Great Globe Gallery: Mountains of the World. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.staff.amu.edu.pl/~zbzw/glob/glob20 aa.htm The Great Globe Gallery: Volcanoes of the World. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.staff.amu.edu.pl/~zbzw/glob/glob28 d2.htm Heatwole, Charles. Geography for Dummies. New York NY: Hunger Minds Publishing, 2002 Iceland Volcano. Wall Street Journal. 21 September 2015 http://topics.wsj.com/subject/l/iceland-volcano/6048 Japan Basketball Washes Up in Alaska. MSNBC. 21 Sept. 2015 http://video.msnbc.msn.com/nightly-news/47572081#47572081 Japan Maps. Perry-Castaneda Library Map Collection. 21 Sept. 2015 http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/japan.html Japan: Physical Features. 21 Sept 2015 http://geography.howstuffworks.com/asia/geography-of-japan1.htm Land Use in Japan. University of Texas Library. 21 Sept. 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over			http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/middle_east_a nd_asia/japan_land_1971.jpg Major River Basins of the World. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.siswebs.org/water/story.php?title=Major_river_basins_of_the_world Map - Countries Most Threatened by Tsunamis. CNN. 21 Sept. 2015 http://ibnlive.in.com/news/map-countries-most-threatened-by-tsunamis/24785-2.html Maps and Information on the Earthquake and Tsunami. World Press. 21 Sept. 2015 http://eternian.wordpress.com/2011/03/11/over-200-earthquakes-hit-japan/ Maps and References. University of Iowa. 8 Sept. 2012 Map of Europe. 21 Sept 2015 http://go.hrw.com/atlas/norm_htm/europe.htm Maps of Japan. Hoeckmann. 21 Sept. 2015 http://www.hoeckmann.de/karten/asien/japan/index-en.htm Map of Kiribati. Map of Tsunami Threat Zones. 21 Sept. 2015 http://www.tsunami-alarmsystem.com/en/index.html McArthur's Universal Corrective Map of the World. 9 Sept 2012

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of disciplinespecific tasks, purposes, and audiences. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms:			Miracle Basketball. Japan Daily Press. June 14, 2012. 21 Sept. 2015 http://japandailypress.com/miracle-basketball-school-in-iwate-gets-back-its-basketball-after-tsunami-washed-it-ashore-alaska-1442066 Mississippi River Floods and Organic Farms. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.infozine.com/news/stories/op/stories/view/sid/47621. Modern Distribution of World Religions. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.wadsworth.com/religion_d/special_f_eatures/popups/maps/matthews_world/content/map_01.html Most Northern, Southern, Eastern and Western States. World Atlas. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/aatlas/infopage/nsewusa.htm National Assessment of Educational Progress: Geography. NEAP. 21 Sept. 2015 http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/geography_l_ National and International Politics: Projecting Maps and Making Representations. Pacific Centered Map. University of Minnesota. 21 Sept 2015 http://globalrem.umn.edu/teachingmodules/themes/national.php?entry=138713 National Atlas Time Zones Map. 21 Sept 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:National-atlas-timezones-2006.gif

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it			Natural Hazards: Causes and Effects. University of Wisconsin. 21 September 2015 http://epdfiles.engr.wisc.edu/dmcweb/BB02NaturalHazardsCausesandEffects.pdf North and South America. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.juki.co.jp/industrial e/network e/america.html The North Compared to the South. The Peters Projection: An Area Accurate Map. 9 Sept 2012 Northern Hemisphere. 21 Sept 2015 http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/e/e4/Northern Hemisphere LamAz.png North-South Divide. 21 Sept 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/North%E2%80%93 South divide Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons Occurrence of Tsunami Worldwide. Tsunami Alarm System. 15 Sept. 2015 http://www.tsunami-alarmsystem.com/en/phenomenon-tsunami/phenomenon-tsunami-occurrences.html Ocean Currents Map. Science Education through Earth Observation for High Schools. 15 Sept. 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and			http://www.seos-project.eu/modules/oceancurrents/oceancurrents-c02-p03.html Parts of a Map. Slide Share. 21 Sept. 2015 http://www.slideshare.net/TriciaMowat/geoskills-2-parts-of-a-map Peters Projection Map. 21 Sept 2015 http://cultivatedpages.files.wordpress.com/2008/08/gall-peters2.jpg Physical Map of Japan. Free World Maps. 21 Sept. 2015 http://www.freeworldmaps.net/asia/japan/index.html Regions of the United States. 9 Sept 2012 Regions of the World Most Prone to Tornadoes. Lacey's Geography Blog. 21 September 2015 http://laceysgeographyblog.blogspot.com/ Rosenburg, Matt. Peters Projection vs. Mercator Projection. About.com. 9 Sept 2012 Snyder, John P. Chapter 6: Enlarging the Heart of a Map. Figure 6.5. 21 Sept 2015 https://courseware.e-education.psu.edu/projection/ Southern Hemisphere of the Earth: Lambert Azimuthal Projection. 21 Sept 2015 http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Southern Hemisphere LamAz.png

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 6 – G1.1.1 Describe how geographers use mapping to represent places and natural and human phenomena in the world. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the			Tectonic Plates of Iceland. Wikimedia. 21 September 2015 http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons /a/ab/Iceland_Mid-Atlantic_Ridge_Fig16.gif The Great Globe Gallery: World time Zones. 21 Sept 2015 http://www.staff.amu.edu.pl/~zbzw/glob/glob44 aa.htm. Tornado Damage. Wikimedia. 21 September 2015 http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons /e/e0/Greensburg_kansas_tornado.jpg Tornado Photo. 1 September 2012. http://www.cmn.com/2012/03/consumer-beware-shady-contractors-crawl-from-under-storm-rubble/ Tornado Photo. Consumer Media Network. 21 September 2015 http://www.nssl.noaa.gov/edu/safety/tornadogu ide.html Tornado Risk Areas. Federal Emergency Management Relief Agency. 21 September 2015 http://www.ready.gov/tornadoes Tornado Warning System. Fox News. 21 September 2015 http://www.fox59.com/news/wxin-marion-co-tornado-sirens-050310,0,7113663.story Tropical Cyclone Fact Sheet. Secretariat of the Pacific Community. 21 September 2015 http://ict.sopac.org/VirLib/El0009.pdf

Overarchi and Unit Enduring Understar ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	larger world context. 6 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers (Amazon, Mississippi, Missouri, Colorado), and climate regions of the Western Hemisphere. 6 – G1.2.2 Explain why maps of the same place may vary, including cultural perspectives of the Earth and new knowledge based on science and modern technology. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of			Tsunami Fact Sheet. Secretariat of the Pacific Community. 21 September 2015 http://ict.sopac.org/VirLib/El0011.pdf Tsunamis. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. United States Department of Commerce. 8 Sept. 2012 Tsunami Basketball Lands in Alaska, Returned. YouTube. 21 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCfKSlgWVBI Tsunami Height. Word Press. 21 September 2015 http://eternian.wordpress.com/2011/03/11/over-200-earthquakes-hit-japan Tsunami Travel Times. Huffington Post. 21 September 2015 http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2011/03/11/map-of-california-tsunami-warnings_n_834538.html U.S. Centered Map. 9 Sept 2012 U.S. Climate Regions. 21 September 2015 http://www.energysavers.gov/your_home/landscaping/index.cfm/mytopic=11920/ U.S. Regions Map. 21 September 2015 http://www.cookingschools.com/usa/ Units World History. 9 Sept 2012

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	places and regions. 6 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to locate information and process maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Western Hemisphere to answer geographic questions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and			Volcano Fact Sheet. Secretariat of the Pacific Community. 21 September 2015 http://ict.sopac.org/VirLib/El0013.pdf Where are the Rainforests. California Institute of Technology. 21 September 2015 http://www.srl.caltech.edu/personnel/krubal/rainforest/Edit560s6/www/where.html World Climate Averages. 21 September 2015 http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/education/teachers/world-climate-averages World Mercator Projection Power Point Map, Europe Centered. Maps for Design. 21 September 2015 http://www.mapsfordesign.com/World-Mercator-Projection-PowerPoint-Map-Europe-Centered-Continents.html World Risk Report 2011. United Nations University. 9 September 2012 World South Pole Lambert Azimuthal Equal Area Projection Map. 9 Sept 2012 For Further Professional Knowledge De Blij, Harm. Why Geography Matters. New York: Oxford Press, 2007. The Power of Place. New York: Oxford Press, 2009.

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understand ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 6 – G1.3.2 Explain the			Fisher, Chris and Binns, Tony, editors. Issues in Geography Teaching. New York: Routledge, 2000. Gersmehl, Phil. Teaching Geography. New York: Guilford Press, 2008. Geography Framework for the 2010 National Assessment of Educational Progress. 21 September 2015 http://www.nagb.org/publications/frameworks/g framework2010.pdf Rischard, J.F. High Noon: 20 Global Problems, 20 Years to Solve Them. New York: Basic Books, 2002

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. 6 – G2.1.2 Account for topographic and human spatial patterns (where people live) associated with tectonic plates such as volcanoes, earthquakes, settlements (Ring of Fire, recent volcanic and seismic events, settlements in proximity to natural hazards in the Western Hemisphere) by using information from GIS, remote sensing, and the World Wide Web. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 6 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems and explain why some are more attractive for humans to use than are others (e.g., mid-latitude			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		forest in North America, high latitude of Peru, tropical forests in Honduras, fish or marine vegetation in coastal zones). G5.2 Physical and Human Systems Describe how physical and human systems shape patterns on the Earth's surface. 6– G5.2.1 Describe the effects that a change in the physical environment could have on human activities and the choices people would have to make in adjusting to the change (e.g., drought in northern Mexico, disappearance of forest vegetation in the Amazon, natural hazards and disasters			

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understand ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	from volcanic eruptions in Central America and the Caribbean and earthquakes in Mexico City and Colombia). Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.3 Give examples of how countries work together for mutual benefits through international organizations (e.g. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Organization of American States (OAS), United Nations (UN)). 7th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to			

Overar and Unit Enduri Unders ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective.			
		Grades 6 & 7 7 – G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers and climate regions of the Eastern Hemisphere. 7 – G1.2.2 Explain why maps of the same place may vary as a result of the cultural or historical background of the cartographer.			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to locate information and process maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Eastern Hemisphere to answer geographic questions.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 7 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g.,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban migration in China, increased farming of fish, hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing and automobiles). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 7 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems of a continent and explain why some provide greater opportunities (fertile soil, precipitation) for humans to use than do other ecosystems and how that changes with technology			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	(e.g., China's humid east and arid west and the effects of irrigation technology). G5.2 Physical and Human Systems Describe how physical and human systems shape patterns on the Earth's surface. 7 – G5.2.1 Describe the effects that a change in the physical environment could have on human activities and the choices people would have to make in adjusting to the change (e.g., drought in Africa, pollution from volcanic eruptions in Indonesia, earthquakes in Turkey, and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		flooding in Bangladesh). Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		that nations interact both positively and negatively. 7 – C4.3.1 Explain how governments address national issues and form policies, and how the policies may not be consistent with those of other countries (e.g., population pressures in China compared to Sweden; international immigration quotas, international aid, energy needs for natural gas and oil and military aid). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
3: Population and Migration (Week 12, 5 Weeks)	How can a global perspective help me understand my world?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to	1. How do social scientist s investig ate populati on issues? 2. How are populati on, migratio n, and urbaniza tion issues connect ed? 3. In what ways are issues related to populati on, migratio n and urbaniza tion global problem s? 4. How do social, political, and economi c	demographic transition theory/model demography emigration global problem human/environment interaction immigration land bridge theory migration population density population growth population pyramid push/pull factors refugee urbanization	Equipment/Manipulative Calculators for calculating population density - optional Colored pencils or colored markers Computer and Projector, Overhead Projector or Document Camera/Projector Global Investigator's Notebook Student Resource A student geography textbook such as Wiggins, Grant, et al. My World Geography: Boston, MA: Pearson, 2011. pp. 76-81, 704, 710, 713, 724, 726-27, 748, 861, 872, and 876. Bering Land Bridge Movie. 22 September 2015 http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/paleo/parcs/atlas/beringia/lbridge.html Cities of the Future. BLDG BLOG. 22 September 2015 http://bldgblog.blogspot.com/2006/11/gazpromcity.html International Data Base. U.S Census Bureau. U.S. Department of Commerce. 22 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/population/international/data/idb/informationGateway.php World Map. Students Friend. 22 September 2015 http://www.studentsfriend.com/aids/curraids/maps/sfworldp.pdf Teacher Resource

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including	decision s societies make reflect and influenc e demogr aphics?		2010 Census Population Profile Maps. Population Density of the United States. U.S. Census Bureau. U.S. Department of Commerce. 22 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/2010_c ensus profile maps/census profile 2010 mai n.html 2012 World Population Data Sheet. Population Reference Bureau. PBS. 22 September 2015 http://www.prb.org/pdf12/2012-population- data-sheet eng.pdf About NLC. National League of Cities. 22 September 2015 http://www.nlc.org/about- nlc About the Population Division. United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs. 22 September 2015 http://www.un.org/esa/population/aboutpop.htm Arputhan, Jockin. "Developing new approaches for people-centred development." Environment and Urbanization. Sage Journals. 22 September 2015 http://eau.sagepub.com/content/20/2/319.abstract An Urban World. Unicef. 30 November 2012 http://www.unicef.org/sowc2012/urbanmap Ancient Bones May Rewrite Theory of Earliest Americans. CNN Website. 22 September 2015 ://edition.cnn.com/NATURE/9906/08/ancient.wooman/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or			Artifact from the Topper Site. 22 September 2015 http://www.daysknob.com/Topper A.htm Atlantic Coastal Theory Map. Science and Technology. 29 November 2012 "Backgrounder 2." Global Report on Human Settlements. United Nations Cyber School. 30 November 2012 Bennett, Anthony. Demographic Transition. Internet Geography. 22 September 2015 http://www.geography.learnontheinternet.co.uk/topics/popn1.html Bering Land Bridge. Chinese Unicorn. 22 September 2015 http://chinese-unicorn.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/08/image063.jpg Cartoon by Chris Bisson. 22 September 2015 http://www.plant-talk.org/images/content/biodivercity-chris-bisson.jpg>. Center for the Study of the First Americans. College of Liberal Arts. Texas A&M University. 22 September 2015 http://www.centerfirstamericans.com/>. "China's rapid urbanization in bird's eye pictures." Urbanization in China. 22 September 2015 http://urbanlabglobalcities.blogspot.com/2011/12/chinas-rapid-urbanization-in-birds-eye.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		avoidance of particular facts). Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Writing Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and			Cities and the Industrial Revolution. 22 September 2015 http://forquignon.com/history/global/industrial revolution/factory_town.jpg>. Cities of the Future. BLDG BLOG. 22 September 2015 http://bldgblog.blogspot.com/2006/11/gazpromcity.html City Cartoons. China Daily. 16 November 2012. City Cartoon. "A2" Urban Rural Interrelationships. Geography. 22 September 2015 http://www.geographypages.co.uk/a2ruralurban.htm City Cartoon. 22 September 2015 http://stockpodium.assetsdelivery.com/compings/Tawng/Tawng0904/Tawng090400009.jpg City Cartoons. Princeton University. 22 September 2015 http://orfe.princeton.edu/~alaink/Scanned%20S lides/Alternatives%20&%20cartoons/ City Population Data. Lesson Plans. Population Reference Bureau.30 November 2012 Clovis Point. Wikipedia. 22 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clovis point "Coastal Route Theory." Migration Theories. University of Texas. 22 September 2015 http://ows.edb.utexas.edu/site/hight-kreitman/coastal-route-theory

Overarchii and Unit Enduring Understan ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject			Country Urbanization Data. United Nations. 30 November 2012 Current Population Clock. U.S. Census Bureau. U.S. Department of Commerce. 22 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/main/www/popclock.ht ml Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 3, Lessons 1-9). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. PowerPoint (Unit 3, Lessons 1-7, and 9). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. From Thailand to Texas. International Organization for Migration. 20 November 2012 Four Old World River Valley Cultures. Brooklyn college of the City University of New York. 22 September 2015 http://acc6.its.brooklyn.cuny.edu/~phalsall/images/riv-vall.gif Garvin, Lewis. Population Density of Bangladesh. University of Michigan. 22 September 2015 http://www.umich.edu/~csfound/545/1998/lgarvin/popenv2 Population.html Global Agenda Council on Urbanization 2012. World Economic Forum. 4 December 2012 Global Renaissance. Carbusters. 22 September 2015 http://carbusters.org/2011/10/31/global-renaissance/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self- generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research.			Human Numbers Through Time. World in the Balance. PBS/WGBH. 22 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/worldbalance/numb-nf.html Images of Curitiba Brazil. Geographic Guide. 22 September 2015 http://www.curitiba-brazil.com/ International Institute for Environment and Development. 1 April 2010. 22 September 2015 http://www.iied.org/environment-urbanization-profiles-local-organizations Internet Geography. 22 September 2015 http://www.geography.learnontheinternet.co.uk/topics/popn1.html Lagos, Nigeria. Country Files. Word Press. 22 September 2015 http://africasacountry.files.wordpress.com/2011/02/getimage.jpeg Land Area Map. SASI. University of Michigan. 2006. 22 September 2015 http://www.worldmapper.org/posters/worldmapper.map1 ver5.pdf Least Developed Countries List. United Nations. Office of the High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and the Small Island Developing States. 22 September 2015 http://www.unohrlls.org/en/ldc/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline- specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade			"Local Agencies Receive Funds to Track Senior Population Trends. WWJ Newsradio 950. 16 December 2008. 22 September 2015 http://www.iog.wayne.edu/pdf/seniorpoptrends.pdf Managing Migration: The Global Challenge. Population Reference Bureau. 20 November 2012 Map Showing Curitiba, Brazil. "Brazil Outsourcing: Curitiba comes on Strong as 'Silicon Valley South.' Nearshore Americas. 21 April 2010. 22 September 2015 tttp://www.nearshoreamericas.com/braziloutsourcing-curibita-comes-on-strong-assilicon-valley-south/ Map of Spain. World Atlas. 22 September 2015 tttp://www.worldatlas.com/webimage/countrys/europe/es.htm Map of Tanzania . World Atlas. 22 September 2015 tttp://www.worldatlas.com/webimage/countrys/europe/es.htm Managing Migration: The Global Challenge. Population Reference Bureau. 20 November 2012 "Michigan's First People." The First People. Michigan Historical Museum. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. 29 November 2012

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 6 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources.			Morton III, Noble L. Area of States. 2007. 22 September 2015 http://www.overpopulationmyth.com/6.5BillionU SStates.htm Native American Crops. Grand Rapids Natural Living. 22 September 2015 http://grandrapidsnaturalliving.com/adventures- in-gardening Native American Cultures. Science News. 22 September 2015 http://www.sci- news.com/images/2012/07/image 463.jpg Native American Origin Myths. 22 September 2015 http://koneill41.typepad.com/phil 100 2011/nat ive-american-origin-stories.html Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Our Mission and What We Do. United State Environmental Protection Agency. 22 September 2015 http://www.epa.gov/aboutepa/whatwedo.html Outline World Map. 22 September 2015 http://climate.unur.com/etopo-landmask.png Outline Map of the World. Washburn University. 22 September 2015 http://www.washburn.edu/cas/history/stucker/ WorldOutlineMap.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W1 WHG Era 1 – The Beginings of Human Society: Beginings to 4000 B.C.E./B.C. Explain the basic features and differences between			Population Data. Worldometers. 22 September 2015 http://www.worldometers.info/world-population/ Population Density of the Earth. PBS Online. WGBH Educational Foundation. 22 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/earth/earth-peril.html Population Density of Mongolia. Encyclopedia Brittanica, Inc. 2002. 22 September 2015 http://media.web.britannica.com/ebmedia/79/72779-004-6752FEDA.gif Population Growth Rate Graph. Human Population — Population Growth. Population Reference Bureau. 22 September 2015 http://www.prb.org/Educators/TeachersGuides/HumanPopulation/PopulationGrowth/Question Answer.aspx Population Map. World Mapper. 22 September 2015 http://www.worldmapper.org/imagemaps/imagemap2.html Posters. Population Campaigns. PBS/WGBH. 22 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/earth/population-campaign.html Pyramid Building. Population Reference Bureau. 19 November 2012 Routes of the First Americans Map. Dykeman Roebuck Archaeology. Southwest

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understand ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	hunter- gatherer societies and pastoral nomads. Analyze and explain the geographic, environmental, biological, and cultural processes that influenced the rise of the earliest human communities, the migration and spread of people throughout the world, and the causes and consequences of the growth of agriculture. W1.1 Peopling of the Earth Describe the spread of people in the Western Hemisphere in Era 1.			Archaeology. 22 September 2015 http://drarchaeology.com/culthist/origins.htm Solutions. Brazil – Curitiba's Urban Experiment. Frontline World. December 2003. 22 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/frontlineworld/fellows/brazil 1203/solutions.html State of the World Population 2011. United Nations Population Fund. 22 September 2015 http://foweb.unfpa.org/SWP2011/reports/EN-SWOP2011-FINAL.pdf Summer in the City. Cartoon. Toonpool. 22 September 2015 http://www.toonpool.com/cartoons/Sommer%2 Oin%20the%20City 19120 The Topper Site. The 2012 Allendale Paleoamerican Expedition. University of South Carolina. 29 November 2012 "Urban Parks: Good for the city and the Environment." Duke University. 22 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NzhQljv-Ul4 Urbanization in China. World Resources Institute. 30 November 2012 Urbanization Knowledge Partnership. 22 September 2015 http://www.urbanknowledge.org/ Visualizing How a Population Grows to 7 Billion. National Public Radio. 22 September

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – W1.1.1 Describe the early migrations of people among Earth's continents (including the Berringa Land Bridge). 6 – W1.1.2 Examine the lives of hunting and gathering people during the earliest eras of human society (tools and weapons, language, fire). Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial)			http://www.npr.org/2011/10/31/141816460/visualizing-how-a-population-grows-to-7-billion Wooly Mammoths. A Journey to a New Land. Virtual Museum of Canada. 22 September 2015 http://www.sfu.museum/journey/anen/secondaire1er-middle/animaux-animals/mammouth-mammoth World Robinson Map with Country Outlines. Bruce Jones Designs. 22 September 2015 http://www.freeusandworldmaps.com/images/WorldPrintable/WorldRobinCountryLinesPrint.jpg>. World Urbanization Prospects. United Nations. Department of Economic and Social Affairs. 22 September 2015 http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/ppt/CSIS/WUP 201 1 CSIS 4.pdf For Further Professional Knowledge Population Challenges and Development Goals. United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs. 2005. 22 September 2015 http://www.un.org/esa/population/publications/pop challenges/Population Challenges.pdf Galor, Oded and David N. Weil. Population, Technology, and Growth: From Malthusian Stagnation to the Demographic Transition and Beyond.The American Economic Review. Vol. 90, No. 4 (Sep., 2000), pp. 806-828. 22 September 2015 http://www.jstor.org/stable/117309

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and			Caldwell, John C. Demographic Transition Theory. Springer. Summary. 22 September 2015 http://www.lavoisier.fr/livre/notice.asp?ouvrage =1779429 Chesnais, Jean-Claude. The Demographic Transition: Stages, Patterns, and Economic Implications. Oxford University Press. 2011. Kirk, Dudley. Demographic Transition Theory. Population Studies: A Journal of Demography. Vol. 50., Issue 3, 1996. Pp. 361-87. 4 June 2010. 22 September 2015 http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/00 32472031000149536

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 6 – G1.1.1 Describe how geographers use mapping to represent places and natural and human phenomena in the world.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.3 Use data to create thematic maps and graphs showing patterns of population, physical terrain, rainfall, and vegetation, analyze the patterns and then propose two generalizations about the location			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and density of the population. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 6 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to locate information and process maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Western Hemisphere to answer			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		geographic questions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 6 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 6 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems and explain why some are more attractive for humans to use than are others (e.g., mid-latitude forest in North			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		America, high latitude of Peru, tropical forests in Honduras, fish or marine vegetation in coastal zones). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 6 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., coastal and river cities and towns in the past and present, locations of megacities – modern cities over 5 million, such as Mexico City, and patterns of agricultural settlements in South and North America). G5 Environment			

Unit E	verarching nd nduring nderstandi gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's physical features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment and how physical systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the Environment Describe how			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		human actions modify the environment. 6 – G5.1.1 Describe the environmental effects of human action on the atmosphere (air), biosphere (people, animals, and plants), lithosphere (soil), and hydrosphere (water) (e.g., changes in the tropical forest environments in Brazil, Peru, and Costa Rica). Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.2 Explain the challenges to governments and the cooperation needed to address international issues in the Western Hemisphere (e.g., migration and human rights). 6 – C4.3.3 Give examples of how			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		countries work together for mutual benefits through international organizations (e.g. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Organization of American States (OAS), United Nations (UN)). Economics E2 The National Economy Use economic concepts, terminology, and data to identify and describe how a national economy functions and to study the role of government as a provider of goods and services within a national economy.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		E2.3 Role of Government Describe how national governments make decisions that affect the national economy 6 – E2.3.1 Describe the impact of governmental policy (sanctions, tariffs, treaties) on that country and on other countries that use its resources. 7th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g.,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal			

Unit End	during derstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 7 - G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.4 Draw the general population distribution of the Eastern Hemisphere on a			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		map, analyze the patterns, and propose two generalizations about the location and density of the population. 7 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to locate information and process maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Eastern Hemisphere to answer geographic questions. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing			

Unit End	during derstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	or places on earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 7 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems of a continent and explain why some provide greater opportunities (fertile soil, precipitation) for humans to use than do other ecosystems and how that changes with technology (e.g., China's humid east and arid west and the effects of irrigation technology). G4.3 Patterns of Human			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 7 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., the location of the world's mega cities, other cities located near coasts and navigable rivers, regions under environmental stress such as the Sahel). G5 Environment and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's physical features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment and how physical systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the Environment Describe how human actions modify the environment. 7 – G5.1.1 Describe the environmental effects of human action on the atmosphere (air), biosphere (people, animals,			

Unit E	overarching nd nduring Inderstandi gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and plants), lithosphere (soil), and hydrosphere (water) (e.g., desertification in the Sahel Region of North Africa, deforestation in the Congo Basin, air pollution in urban center, and chemical spills in European Rivers). Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 7 – C4.3.1 Explain how governments address national issues and form policies, and how the policies may not be consistent with those of other countries (e.g., population pressures in China compared to Sweden; international immigration quotas, international aid, energy needs for natural gas and oil and military aid).			

unit Er	nduring nderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – C4.3.2 Explain the challenges to governments and the cooperation needed to address international issues (e.g., migration and human rights). 7 – C4.3.3 Explain why governments belong to different types of international and regional organizations (e.g., United Nations (UN), North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), European Union (EU), and African Union (AU), G-8 countries (leading economic/political)). © Copyright 2010. National Governors			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
4: Culture (Week 17, 5 Weeks)	How can a global perspective help me understand my world?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing	1. How and why are groups of people culturall y similar and different? 2. Why is it necessary to understand culture when studying a global problem and potential solution s? 3. How has globaliz ation influenced cultural	adaptation anthropology cultural change cultural diffusion cultural diversity cultural heritage cultural landscape culture global problem globalization human/environment interaction values and beliefs	Equipment/Manipulative Computer with PowerPoint capability and Projector, Overhead Projector or Document Camera/Projector Global Investigator's Notebook Highlighters – one per student Scissors – one for each pair of students Small note cards or pieces of paper (one per student) Student Resource A student geography textbook such as Wiggins, Grant, et al. My World Geography: Boston, MA: Pearson, 2011. pp. 86-97. Life is a Chilly Challenge in Subzero Siberia. National Geographic. 18 March 2013 http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2004/05/0512 040512 tvoymyakon.html Life in the Sahara. Africa Exhibit. California Academy of Sciences. 18 March 2013 The Netherlands: Living Below Sea Level. US News and World Report. 18 March 2013

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	diversity		Pandora's Box Online story. 22 September 2015 http://myths.e2bn.org/mythsandlegends/playsto ry562-pandoras-box.html People in the Amazon Rainforests. Celebrate Brazil. 22 September 2015 http://www.celebratebrazil.com/people-in-the-amazon-rainforests.html World of the Sherpa. NOVA Online Adventure. PBS/WGBH. 22 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/everest/history/s herpasworld.html Teacher Resource 10 Fabulous Fads of the 50s. How Stuff Works. 22 September 2015 http://people.howstuffworks.com/10-fabulous-fads-from-the-1950s.htm Ancient Cultural Hearths. Mr. Chavez's World Geography Page. 18 March 2013 Burj Khalifa. Syfy. 22 September 2015 http://blastr.com/2012/01/15-stunning-satellite-pic.php Chess Sets that Inspire. 18 March 2013 Communication Timeline. 18 March 2013 Culture Keys. Heartwood Institute. Shinnyo-En Foundation. 22 September 2015 http://www.heartwoodethics.org/resources/?pg = 4

Overa and Unit Endur Under ngs	ing Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate			Culture: the Engine of Human Adaptation. Being Human. 22 September 2015 http://www.beinghuman.org/article/culture-engine-human-adaptation Different Climates graphic. 22 September 2015 http://www.meted.ucar.edu/afwa/climo/intro/media/graphics/map_pix.jpg (website requires registration). Dynamic graphic. 22 September 2015 http://troubler.wordpress.com/2008/03/20/dynamic-personality-too-banal-to-be-dynamic/ Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 4, Lessons 1-10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 3). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013 PowerPoint (Unit 4, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Writing Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to			Fads that Swept the Nation. Neetorama. 22 September 2015 http://www.neatorama.com/2007/01/16/37-fads-that-swept-the-nation/ Ger in Mongolia. The Atlantic. 22 September 2015 http://www.theatlantic.com/infocus/2011/10/pop ulation-7-billion/100176/ Ger with Satellite Dish. Blue Peak Travel Photography. 22 September 2015 http://www.bluepeak.net/mongolia/ger.html Ger. 28 Mongolian Consulate. 18 March 2013 Giel, Immanuel. Shatar Set (modern). WikiCommons. 11 May 2012. 22 September 2015 http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Shatar-08.JPG Gold fish Swallowing. Pause Takes on Time. 22 September 2015 http://pausemag.sjmc.umn.edu/index-p=551.html Global Policy Forum. 22 September 2015 http://www.globalpolicy.org Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport, just outside of Atlanta. Torontoist. 22 September 2015 http://torontoist.com/2009/11/google_earth_at_gallery_44/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History			Highest Structures on Earth. Wikipedia. 22 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of tallest buildings_and_structures_in_the_world Horse Head Fiddle Music. Mongolian Show. YouTube. 22 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VLI_d2Xt80 Q Horse Head Fiddle. Seiyo Corpration. 22 September 2015 http://www5a.biglobe.ne.jp/~batokin/ehighgrade.html How Hoola Hoops Work. How Stuff Works. 22 September 2015 http://people.howstuffworks.com/hula-hoop3.htm How Jeans Conquered the World. BBC News Magazine. 28 February 2012. 22 September 2015 http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/magazine-17101768 Iceberg. 22 September 2015 http://www.dreamyoga.com/wp-content/uploads/2010/11/iceberg.jpg "India wants more lamb-burgers and flat-screens." Money, Markets & Media. University of Southern California, Annenberg School for Communication and Journalism. 22 Feb. 2011. 22 September 2015 http://ascjportfolios.org/mmm/?p=493

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 6 – H1.2.5 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to			Interactive Maps. World Heritage Cultural Sites. UNESCO. United Nations. 22 September 2015 http://whc.unesco.org/en/interactive-map/ Is a World With a Single Culture Possible? Debate.org. 22 September 2015 http://www.debate.org/opinions/is-a-world-with-a-single-culture-possible Legendary Photo Project "Earth from Air." Shrimp Farm in Thailand. 22 September 2015 http://bonjourlife.com/legendary-photo-project-earth-from-the-air/ Maddern, Eric. Spirit of the Forest: Tree Tales from Around the World. New York: Frances Lincoln Children's Books, 2003. Map of India. InfoPlease.com. 22 September 2015 http://i.infoplease.com/images/mindia.gif McDonald's Menu in India. Flickr. 22 September 2015 http://www.flickr.com/photos/xclockwise/29501 81700/sizes/l/in/photostream/ Migrations of Homo Sapiens. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 22 September 2015 http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era2.php Mongolian Antique Hand-Carved Chess Set. Shatar Set. Mongolian Collectables. 22 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships			http://www.mongoliancollectables.com/chess10 1.htm Mongolian Folktales. Mr. Donn. 22 September 2015 http://mongols.mrdonn.org/myths.html Mongolian Food. Travel Buddies Tour Operator. 18 March 2013 Mongolian Proverbs. 22 September 2015 http://www.special-dictionary.com/proverbs/source/m/mongolian proverb/ Mongolian Saddle. Mongolian Shop. 22 September 2015 http://mongolianshop.com/index.php?main_pa ge=index&cPath=49 Mongolian Soymobo Symbol. Consulate of Mongolia. 22 September 2015 http://mongolianconsulate.org/Pages/FAQ.html Mongolian Yurt. (Interior of a Ger). DaWanda. 22 September 2015 http://en.dawanda.com/product/2578770-Originale-Mongolische-Jurte-100-handgefertigt Mr. Pizza Ad. 18 March 2013 Naadam Ceremony. Wikimedia Commons. 20 Jan. 2006. 22 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Naadamceremo ny2006.jpg Naadam Festival. The Center for the Study of Eurasian Nomads. 22 September 2015

Overar and Unit Enduri Unders ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic			http://www.csen.org/Mongol.Nadaam/Mongol.text.html The New Ballad of East and West. 22 September 2015 https://www.kinseido.co.jp/books/3792/3792 3.pdf Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Old Ways Disappearing in the New Mongolia. National Public Radio. 22 September 2015 http://www.npr.org/2012/05/24/152842270/old-ways-disappearing-in-the-new-mongolia Online Slide Show of Mongolian Nomadic Life. Mongolia Nomads. Global Oneness Project. 22 September 2015 http://www.globalonenessproject.org/library/photo-essays/mongolias-nomads Orange Orchards in Uruguay. Bonjour Life. 22 September 2015 http://bonjourlife.com/legendary-photo-projectearth-from-the-air/ Our Shrinking World. 22 September 2015 http://swiat-czlowiek-toksyny.blogspot.com/2010 08 01 archive.html Pakistan Government Blocks Facebook and YouTube Sites — Pakistan-facebook-protest. 22 September 2015 http://www.realcourage.org/2010/05/pakistan-

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth.			blocks-facebook-youtube/pakistan-facebook-protest/ Pandora's Box. 18 March 2013 Photos of Mongolia. Consulate of Mongolia. 18 March 2013 Picture Postcards: Doorway in Mongolia. Pocket Cultures. 17 Dec. 2012. 22 September 2015 http://pocketcultures.com/2012/12/17/picture-postcards-doorway-in-mongolia/ Poodle Skirts. D-Xired Diamond. 22 September 2015 http://dxireddiamond.blogspot.com/2012/02/d-xirable-style-decade-1-1950s.html Prominent Hill Copper and Gold Mine in Australia. Adelaide Now. 22 September 2015 http://www.adelaidenow.com.au/business/oz-minerals-beats-copper-and-gold-forecasts-at-prominent-hill/story-e6frede3-1225991670624 Residential Development in Southeast Florida. Human Landscapes. Today and Tomorrow. 22 September 2015 http://www.todayandtomorrow.net/2010/10/07/human-landscapes/ Religious Cultural Hearths. Ohio Wesleyan University. 22 September 2015 http://cc.owu.edu/~rdfusch/culture hearths of religions.jpg

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system,			The Road to 200 Million. "Is Facebook Growing Up Too Fast." New York Times. 28 March 2009. 22 September 2015 http://www.nytimes.com/2009/03/29/technology/internet/29face.html?pagewanted=all& r=0 Sands of Time - Accommodations. Mongolian Gers. Travcoa. 22 September 2015 Solar Power Plant in Andalusia, Spain. Lloyd's Blog. 22 September 2015 http://lloydkahn-ongoing.blogspot.com/2011/04/earth-from-above-aerial-photography-by.html Spread of Chess. Quantum Gambitz. 22 September 2015 http://www.quantumgambitz.com/blog/wp-content/uploads/2012/08/SpreadofChessfromIn dia.jpg Statue of Liberty. UNESCO World Heritage List. United Nations. 22 September 2015 http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/307 Stocking Stick Leg Make-Up. 22 September 2015 http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/207 Stocking Stick Leg Make-Up. 22 September 2015 http://modcloth.tumblr.com/ The Mongolian Folktale. YouTube. 22 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QlQNJxxlw6 s Topographical Map of Mongolia. 22 September 2015 http://www.photius.com/images/mn02_01a.jpg

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		governmental system, cultural traditions). 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 6 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems and explain why some are more attractive for humans to use than are others			UNESCO World Heritage Website. United Nations. 22 September 2015 http://whc.unesco.org/en/about/ The Vanishing Cultures Project. 22 September 2015 http://www.vcproject.org/ For Further Professional Knowledge Baldwin, Elaine and Scott McCracken. Introducing Cultural Studies. Athens, Georgia: University of Georgia Press, 2000. Chirot, Daniel. How Societies Change. Los Angeles: Sage Publications, Inc. 2012. Davis, Wade. Light at the Edge of the World: A Journey Through the Realm of Vanishing Cultures. Vancouver, British Columbia: Douglas& McIntyre Ltd., 2001, 2007. Fadiman, Anne. The Spirit Catches You and You Fall Down: A Hmong Child, Her American Doctors, and the Collision of Two Cultures. NY: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 1997. Ferraro, Gary. Classic Readings in Cultural Anthropology. 3rd ed. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth, Inc., 2011. Hendry, Joy. Other People's Worlds: An Introduction to Cultural Anthropology. NY: New York University Press, 1999. King, Anthony D. ed. Culture, Globalization, and the World System. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota Press, 1997.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(e.g., mid-latitude forest in North America, high latitude of Peru, tropical forests in Honduras, fish or marine vegetation in coastal zones). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 6 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Americas (e.g., baseball, soccer, music, architecture, television, languages, health			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		care, Internet, consumer brands, currency, restaurants, international migration). G4.2 Technology Patterns and Networks Describe how technology creates patterns and networks that connect people, products, and ideas. 6 – G4.2.1 List and describe the advantages and disadvantages of different technologies used to move people, products, and ideas throughout the world (e.g., call centers in the Eastern Hemisphere that service the Western Hemisphere; the United States and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Canada as hubs for the Internet; transport of people and perishable products; and the spread of individuals' ideas as voice and image messages on electronic networks such as the Internet). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (control/use of natural resources, power,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		wealth, and cultural diversity). Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		that nations interact both positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.3 Give examples of how countries work together for mutual benefits through international organizations (e.g. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Organization of American States (OAS), United Nations (UN)). 7th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		discussing primary and secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.6 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity.			

and Unit Endu	ring Standards / Conterstandi	et Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W3.2 Growth and Development of World Religions Explain how world religions or belief systems of Hinduism, Judaism, Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism and Islam grew and their significance. (Islam is included here even though it came after 300 C.E./A.D.) 7 – W3.2.2 Locate the geographical center of major religions and map the spread			

Overare and Unit Endurii Unders ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	through the 3rd century C.E./A.D. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 7 - G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		or places on earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion,			

ar Unit Er	nduring nderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban migration in China, increased farming of fish, hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing and automobiles). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 7 – G3.2.2 Identify			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		ecosystems of a continent and explain why some provide greater opportunities (fertile soil, precipitation) for humans to use than do other ecosystems and how that changes with technology (e.g., China's humid east and arid west and the effects of irrigation technology). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe). G4.2 Technology Patterns and Networks Describe how technology creates patterns and networks that connect people, products, and ideas. 7 – G4.2.1 List and describe the advantages and disadvantages of different technologies used to move people, products, and ideas			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	throughout the world (e.g., opportunities for employment, entrepreneurial and educational opportunities using the Internet; the effects of technology on reducing the time necessary for communications and travel; the uses and effects of wireless technology in developing countries; and the spread of group and individual's ideas as voice and image messages on electronic networks such as the Internet). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1 Identify and explain factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
5: Human/En vironment Interaction (Week 22, 7 Weeks)	How can a global perspective help me understand my world?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6- 8	1. How do humans create and address global environ mental problem s?	adaptation climate change conflict energy global issues human-environment interaction modification of the environment natural resources renewable vs. nonrenewable energy resource depletion	Equipment/Manipulative 10 feet of string 10 large paper clips 5 sets of markers for group activities Chart paper Computer with PowerPoint capability and screen

Overarc and Unit Endurin Underst ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and	 How can environ mental changes in one location become a global issue? How does energy producti on and distributi on affect the environ ment? How does the distributi on and utilizatio n of natural resource s influenc e the ways societies interact? 	resource distribution resource utilization spatial scale technology	Global Investigator's Notebook Glue sticks Highlighters, one per student Markers, one per student Scissors – one pair per student White construction paper or cardstock (one piece per student) Student Resource A student geography textbook such as Wiggins, Grant, et al. My World Geography: Boston, MA: Pearson, 2011, 48-53. Earthrise: Aral Sea Reborn – Latest News. 3 December 2013 SweetSearch: A Search Engine for Students. Dulcinea Media, Inc. 2009-2014. 18 December 2013 Tunza: The UNEP Magazine for Youth. United Nations Environment Programme. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/Publications/contents/Tunza.asp. Teacher Resource 7 Ways Humans are Damaging the Planet. Mother Nature Network. 23 September 2015 http://www.mnn.com/earth-matters/wilderness-resources/photos/7-ways-humans-are-damaging-the-planet/epic-deforestation.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, or ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RH.6-8.3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes			2003 World Consumption Cartogram. Ecological Footprint. 23 September 2015 http://pthbb.org/natural/footprint/. "A Clearcut Connection Between Mountaintop Removal And Climate Change." Mountaintop Removal. Appalachian Voices. 23 September 2015 http://appvoices.org/2013/02/20/a-clear-connection-between-mountaintop-removal-and-climate-change/. Acid Rain Diagram. Acid Rain Lesson Plan. National Park Services. 23 September 2015 http://www.nature.nps.gov/air/edu/Lessons/docs/educationResources.pdf. Acid Rain. Environment Canada. 23 September 2015 http://www.ec.gc.ca/eauwater/default.asp?lang=En&n=FDF30C16-1. Aerosols, Sterilants and Carbon Tetrachloride. OzonAction. United Nations Environment Programme. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/ozonaction/Topics/Aerosols/tabid/6214/Default.aspx. Appalachian Forests Impacted by Coal Surface Mining. World Resources Institute. 23 September 2015 http://www.wri.org/resources/maps/appalachian-forests-impacted-coal-surface-mining-c-2005. Aral Sea Diagram. United Nations Environment Programme. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/dewa/vitalwater/cache-inttp://www.unep.org/dewa/vitalwater/cache-inttp://www.unep.org/dewa/vitalwater/cache-inttp://www.unep.org/dewa/vitalwater/cache-inttp://www.unep.org/dewa/vitalwater/cache-inttp://www.unep.org/dewa/vitalwater/cache-interiors.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		law, how interest rates are raised or lowered). Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. 5. Analyze the structure of texts, including			vignettes/L600xH444/0280-aralsea-chrono-EN-7d2e8.jpg. Aral Sea Dried Up. Global Greenhouse Warming. 23 September 2015 http://www.global-greenhouse-warming.com/images/AralSeaDriedup.jpg. Aral Sea Regional Map. Fire Earth. 23 September 2015 http://feww.files.wordpress.com/2010/04/aral-sea.jpeg. Arctic Sea Ice Minimum. NASA. 23 September 2015 http://www.nasa.gov/centers/goddard/news/topstory/2005/arcticice decline.html. Bulldozer Photo. 23 September 2015 http://www.hardwarecanucks.com/forum/attachments/cpus-motherboards/14734d1317818612-what-bulldozer-1273bulldozer.jpg. Burj Khalifa. "15 stunning satellite pics of manmade objects visible from space." Blastr. 23 September 2015 http://blastr.com/2012/01/15-stunning-satellite-pic.php. Calcium Nitrate Fertilizers. The Hydro Source. 23 September 2015 http://www.thehydrosource.com/calcium-nitrate-fertilizer.html. Chesapeake Bay Watershed Map. Chesapeake Bay Foundation. 2012. 23

Overarcl and Unit Enduring Understa ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. RH.6-8.5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally). 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).			September 2015 http://www.cbf.org/about-the-bay/maps/chesapeake-bay-watershed. "China's rapid urbanization in bird's eye pictures." Urbanization in China. 23 September 2015 http://urbanlabglobalcities.blogspot.com/2011/1 2/chinas-rapid-urbanization-in-birds-eye.html. "A Clearcut Connection Between Mountaintop Removal And Climate Change." Mountaintop Removal. Appalachian Voices. 23 September 2015 http://appvoices.org/2013/02/20/a-clear-connection-between-mountaintop-removal-and-climate-change/. Climate Change Cartoon. Mankind and Climate Change. Political Humor. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://politicalhumor.about.com/od/globalwarming/g/Global-Warming-Cartoons/Mankind-and-Climate-Change.0ywq.htm. Coal. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=coal_home-basics. Coal Use. China – Choke Point. Circle of Blue. 23 September 2015 http://www.circleofblue.org/waternews/featured-water-stories/choke-point-china/. Consumer Decision-Making Factors Along Product Life Time. SwitchAsia Programme. 3 December 2013

Unit En	during iderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts			Dead Fish in Chesapeake Bay. Maryland Department of Education. 23 September 2015 http://mde.maryland.gov/programs/Water/319N onPointSource/PublishingImages/Fish_kill_200 8 AR pic1.jpg. Deforestation Index 2012. 23 September 2015 http://static2.businessinsider.com/image/4edf7 250ecad04967f000030/deforestation-index.jpg. Dithering on Climate Change. Political Humor. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://politicalhumor.about.com/od/globalwarmi ng/ig/Global-Warming-Cartoons/Dithering-on- Climate-Change.0ys1.htm. Drip Irrigation. Sustainable Ag: A View from the Field. 23 September 2015 http://centralvalleyfarmscout.blogspot.com/201 1/05/sustainable-irrigation-blossoming-in.html. "The Ecological Footprint." Footprint Basics Overview. Global Footprint Network. 23 September 2015 http://www.footprintnetwork.org/en/index.php/G FN/page/footprint basics overview/. Egbo, Carol. PowerPoint (Unit 5, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. PowerPoint (Unit 5, Lesson 3). Teacher- made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. WHST.6-8.1a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. WHST.6-8.1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. WHST.6-8.1c. Use words, phrases, and			PowerPoint (Unit 5, Lesson 5). Teachermade materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. PowerPoint (Unit 5, Lesson 6). Teachermade materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. PowerPoint (Unit 5, Lesson 7). Teachermade materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 3). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 4). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013.

an Unit En	nduring nderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. WHST.6-8.1d. Establish and maintain a formal style. WHST.6-8.1e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 9). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 10). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. "Energy Consumption." How the Average American Uses Energy. Visual Economics. 23 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. WHST.6-8.5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.			http://public.health.oregon.gov/healthyenviron ments/recreation/pages/fishconsumption.aspx. "Forest Loss Due to Mining." World Resources Institute. 23 September 2015 http://www.wri.org/stories/2010/07/mountaintop-removal-cuts-through-southern-forests. From Conflict to Peacebuilding: The Role of Natural Resources and the Environment. United Nations Environment Programme. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/pcdmb policy 01.pdf. Garbage at Sea. NOAA. 23 September 2015 http://userdisk.webry.biglobe.ne.jp/018/687/73/ N000/000/000/125436343457516200517 200 90804 065455 garbage at sea map 200910 01111713.jpg. Garbage Truck. Our Planet magazine: Practical Action. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/Ourplanet/2009/may/en/OP-2009-05-en-FULLVERSION.pdf. Gas. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=natural gas home-basics. Geothermal Energy. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=geothermal home-basics.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self- generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.			Give a Man A Bulldozer Lyrics. 23 September 2015 http://www.lipwalklyrics.com/lyrics/1459415-malvinareynolds-giveamanabulldozer.html. "Global Warming Basics." Global Warming. Natural Resources Defense Council. 23 September 2015 http://www.nrdc.org/globalWarming/f101.asp?gclid=CJuYqdXGtrYCFY4-MgodczMAAw#1. Global Warming Cartoon. Global Warming Myth. Political Humor. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://politicalhumor.about.com/od/globalwarming/ig/Global-Warming-Cartoons/Global-Warming-Myth.05VG.htm. Green Dragon. Technology and the Environment. Tunza magazine. UNEP. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/tunza/Tunza 5.3 English.pdf. A Greener Chair. Technology and the Environment. 23 September 2015 http://www.technologystudent.com/designpro/envir1.htm. Greener Charcoal. CNN Money. 23 September 2015 http://www.technologystudent.com/designpro/envir1.htm. Greener Charcoal. CNN Money. 23 September 2015 http://money.cnn.com/galleries/2007/fsb/0711/gallery.NLT.fsb/3.html. Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport, just outside of Atlanta. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. WHST.6-8.8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.			http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Atlanta_Hartsfie Id-Jackson.jpg. Houses in Mexico City. 23 September 2015 http://www.mustangevolution.com/forum/f168/t26103/. How to Destroy Earth. 23 September 2015 http://thumbnails.visually.netdna-cdn.com/climate-change_5029143248c6d.jpg. "Humans Have Been Changing the Environment since Prehistoric Times." University of Florida News. 31 May 1996. 23 September 2015 http://news.ufl.edu/1996/05/31/exploit/. Keeping Track of Our Changing Environment. United Nations Environment Programme. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/geo/pdfs/keeping_track.pdf. The Kok-Aral Dam. Earth Observatory. NASA. 23 September 2015 http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/IOTD/view.php?id=6452. The Life Cycle of a Plastic Bottle. Montgomery County Public Schools. 23 September 2015 http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/uploadedFiles/curriculum/outdoored/programs/waterbot tlefactpages.pdf. List of countries by GDP (PPP) per capita. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade Geography G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about			http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_b y_GDP_(PPP)_per_capita. Mayntz, Melissa. Types of Pollution. Love to Know Green Living Website. 23 September 2015 http://greenliving.lovetoknow.com/Types_of_Po_llution. McMillan, Stephanie. Code Green Cartoon. Z_Magazine. 3 December 2013 Mercury in Fish. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mercury_in_fish. Mountaintop Removal. Jason Jack Miller Blog. 23 September 2015 http://jasonjackmiller.blogspot.com/2012/07/mo_untaintop-removal.html. "NASA Data Reveals "Average" Ozone Hole in 2007." Ozone Resource Page. NASA. 23 September 2015 http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Features/WorldOfChange/ozone.php. Natural Resources. Chapter 1.1. Environmental Protection Agency. 23 September 2015 http://www.epa.gov/osw/education/quest/pdfs/sections/u1_chap1.pdf. Natural Resources of Selected Countries. The World Factbook. CIA. 23 September 2015 https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/fields/2111.html.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 6 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to			Neighborhood Change in Connecticut, 1934 to Present. University of Connecticut Libraries Map and Geographic Information Center - MAGIC. 23 September 2015 http://magic.lib.uconn.edu/otl/dualcontrol_aerial_change.html. "New Report Highlights Potential Impact of Climate Change on Water Supplies and Waterways in US Cities." Celsias. 23 September 2015 http://www.celsias.com/article/new-report-highlights-potential-impact-climate-cha/. Nuclear Power. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=nuclear home-basics. Oil. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=oil_home-basics. Ocean Acidification. 23 September 2015 http://media.mcclatchydc.com/smedia/2010/04/22/20/20100401 Acidic OCEANS.large.prodaffiliate.91.jpg. Oceans turning acidic. University of Maryland, Center for Biological Diversity. 23 September 2015 http://media.mcclatchydc.com/smedia/2010/04/22/20/20100401 Acidic OCEANS.large.prodaffiliate.91.jpg.

Unit End	during derstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		locate information and process maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Western Hemisphere to answer geographic questions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic information and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use			Overconsumption. Friends of the Earth Australia. Sustainable Europe Research Institute. 23 September 2015 http://www.foe.co.uk/resource/reports/overconsumption.pdf. Overconsumption? Our Use of the World's Natural Resources. Academia.edu. 23 September 2015 http://www.academia.edu/223160/Overconsumption Our use of the worlds natural resources. Overfishing — A global disaster. Overfishing.com. 2007-2-13. 23 September 2015 http://overfishing.org/pages/what is overfishing.php. Overfishing Cartoon. The Living Ocean. 12 December 2013 Ozone Depletion. NASA. 23 September 2015 http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Features/WorldOfChange/ozone.php. Ozone Depletion. Schoolwork Helper.com. 23 September 2015 http://schoolworkhelper.net/ozone-layer-chlorofluorocarbons-cfcs/. Ozone Hole Watch. NASA. 23 September 2015 http://schoolworkhelper.net/ozone-layer-chlorofluorocarbons-cfcs/.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human			http://www.uky.edu/KGS/im/phosphate.htm. Photographs of the Aral Sea. The Geographic Advantage. 23 September 2015 http://meridian.aag.org/changingplanet/index.cf m?action=main.module§ionID=1&moduleID=4&pageID=18. Photographs of the Aral Sea. The Geographic Advantage. 23 September 2015 http://meridian.aag.org/changingplanet/index.cf m?action=main.module§ionID=1&moduleID=4&pageID=1. Polar Bear Earth Day Cartoon. Political Humor. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://politicalhumor.about.com/od/environment/ig/Environment-Cartoons/Polar-Bear-Earth-Day.05Pg.htm. Products. Our Planet Magazine: Globalization and the Environment. United Nations Environment Programme. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/OurPlanet/OP Feb07GC24 en.pdf. Surfboards. Our Planet magazine. Nature at Your Service. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/op june/EN/OP-2011-06-EN-FULLVERSION.pdf. Residential Development in Southeast Florida. Human Landscapes. Today and Tomorrow. 23 September 2015

and Unit Endu	ring Standards / Conter Expectations	nt Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 6 – G3.2.1 Explain how and why ecosystems differ as a consequence of differences in latitude, elevation, and human activities			http://www.todayandtomorrow.net/2010/10/07/human-landscapes/. Roberta Bondar. Our Planet: Global Commons – The planet we share. United Nations Environment Programme. Pp. 34-36. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/op sept 2011/EN/OP-2011-09-EN-FULLVERSION.pdf. Shrinking of the Aral Sea. Earth Observatory. NASA. 23 September 2015 http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Features/WorldOfChange/aral sea.php. Solar Power. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=solar_home-basics. Solar Power Infographic. Solar Energy Blog. 23 September 2015 http://solarenergyfactsblog.com/wp-content/uploads/2010/11/solar-energy-infographic.gif. Sources and Paths of Mercury. New Mexico Environmental Public Health Tracking. 23 September 2015 https://nmtracking.org/media/cms_page_media/165/Mercury%20cycle523X309.png. True Blue Gowns. Our Planet magazine. Nature at Your Service. 23 September 2015 https://www.unep.org/pdf/op_june/EN/OP-2011-06-EN-FULLVERSION.pdf.

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understand ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	(e.g., South America's location relative to the equator, effects of elevations on temperature and growing season, proximity to bodies of water and the effects on temperature and rainfall, effects of annual flooding on vegetation along river flood plains such as the Amazon). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation			Underwater Kite. Our Planet magazine. Nature at Your Service. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/op_june/EN/OP-2011-06-EN-FULLVERSION.pdf. U.S. Energy Consumption. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=about sources of energy-basics. U.S. Power Plant Emissions. Clean Energy Footprints. 23 September 2015 http://blog.cleanenergy.org/files/2011/03/picture-21.png. Urbanization in China. World Resources Institute. 30 November 2012 Water Conflict Chronology List. 23 September 2015 http://www.worldwater.org/conflict/list/. We Live in a Beautiful World: Human Impact on the Environment. Living Green Magazine. 23 September 2015 http://livinggreenmag.com/2013/10/03/video/we-live-in-a-beautiful-world-human-impact-on-the-environment/. What are Natural Resources? Garbology Student Fact Sheet B-1. Nature Bridge. SF Environment. San Francisco. 23 September 2015 http://www.naturebridge.org/sites/default/files/Garbology%20Fact%20Sheet%20-

and Unit Endu	iring	andards / Content opectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		between and among cultural groups (control/use of natural resources, power, wealth, and cultural diversity). G5 Environment and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's physical features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment			%20What%20are%20Natural%20Resources.p df. "Wind Energy in America." Wind Power Infographic. US Department of Energy. 23 September 2015 http://energy.gov/sites/prod/files/styles/photo_g_allery_large/public/slidesWindInfographic-01.jpg?itok=2H8pk8Te. Wind Power. Energy Kids. U.S. Energy Information Administration. 23 September 2015 http://www.eia.gov/kids/energy.cfm?page=wind_home-basics. Windy City. Technology and the Environment. Tunza magazine. UNEP. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/pdf/tunza/Tunza_5.3_English.pdf. World Environment Day Logos. United Nations Environment Programme. 23 September 2015 http://www.unep.org/wed/. For Further Professional Knowledge De Blij, Harm. Why Geography Matters. New York, NY: Oxford Press, 2007. The Power of Place. New York, NY: Oxford Press, 2009. Fisher, Chris and Binns, Tony, editors. Issues in Geography Teaching. New York:NY: Routledge, 2000. Gersmehl, Phil. Teaching Geography. New York, NY: Guilford Press, 2008.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and how physical systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the Environment Describe how human actions modify the environment. 6 – G5.1.1 Describe the environmental effects of human action on the atmosphere (air), biosphere (people, animals, and plants), lithosphere (soil), and hydrosphere (water) (e.g., changes in the tropical forest environments in Brazil, Peru, and Costa Rica). 6 – G5.1.2 Describe how variations in technology affect human modifications of the landscape (e.g., clearing			Geography Framework for the 2010 National Assessment of Educational Progress. 23 September 2015. http://www.nagb.org/publications/frameworks/g framework2010.pdf Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons Rischard, J.F. High Noon: 20 Global Problems, 20 Years to Solve Them. New York, NY: Basic Books, 2002. U.S. National Geography Standards. 23 September 2015. http://www.nationalgeographic.com/xpeditions/standards/10/index.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		forests for agricultural land in South America, fishing in the Grand Banks of the Atlantic, expansion of cities in South America, hydroelectric developments in Canada, Brazil and Chile, and mining the Kentucky and West Virginia). 6 – G5.1.3 Identify the ways in which humaninduced changes in the physical environment in one place can cause changes in other places (e.g., cutting forests in one region may result in river basin flooding elsewhere; building a dam floods land upstream and may permit irrigation in another region). G5.2 Physical and Human			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Systems Describe how physical and human systems shape patterns on the Earth's surface. 6– G5.2.1 Describe the effects that a change in the physical environment could have on human activities and the choices people would have to make in adjusting to the change (e.g., drought in northern Mexico, disappearance of forest vegetation in the Amazon, natural hazards and disasters from volcanic eruptions in Central America and the Caribbean and earthquakes in Mexico City and Colombia).			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		G6 Global Issues Past and Present (H1.4.3, G1.2.6) Throughout the school year the students are introduced to topics that address global issues that integrate time and place. Included are capstone projects that entail the investigation of historical and contemporary global issues that have significance for the student and are clearly linked to the world outside the classroom. The topics and issues are			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		developed as capstone projects within units and at the end of the course. Regular experiences with those topics and issues are necessary during each grade in order to build the background students will require to complete indepth capstone projects. G6.1 Global Topic Investigation and Issue Analysis (P2) 6 – G6.1.1 Contemporary Investigations – Conduct research on contemporary global topics and issues, compose			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		persuasive essays, and develop a plan for action. (H1.4.3, G1.2.6, See P3 and P4) Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.1 Explain the geopolitical relationships between countries (e.g., petroleum and arms purchases in Venezuela and Ecuador; foreign aid for health care in Nicaragua). 6 – C4.3.2 Explain the challenges to governments and the cooperation needed to address international issues in the Western Hemisphere (e.g., migration and human rights). 6 – C4.3.3 Give examples of how countries work together for			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		mutual benefits through international organizations (e.g. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Organization of American States (OAS), United Nations (UN)). Economics E3 International Economy Analyze reasons for individuals and businesses to specialize and trade, why individuals and businesses trade across international borders, and the comparisons of the benefits and costs of specialization and the resulting trade for consumers,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		producers, and governments. E3.1 Economic Interdependen ce Describe patterns and networks of economic interdependen ce, including trade. 6 – E3.1.2 Diagram or map the movement of a consumer product from where it is manufactured to where it is manufactured to where it is sold to demonstrate the flow of materials, labor, and capital (e.g., global supply chain for computers, athletic shoes, and clothing). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Officers. All rights reserved.			
6: Economic s and World Trade (Week 29, 6 Weeks)	How can a global perspective help me understand my world?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions	1. How has globaliz ation affected the interacti ons between buyers and sellers? 2. How can the social science fields of geograp hy, history, economi cs, and political science help us explain why some countrie s are "rich" while others are "poor"?	balance of trade circular flow colonization economic growth economic systems (command, mixed, market economies) globalization/global trade imperialism interdependence level of development productive resources role of the government specialization technology trade restrictions/barriers	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper – large with 1 sheet per 4 students Computer with LCD display, PowerPoint capability and screen Global Investigator's Notebook Glue sticks – one for each pair of students Highlighters Internet access Light colored cardstock – one piece for each pair of students Markers Scissors – one for each pair of students World atlas or a map of Asia with countries labeled Student Resource 20 Questions about Development. 23 April 2011. 23 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VqcwUEBK7 Jk. A student geography textbook such as Wiggins, Grant, et al. My World Geography: Boston, MA: Pearson, 2011, 56-67.

Unit E	naurina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret	3. To what extent are trade restrictions an effective tool in a globaliz ed economy?		Circular Flow. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. 18 February 2015 Trading Around the World. International Monetary Fund. 23 September 2015 http://www.imf.org/EXTERNAL/NP/EXR/CENTER/STUDENTS/TRADE/index.htm. World Trade Organization. 23 September 2015 http://www.wto.org. Teacher Resource 7 Ways Humans are Damaging the Planet. Mother Nature Network. 23 September 2015 http://www.mnn.com/earth-matters/wilderness-resources/photos/7-ways-humans-are-damaging-the-planet/changing-our. Amadeo, Kimberly. Advantages for NAFTA. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://useconomy.about.com/od/tradepolicy/p/NAFTA Advantages.htm. Arguments For and Against Free Trade. 23 September 2015 http://idebate.org/es/node/17550. Disadvantages of NAFTA. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://idebate.org/es/node/17550. Disadvantages of NAFTA. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://useconomy.about.com/od/tradepolicy/p/NAFTA Problems.htm. Aral Sea - Dried Sands. 23 September 2015 http://www.global-greenhouse-warming.com/images/AralSeaDriedup.jpg.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an			Bangladesh vs. the U.S.: How much does it cost to make a denim shirt? CNN. 23 September 2015 http://www.cnn.com/2013/05/02/world/asia/ban gladesh-us-tshirt/index.html?sr=sharebar google. A Brief History of Money. Young Explorers. The British Museum. 23 September 2015 http://www.britishmuseum.org/explore/young e xplorers/discover/videos/a brief history of mo ney.aspx. Brokaw, Alex. 10 Everyday Items That Cost Way More Because of US Taxes. Minyanville. 23 September 2015 http://www.minyanville.com/trading-and-investing/taxes/articles/us-imports-tariffs-us-import-taxes/7/25/2012/id/42412. Buy American Logos. Word Press. 23 September 2015 http://rixxblog.files.wordpress.com/2011/11/buy-american.jpg. Callaham, Art. "What is Government's Role in the Economy?" Herald Mail Media. 3 April 2011. 23 September 2015 http://articles.herald-mail.com/2011-04-03/opinion/29382360 1 local-government-private-sector-private-sector-jobs. Car Exports Cartogram. World Mapper. 23 September 2015 http://worldmapper.org/images/largepng/77.pn g.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Range of Reading and Level of Text			Car Imports Cartogram. World Mapper. 23 September 2015 http://worldmapper.org/images/largepng/78.pn g. Cardwell Diane and Keith Bradsher. U.S. Will Place Tariffs on Chinese Solar Panels. New York Times. 10 October 2012. 23 September 2015 http://www.nytimes.com/2012/10/11/business/g lobal/us-sets-tariffs-on-chinese-solar-panels.html. Cereals Exports. World Mapper. 23 September 2015 http://worldmapper.org/images/largepng/47.pn g. Chinese Solar Panel Prices Rising. Market Watch. 23 September 2015 http://www.marketwatch.com/story/chinese-solar-panel-prices-rising-20-in-the-us-2014-04-10. Clothing Exports Cartogram. World Mapper. 23 September 2015 http://www.worldmapper.org/display.php?selected=83. Clothing Graphic. Word Press. 23 September 2015 http://www.worldmapper.org/display.php?selected=83. Clothing Graphic. Word Press. 23 September 2015 http://heelsandheadphones.files.wordpress.com/2011/10/clothes.jpg. Clothing Imports Cartogram. World Mapper. 23 September 2015

Unit Eı Uı	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts using valid reasoning and relevant and			http://worldmapper.org/images/largepng/84.png. Colonies and Protectorates in Africa around 1914. New York Public Library. 23 September 2015 thtp://exhibitions.nypl.org/africanaage/maps/african-col-1914.jpg. Continents Map. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 thtp://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/b/b2/BlankMap-World-Continents.PNG. Countries Ranked by Gross Domestic Product. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 thtp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of countries by GDP (nominal). Countries Ranked by HDI. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 thtp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of countries by Human Development Index. Country Income Groups. The World Bank Group. 23 September 2015 thtp://3.bp.blogspot.com/-TynYipnWots/T_TRa7c8Vbl/AAAAAAAAAErM/qTSsbkJ_nzg/s1600/CIG+2011.png. Currency Converter. Oanda. 23 September 2015 thtp://www.oanda.com/currency/converter/. Different Kinds of Currency. Dreamstime. 23 September 2015 thttp://thumbs.dreamstime.com/z/international-

Overarch and Unit Enduring Understa ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	sufficient evidence. WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. WHST.6-8.1a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. WHST.6-8.1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce			currency-banknotes-different-world-countries-30003776.jpg. Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lessons 1-6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2015. PowerPoint (Unit 6, Lessons 1, 3-5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014. Electronics Exports. World Mapper. 21 January 2015 http://worldmapper.org/images/largepng/89.png. Electronics Imports. World Mapper. 21 January 2015 http://worldmapper.org/images/largepng/90.png. "Episode 6 - Circular Flow." The Economic Lowdown Video Series. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. 23 September 2015 http://www.stlouisfed.org/education_resources/economic-lowdown-video-companion-series/episode-6-circular-flow/. Exploring Africa. Module Nine: African Economies. Michigan State University. 23 September 2015 http://exploringafrica.matrix.msu.edu/students/curriculum/m9/activity4.php. From fiber to fashion: Unzipping the apparel global value chain." Asian International Economists Network. 5 July 2013. 23 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			http://aienetwork.org/infographic/12/from-fiberto-fashion-unzipping-the-apparel-global-value-chain. GDP Growth Rate. Global Finance. 23 September 2015 http://www.gfmag.com/tools/global-database/economic-data/12369-countries-lowest-gdp-growth.html#axzz2sBpfLKH0. GDP Map. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/08/Map of countries by GDP %28nominal%29 in US%24.png. German East Africa Map. Ibilio. 23 September 2015 http://www.ibiblio.org/HTMLTexts/Albert Frederick Pollard/A Short History Of The Great War/map12.png. "Germany: CTA Handles Its First 13,000 TEU Ship." World Maritime News. 23 September 2015 http://worldmaritimenews.com/archives/51942/germany-cta-handles-its-first-13000-teu-ship/. "Ghana's sustained agricultural growth: putting underused resources to work." Development Progress. Oct. 2010. 21 April 2014 Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport, just outside of Atlanta. 23 September 2015 http://torontoist.com/2009/11/google_earth_at_gallery_44/. Hoovler, Evan. "15 stunning satellite pics of man-made objects visible from space." Blastr.

Overarchii and Unit Enduring Understan ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	reflection, and research. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathematical quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 6 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual			24 January 2012. 23 September 2015 http://blastr.com/2012/01/15-stunning-satellite-pic.php. Kremer, William. "How much bigger can container ships get?" BBC News Magazine. 23 September 2015 http://www.bbc.com/news/magazine- 21432226. Lam, Joyce and Justine Lee. The Berlin Conference (1884-1885): Dominant Diplomacy, Dire Consequences. 23 September 2015 http://21548675.nhd.weebly.com/the-berlin-conference.html. Made in Cambodia Label. Flickr. 23 September 2015 https://www.flickr.com/photos/cambodia4kidsor g/74486342/. Map of Countries HDI. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/3/32/2013 UN Human Development Report Quartiles.svg/863px- 2013 UN Human Development Report Quartiles.svg.png. Money Through the Ages. A History of Money. YouTube. 23 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3FMHh6T86 GE.

Overarching and Unit Enduring Understand ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 6 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 6 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and			North-South Divide. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/North-South divide]. Orange Orchards in Uruguay. Bonjourlife. 23 September 2015 http://bonjourlife.com/legendary-photo-projectearth-from-the-air/. Overfishing Cartoon. Word Press. 23 September 2015 http://oceankeshi.wordpress.com/2013/01/30/the-importance-of-plankton/. Pearson, Natalie Obiko. India May Back Solar Duties as Probe Says U.S., China Dumped. Bloomberg Businessweek. 15 May 2014. 23 September 2015 http://www.businessweek.com/news/2014-05-14/india-may-back-solar-duties-after-probesays-u-dot-s-dot-china-dumped. Population Living Below National Poverty Line. 23 September 2015 http://sealofexcellence.files.wordpress.com/201 3/08/percent poverty world map.jpg. Prominent Hill Copper and Gold Mine in Australia. The Advertiser. 23 September 2015 http://www.adelaidenow.com.au/business/ozminerals-beats-copper-and-gold-forecasts-at-prominent-hill/story-e6frede3-1225991670624. Read, Richard. Solar World wins key U.S. ruling. The Oregonian. 14 February 2014. 23 September 2015

Overarc and Unit Enduring Understangs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and			http://www.oregonlive.com/business/index.ssf/2014/02/solarworld wins key us ruling.html. Resources for history teachers. 23 September 2015 http://resourcesforhistoryteachers.wikispaces.com/WHII.6. Sao Paulo. 18 January 2015 http://thestorewpp.tv/storage/GE_Sao%20Paulo_Street%20Art3.jpg? SQUARESPACE_CA_CHEVERSION=1344871219089. Sherratt, Andrew. Trade Routes: Growth of Global Trade. Archatlas. 23 September 2015 http://www.archatlas.org/Trade/Trade.php?Reload=Reload. Shrimp Farm in Thailand. Bonjourlife. 23 September 2015 http://bonjourlife.com/legendary-photo-project-earth-from-the-air/. Solar Power Plant in Andalusia, Spain. Lloyd Kahn's Blog. 23 September 2015 http://lloydkahn-ongoing.blogspot.com/2011/04/earth-from-above-aerial-photography-by.html. Success Stories. Tokyo International Conference on African Development. 21 April 2014 Tanzania Map. World Atlas. 23 September 2015 http://www.worldatlas.com/webimage/countrys/africa/tz.htm.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions,			Tariff Information. 23 September 2015 http://www.minyanville.com/trading-and-investing/taxes/articles/us-imports-tariffs-us-import-taxes/7/25/2012/id/42412. Top Trading Partners. Foreign Trade. U.S. Census Bureau. 23 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/foreign trade/statistics/. Toy Exports Cartogram. World Mapper. 23 September 2015 http://worldmapper.org/images/largepng/57.pn g. Toy Imports. World Mapper. 23 September 2015 http://www.worldmapper.org/display.php?select ed=58. Trade Data. U.S. Census. 21 January 2015 http://www.census.gov/foreign- trade/statistics/highlights/top/top1312yr.html. U.S. Exports to the World. U.S. Census Bureau. 23 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/foreign- trade/statistics/product/enduse/exports/c0000.h tml. U.S. Imports. U.S. Census Bureau. 23 September 2015 http://www.census.gov/foreign- trade/statistics/product/enduse/imports/c0000.h tml.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment			U.S. Tariffs on Chinese Solar Panels Boomerang. Washington Post. 12 August 2013. 23 September 2015 http://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/us-tariffs-on-chinese-solar-panels-boomerang/2013/08/12/fef555e6-f577-11e2-a2f1-a7acf9bd5d3a story.html. "What Does Economic Growth Mean?" How Geography Influences Economic Growth. Poverty Education. 23 September 2015 http://www.povertyeducation.org/geography-and-economic-growth.html. What is a Market Economy? U.S. Department of State. 23 September 2015 http://www.4uth.gov.ua/usa/english/trade/market/mktec2.htm. For Further Professional Knowledge De Blij, Harm. Why Geography Matters. New York, NY: Oxford Press, 2007. The Power of Place. New York, NY: Oxford Press, 2009. Fisher, Chris and Binns, Tony, editors. Issues in Geography Teaching. New York:NY: Routledge, 2000. Gersmehl, Phil. Teaching Geography. New York, NY: Guilford Press, 2008. Geography Framework for the 2010 National Assessment of Educational Progress. 23 September 2015.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 6 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of			http://www.nagb.org/publications/frameworks/g framework2010.pdf Rischard, J.F. High Noon: 20 Global Problems, 20 Years to Solve Them. New York, NY: Basic Books, 2002. U.S. National Geography Standards. 23 September 2015 http://www.nationalgeographic.com/xpeditions/standards/10/index.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). 6 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., the Caribbean Region that presently displays enduring impacts			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of different immigrant groups – Africans, South Asians, Europeans – and the differing contemporary points of view about the region displayed by islanders and tourists). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 6 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Americas (e.g., baseball,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		soccer, music, architecture, television, languages, health care, Internet, consumer brands, currency, restaurants, international migration). G4.2 Technology Patterns and Networks Describe how technology creates patterns and networks that connect people, products, and ideas. 6 – G4.2.1 List and describe the advantages and disadvantages of different technologies used to move people, products, and ideas throughout the world (e.g., call centers in the Eastern Hemisphere that			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		service the Western Hemisphere; the United States and Canada as hubs for the Internet; transport of people and perishable products; and the spread of individuals' ideas as voice and image messages on electronic networks such as the Internet). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		groups (control/use of natural resources, power, wealth, and cultural diversity). G5 Environment and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's physical features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment and how physical			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the Environment Describe how human actions modify the environment. 6 – G5.1.3 Identify the ways in which humaninduced changes in the physical environment in one place can cause changes in other places (e.g., cutting forests in one region may result in river basin flooding elsewhere; building a dam floods land upstream and may permit irrigation in another region). G6 Global Issues Past and Present (H1.4.3, G1.2.6)			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Throughout the school year the students are introduced to topics that address global issues that integrate time and place. Included are capstone projects that entail the investigation of historical and contemporary global issues that have significance for the student and are clearly linked to the world outside the classroom. The topics and issues are developed as capstone projects within units and at the end of the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		course. Regular experiences with those topics and issues are necessary during each grade in order to build the background students will require to complete in- depth capstone projects. G6.1 Global Topic Investigation and Issue Analysis (P2) 6 – G6.1.1 Contemporary Investigations – Conduct research on contemporary global topics and issues, compose persuasive essays, and develop a plan for action. (H1.4.3, G1.2.6, See P3 and P4)			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.1 Explain the geopolitical relationships between countries (e.g., petroleum and arms purchases in Venezuela and Ecuador; foreign aid for health care in Nicaragua). 6 – C4.3.2 Explain the challenges to governments and the cooperation needed to address international issues in the Western Hemisphere (e.g., migration and human rights). 6 – C4.3.3 Give examples of how countries work together for mutual benefits through international organizations (e.g. North American Free			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Organization of American States (OAS), United Nations (UN)). Economics E1 The Market Economy Describe the market economy in terms of the relevance of limited resources, how individuals and institutions make and evaluate decisions, the role of incentives, how buyers and sellers interact to create markets, how markets allocate resources, and the economic role of			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		government in a market economy. E1.1 Individual, Business, and Government Choices Describe how individuals, businesses and government make economic decisions when confronting scarcity in the market economy. Grades 6 & 7 6 - E1.1.1 Explain how incentives vary in different economic systems (e.g. acquiring money, profit, goods, wanting to avoid loss in position in			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	society, job placement). E2 The National Economy Use economic concepts, terminology, and data to identify and describe how a national economy functions and to study the role of government as a provider of goods and services within a national economy. E2.3 Role of Government Describe how national governments make decisions that affect the national economy.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – E2.3.1 Describe the impact of governmental policy (sanctions, tariffs, treaties) on that country and on other countries that use its resources. E3 International Economy Analyze reasons for individuals and businesses to specialize and trade, why individuals and businesses trade across international borders, and the comparisons of the benefits and costs of specialization and the resulting trade for consumers, producers, and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		governments. E3.1 Economic Interdependen ce Describe patterns and networks of economic interdependen ce, including trade. 6 – E3.1.1 Use charts and graphs to compare imports and exports of different countries in the Western Hemisphere and propose generalizations about patterns of economic interdependence. 6 – E3.1.2 Diagram or map the movement of a consumer product from where it is manufactured to where it is sold to demonstrate the flow of materials, labor, and capital (e.g., global			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		supply chain for computers, athletic shoes, and clothing). E3.3 Economic Systems Describe how societies organize to allocate resources to produce and distribute goods and services. 6 – E3.3.1 Explain and compare how economic systems (traditional, command, and market) answer four basic questions: What should be produced? How will it be produced? How will it be distributed? Who will receive the benefits of production? (e.g., compare United States and Cuba,			

Unit End	during derstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		or Venezuela and Jamaica.) 7th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past.			

Overarc and Unit Endurin Underst ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between			

Unit E	Overarching and Enduring Jnderstandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7			

Overarch and Unit Enduring Understa ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7 – G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic information, and answering geographic information and answering geographic information to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical			

aı Unit E U	verarching nd nduring nderstandi gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are			

unit Er	nduring nderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		migration in China, increased farming of fish, hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing and automobiles). 7 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., that beaches are places where tourists travel, cities have historic buildings, northern places are cold, equatorial places are very warm). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural			

Unit E	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe). 7 – G4.1.2 Compare roles of women in traditional African societies in the past with roles of women as modern micro- entrepreneurs in current economies. G4.2 Technology Patterns and			

and Unit End	during derstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Networks Describe how technology creates patterns and networks that connect people, products, and ideas. 7 – G4.2.1 List and describe the advantages and disadvantages of different technologies used to move people, products, and ideas throughout the world (e.g., opportunities for employment, entrepreneurial and educational opportunities using the Internet; the effects of technology on reducing the time necessary for communications and travel; the uses and effects of wireless technology in			

Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Understandi	developing countries; and the spread of group and individual's ideas as voice and image messages on electronic networks such as the Internet). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1	Questions		
		Identify and explain factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth).			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Environment and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's physical features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment and how physical systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Environment Describe how human actions modify the environment. 7 – G5.1.3 Identify the ways in which human- induced changes in the physical environment in one place can cause changes in other places (e.g., cutting forests in one region may result in river basin flooding elsewhere as has happened historically in China; building dams floods land upstream and permits irrigation downstream as in Southern Africa, the Aswan Dam flooded the upper Nile Valley and permitted irrigation downstream). Civics & Government			

Unit E	Overarching nd Induring Inderstandi gs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – C4.3.2 Explain the challenges to governments and the cooperation needed to address international issues (e.g., migration and human rights). Economics E1 The Market Economy Describe the market economy in terms of the relevance of limited resources, how individuals and institutions make and evaluate decisions, the role of incentives, how buyers and sellers interact to create markets, how			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		markets allocate resources, and the economic role of government in a market economy. E1.1 Individual, Business, and Government Choices Describe how individuals, businesses and government make economic decisions when confronting scarcity in the market economy. Grades 6 & 7 7 - E1.1.2 Describe the circular flow model (that businesses get			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		money from households in exchange for goods and services and return that money to households by paying for the factors of production that households have to sell) and apply it to a public service (e.g., education, health care, military protection). E2 The National Economy Use economic concepts, terminology, and data to identify and describe how a national economy functions and to study the role of government as a provider of goods and services within a national			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		economy. E2.3 Role of Government Describe how national governments make decisions that affect the national economy 7 – E2.3.1 Explain how national governments make decisions that impact both that country and other countries that use its resources (e.g., sanctions and tariffs enacted by a national government to prevent imports, most favored trade agreements, the impact China is having on the global economy and the U.S. economy in particular). E3 International			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Economy Analyze reasons for individuals and businesses to specialize and trade, why individuals and businesses trade across international borders, and the comparisons of the benefits and costs of specialization and the resulting trade for consumers, producers, and governments. E3.1 Economic Interdependen ce Describe patterns and networks of economic interdependen			

unit En	during iderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		ce, including trade. 7 – E3.1.1 Explain the importance of trade (imports and exports) on national economies in the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., natural gas in North Africa, petroleum Africa, mineral resources in Asia). 7 – E3.1.2 Diagram or map the movement of a consumer product from where it is manufactured to where it is sold to demonstrate the flow of materials, labor, and capital (e.g., global supply chain for computers, athletic shoes, and clothing). E3.3 Economic Systems Describe how societies			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		organize to allocate resources to produce and distribute goods and services. 7 – E3.3.1 Explain and compare how economic systems (traditional, command, and market) answer four basic questions: What should be produced? How will it be produced? How will it be distributed? Who will receive the benefits of production? (e.g., market economies in Africa, Europe; command economy in North Korea; and the transition to market economies in Vietnam and China).			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
7: Civics, Governme nt, and Global Politics (Week 35, 3 Weeks)	How can a global perspective help me understand my world?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual	 Why do people institute different forms of governm ent? How do nations of the world interact? How can people address global problem s? 	civics and government cooperation forms of government freedom/liberty global problems international/regional organizations representative government rights of citizens sovereignty treaty	Equipment/Manipulative 12" X 18" white construction paper cut into 4" X 18" strips (1 strip per student needed) 6 large pieces of poster paper and 6 markers Computer with PowerPoint capability Global Investigator's Notebook Highlighters, one per student Tape Student Resource A student geography textbook such as Wiggins, Grant, et al. My World Geography: Boston, MA: Pearson, 2011, 104-109, 112-113, 606-611, 790-791. Teacher Resource 2014 U.S. Freedom in the World Scores for the United States. 23 September 2015 http://www.freedomhouse.org/report/freedom-world/2014/united-states-0#.U8h6oPldWm0.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior			Antarctica Treaty. 23 September 2015 http://www.antarctica.ac.uk/about antarctica/geopolitical/treaty/update 1959.php. Antarctica Treaty System. 23 September 2015 http://www.discoveringantarctica.org.uk/9 the treaty.php. The Antarctic Treaty (1959). British Antarctic Survey. 23 September 2015 http://www.antarctica.ac.uk/about antarctica/geopolitical/treaty/update_1959.php. Aurelius, Marcus. The Meditations. Trans. Long, George. The Internet Classics Archive. MIT. 23 September 2015 http://classics.mit.edu/Antoninus/meditations.1.one.html. The Constitution. 23 September 2015 http://www.usconstitution.net/gifs/docs/cpage1.jpg. Discovering Antarctica Image Gallery. 23 September 2015 http://www.discoveringantarctica.org.uk/photo_lib.html. Egbo, Carol. Supplemental Materials (Unit 7, Lessons 1-6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2015. PowerPoint (Unit 7, Lesson2 1-6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2015.

Unit En	during derstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas			Freedom in the World Fact Sheet. Freedom House. 23 September 2015 http://www.freedomhouse.org/report/overview-fact-sheet#.U8h4BvldWm2. Freedom in the World Report. Freedom House. 23 September 2015 http://www.freedomhouse.org/report/freedom-world-2014/release-booklet#.U8qeRvldWm0. "Government". About Saudi Arabia. Royal Embassy of Saudi Arabia.23 September 2015 http://www.saudiembassy.net/about/country-information/government/. How the EU works. European Union. 23 September 2015 http://europa.eu/about-eu/index en.htm. How we fight poverty. Oxfam International. 23 September 2015 https://www.oxfam.org/en/explore/how-oxfam-fights-poverty. Liberty. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Liberty. The Magna Carta. Enchanted Learning. 23 September 2015 http://www.enchantedlearning.com/history/uk/magnacarta/. The Magna Carta. National Archives and Records Administration. 23 September 2015

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently			http://www.archives.gov/exhibits/featured_documents/magna_carta/. Medecins Sans Frontieres. 23 September 2015 http://www.msf.org/about-msf. Miller, Daniel. Kim Jong-Un wins 're-election'. Daily Mail.com. 9 April 2014. 14 October 2014 North Atlantic Treaty Organization. 23 September 2015 http://www.nato.int/nato-welcome/index.html. Our vision and mission. International Red Cross. 23 September 2015 http://www.ifrc.org/en/who-we-are/vision-and-mission/. Overview Fact Sheet. Freedom House. 23 September 2015 http://www.freedomhouse.org/report/overview-fact-sheet#.U8h4BvldWm2. The Ramses-Hattusili Treaty. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ramses-Hattusili_Treaty#mediaviewer/File:%C3%84gy ptisch-Hethitischer_Friedensvertrag_Karnaktempel.jp g. Release Booklet. Freedom House. 23 September 2015

Overarch and Unit Enduring Understa ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			http://www.freedomhouse.org/report/freedomworld-2014/release-booklet#.U8qeRvldWm0. "Religious Freedom Gone Too Far? District Says Elementary Schooler Can Carry Knife to School Daily. Inquisitr. 24 Oct. 2014. 23 September 2015 http://www.inquisitr.com/1560953/religious-freedom-gone-too-far-district-says-elementary-schooler-can-carry-knife-to-school-daily/. Rights. Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy. 23 September 2015 http://plato.stanford.edu/entries/rights/. Territorial Claims on Antarctica. 23 September 2015 http://www.discoveringantarctica.org.uk/9 claims.php. United States Constitution. Article II, Section 2. 23 September 2015 http://constitution.findlaw.com/article2/annotation12.html. What we do. Organization of American States. 23 September 2015 http://www.oas.org/en/about/what we do.asp. What We Do. United Nations. 23 September 2015 http://www.oas.org/en/about/what we do.asp. What We Do. United Nations. 23 September 2015 http://www.un.org/en/sections/what-we-do/index.html>. Who We Are. Amnesty International. 20 April 2015 https://www.amnesty.org/en/who-we-are/.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend			World South Pole Lambert Azimuthal Equal Area Projection Map. Emapsworld. 9 Sept 2012. 23 September 2015 http://www.emapsworld.com/world-south-pole-lambert-azimuthal-equal-area-projection-map-black-and-white.html. "Why do some people hate the United Nations?" Quora. 23 September 2015 http://www.quora.com/Why-do-some-people-hate-the-United-Nations. Why Historical Thinking Matters. Historical Thinking Matters. Historical Thinking Matters. Historical Thinking Matters. Ocenter for History and New Media, George Mason University, and School of Education, Stanford University. 23 September 2015 http://historicalthinkingmatters.org/why/. Why the Developing World Needs and Wants Democracy. National Endowment for Democracy. 23 September 2015 http://www.ned.org/about/board/meet-our-president/archived-remarks-and-presentations/091203. World Health Organization. 23 September 2015 http://www.who.int/about/en/. World South Pole Lambert Azimuthal Equal Area Projection Map. 23 September 2015 http://www.emapsworld.com/world-south-pole-interior complex c

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family).			lambert-azimuthal-equal-area-projection-map.html. For Further Professional Knowledge De Blij, Harm. Why Geography Matters. New York, NY: Oxford Press, 2007. The Power of Place. New York, NY: Oxford Press, 2009. Fisher, Chris and Binns, Tony, editors. Issues in Geography Teaching. New York:NY: Routledge, 2000. Gersmehl, Phil. Teaching Geography. New York, NY: Guilford Press, 2008. Geography Framework for the 2010 National Assessment of Educational Progress. 23 September 2015 http://www.nagb.org/publications/frameworks/g framework2010.pdf Rischard, J.F. High Noon: 20 Global Problems, 20 Years to Solve Them. New York, NY: Basic Books, 2002. U.S. National Geography Standards. 23 September 2015 http://www.nationalgeographic.com/xpeditions/standards/10/index.html.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply			
		the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 6 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., the Caribbean Region that presently displays enduring impacts			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of different immigrant groups – Africans, South Asians, Europeans – and the differing contemporary points of view about the region displayed by islanders and tourists). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (control/use of natural resources, power,			

Unit End	during derstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		wealth, and cultural diversity). Civics & Government C1 Purposes of Government Analyze how people identify, organize, and accomplish the purposes of government. C1.1 Nature of Civic Life, Politics, and Government Describe Civic Life, Politics, and Government and explain their relationships. Grades 6 & 7 6 - C1.1.1 Analyze competing ideas about the purposes government should serve in a			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		democracy and in a dictatorship (e.g., protecting individual rights, promoting the common good, providing economic security, molding the character of citizens, or promoting a particular religion). C3 Structure and Functions of Government Describe the major activities of government, including making and enforcing laws, providing services and benefits to individuals and groups, assigning individual and collective responsibilities , generating revenue, and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		providing national security. C3.6 Characteristics of Nation-States Describe the characteristics of nation-states and how they may interact. 6 – C3.6.1 Define the characteristics of a nation-state (a specific territory, clearly defined boundaries, citizens, and jurisdiction over people who reside there, laws, and government), and how Western Hemisphere nations interact. 6 – C3.6.2 Compare and contrast a military dictatorship such as Cuba, a presidential system of representative			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		democracy such as the United States, and a parliamentary system of representative democracy such as Canada. C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.1 Explain the geopolitical relationships between countries (e.g., petroleum and arms purchases in Venezuela and Ecuador; foreign aid for health care in Nicaragua). 6 – C4.3.2 Explain the challenges to governments and the cooperation needed to address international issues in the Western Hemisphere (e.g., migration and human rights). 6 – C4.3.3 Give examples of how countries work together for			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		mutual benefits through international organizations (e.g. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Organization of American States (OAS), United Nations (UN)). Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P4.2 Citizen Involvement Act constructively to further the public good. 6 – P4.2.1 Demonstrate knowledge of how, when, and where individuals would plan and conduct activities intended to advance views in matters of public policy, report the results, and evaluate effectiveness. 6 – P4.2.2 Engage in			

Unit E	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	activities intended to contribute to solving a national or international problem studied.			
	7th Grade History H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. H1.4 Historical Understanding			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7			

Overard and Unit Endurin Unders ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7 – G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 7 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., that beaches are places where			

Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Understandi	tourists travel, cities have historic buildings, northern places are cold, equatorial places are very warm). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1 Identify and explain factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation	Questions		
		between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth). Civics & Government			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		C1 Purposes of Government Analyze how people identify, organize, and accomplish the purposes of government. C1.1 Nature of Civic Life, Politics, and Government Describe Civic Life, Politics, and Government and explain their relationships. Grades 6 & 7 7 - C1.1.1 Explain how the purposes served by government affect relationships between the individual, government, and society as a whole and the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		differences that occur in monarchies, theocracies, dictatorships, and representative governments. C3 Structure and Functions of Government Describe the major activities of government, including making and enforcing laws, providing services and benefits to individuals and groups, assigning individual and collective responsibilities , generating revenue, and providing national security. C3.6 Characteristics of Nation-			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		States Describe the characteristics of nationstates and how they may interact. 7 – C3.6.1 Define the characteristics of a nation-state (a specific territory, clearly defined boundaries, citizens, and jurisdiction over people who reside there, laws, and government) and how Eastern Hemisphere nations interact. C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy,			

Unit I	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both positively and negatively. 7 – C4.3.1 Explain how governments address national issues and form policies, and how the policies may not be consistent with those of other countries (e.g., population pressures in China compared to Sweden;			

unit Er	nduring nderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		international immigration quotas, international aid, energy needs for natural gas and oil and military aid). 7 – C4.3.2 Explain the challenges to governments and the cooperation needed to address international issues (e.g., migration and human rights). 7 – C4.3.3 Explain why governments belong to different types of international and regional organizations (e.g., United Nations (UN), North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), European Union			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(EU), and African Union (AU), G-8 countries (leading economic/political)). Economics E2 The National Economy Use economic concepts, terminology, and data to identify and describe how a national economy functions and to study the role of government as a provider of goods and services within a national economy. E2.3 Role of Government Describe how national governments make decisions that			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		affect the national economy 7 – E2.3.1 Explain how national governments make decisions that impact both that country and other countries that use its resources (e.g., sanctions and tariffs enacted by a national government to prevent imports, most favored trade agreements, the impact China is having on the global economy and the U.S. economy in particular). Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P4.2 Citizen Involvement Act constructively to further the public good.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – P4.2.1 Demonstrate knowledge of how, when, and where individuals would plan and conduct activities intended to advance views in matters of public policy, report the results, and evaluate effectiveness. 7 – P4.2.2 Engage in activities intended to contribute to solving a national or international problem studied. High School Civics & Government C1 Conceptual Foundations of Civic and Political Life 1.1 Nature of Civic Life, Politics, and Government Explain the meaning of civic life, politics, and			

Unit E	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	government through the investigation of such questions as: What is civic life? What are politics? What is government? What are the purposes of politics and government? 1.1.2 Explain and provide examples of the concepts "power," "legitimacy," "authority," and "sovereignty." 1.1.3 Identify and explain competing arguments about the necessity and purposes of government (such as to protect inalienable rights, promote the general welfare, resolve conflicts, promote equality,			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and establish justice for all). 1.2 Alternative Forms of Government Describe constitutional government and contrast it with other forms of government through the investigation of such questions as: What are essential characteristics of limited and unlimited government? What is constitutional government? What forms can a constitutional government take? 1.2.2 Explain the purposes and uses of constitutions in			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		defining and limiting government, distinguishing between historical and contemporary examples of constitutional governments that failed to limit power (e.g., Nazi Germany and Stalinist Soviet Union) and successful constitutional governments (e.g., contemporary Germany and United Kingdom). 1.2.3 Compare and contrast parliamentary, federal, confederal, and unitary systems of government by analyzing similarities and differences in sovereignty, diffusion of power, and institutional structure. C2 Origins and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Foundations of Government of the United States of America 2.1 Origins of American Constitutional Government (Note: Much of this content should have been an essential feature of students' 5th and 8th grade coursework. High School U.S. History and Geography teachers, however, revisit this in USHG Foundational Expectations 1.1, 1.2, and 2.1.) Explain the fundamental ideas and			

Unit E	Overarching and Enduring Jnderstandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		principles of American constitutional government and their philosophical and historical origins through investigation of such questions as: What are the philosophical and historical roots of the foundational values of American constitutional government? What are the fundamental principles of American constitutional government? 2.1.1 Explain the historical and philosophical origins of American constitutional government and evaluate the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		influence of ideas found in the Magna Carta, English Bill of Rights, Mayflower Compact, Iroquois Confederation, Northwest Ordinance, Virginia Statute for Religious Freedom, Declaration of Independence, Articles of Confederation, and selected Federalist Papers (such as the 10th, 14th, 51st), John Locke's Second Treatise, Montesquieu's Spirit of Laws, Paine's Common Sense. 2.1.3 Explain how the Declaration of Independence, Constitution and Bill of Rights reflected political principles of popular sovereignty, rule of law, checks and balances, separation of			

Unit I	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		powers, social compact, natural rights, individual rights, separation of church and state, republicanism and federalism. 2.2 Foundational Values and Constitutional Principles of American Government Explain how the American idea of constitutional government has shaped a distinctive American society through the investigation of such questions as: How have the fundamental values and principles of American constitutional			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		government shaped American society? 2.2.5 Use examples to investigate why people may agree on constitutional principles and fundamental values in the abstract, yet disagree over their meaning when they are applied to specific situations. C3 STRUCTURE AND Functions of Government in THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA 3.1 Structure, Functions, and Enumerated Powers of National Government Describe how the national			

Unit E	Overarching nd Induring Inderstandi	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		government is organized and what it does through the investigation of such questions as: What is the structure of the national government? What are the functions of the national government? What are its enumerated powers? 3.1.1 Analyze the purposes, organization, functions, and processes of the legislative branch as enumerated in Article I of the Constitution. 3.1.2 Analyze the purposes, organization, functions, and processes of the executive branch as enumerated in Article II of the Constitution.			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	3.1.5 Use case studies or examples to examine tensions between the three branches of government (e.g., powers of the purse and impeachment, advise and consent, veto power, and judicial review). 3.2 Powers and Limits on Powers Identify how power and responsibility are distributed, shared, and limited in American constitutional government through the investigation of such questions as: How are power and responsibility distributed, shared, and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		limited in the government established by the United States Constitution? 3.2.1 Explain how the principles of			
		enumerated powers, federalism, separation of powers, bicameralism, checks and balances, republicanism, rule of law, individual rights, inalienable rights, separation of church and state, and popular sovereignty serve to limit the power of government.			
		C4 The United States of America and World Affairs 4.1 Formation and Implementatio n of U.S. Foreign Policy Describe the			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	formation and implementation of U.S. foreign policy through such questions as: How is foreign policy formed and implemented in American constitutional government? 4.1.2 Describe the process by which United States foreign policy is made, including the powers the Constitution gives to the president; Congress and the judiciary; and the roles federal agencies, domestic interest groups, the public, and the media play in foreign policy. 4.2 U.S. Role in International Institutions and Affairs Identify the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		roles of the United States of America in international institutions and affairs through the investigation of such questions as: What is the role of the United States in international institutions and affairs? 4.2.1 Describe how different political systems interact in world affairs with respect to international issues. 4.2.4 Identify the purposes and functions of governmental and non- governmental international organizations, and the role of the United States in each (e.g., the United Nations,			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	NATO, World Court, Organization of American States, International Red Cross, Amnesty International). 5.3 Rights of Citizenship Identify the rights of citizenship by investigating the question: What are the personal, political, and economic rights of citizens in the United States? 5.3.1 Identify and explain personal rights (e.g., freedom of thought, conscience, expression, association, movement and residence, the right to privacy, personal autonomy, due process of law, free exercise of			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	religion, and equal protection of the law). 5.3.2 Identify and explain political rights (e.g., freedom of speech, press, assembly, and petition; and the right to vote and run for public office). 5.3.3 Identify and explain economic rights (e.g., the right to acquire, use, transfer, and dispose of property, choose one's work and change employment, join labor unions and professional associations, establish and operate a business, copyright protection, enter into lawful contracts, and just compensation for the taking of private property for public use).			

Overarching and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	5.3.4 Describe the relationship between personal, political, and economic rights and how they can sometimes conflict. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			

Social Studies



Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
1: An Introdu ction to World History (Week 1, 7 Weeks)	How can we know about the past?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions	 Why is it important to treat maps and "history" as accounts? How do historian s know and create accounts about the past? Why might historian s have different and sometimes conflicting versions of the same event? 	close-reading contextualizing corroborating event evidence framing geographic features historical argument historical problem history perspective primary sources representations /accounts secondary sources significance social institutions sourcing spatial scales temporal frames (time)	Equipment/Manipulative 11 x 17 inch paper A classroom amount of oranges or grapefruits Chart paper Lined paper Markers Overhead projector or Document Camera/Projector Permanent markers, one per student (or they can share) Student journal or notebook Student Resources A present-day map of the world. A student world history textbook such as Spielvogal, Jackson J., World History: Journey Across Time. Columbus, OH: Glencoe, 2008. Community Map. Online Maps. The Education Place. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt. 8 August 2012. Excerpt from: Cheyney, Edward P. An Introduction to the Industrial and Social History. Chautauqua, New York: The Chautauqua Press, 1910. 23 September 2015. http://books.google.com/books?id+MylwbO2NnCkC&pg=PA233&lpg =PA233&dq=%22Children+from+seven+years+of+age+upward+wer e+engaged+by+the+hundreds+form+London+and+the+other+large+ cities,+and+set+to+work+in+the+cotton+spinning+factories+of+the+ north.+Since+there+were+no+other+facilities+for+boarding+them,%

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret			22&source=bl&ots=k0VpP6_uDv&sig=iyidJvdiRCQmRSmBfhBzbhW U9FQ&hl=en&ei=_zU3Tf2DMcGB8qaUgg3YAw&sa=X&oi=book_res ult&ct=result&resnum=1&ved=0CBUQ6AEwAA#v=onepage&q&f=fal_se Islamic Calendar. Social Studies for Kids. 23 September 2015. http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/articles/religions/islamiccalendar_htm The Jewish Calendar. Social Studies for Kids. 23 September 2015. http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/articles/religions/jewishcalendar_htm Meyer, Peter. The Structure of the Chinese Calendar. 23 September 2015. http://www.hermetic.ch/cal_stud/chinese_cal.htm The Sadler Committee Report (1832). Hanover College History Department. 23 September 2015. http://history.hanover.edu/courses/excerpts/111sad.html World Continents Maps. Online Maps. The Education Place. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt. 23 September 2015. http://www.eduplace.com/ss/maps/pdf/world_cont.pdf Teacher Resources AP World Review Project. West Hills HS and Hercules HS. 23 September 2015. https://sites.google.com/a/wolfpackweb.net/apreview-09/topics/a6. Bloom, Amy, Kimberly Hase and Stacie Woodward. Supplemental Materials (Unit 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. Christian, David. Maps of Time. 23 September 2015. http://www.ucpress.edu/book.php?isbn=9780520244764 This Fleeting World: An Overview of Human History. Berkshire Publishing Group, 2005.

Unit E	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. 5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the			Getting Started. History, Geography, and Time. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/getting_started.php The Government of the Iroquois Nations. Nihewan Foundation. 2002. 8 August 2012. Hall, Loretta. Iroquois Confederacy. 23 September 2015. http://www.everyculture.com/multi/Ha-La/Iroquois-Confederacy.html Haudenosaunee (Iroquois) Indian Fact Sheet. Native Languages of America Website. 1998-2009. 23 September 2015. http://www.bigorrin.org/iroquois_kids.htm Holford-Strevens, Leofranc. The History of Time: A very Short Introduction. Oxford University Press, 2005. Introduction to Big Geography. Landscape Unit. 02. History, Geography, and Time. World History for Us All. 8 August 2012. Lewis, Martin and Karen E. Wigen, The Myth of Continents: A Critique of Metageography. © 1998 by the Regents of the University of California. Published by the University of California Press. UP Press Website: http://www.ucpress.edu/book.php?isbn=9780520207431. Available at http://nytimes.com/books/first/l/lewis-myth.html? r=1. (Requires registration) The Longhouse. 8 August 2012. Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons Peters Map vs. Mercator Projection. Atlas Rider. 23 September 2015. http://www.atlasrider.com/?p=265

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. RH.6-8.5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally). 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate			The Robinson Project. The Arthur H. Robinson Map Library. University of Wisconsin. 23 September 2015. http://www.geography.wisc.edu/maplib/robinson_projection.html Richards, E.G. Mapping Time: The Calendar and its History. Oxford University Press, 1998. Route of the Plague. 8 August 2012. "Why Historical Thinking Matters." Historical Thinking Matters. 23 September 2015. http://historicalthinkingmatters.org/why/. (Offers a module that illustrates HOW historians go about the work of historical inquiry. Based on conflicting sources on the Battle of Lexington.) World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 8 August 2012. World Index Map. National Geospatial Intelligence Agency. 23 September 2015. http://earth-info.nga.mil/GandG/coordsys/onlinedatum/indexmap.html World, Peters Projection Folded Map. Mapcenter.com. 23 September 2015. http://www.mapcenter.com/index.php?c=web2.43&product=ODT+WOR+PP+PO For Further Professional Knowledge Bain, Robert B. "Rounding Up Unusual Suspects: Facing the Authority Hidden in the History Classroom." Teachers College Record, 108, no. 10 (2006): 2080-2114. "Into the Breach: Using Research and Theory to Shape History Instruction." In Knowing. Teaching & Learning History: National and International Perspectives, edited by P. Stearns, P. Seixas, and S.Wineburg, 331-53. New York: New York University Press, 2000. 23 September 2015. http://www.worldhistory.pitt.edu/documents/Bain2000intothebreach.pdff

Overarch g and Unit Enduring Understa ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. 8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence. RH.6-8.8. Distinguish			Bentley, Jerry J. "Cross-Cultural Interaction and Periodization in World History," The American Historical Review, Vol. 101, No. 3 (June, 1996), pp. 749-770. This raises and addresses some fundamental questions about spatial scale and periodization in premodern world history that help connect some of the issues of this unit to the coming content in later units. Booth, Wayne C., Gregory G. Colomb, and Joseph M. Williams. The Craft of Research. 3rd edition. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2008. This text provides some really clear discussions on building arguments from evidence. Drake, Frederick D. and Sarah Drake Brown. A Systematic Approach to Improve Students' Historical Thinking. The History Teacher. 23 September 2015. http://www.historycooperative.org/journals/ht/36.4/drake.html Wineburg, Sam. "Historical Thinking and Other UnNatural Acts." Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 2001. This book examines issues concerning the teaching and learning of history. 23 September 2015. For a more detailed description, see http://www.temple.edu/tempress/titles/1518 reg.html. "Teaching the mind good habits." The Chronicle of Higher Education. Vol. 49, No.31, p. B2. 23 September 2015. (available at http://www.faculty.sfasu.edu/dubenaj/SFA101049/TeachingTheMind GoodHabits.pdf).

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text. 9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take. RH.6-8.9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend		
	complex literary and		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		informational texts independently and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	WHST.6-8.1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		task, purpose, and audience. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.			

Unit E	Overarchin g and Enduring Jnderstand ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. WHST.6-8.8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 6 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. 6 - H1.1.2 Compare and contrast several different calendar systems used in the past and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		present and their cultural significance (e.g., Olmec and Mayan calendar systems, Aztec Calendar Stone, Sun Dial, Gregorian calendar – B.C./A.D.; contemporary secular – B.C.E./C.E. Note: in 7th grade Eastern Hemisphere the Chinese, Hebrew, and Islamic/Hijri calendars are included). H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		gy, written language, education, family). 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 6 – G1.1.1 Describe how geographers use mapping to represent places and natural and human phenomena in the world. 6 – G1.1.2 Draw a sketch map from memory of the Western Hemisphere showing the major regions			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(Canada, United States, Mexico, Central America, South America, and Caribbean). G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., the Caribbean Region that presently displays enduring impacts of different immigrant groups – Africans, South Asians, Europeans – and the differing contemporary points of view about the region displayed by islanders and tourists). 7th Grade History			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Grade 6 & 7 7 – H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. 7 – H1.1.2 Compare and contrast several different calendar systems used in the past and present and their cultural significance (e.g., Sun Dial, Gregorian calendar – B.C./A.D.; contemporary secular – B.C.E./C.E.; Chinese, Hebrew, and Islamic/Hijri calendars). H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. 7 – H1.2.5 Describe how historians use methods of inquiry to identify cause effect relationships in history noting that many have multiple causes. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past.			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. 7 – G1.1.2 Draw an accurate sketch map from memory of the Eastern Hemisphere showing the major regions (Africa, Asia, Europe, Australia/Oceania, Antarctica). G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.2 Explain why maps of the same place may vary as a result of the cultural or historical background of the cartographer. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in		

Unit E	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 7 – G2.1.2 Use information from GIS, remote sensing and the World Wide Web to compare and contrast the surface features and vegetation of the continents of the Eastern Hemisphere. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., that beaches are places where tourists travel, cities have historic buildings, northern places are cold, equatorial places are very warm). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics, distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
2: Beginni ngs of Human Societie s (Week 8, 4 Weeks)	How can we know about the past?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6- 8	1. How do we learn about humans and human ancestor s in pre- historic times, before there	adaptation agriculture domestication evidence evolution foraging meta cognition migration Neolithic Era Paleolithic Era settlement social institutions	Equipment/Manipulative Butcher paper Markers Overhead projector, Document Camera, Computer and Projector or Whiteboard/ Student journal or notebook Tape Wall Maps

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and	was writing? 2. How and why did humanity spread across the earth? 3. How did the natural environm ent shape the ways people lived in the Paleolithi c Era? 4. How and why did many humans begin to shift from full-time foraging to living in settled villages?	specialization world history	World Atlases Student Resource Abbaymedia.com. Oldest Human Remains Found in Ethiopia. Abbay Media News. 23 September 2015. http://abbaymedia.com/News/?p=2912 "All About Mammoths and Mastadons: Human Interaction." Mammoths and Mastadons: Titans of the Ice Age. Field Museum of Chicago.23 September 2015. http://archive.fieldmuseum.org/mammoths/allaboutmammoths interaction 2.asp Any middle school world history textbook addressing beginnings of human society such as World History: Ancient Civilizations. Houghton Mifflin, 2012. Biomes Map. Map. 23 September 2015. http://www.marietta.edu/~biol/biomes/biomemap.htm The Cave of Chauvet-Pont-d'Arc. French Ministry of Culture and Communication. 23 September 2015. http://www.culture.gouv.fr/culture/arcnat/chauvet/en/ Christian, David. This Fleeting World: An Overview of Human History. Berkshire Publishing Group, 2005. Pp.9-12. Davies, Caroline. "Stone Age Toddlers May Have Had Art Lessons." The Guardian. September 29, 2001. 23 September 2015. http://www.guardian.co.uk/science/2011/sep/30/stone-age-toddlers-art-lessons Early Human Migration. Map. 23 September 2015. http://www.cobb.leon.k12.fl.us/walperf/This%20Week%20in%20Social%20Studies/Human%20Migration%20Map.jpg

Overard g and Unit Endurin Underst ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, or ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RH.6-8.3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes			Fournier, Teplyn. Skull Replica Photographs. University of Michigan Museum of Natural History. Fowler, Susanne. "Into the Stone Age with a Scalpel – A Dig with Clues to Early Urban Life." New York Times. September 7, 2011. 23 September 2015. thtp://www.nytimes.com/2011/09/08/world/europe/08iht-M08C-TURKEY-DIG.html?pagewanted=2& r=1 Glantz, Michelle, Rustam Suleymanov, Peter Hughes and Angela Schauber. Anghilak Cave, Uzbekistan: Documenting Neandertal Occupation at the Periphery. Antiquity Vol 77 No 295 March 2003. 23 September 2015. http://antiquity.ac.uk/projgall/glantz/glantz.html "Mysteries of Catal Hoyuk." Science Museum of Minnesota. 2003. 23 September 2015. http://www.smm.org/catal/top.php?visited=TRUE Prehistoric Children Finger-Painted on Cave Walls. History.com. 23 September 2015. http://www.history.com/news/2011/09/30/prehistoric-children-finger-painted-on-cave-walls/ Remixing Catalhoyuk. Çatalhöyük Research Project. University of California, Berkeley. 20 April 2012 Shreeve, Jamie. "Oldest Skeleton of Human Ancestor Found". Nationalgeographic.com. October 1, 2009. 23 September 2015. http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2009/10/091001-oldest-human-skeleton-ardi-missing-link-chimps-ardipithecus-ramidus.html Teacher Resource Becoming Human. Institute of Human Origins. 20 April 2012 www.becominghuman. Institute of Human Origins. 20 April 2012

Unit g U	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	law, how interest rates are raised or lowered). Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas			http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/two/panorama/02_panorama.pdf "Big Era Three." World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era3.php Bloom, Amy, Kimberly Hase, Darin Stockdill, and Stacie Woodward. Supplemental Materials (Unit 2). Teacher-made material. Oakland Schools, 2012. Christian, David. This Fleeting World: An Overview of Human History. Berkshire Publishing Group 2005. Gallery of Archeology. Lithic Casting Lab. 23 September 2015. http://lithiccastinglab.com/gallerypage.htm Gheorghiu, Dragos. Early Farmers, Late Foragers, and Ceramic Traditions: On the Beginning of Pottery in the Near East and Europe. 2009. Halsall, Paul. "Human Origins." Internet Ancient History Sourcebook. Fordham University. 23 September 2015. http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/ancient/asbook02.html "History of the World in Seven Minutes." World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/movies/flash_large.php The Human Spark. Narrated by Alan Alda. PBS. 2012. 23 September 2015. http://www.pbs.org/wnet/humanspark Macaulay, David. Motel of the Mysteries. Graphia Books, 1979. McCarter, Susan. Neolithic. Routledge, 2007.

g a Unit En Ur	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently			Milisauskas, Sarunas. Early Neolithic Settlement and Society at Olszanica (Memoirs of the Museum of Anthropology). University of Michigan, 1986. Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons The Origins of Agriculture. The University of Sheffield. 23 September 2015. http://aps.group.shef.ac.uk/apsrtp/aps-rtp-2010/kluyver-thomas/project.html Rhode, D. "Epipaleolithic / early Neolithic settlements at Qinghai Lake, western China." Journal of Archaeological Science, 2007. The Teaching of Evolution in the Schools. National Science Teachers Association. Official Position. 23 September 2015. http://www.nsta.org/about/positions/evolution.aspx Towrie, Sigurd Skara Brae, The Discovery of the Village. Orkneyjar. The Heritage of the Orkney Islands. 1996-2012. 20 April 2012. Understanding Evolution. University of California Museum of Paleontology. 23 September 2015. http://evolution.berkeley.edu/ "What Does it Mean to Be Human?" Smithsonian Museum of National History. 23 September 2015. http://humanorigins.si.edu/ For Further Professional Knowledge Bain, Robert B. "Building an Essential World History Tool," in Teaching World History: A Resource Book. Armonk, NY: M.E. Sharpe, 1997 "Rounding Up Unusual Suspects: Facing the Authority Hidden in the History Classroom." Teachers College Record, 108, no. 10 (2006): 2080-2114.

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and			"Into the Breach: Using Research and Theory to Shape History Instruction." In Knowing. Teaching & Learning History: National and International Perspectives, edited by P. Stearns, P. Seixas, and S.Wineburg, 331-53. New York: New York University Press, 2000. 23 September 2015. http://www.worldhistory.pitt.edu/documents/Bain2000intothebreach.pdf Clottes, Jean. Return to Chauvet Cave: Excavating the Birthplace of Art – The First Full Report. Thames & Hudson Ltd, 2003. Dunbar, R. "The Social Brain: Mind, Language, and Society in Evolutionary Perspective," Annual Review of Anthropology, Vol. 32 (2003), pp. 163-181 Fagan, Brian. World prehistory: A brief introduction. Brown Little, 1979. In the beginning: An introduction to archaeology. HarperCollins Publishers, 1991. Gamble, C. "Kinship and Material Culture: Archaeological Implications of the Human Global Diaspora" in Allen et al. (eds.) Early Human Kinship (Oxford: Blackwell, 2008) Lee, Peter J. "Putting principles into practice: understanding history." How students learn history in the classroom. Eds. M. Suzanne Donovan, John D. Bransford and National Research Council. Washington, D.C.: The National Academies Press, 2005. 31-78 Miner, Horace. Body Ritual among the Nacirema. American Anthropologist, New Series, Vol. 58, No. 3 (June 1956). 23 September 2015. http://www.jstor.org/pss/665280 M. Sahlins, "The Original Affluent Society," in Stone Age Economics (1972). In this classic study, Sahlins questions earlier portrayals of life in hunter/gatherer societies as desperate and impoverished and shows that they actually had to do less work to sustain themselves than agricultural societies.

Unit Er	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or			Spradley, James & Michael Rynkiewich. The Nacirema: readings on American culture. Brown Little, 1975. Whitley, David S. Cave Paintings and the Human Spirit: The Origin of Creativity and Belief. Prometheus Books, 2009. Wineburg, Sam. "Historical Thinking and Other UnNatural Acts." Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 2001. This book examines issues concerning the teaching and learning of history. 23 September 2015. For a more detailed description, see thttp://www.temple.edu/tempress/titles/1518 reg.html "Teaching the mind good habits." The Chronicle of Higher Education. Vol. 49, No.31, p. B2. 23 September 2015. (available at thttp://www.faculty.sfasu.edu/dubenai/SFA101049/TeachingTheMind GoodHabits.pdf).

Unit I	Overarchin g and Enduring Jnderstand ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of disciplinespecific tasks, purposes, and audiences. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 6 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 6 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W1 WHG Era 1 – The Beginings of Human Society: Beginings to 4000 B.C.E./B.C. Explain the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		basic features and differences between hunter-gatherer societies and pastoral nomads. Analyze and explain the geographic, environmental, biological, and cultural processes that influenced the rise of the earliest human communities, the migration and spread of people throughout the world, and the causes and consequences of the growth of agriculture. W1.1 Peopling of the Earth Describe the spread of			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		people in the Western Hemisphere in Era 1. 6 – W1.1.1 Describe the early migrations of people among Earth's continents (including the Berringa Land Bridge). 6 – W1.1.2 Examine the lives of hunting and gathering people during the earliest eras of human society (tools and weapons, language, fire). W1.2 Agricultural Revolution Describe the Agricultural Revolution and explain why it is a turning point in history. 6 – W1.2.1 Describe the transition from			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		hunter gatherers to sedentary agriculture (domestication of plants and animals). Geography G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 6 – G2.1.1 Describe the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., the Caribbean Region that presently displays enduring impacts of different immigrant groups – Africans, South Asians, Europeans – and the differing contemporary points of view about the region displayed by			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		islanders and tourists). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 6 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems and explain why some are more attractive for humans to use than are others (e.g., mid-latitude forest in North America, high latitude of Peru, tropical forests in Honduras, fish or marine vegetation in coastal zones). 7th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 7 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W1 WHG Era 1 – The Beginings of			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Human Society: Beginings to 4000 B.C.E./B.C. Explain the basic features and differences between hunter- gatherer societies and pastoral nomads. Analyze and explain the geographic, environmental, biological, and cultural processes that influenced the rise of the earliest human communities, the migration and spread of people throughout the world, and the causes and consequences		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of the growth of agriculture. W1.1 Peopling of the Earth Describe the spread of people in the Western Hemisphere in Era 1. 7 – W1.1.1 Explain how and when human communities populated major regions of the Eastern Hemisphere (Africa, Australia, Europe, Asia) and adapted to a variety of environments. 7 – W1.1.2 Explain what archaeologists have learned about Paleolithic and Neolithic patterns of living in Africa, Western Europe, and Asia. W1.2 Agricultural Revolution			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Describe the Agricultural Revolution and explain why it is a turning point in history. 7 – W1.2.1 Explain the importance of the natural environment in the development of agricultural settlements in different locations (e.g., available water for irrigation, adequate precipitation, and suitable growth season). 7 – W1.2.2 Explain the impact of the Agricultural Revolution (stable food supply, surplus, population growth, trade, division of labor, development of settlements). W2 WHG Era 2 – Early			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Civilizations and Cultures and the Emergence of Pastoral Peoples, 4000 to 1000 B.C.E./B.C. Describe and differentiate defining characteristics of early civilization and pastoral societies, where they emerged, and how they spread. W2.1 Early Civilizations and Early Pastoral Societies Describe the characteristics of early Western Hemisphere civilizations and pastoral societies.		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – W2.1.1 Describe the importance of the development of human language, oral and written, and its relationship to the development of culture • verbal vocalizations • standardization of physical (rock, bird) and abstract (love, fear) words • pictographs to abstract writing (governmental administration, laws, codes, history and artistic expressions) Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making.		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 7 - G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers and climate regions of the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Eastern Hemisphere. 7 – G1.2.5 Use information from modern technology such as Geographic Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and satellite remote sensing to locate information and process maps and data to analyze spatial patterns of the Eastern Hemisphere to answer geographic questions. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Analyze the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 7 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		perception of places and regions (e.g., that beaches are places where tourists travel, cities have historic buildings, northern places are cold, equatorial places are very warm). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 7 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems of a continent and explain why some provide greater opportunities (fertile soil, precipitation) for humans to use than do other ecosystems and how that changes with technology (e.g., China's			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		humid east and arid west and the effects of irrigation technology). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 7 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., the location of the world's mega cities, other cities located near coasts and navigable rivers, regions under environmental stress such as the Sahel). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Officers. All rights reserved.		,	
3: Early Civilizat ions and Pastoral Peoples (Week 12, 5 Weeks)	How did humans organize and interact within and across societies?	MI: English Language Arts 6-12 MI: Grade 7 Speaking & Listening Comprehensio n and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.7.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	1. How did geograph y shape the way in which people lived in various world zones during Era 2? 2. How and why did civilizatio ns develop during Era 2? 3. What new problems and solutions emerged from living in civilizatio ns during Era 2? 4. What role did cultural diffusion play	cities civilization conflict and cooperation cultural diffusion evidence geographic luck intensification nomadic pastoralism power and authority river valley civilizations social hierarchy specialization technology world zones writing	Equipment/Manipulative Butcher paper or Chart paper Computer with Internet access and PowerPoint Markers Overhead projector, Document Camera, SmartBoard or Computer and Projector Paper for notes Student journal or notebook Tape Whiteboard or Chalkboard Student Resource "Activity Sheet 1: A quick background on Hieroglyphs and scribes followed by an exercise to decipter a heiroglyphic message." Egypt. 23 September 2015. http://www.internal.schools.net.au/edu/lesson_ideas/egypt/src/mock_up/egypt_actsht1_p1.html "Ancient Civilizations of the Old World. Princeton University. 23 September 2015. http://qed.princeton.edu/getfile.php?f=Ancient_Civilizations_of_the_Old_World_3500_to_after_600_BCE.jpg Ancient China. Mr. Marks's VI's Grade Page. 19 December 2012 Ancient Egypt Geography. The British Museum. 23 September 2015. http://www.ancientegypt.co.uk/geography/home.html

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		discussions (one- on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.7.1a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. SL.7.1b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. SL.7.1c. Pose questions that elicit elaboration	during Era 2?		Ancient Egypt. The British Museum. 1999. 23 September 2015. http://www.ancientegypt.co.uk/ Ancient Egypt. Wikipedia.org. 23 September 2015. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ancient Egypt#Daily life Ancient Mesopotamia: The Invention of Writing. Teacher Resource Center. The Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago. 19 23 September 2015. http://oi.uchicago.edu/OI/MUS/ED/TRC/MESO/writing.html Ashe, Mark. "Start of Civilization." Ithaca High School, NY. 23 September 2015. http://www.icsd.k12.ny.us/legacy/highschool/socstud/global2_review/start_of_civilization.htm "The Development of Writing." Writing. The British Museum. 23 September 2015. http://www.mesopotamia.co.uk/writing/story/sto_set.html Family Structure in Ancient Egypt. All About Egypt. 19 December 2012 "Farming and the Emergence of Complex Societies." PowerPoint Presentation. Panorama Unit 3. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/three/panorama/slides/Era03.ppt History for Kids: Irrigation. Kidipede. 23 September 2015. http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/economy/farming/irrigation.htm "Life in Mesopotamia." Ancient Mesopotamia. This History, Our History. University of Chicago. 23 September 2015. http://mesopotamia.lib.uchicago.edu/mesopotamialife/index.php

Unit g U	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. SL.7.1d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views. Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to			Mesopotamia. The British Museum. 23 September 2015. http://www.mesopotamia.co.uk/ Mesopotamian Geography. The British Museum. 23 September 2015. http://www.mesopotamia.co.uk/geography/home_set.html NTI Launch. The History of Human Achievement in 3 Minutes. 23 September 2015. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VJILUAWPe20 Potters of San Marcos The Clay and the Pot. YouTube. 23 September 2015. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Br7t2k5fKnQ "The Steppe Nomads." World History. Kids Past. 23 September 2015. http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0233-steppe-nomads.php Student Encyclopedia. Britannica Kids. 23 September 2015. http://kids.britannica.com/comptons/article-205633/nomad Yellow River Valley Civilization. The River Valley Civilization Guide. 19 December 2012 Teacher Resource Ancient Sumer – Early Pioneers. Mr. Donn.org. 23 September 2015. http://mesopotamia.mrdonn.org/sumer.html "Animals of the Nomads." Lesson Plan. Xpeditions. National Geographic. 23 September 2015. http://www.nationalgeographic.com/xpeditions/lessons/12/g68/anima Inomad.html Art of Asia: Shang Dynasty. History and Maps. Minneapolis Institute of Arts. 19 December 2012

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		task, purpose, and audience. SL.7.4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text			"The Beginning of Agriculture. 9000 – 500 BCE." The Historical Atlas. 19 December 2012 http://www.whatisencyclopedia.com/atlas/the-historical-atlas-the-beginning-of-agriculture-9000-500-bce.html "Big Era 3: Farming and the Emergence of Complex Societies." World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era3.php "Big Era Three: Farming and the Emergence of Complex Societies." World History for Us All. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/three/panorama/03 panora ma.pdf (This unit provides some good background information on Egypt and Mesopotamia and is also the source of the documents used in this lesson.) "Chariots in Ancient Egypt." Ancient Egypt Online. 23 September 2015. http://www.ancientegyptonline.co.uk/chariots.html Chariot Spread. LaSalle University. 23 September 2015. http://www.lasalle.edu/~mcinneshin/wk05/images/NEWChariot spre ad.png "Chinese Dynasty Guide: Shang Dynasty." The Art of Asia. Minneapolis Institute of Arts. 23 September 2015. http://www.artsmia.org/art-of-asia/history/dynasty-shang.cfm Christian, David. "Inner Eurasia as a Unit of World History," Journal of World History, vol. 5, no. 2, p. 195 (1994). 23 September 2015. http://www.uhpress.hawaii.edu/journals/jwh/jwh052p173.pdf Maps of Time. Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press, 2004. (Many of the larger trends in Era II are discussed in Chapters 8 and 9. See p. 248 for a discussion on the term "civilization.")

g a Unit En	during	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a			Barrington, MA: Berkshire Publishing Group, 2007. (See Chapter 2, "Acceleration: The Agrarian Era." Much of what is discussed in Maps of Time is discussed more concisely here.) "Code of Hammurabi." Ancient History Sourcebook. Fordham University. 23 September 2015. http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/ancient/hamcode.asp Cohn-Haft, Louis. Source Readings in Ancient History, Vol. 1 (New York: T.Y. Crowell, 1965), 66-68; 79-81; 89-91; 96-97. Some of the language has been simplified by Anne Chapman. In http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/three/landscape/03_landscape3.pdf Accessed 23 September 2015. Diamond, Jared. Guns, Germs, and Steel – The fates of human societies. New York: W.W. Norton & Co., 1999. Documents in World History. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall. 23 September 2015. http://www.uncp.edu/home/rwb/World. History. Documents.pdf (A useful source of other primary documents from Era II and beyond). "The Early Formative, 2000 BC – 1200 BC." Interamericana. 18 December 2012 "Egypt Lesson Plan 1: Hieroglyphs and Communication." Egypt's Golden Empire. PBS. 2006. 23 September 2015. http://www.pbs.org/empires/egypt/pdf/lesson1.pdf Electronic Text Corpus of Sumerian Literature. Faculty of Oriental Studies, University of Oxford. 24 Oct. 2006. 23 September 2015. http://etcsl.orinst.ox.ac.uk/ Farming and the Emergence of Complex Societies. Landscape Teaching Unit 3.3. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related			http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/three/landscape/03_landscape3.pdf (Provides an excellent introduction to many of the big trends and ideas throughout Era II and more ideas for lessons about River Valley Civilizations and has useful source documents for studying Era II.) The Great Bronze Age of China: An Exhibition from the People's Republic of China at The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York. Asia for Educators. 23 September 2015. http://afe.easia.columbia.edu/special/china_4000bce_bronze.htm Gugliotta, Guy. "Earliest Urban Society in America Found at Peruvian Sites Cities Occupied By 3000 BC." Washington Post. Thursday, December 23, 2004; Page A08. Guns, Germs, and Steel. PBS. Lion Television 2005. 23 September 2015. http://www.pbs.org/gunsgermssteel/ "History of Africa – 1500 BC." Time Maps. 18 December 2012 http://www.timemaps.com/history/africa-1500bc/ "Hunters and Gatherers." Threads of History. 8 August 2009. 23 September 2015. http://threadsofhistory.blogspot.com/2009/08/hunters-and-gatherers.html Hyksos. Ancient Egypt Online. 23 September 2015. http://www.ancientegyptonline.co.uk/hyksos.html Irrigation Systems, Ancient. The Water Encyclopedia. 23 September 2015. http://www.waterencyclopedia.com/Hy-La/Irrigation-Systems-Ancient.html#ixzzz1zl2uGlWm Johnson, Jean Elliott and Donald James Johnson. The Human Drama. Princeton, NJ: Wiener, Markus Pub., Inc. 2000, pp. 83-131 (See Act III, Johnson and Johnson provide a good description of the history of pastoral people during this era. They supply intriguing quotations from sources of the Era along with useful maps.)

Overarc g and Unit Endurin Underst ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	to history/social studies. 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.			McNeill, J.R. and McNeill, William. The Human Web. New York: W. W. Norton and Co., 2003 (See pp. 43-54 for more background information on early civilizations.) "Migrations and Militarism across Afroeurasia, 2000-1000 BC/BCE." World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/three/landscape/03 landscape4.pdf (A teaching unit with ideas for extension activities and other primary and secondary source materials). Nulton, Peter E. The Eastern Mediterranean in the Late Bronze Age. 23 September 2015. http://peternulton.com/images/eastern mediterranean late bronzeage.jpg. Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons "Population Growth." Humans and their environment. Science. GCSE Bitesize. BBC. 23 September 2015. The Rillaton Gold Cup. The British Museum. 23 September 2015. http://www.britishmuseum.org/explore/highlights/highlight_objects/pe_prb/t/the_rillaton_gold_cup.aspx "Shang and Zhou Dynasties: The Bronze Age of China." Heilbrunn Timeline of Art History. The Metropolitan Museum of Art. 23 September 2015. ://www.metmuseum.org/toah/hd/shzh/hd_shzh.htm Stockdill, Darin and Stacie Woodward "Early Civilizations The Why of the Where." PowerPoint Presentation. (Unit 3, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. "Interaction in Era 2 – Conflict and Cooperation" PowerPoint (Unit 3, Lesson 7). Teacher made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012.

Unit Er Ur	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. 9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take. RH.6-8.9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity			"The Human Story Outside of Afroeurasia – Historical Patterns in Different World Zones." PowerPoint (Unit 3, Lesson 8). Teacher made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. Supplemental Materials (Unit 3, Lesson 1-3, 6-8). Teachermade materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. "Technological Improvements, Era 2: 4000 – 1000 BCE." PowerPoint (Unit 3, Lesson 6). Teacher made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. Stokes Brown, Cynthia. Big History. New York: The New Press, 2007. (Chapter 6 deals specifically with Era II. Provides great background information on the development of cities in Afroeurasia.). The Stone, Bronze, and Iron Age. Essential Humanities. 23 September 2015. http://www.essential-humanities.net/world-history/the-stone-bronze-and-iron-ages/ "Story: Pacific Migrations." Encyclopedia of New Zealand. 23 September 2015. http://www.teara.govt.nz/en/pacific-migrations/3 Sumarian Shakespeare. 19 December 2012 "Timeline of Ancient Egypt." Egypt, Secrets of an Ancient World. National Geographic. 23 September 2015. http://www.nationalgeographic.com/pyramids/timeline.html "Tut's Chariot on its way to New York." The History Blog. 23 September 2015. http://www.thehistoryblog.com/archives/6918 Uluburun. Uluburun Shipwreck Web Site. 23 September 2015. http://sara.theellisschool.org/shipwreck/ Uluburun, Turkey. Institute of Nautical Archaeology. 19 December 2012

Unit	⊢naurina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.			Woodward, Stacie and Darin Stockdill. Supplemental Materials (Unit 3, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. "River Valley Civilizations" PowerPoint Presentation. (Unit 3, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. Supplemental Materials (Unit 3, Lesson 4). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. "Exploring the development of writing, laws, and central authority in early civilizations." PowerPoint (Unit 3, Lesson 4). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2012. World History for Us All. Glossary. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/shared/glossary.htm For Further Professional Knowledge Bain, Robert B. "Building an Essential World History Tool," in Teaching World History: A Resource Book. Armonk, NY: M.E. Sharpe, 1997 "Rounding Up Unusual Suspects: Facing the Authority Hidden in the History Classroom." Teachers College Record, 108, no. 10 (2006): 2080-2114. "Into the Breach: Using Research and Theory to Shape History Instruction." In Knowing. Teaching & Learning History: National and International Perspectives, edited by P. Stearns, P. Seixas, and S.Wineburg, 331-53. New York: New York University Press, 2000. 23 September 2015. http://www.worldhistory.pitt.edu/documents/Bain2000intothebreach.pdf Braudel, Fernand . Civilization and Capitalism, 15th-18th Century (New York: Harper & Row, 1982), Chapter 1. Lee, Peter J. "Putting principles into practice: understanding history." How students learn history in the classroom. Eds. M. Suzanne

Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. WHST.6-8.1a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. WHST.6-8.1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. WHST.6-8.1c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims,			Donovan, John D. Bransford and National Research Council. Washington, D.C.: The National Academies Press, 2005. 31-78 Miner, Horace. Body Ritual among the Nacirema. American Anthropologist, New Series, Vol. 58, No. 3 (June 1956). 23 September 2015. http://www.jstor.org/pss/665280 Spradley, James & Michael Rynkiewich. The Nacirema: readings on American culture. Brown Little, 1975. Whitley, David S. Cave Paintings and the Human Spirit: The Origin of Creativity and Belief. Prometheus Books, 2009. Wineburg, Sam. "Historical Thinking and Other UnNatural Acts." Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 2001. This book examines issues concerning the teaching and learning of history. 23 September 2015. For a more detailed description, see http://www.temple.edu/tempress/titles/1518_reg.html "Teaching the mind good habits." The Chronicle of Higher Education. Vol. 49, No.31, p. B2. 23 September 2015. (available at http://www.faculty.sfasu.edu/dubenaj/SFA101049/TeachingTheMind GoodHabits.pdf

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		reasons, and evidence. WHST.6-8.1d. Establish and maintain a formal style. WHST.6-8.1e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 2. Write informative/ex planatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. WHST.6-8.2. Write informative/expla natory texts,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. WHST.6-8.2a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. WHST.6-8.2b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		WHST.6-8.2c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. WHST.6-8.2d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. WHST.6-8.2e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self- generated question), drawing on			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time		
		SHOLLER WILLE		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of disciplinespecific tasks, purposes, and audiences. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 6 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		activities over time. H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 6 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved,		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 6 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 6 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W1 WHG Era 1 – The Beginings of Human Society: Beginings to 4000 B.C.E./B.C. Explain the basic features and differences			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		between hunter- gatherer societies and pastoral nomads. Analyze and explain the geographic, environmental, biological, and cultural processes that influenced the rise of the earliest human communities, the migration and spread of people throughout the world, and the causes and consequences of the growth of agriculture. W1.1 Peopling of the Earth Describe the spread of people in the Western			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Hemisphere in Era 1. 6 – W1.1.2 Examine the lives of hunting and gathering people during the earliest eras of human society (tools and weapons, language, fire). W1.2 Agricultural Revolution Describe the Agricultural Revolution and explain why it is a turning point in history. 6 – W1.2.2 Describe the importance of the natural environment in the development of agricultural settlements in different locations (e.g., available water for irrigation, adequate precipitation, and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		suitable growing season). 6 – W1.2.3 Explain the impact of the Agricultural Revolution (stable food supply, surplus, population growth, trade, division of labor, development of settlements). W2 WHG Era 2 – Early Civilizations and Cultures and the Emergence of Pastoral Peoples, 4000 to 1000 B.C.E./B.C. Describe and differentiate defining characteristics of early civilization and pastoral societies, where they emerged, and how they			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	spread. W2.1 Early Civilizations and Early Pastoral Societies Describe the characteristics of early Western Hemisphere civilizations and pastoral societies. 6 – W2.1.1 Explain how the environment favored hunter gatherer, pastoral, and small scale agricultural ways of life in different parts of the Western Hemisphere. 6 – W2.1.2 Describe how the invention of agriculture led to the emergence of agrarian civilizations (seasonal harvests, specialized			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		crops, cultivation, and development of villages and towns). 6 – W2.1.3 Use multiple sources of evidence to describe how the culture of early peoples of North America reflected the geography and natural resources available (e.g., Inuit of the Arctic, Kwakiutl of the Northwest Coast; Anasazi and Apache of the Southwest). 6 – W2.1.4 Use evidence to identify defining characteristics of early civilizations and early pastoral nomads (government, language, religion, social structure, technology, and division of labor). W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and Major			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations and empires that emerged during this era, noting their political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica and Andean South America and the subsequent			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region. (Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in Mesoamerica and South America. 6 – W3.1.1 Analyze the role of environment in the development of early empires, referencing both useful environmental features and those that presented obstacles. 6 – W3.1.2 Explain the role of economics in shaping the development of early civilizations			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(trade routes and their significance – Inca Road, supply and demand for products). Geography G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 6 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		on the Earth's surface. 6 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems and explain why some are more attractive for humans to use than are others (e.g., mid-latitude forest in North America, high latitude of Peru, tropical forests in Honduras, fish or marine vegetation in coastal zones). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Earth's cultural mosaic. 6 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Americas (e.g., baseball, soccer, music, architecture, television, languages, health care, Internet, consumer brands, currency, restaurants, international migration). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 6 – G4.3.1 Identify places in the Western Hemisphere that have been modified to be suitable for settlement by describing the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		modifications that were necessary (e.g., Vancouver in Canada; irrigated agriculture; or clearing of forests for farmland).		
		6 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., coastal and river cities and towns in the past and present, locations of megacities – modern cities over 5 million, such as Mexico City, and patterns of agricultural settlements in South and North America). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation		
		among people influence the division of the		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (control/use of natural resources, power, wealth, and cultural diversity). G5 Environment and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		physical features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment and how physical systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the Environment Describe how human actions modify the environment. 6 – G5.1.3 Identify the ways in which humaninduced changes in the physical environment in one place can cause changes in other places (e.g., cutting forests in one region may result in river basin flooding elsewhere;			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	ings	building a dam floods land upstream and may permit irrigation in another region). 7th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary		
		life can be		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past.			
		Grade 6 & 7 7 – H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time.			
		H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources			
		to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. 7 – H1.2.5 Describe how historians use methods of inquiry to identify cause effect relationships in history noting that many have multiple causes. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W1 WHG Era 1 – The Beginings of Human Society: Beginings to 4000 B.C.E./B.C. Explain the basic features and differences between hunter-gatherer societies and pastoral nomads. Analyze and			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	explain the geographic, environmental, biological, and cultural processes that influenced the rise of the earliest human communities, the migration and spread of people throughout the world, and the causes and consequences of the growth of agriculture. W1.1 Peopling of the Earth Describe the spread of people in the Western Hemisphere in Era 1. 7 – W1.1.1 Explain how and when human communities populated major regions of the Eastern			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Hemisphere (Africa, Australia, Europe, Asia) and adapted to a variety of environments. 7 – W1.1.2 Explain what archaeologists have learned about Paleolithic and Neolithic patterns of living in Africa, Western Europe, and Asia. W1.2 Agricultural Revolution Describe the Agricultural Revolution and explain why it is a turning point in history. 7 – W1.2.1 Explain the importance of the natural environment in the development of agricultural settlements in different locations (e.g., available water for		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		irrigation, adequate precipitation, and suitable growth season). 7 – W1.2.2 Explain the impact of the Agricultural Revolution (stable food supply, surplus, population growth, trade, division of labor, development of settlements). 7 – W1.2.3 Compare and contrast the environmental, economic, and social institutions of two early civilizations from different world regions (e.g., Yangtse, Indus River Valley, Tigris/Euphrates, and Nile). W2 WHG Era 2 – Early Civilizations and Cultures and the Emergence of			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Pastoral Peoples, 4000 to 1000 B.C.E./B.C. Describe and differentiate defining characteristics of early civilization and pastoral societies, where they emerged, and how they spread. W2.1 Early Civilizations and Early Pastoral Societies Describe the characteristics of early Western Hemisphere civilizations and pastoral societies. 7 – W2.1.1 Describe the importance of the development of human language,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		oral and written, and its relationship to the development of culture • verbal vocalizations • standardization of physical (rock, bird) and abstract (love, fear) words • pictographs to abstract writing (governmental administration, laws, codes, history and artistic expressions) 7 – W2.1.2 Use historical and modern maps and other sources to locate, describe, and analyze major river systems and discuss the ways these physical settings supported permanent settlements, and development of early civilizations (Tigris and Euphrates Rivers, Yangtze			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		River, Nile River, Indus River). 7 – W2.1.3 Examine early civilizations to describe their common features (ways of governing, stable food supply, economic and social structures, use of resources and technology, division of labor and forms of communication). 7 – W2.1.4 Define the concept of cultural diffusion and how it resulted in the spread of ideas and technology from one region to another (e.g., plants, crops, plow, wheel, bronze metallurgy). 7 – W2.1.5 Describe pastoralism and explain how the climate and geography of Central Asia were linked to the rise			

of pastoral societies on the steppes. Geography	Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their			societies on the steppes. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 7 - G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers and climate regions of the Eastern Hemisphere. 7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of			

Unit Enduring Understand ings Gand Enduring Understand ings Standards / Content Essential / Focus Questions Key Concepts / Vocabulary Resources Resources	
physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical	

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 7 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions).			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban migration in China, increased farming of fish, hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing and automobiles). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 7 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems of a continent and explain why			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		some provide greater opportunities (fertile soil, precipitation) for humans to use than do other ecosystems and how that changes with technology (e.g., China's humid east and arid west and the effects of irrigation technology). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 7 – G4.3.1 Identify places in the Eastern Hemisphere that have been modified to be suitable for settlement by describing the modifications that were necessary (e.g., Nile River irrigation, reclamation of land along the North Sea,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		planting trees in areas that have become desertified in Africa). 7 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., the location of the world's mega cities, other cities located near coasts and navigable rivers, regions under environmental stress such as the Sahel). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1 Identify and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		explain factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
4: The Rise of Classic al Empires and (Era 3) (Week 17, 4 Weeks)	What factors lead to the develop ment of empires, and how did governm ent, technolo gy, culture, and human interacti	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6- 8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details	1. Why did some civilizatio ns develop into large-scale empires while others did not? 2. How and why did changes in social institution	bureaucracy collective learning cultural diffusion democracy empire / emperor leadership militarism monarchy non-examples philosophy power and authority religious tolerance	Equipment/Manipulative Computer with projector PowerPoint Poster paper and markers to make signs LCD/Overhead Projector Sticky notes Student Resource History and Science for Kids. Kidipede. 23 September 2015. http://www.historyforkids.org/ "Iron Age." Mankind The Story of All of Us. History Channel. A& E Television Networks. 28 March 2013.

Unit		Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	on change in this age of empire?	1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.	s change how people lived in large-scale empires? 3. How did empires change exchang es between peoples across large expanse s of territory? 4. How did the emergen ce of world religions both influence and reflect the rise of empires?	republic right to rule (divine right, inherited power) rise and fall of empires Silk Roads slavery social hierarchy/class social inequality society specialization of labor trade networks world religions	"Lapita Cutlural Complex – First Settlers of the Pacific Islands." About.com. Archaeology. 11 April 2013. Lapita Culture. Encyclopedia Britannica. 23 September 2015. http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/330302/Lapita-culture The Moche. Kid The Moche. Kidipede. History for Kids. 23 September 2015. http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/southamerica/before1500/history/moche.htm. Olmecs. Kidipede. History for Kids. 23 September 2015. http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/southamerica/before1500/history/olmec.htm. "The Silk Road." Mankind The Story of All of Us. History Channel. A& E Television Networks. 23 September 2015. http://www.history.com/shows/mankind-the-story-of-all-of-us/videos/mankind-the-story-of-all-of-us-the-silk-road. Stockdill, Darin and Stacie Woodward. Lesson 2 Empire Expert Group Handouts. Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Lesson 4 Combined Group Role Sheets. Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. West Africa for Kids. History for Kids. 23 September 2015. http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/africa/history/bantu.htm. Teacher Resource "3,000-year-old shell jewelry on Fiji." The History Blog. Blog Archive. 23 September 2015. http://www.thehistoryblog.com/archives/323. About Mesoamerica. The El Pilar Forest Garden Network. 11 April 2013.

Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in			"Ancient Greeks: Athens." Primary History. BBC. 24 February 2013. Ancient Man and His First Civilizations. Real History. 23 September 2015. http://realhistoryww.com/world_history/ancient/South_America.htm. Applegate, Darlene. Mesoamerica Culture Area Olmec Civilization. Western Kentucky University. 23 September 2015. http://people.wku.edu/darlene.applegate/newworld/webnotes/unit_3/olmec.html. Asia for Educators. Weatherhead East Asian Institute. Columbia University. 23 September 2015. http://afe.easia.columbia.edu/. (Columbia University's Asia for Educators includes primary sources, timelines, maps, and video clips developed by leading scholars). Bagnetto, Laura Angela. "Astonishing Lapita pottery from the Pacific." Culture in France. RFI. 14 November 2010. 23 September 2015. http://www.english.rfi.fr/node/58907. Beard, Mary. "The Fall of the Roman Republic." Ancient History. BBC. 24 February 2013. Benjamin, Craig. "The First Silk Roads, Trade Routes Connect the Vast Continent of Afro-Eurasia." Big History Project. 23 September 2015. http://www.bighistoryproject.com/Home. "Big Era 3: Farming and the Emergence of Complex Societies." World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era3.php. "Big Era 4: Expanding Networks of Exchange and Encounter." World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era4.php.

Overarching and Enduring Unit Understandings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. 5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. RH.6-8.5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally). 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.			Celtic Kingdoms of the British Isles. History Files. 23 September 2015. http://www.historyfiles.co.uk/KingListsBritain/BritainCatuvellauni.htm. Christian, David. Maps of Time. Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press, 2004. This Fleeting World: A Short History of Humanity. Great Barrington, MA: Berkshire Publishing Group, 2007. Civilization Defined. Glossary. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/shared/glossary.htm. Constitution of the Roman Republic. A translation of an account written by Polybius, translated by Gary Edward Forsythe, located at International World History Project. 23 September 2015. http://history-world.org/Roman%20Constitution.htm. "Coolest Inventions of 2012." Time for Kids. Time, Inc. 2013. 23 September 2015. http://www.timeforkids.com/news/coolest-inventions-2012/62816. "The Deeds of the Divine Augustus," By Augustus, Written 14 C.E. Translated by Thomas Bushnell, BSG as posted at The Internet Classics Archive. MIT. 23 September 2015. http://classics.mit.edu/Augustus/deeds.html. Dolasia, Meera. "Nifty Invention By Teen Could Save School Districts Thousands of Dollars." Dogo News. 2 Sept. 2012. 23 September 2015. http://www.dogonews.com/2012/9/2/nifty-invention-by-teen-could-save-school-districts-thousands-of-dollars. East Asia in Geographic Perspective — Lesson Plans. Asian Topics in World History. Asia for Educators. Columbia University. 23 September 2015. http://afe.easia.columbia.edu/geography/element_d/ed11_lp.html#1.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.			(Asia for Educators at Columbia University has many lessons and curricula on the Silk Road here). "Featured Religions and Beliefs." Religion. BBC. 28 February 2013. Gabriel, Richard A. and Karen Metz, A Short History of War. US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute. 30 June 1992. 23 September 2015. http://www.au.af.mil/au/awc/awcgate/gabrmetz/gabr0008.htm. "The Great Silk Road & Armenia." Hay Forum. 23 September 2015. http://hayforum.blogspot.com/2012/06/great-silk-road.html. "Lesson 2 – Emperors speak for themselves." Big Era 4: Expanding Networks of Exchange and Encounter. Landscape Unit for Era 4. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. p 29. 23 September 2015. http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu. Moche Ruins: Huaca de la Luna y Huaca del Sol. Go Backpacking. 23 September 2015. http://gobackpacking.com/moche-ruins-huaca-de-la-luna-sol. Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons "Peru recovers ancient Moche artifact." The Archaeology News. 9 Dec. 2011. 23 September 2015. http://archaeologynewsnetwork.blogspot.com/2011/12/peru-recovers-ancient-moche-artifact.hmtl. Printable Maps. National Geographic 23 September 2015. http://ngm.nationalgeographic.com/ngm/0606/feature2/map.html. The Qin Dynasty – Ancient China for Kids. Mr. Donn's Social Studies Site. 23 September 2015. http://china.mrdonn.org/qin.html.

g ar	during	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus	Key Concepts /	Resources
Unit End	derstand	Expectations	Questions	Vocabulary	
		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts using valid			"Republic To Empire." The Roman Empire In The First Century. PBS. 23 September 2015. http://www.pbs.org/empires/romans/empire/republic.html. Scott James, Michelle.History 100/World History to 1500. Lecture 4: Two Great Migrations: The Bantu and Indo-Europeans. 11 April 2013. Shaw, Ben J. et. al. Abstract. "The use of strontium isotopes as an indicator of migration in human and pig Lapita populations in the Bismarck Archipelago, Papua New Guinea. Journal of Archaeology Science. April 2009. 23 September 2015. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S030544030800314 2. Stockdill, Darin and Stacie Woodward. Supplemental Materials (Unit 4, Lesson 1-8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. PowerPoint Presentation (Unit 4, Lesson 1-5, 7-8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. "Unit 7: The Spread of Religions." Bridging World History. Annenberg Learner. 23 September 2015. http://www.learner.org/courses/worldhistory/unit main 7.html. "World Religions 600 AD." Philips's Atlas of World History. Princeton University. July, 2007. 23 September 2015. http://qed.princeton.edu/index.php/User:Student/World Religions to AD 600.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. WHST.6-8.1a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. WHST.6-8.1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. Production and Distribution of			

Unit E	Overarchin g and Enduring Jnderstand ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. WHST.6-8.6. Use technology,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of disciplinespecific tasks, purposes, and audiences. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking)			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 6 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 6 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed.		
		6 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources.		
		6 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. 6 – H1.2.5 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas.		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Major Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations and empires that emerged during this era, noting their political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica and Andean South America and the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		subsequent urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region. (Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in Mesoamerica and South America. 6 – W3.1.2 Explain the role of economics in shaping the development of early civilizations (trade routes and their significance – Inca Road, supply and demand for products). Geography G1 The World in Spatial			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		acquire and process information from a spatial perspective.			
		Grades 6 & 7 6 – G1.1.1 Describe how geographers use mapping to represent places and natural and human phenomena in the world. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their			
		cultures, their environment, and relations			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). 6 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., the Caribbean Region that presently displays enduring			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		impacts of different immigrant groups – Africans, South Asians, Europeans – and the differing contemporary points of view about the region displayed by islanders and tourists). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 6 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., coastal and river cities and towns in the past and present, locations of megacities – modern cities over 5 million, such as Mexico City, and patterns			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of agricultural settlements in South and North America). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (control/use of natural resources, power, wealth, and cultural diversity). Civics & Government C3 Structure and Functions			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	of Government Describe the major activities of government, including making and enforcing laws, providing services and benefits to individuals and groups, assigning individual and collective responsibilities , generating revenue, and providing national security. C3.6 Characteristics of Nation- States Describe the characteristics of nation- states and how they may interact.			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	6 – C3.6.1 Define the characteristics of a nation-state (a specific territory, clearly defined boundaries, citizens, and jurisdiction over people who reside there, laws, and government), and how Western Hemisphere nations interact. Economics E3 International Economy Analyze reasons for individuals and businesses to specialize and trade, why individuals and businesses trade across international borders, and the comparisons of the benefits and costs of			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		specialization and the resulting trade for consumers, producers, and governments. E3.1 Economic Interdependen ce Describe patterns and networks of economic interdependen ce, including trade. 6 – E3.1.2 Diagram or map the movement of a consumer product from where it is manufactured to where it is sold to demonstrate the flow of materials, labor, and capital (e.g., global supply chain for computers, athletic shoes, and clothing). 7th Grade			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to			

organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 7 – H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical	Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon		ings	organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 7 – H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		about the past based on proof. 7 – H1.2.6 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and Major Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations and empires that emerged during this era, noting their political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica and Andean South America and the subsequent urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region. (Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in Mesoamerica and South America. 7 – W3.1.1 Describe the characteristics that classical civilizations share (institutions, cultural styles, systems of			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		thought that influenced neighboring peoples and have endured for several centuries). 7 – W3.1.2 Using historic and modern maps, locate three major empires of this era, describe their geographic characteristics including physical features and climates, and propose a generalization about the relationship between geographic characteristics and the development of early empires. 7 – W3.1.3 Compare and contrast the defining characteristics of a city-state, civilization, and empire. 7 – W3.1.4 Assess the importance of			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Greek ideas about democracy and citizenship in the development of Western political thought and institutions. 7 – W3.1.5 Describe major achievements from Indian, Chinese, Mediterranean, African, and Southwest and Central Asian civilizations in the areas of art, architecture and culture; science, technology and mathematics; political life and ideas; philosophy and ethical beliefs; and military strategy. 7 – W3.1.6 Use historic and modern maps to locate and describe trade networks among empires in the classical era. 7 – W3.1.8 Describe the role of state authority, military power,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		taxation systems, and institutions of coerced labor, including slavery, in building and maintaining empires (e.g., Han Empire, Mauryan Empire, Egypt, Greek city-states and the Roman Empire). 7 – W3.1.9 Describe the significance of legal codes, belief systems, written languages and communications in the development of large regional empires. 7 – W3.1.10 Create a time line that illustrates the rise and fall of classical empires during the classical period. W3.2 Growth and Development of World Religions Explain how			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		world religions or belief systems of Hinduism, Judaism, Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism and Islam grew and their significance. (Islam is included here even though it came after 300 C.E./A.D.) 7 – W3.2.1 Identify and describe the beliefs of the five major world religions. 7 – W3.2.2 Locate the geographical center of major religions and map the spread through the 3rd century C.E./A.D. 7 – W3.2.3 Identify and describe the ways that religions unified people's			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		perceptions of the world and contributed to cultural integration of large regions of Afro-Eurasia. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 7 - G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic information, and answering geographic information information information, analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban migration in China, increased farming of fish,		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing and automobiles). 7 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., that beaches are places where tourists travel, cities have historic buildings, northern places are cold, equatorial places are very warm). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic.			
		7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe).			
		G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 7 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		location of the world's mega cities, other cities located near coasts and navigable rivers, regions under environmental stress such as the Sahel). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1 Identify and explain factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth).			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Civics & Government C1 Purposes of Government Analyze how people identify, organize, and accomplish the purposes of government. C1.1 Nature of Civic Life, Politics, and Government Describe Civic Life, Politics, and Government and explain their relationships. Grades 6 & 7 7 - C1.1.1 Explain how the purposes served by government affect relationships between the individual, government, and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		society as a whole and the differences that occur in monarchies, theocracies, dictatorships, and representative governments. C3 Structure and Functions of Government Describe the major activities of government, including making and enforcing laws, providing services and benefits to individuals and groups, assigning individual and collective responsibilities , generating revenue, and providing national security. C3.6			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Characteristics of Nation-States Describe the characteristics of nation-states and how they may interact. 7 – C3.6.1 Define the characteristics of a nation-state (a specific territory, clearly defined boundaries, citizens, and jurisdiction over people who reside there, laws, and government) and how Eastern Hemisphere nations interact. Economics E3 International Economy Analyze reasons for individuals and businesses to specialize and trade, why			

Unit E	Overarchin g and Enduring Jnderstand ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		individuals and businesses trade across international borders, and the comparisons of the benefits and costs of specialization and the resulting trade for consumers, producers, and governments. E3.1 Economic Interdependen ce Describe patterns and networks of economic interdependen ce, including trade. 7 – E3.1.2 Diagram or map the movement of a consumer product from where it is manufactured to			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		where it is sold to demonstrate the flow of materials, labor, and capital (e.g., global supply chain for computers, athletic shoes, and clothing). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
5: Interacti ons, the Fall of Empires & Other (Week 21, 4 Weeks)	How did the rise and fall of empires affect people and societies ?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 7th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast	1. How did the interactio n between empires affect their growth and develop ment? 2. What were the most significan t factors that enabled	causes and consequences city-state civil service civilization Confuscianism cultural diffusion dynasty empire environmental circumstances/ geographic luck fall or decline of empires Golden Age historical significance innovation	Equipment/Manipulative LCD/Overhead Projector Computer with PowerPoint capability Internet connection (optional) Larger sheets of chart or butcher paper Markers and/or other poster making supplies Highlighters Large chart paper Student Resource Aksum of Ethiopia. About.com. 23 September 2015 http://archaeology.about.com/cs/africa/a/aksum.htm

Unit En	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 7 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time.	empires to stay in power and why did these empires eventuall y fall? 3. What other patterns of human societies and organizat ion were in place during this era and why did they not become empires or parts of empires?	patriarchy social hierarchy/class system trade networks turning point	"Ancient Artifacts May Shed Light on Moche Civilization. New York Times. Science. 16 Feb. 2001. 23 September 2015 http://www.nytimes.com/2001/02/16/science/16reuters-archaeo.html "Ancient China for Kids: The Han Dynasty." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), Oct. 2013. Web. 23 September 2015 http://www.ducksters.com/history/china/han_dynasty.php "Ancient roman Concrete Is About to Revolutionize Modern Architecture." Bloomberg Businessweek. 14 June 2013. 23 September 2015 http://www.businessweek.com/articles/2013-06-14/ancient-roman-concrete-is-about-to-revolutionize-modern-architecture Andrews, Evan. "10 Innovations That Built Ancient Rome." History.com. 20 Nov. 2012. 23 September 2015 http://www.history.com/news/history-lists/10-innovations-that-built-ancient-rome "Attila the Hun." History. BBC. 16 December 2013 Axum. Kids Past.com. 16 December 2013 Bantu Migrations. New York State Education Department. Global History & Geography. 23 September 2015 http://www.p12.nysed.gov/ciai/socst/ghgonline/turnpoint/tp14.html "Christianity in Ancient Rome." Ancient Rome for Kids. Mr.Donn.org. 23 September 2015 http://rome.mrdonn.org/christianity.html "The Colosseum." Ancient Rome for Kids. Mr.Donn.org. 23 September 2015 http://rome.mrdonn.org/christianity.html

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what			"Daily Life in Aksum." Eduplace.com. 23 September 2015 http://www.eduplace.com/kids/socsci/ca/books/bkf3/writing/03_aksum.pdf "The Evening Meal. The rich and the poor." Ancient Rome for Kids. Mr.Donn.org. 23 September 2015 http://rome.mrdonn.org/dinner.html "Fast Facts." Ancient Mayan Civilization. Kids Konnect.com. 23 September 2015 http://www.kidskonnect.com/subjectindex/16-educational/history/256-ancient-mayan.html First Polynesians, First Hawaiians. Hawaiian Encyclopedia.com. 16 December 2013 Ghose, Tia. "India's caste system goes back 2,000 years, genetic study finds." NBC News. Science. 16 December 2013 Guptan Empire. Kidipede: History for Kids. 23 September 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/india/history/gupta.htm Halsall, Paul. "The Analects, excerpts." Chinese Cultural Studies: Confucius Kongfuzi (c. 500 CE). Brooklyn College. 7 October 2013 "The Han Dynasty." KidsPast.com. KidsKnowlt Network. 1998-2013. 23 September 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0133-han-dynasty.php "Han Times." Ancient China for Kids. MrDonn.org. 23 September 2015 http://china.mrdonn.org/han.html "History: Ancient Roman Art for Kids." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), Oct. 2013. Web. 23 September 2015. http://www.ducksters.com/history/art/ancient_roman_art.php

Overa g and Unit Endur Under ings	ing Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. 7 – H1.2.5 Describe how historians use methods of inquiry to identify cause effect relationships in history noting that many have multiple causes. 7 – H1.2.6 Identify the role of the individual in history and the			"Honoring their gods was a big part of ancient Roman daily life. Roman Gods. Ancient Rome for Kids. Mr.Donn.org. 23 September 2015 http://rome.mrdonn.org/gods.html "The Hopewell Cutlure." North American Chronology. The Web Chronology Project. 16 December 2013 The Hopewell People. The First People. Michigan Department of Natural Resources. 16 December 2013 How the Mayan Calendar Works. How Stuff Works. 23 September 2015 http://www.howstuffworks.com/mayan-calendar.htm Huns. Kidipede: History for Kids. 23 September 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/medieval/history/earlymiddle/huns.htm The Huns. Enchanted Learning.com. 23 September 2015 http://www.enchantedlearning.com/history/asia/huns/ India's Caste System. Dummies.com. 23 September 2015 http://www.dummies.com/how-to/content/indias-caste-system.html "Kids History: Civil Service in Ancient China." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), Oct. 2013. Web. 23 September 2015. http://www.ducksters.com/history/china/civil_service_government.php. "Life in Ancient Hawaii." Archaeology & History. Hawaii State Parks. 16 December 2013 Mascarelli, Amanda. "The sophistication of the civilization's agricultural systems rivaled their pyramids." Mayans converted

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	iligs	significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past.			wetlands to farmland. Nature. International Weekly Journal of Science. 8 November 2013 "Mystery of the Tattooed Mummy. National Geographic Kids. 23 September 2015 http://kids.nationalgeographic.com/kids/stories/history/tattooed-mummy/ Naumann, Joe. The Caste System of India. University of Missouri, St. Louis. 16 December 2013 "Poople on the Mayo." The Story of Africa - Farly History
		7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today.			"People on the Move." The Story of Africa - Early History. BBC. 16 December 2013 "Primary History – Romans: Leisure." BBC. 23 September 2015 http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primaryhistory/romans/leisure/ The Rise and Fall of the Maya Empire. The History Channel. 23 September 2015 http://www.history.com/topics/maya The Roman Empire. History Learning Site. 10 December 2013 "Roman Holidays & Festivals." Ancient Rome for Kids. Mr.Donn.org. 23 September 2015 http://rome.mrdonn.org/holidays.html Roman Numerals History and Use. 9 October 2013 "The Spread of Ironworking and the Bantu Migrations." Eastern Africa. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 23 September 2015 http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/176937/eastern-Africa/37492/The-spread-of-ironworking-and-the-Bantu-migrations The Story of India. PBS. 23 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/thestoryofindia/

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and Major Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations and empires that emerged during this era, noting their political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica			"Who Were the Hopewell?" Archaeology Archive. Archaeological Institute of America. 23 September 2015 http://archive.archaeology.org/online/features/hopewell/who were hopewell.html The wealth of Africa. The kingdom of Aksum. Teachers' notes. British Museum. 23 September 2015 http://www.britishmuseum.org/pdf/kingdomofaksum_teachersnotes.pdf Teacher Resource AP World History Unit 1 Review. LaBelle High School. Mrs. Burnside's AP World History class 10 December 2013 "Ancient China for Kids: The Han Dynasty." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), Oct. 2013. Web. 23 September 2015 http://www.ducksters.com/history/china/han_dynasty.php Ancient Mayan. History Link 101. 23 September 2015 http://www.historylink101.com/1/mayan/ancient_mayan.htm Anne Kinney, "Ancient China," in Children and Youth in History, Item #187, 23 September 2015 http://chnm.gmu.edu/cyh/teaching-modules/187 Big Era Four: Expanding Networks of Exchange and Encounter. 1200 BCE – 500 CE. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015 http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era4.php Bracy, Robert. Kushan History: Introduction. Kushan.org. 23 September 2015 http://www.kushan.org/

Unit En	naurina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and Andean South America and the subsequent urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region. (Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in Mesoamerica and South America. 7 – W3.1.1 Describe the characteristics that classical civilizations share (institutions, cultural styles, systems of thought that influenced neighboring peoples and have endured for			The Decline and fall of classical civilizations. History Haven. 23 September 2015 http://www.historyhaven.com/APWH/Decline of %20classical civilizations.htm Deogarh, Uttar Pradesh. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Deogarh, Uttar Pradesh "The Early Chinese Empire: The Qin and the Han." Key Points in the Developments in East Asia 4000 BCE – 1000 CE. Asia for Educators. Columbia University. 2009. 23 September 2015 http://afe.easia.columbia.edu/main_pop/kpct/kp_qinhan.htm Exploring Mayan Mysterias. Teachers. Scholastic. 23 September 2015 http://www.scholastic.com/mayanmysteries/ Faxian. A Record of the Buddhist Kingdoms Being An Account By the Chinese Monk Of His Travels In India and Ceylon (a.d. 399-414) In Search Of The Buddhist Books Of Discipline. Translated by James Legge. May 12, 2012. Kindle e-edition. Gupta Empire. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gupta Empire The Gupta Empire of India. Historybits. 23 September 2015 http://www.historybits.com/gupta.htm Han Dynasty Empire Map. 10 December 2013 The Kushan Empire – The Story of India – BBC. BBC Explore. YouTube. 1 April 2010. 23 September 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BRZn1ffNndY Laws of Manu. Buhler, George, Trans. 16 December 2013

Overarc g and Unit Endurin Underst ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	several centuries). 7 – W3.1.2 Using historic and modern maps, locate three major empires of this era, describe their geographic characteristics including physical features and climates, and propose a generalization about the relationship between geographic characteristics and the development of early empires. 7 – W3.1.3 Compare and contrast the defining characteristics of a city-state, civilization, and empire. 7 – W3.1.5 Describe major achievements from Indian, Chinese, Mediterranean, African, and Southwest and			List of Pre-Modern Great Powers. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of pre-modern great powers "Lost King of the Maya." Classroom Activity. NOVA Teachers. 23 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/education/activities/2804 maya.html Mauretania. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mauretania The Maya. Interactives. Annenberg Learner. 23 September 2015 http://www.learner.org/interactives/collapse/mayans.html The Mayans Significant Dates. Rochester Community Schools. 8 November 2013 The Mysterious Mayas. Mr. Donn. 23 September 2015 http://mayas.mrdonn.org/ The Rise and Fall of the Mayan Empire. History.com. 23 September 2015 http://www.history.com/topics/maya "Seventh Annual Tulane Maya Symposium: Great River Cities of the Ancient Maya." Latin American Resource Center Workshop for K-12 School Teachers. Tulane University. 26 February 2010. 23 September 2015 http://stonecenter.tulane.edu/uploads/Binder1.pdf The Silk Road. Primary Source. Educating for Global Understanding. Springshare. 23 September 2015 http://resources.primarysource.org/content.php?pid=213959&sid=17 80281 Silk Route. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Silk route.jpg

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Central Asian civilizations in the areas of art, architecture and culture; science, technology and mathematics; political life and ideas; philosophy and ethical beliefs; and military strategy. 7 – W3.1.6 Use historic and modern maps to locate and describe trade networks among empires in the classical era. 7 – W3.1.7 Use a case study to describe how trade integrated cultures and influenced the economy within empires (e.g., Assyrian and Persian trade networks or networks or networks of Egypt and Nubia/Kush; or Phoenician and Greek networks). 7 – W3.1.8 Describe the role of state authority,			Stockdill, Darin and Stacie Woodward. "The Han Dynasty: Development of a Chinese Empire. 206 BCE to 220 CE." PowerPoint Presentation. (Unit 5, Lesson 1). Teachermade materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. "Growth of the Roman Empire" PowerPoint Presentation. (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. "The Kushan Empire: A nomadic empire at the crossroads." PowerPoint Presentation. (Unit 5, Lesson 3). Teachermade materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. "The Mayans – A Different Global Pattern." PowerPoint Presentation. (Unit 5, Lesson 4). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. PowerPoint for Lesson 5: The Golden Age of the Gupta (Unit 5, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Roman Art and Ideas (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Roman Culture and Lifestyle (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Roman Language, Writing and Calendar (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Roman Technology and Engineering (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Roman Technology and Engineering (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013.

Overarc g and Unit Endurin Underst ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	military power, taxation systems, and institutions of coerced labor, including slavery, in building and maintaining empires (e.g., Han Empire, Mauryan Empire, Egypt, Greek city-states and the Roman Empire). 7 – W3.1.9 Describe the significance of legal codes, belief systems, written languages and communications in the development of large regional empires. 7 – W3.1.10 Create a time line that illustrates the rise and fall of classical empires during the classical period. W3.2 Growth and Development of World Religions			Student Handout 9 (Unit 5, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 3). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 4). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials 2 (Unit 5, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. Supplemental Materials (Unit 5, Lesson 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013. "This Big Era and Three Essential Questions." Big Era 4. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015 http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era4.php "Turning Points and Other Stories: The World at the End of the Age of Empire, Around 500 CE." PowerPoint Presentation. (Unit 5, Lesson 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Explain how world religions or belief systems of Hinduism, Judaism, Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism and Islam grew and their significance. (Islam is included here even though it came after 300 C.E./A.D.) 7 – W3.2.1 Identify and describe the beliefs of the five major world religions. 7 – W3.2.2 Locate the geographical center of major religions and map the spread through the 3rd century C.E./A.D. 7 – W3.2.3 Identify and describe the ways that			Yang Lu. "The Han Dynasty." Cultural Essentials: Explore Chinese Culture. University of California. 8 October 2013 "Why do empires collapse?" PowerPoint Unit 5, Lesson 6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2013.

religions unified people's perceptions of the world and contributed to cultural integration of large regions of Afro-Eurasia. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and	

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 7 - G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers and climate regions of the Eastern Hemisphere. 7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2 Places and Regions Describe the			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 7 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban migration in China, increased farming of fish, hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and automobiles). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 7 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems of a continent and explain why some provide greater opportunities (fertile soil, precipitation) for humans to use than do other ecosystems and how that changes with technology (e.g., China's humid east and arid west and the effects of irrigation technology). G4 Human Systems Explain that human			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe). G4.2 Technology Patterns and Networks Describe how technology creates			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		patterns and networks that connect people, products, and ideas. 7 – G4.2.1 List and describe the advantages and disadvantages of different technologies used to move people, products, and ideas throughout the world (e.g., opportunities for employment, entrepreneurial and educational opportunities using the Internet; the effects of technology on reducing the time necessary for communications and travel; the uses and effects of wireless technology in developing countries; and the spread of group and individual's ideas			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		as voice and image messages on electronic networks such as the Internet). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 7 – G4.3.1 Identify places in the Eastern Hemisphere that have been modified to be suitable for settlement by describing the modifications that were necessary (e.g., Nile River irrigation, reclamation of land along the North Sea, planting trees in areas that have become desertified in Africa). 7 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., the location of the world's mega cities, other cities located near coasts and navigable rivers, regions under environmental stress such as the Sahel). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
6: Pattern s of Adaptat ion: Reorga nizing and (Week 25, 5 Weeks)	How did both geograp hy and the history of past societies contribut e to the rise of new powers and conflicts in this era?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6- 8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine	1. How did the legacies of the large empires like Rome and the Han Dynasty influence the subsequent societies in the areas they formerly	adaptation alliance conflict cultural diffusion dynasty empire ethnocentrism expansion versus spread external pressures Golden Age historiography internal pressures kinship perspective/poi nt of view	Equipment/Manipulative Computer with PowerPoint capability Highlighters Internet connection (optional) LCD/Overhead Projector Student Resource Hansen, Valerie. "Paper." The Silk Road: Connecting Cultures, Creating Trust. Smithsonian Folklife Festival. Smithsonian Institution. 18 September 2014 Hearn, Kelly. "Who Built the Great City of Teotihuacan?" National Geographic. 2014. 23 September 2015 http://science.nationalgeographic.com/science/archaeology/teotihuacan-/#.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or	controlle d? 2. How did both geograph y and the history of past societies contribut e to the rise of new powers in this era? 3. Why did new patterns of conflict emerge in this time period and how did they shape societal interactions?	political- religious states religious conflict renaissance settlement sustainability urbanization world zones	History of Paper. History for Kids. Kidipede. 23 September 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/literature/paper.htm. "History of World 3500BC to 2005 AD." World History Timeline. Time Maps. 23 September 2015 http://www.timemaps.com/history. Hodges, Glenn. "America's Forgotten City." National Geographic. January 2011. 23 September 2015 http://ngm.nationalgeographic.com/print/2011/01/cahokia/hodgestext. Stockdill, Darin and Stacie Woodward. Carousel Handouts (Unit 6, Lesson 3). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014. Supplemental Materials 2 (Unit 6, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014. "Yakut: Baghdad under the Abbasids, c. 1000 CE." Medieval Sourcebook. Fordham University. 23 September 2015 http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/source/1000baghdad.asp. Teacher Resource Abu Ubaydallah al-Bakri. The Book of Routes and Realms. Houghton Mifflin Company's History Companion. 23 September 2015 http://college.cengage.com/history/primary sources/world/book rout es_realms.htm. "AD 830. The Frankish Empire, Byzantine Empire and Abbasid Caliphate and Northern Europe." Colin McEvedy's The Penguin Atlas of Medieval History. p. 4, as posted at Media Center for Art History. Columbia University. 23 September 2015 http://learn.columbia.edu/ma/htm/or/ma_or_resource_map06.htm.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to			Baker, Dorie. "The Vikings: Yale historian looks at the myths vs. the history. Yalenews. 18 September 2014 **Battle of Talas.** Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Battle_of_Talas.** "Battle of Talas River." **Epic World History. 23 September 2015 http://epicworldhistory.blogspot.com/2012/09/battle-of-talasriver.html.** "Battle of Talas River." **Epic World History. 23 September 2015 http://epicworldhistory.blogspot.com/2012/09/battle-of-talasriver.html.** "Battle of Talas River." **Epic World History. 23 September 2015 http://epicworldhistory.blogspot.com/2012/09/battle-of-talasriver.html.** Bentley, Jerry H. and Herbert F. Ziegler. Traditions & Encounters: Volume 1. From the Beginning to 1500. 5th ed. (Prentice Hall, 2010). **Big Era Five.** Patterns of Interregional Unity.** World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015 http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era5.php#land.** Big Era Five. Patterns of Interregional Unity (300-1500). History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015 http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era5.php. Big Era Five: Landscape Unit 5.2. Afroeurasia and the Rise of Islam. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015 http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/five/landscape/Era05 landscape2.php. Big Era Five: Landscape Unit 5.3: Consolidation of Trans-Hemispheric Networks: 1000-1500. World History for Us All. San Diego State University. 23 September 2015 http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/units/five/landscape/Era05 landscape3.php.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		domains related to history/social studies. 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.			"Brief Background Introduction to How Things Were in Eurasia On the Eve of Mongol Invasion & Conquest." Instructor's Background Essay. 12 th Century Eurasia. Washburn University. 23 September 2015 thttp://www.washburn.edu/cas/history/stucker/Eurasia1200Essay.htm l. Charlemagne. Charlemagne Videos. A&E Television Networks. 2014. 23 September 2015 thttp://www.history.com/topics/charlemagne/videos/who-were-the-vikings. Chausovsky, Eugene. "Militancy in Central Asia: More Than Religious Extremism." Stratfor Global Intelligence. 9 August 2012. 18 September 2014 East Asia in Geographic Perspective. Asian Topics in World History. Asia for Educators. 23 September 2015 http://afe.easia.columbia.edu/geography/element f/ef17.html. Europe Map. Your Child Learns.com. 23 September 2015 http://www.yourchildlearns.com/europe map.htm. Exploration and Conquest. Religion Library: Sunni Islam. Patheos Library. 18 September 2014 "The Fall of Constantinople." Byzantine Empire. The History Channel. 23 September 2015 http://www.history.com/topics/byzantine-empire. Graphics from World History Chart. The Middle Ages. Hyperhistory. 23 September 2015 http://www.hyperhistory.com/online_n2/civil_n2/hist_4.html.

Overarcl g and Unit Enduring Understa ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. 8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence. RH.6-8.8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text. 9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in			Hagia Sophia. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hagia Sophia. Halsall, Paul. "From The Annals of St. Bertin." Medieval Sourcebook: Three Sources on the Ravages of the Northmen in Frankland, c. 843 -912. Fordham University. 1998. 23 September 2015 http://www.fordham.edu/Halsall/source/843bertin.asp. "History of Religion." Maps of War. 18 September 2014 Hoberman, Barry. "The Battle of Talas. Saudi Aramco World. September/October 1982. 23 September 2015 http://www.saudiaramcoworld.com/issue/198205/the.battle.of.talas.htm. Map and Background Info: Geography and History of the Arabian Peninsula, and Overview of Islam. The Islam Project. 23 September 2015 http://www.islamproject.org/muhammad/muhammad 04 Geography ArabianPeninsula.htm. Map of Byzantine and Sassanid Empires. University of Indiana. 18 September 2014 Map of Roman Empire (2 nd c. A.D.). University of Texas. 23 September 2015 http://www.utexas.edu/courses/ancientfilmCC304/lecture21/detail.php?linenum=4. Medieval Sourcebook: Einhard: Life of Charlemagne. Fordham University. 23 September 2015 http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/source/einhard1.asp. Modern Political Map of Europe. Kids Maps.com. 18 September 2014

Unit g Urit Er	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take. RH.6-8.9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8			"The Nature of this Essay: Brief Background Introduction to How Things Were in Eurasia On the Eve of Mongol Invasion & Conquest." Instructor's Background Essay — 12 th Century Eurasia. Washburn University. 2014. 23 September 2015 http://www.washburn.edu/cas/history/stucker/Eurasia1200Essay.htm]. The New Cambridge History of Islam. Vol. 1, The Formation of the Islamic World Sixth to Eleventh Centuries. Ed. Chase F. Robinson. Cambridge Histories Online. Cambridge University Press, 2011. Date last accessed 18 September 2014 https://archive.org/stream/TheNewCambridgeHistoryOfIslamVolume 17he New Cambridge History of Islam_Volume 1#page/n235/mode/1up. "Petit bateau viking de Gokstad." Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Petit bateau viking de Gokstad (4836480277).jpg. "The Reign of Charlemagne." Charlemagne. History.com. 23 September 2015 http://www.history.com/topics/charlemagne/videos/the-reign-of-charlemagne. Shams, Daniel. History of Empires, An Empirological Look. Heliotricity. 23 September 2015 http://heliotricity.com/historyofempires.html. Stockdill, Darin and Stacie Woodward. PowerPoint (Unit 6, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014. PowerPoint (Unit 6, Lesson 3). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014.

Overarchin g and Unit Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Research to Build and Present Knowledge			PowerPoint (Unit 6, Lesson 6). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 PowerPoint (Unit 6, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 1). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 2). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 3). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 4). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 5). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 6,). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 7,). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014 Supplemental Materials (Unit 6, Lesson 8). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2014.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and			"The Tang Dynasty." Ancient China. Kids History. Ducksters. 23 September 2015 http://www.ducksters.com/history/china/tang_dynasty.php. "urbanization." Merriam-Webster Dictionary Online. 18 September 2014 Vikings. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vikings. Viking Age. Summer of Monuments. Wikipedia. 23 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Viking_Age. "Viking Expansion Map." Art History 220. 28 Sept. 2011. 18 September 2014 Vikings: The North American Saga. Smithsonian National Museum of Natural History. 23 September 2015 http://www.mnh.si.edu/vikings/exhibit1_1_3.html. "Vikings! On And Off Screen." On Point with Tom Ashbrook. 1 March 2013. 23 September 2015 http://onpoint.wbur.org/2013/03/01/vikings. "Who Were the Vikings?" Jorvik Viking Center. 23 September 2015 http://jorvik-viking-centre.co.uk/who-were-the-vikings/activities-and-facts/.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. WHST.6-8.8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 6 – H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. 6 – H1.1.2 Compare and contrast several different calendar systems used in the past and present and their cultural significance (e.g., Olmec and Mayan calendar systems, Aztec			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Calendar Stone, Sun Dial, Gregorian calendar — B.C./A.D.; contemporary secular — B.C.E./C.E. Note: in 7th grade Eastern Hemisphere the Chinese, Hebrew, and Islamic/Hijri calendars are included). H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 6 — H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		dating, DNA analysis). 6 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 6 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 6 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		about the past based on proof. 6 – H1.2.5 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and Major Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations and empires that emerged during this era, noting their political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica and Andean South America and the subsequent urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region. (Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in Mesoamerica and South America. 6 – W3.1.1 Analyze the role of environment in the development of early empires, referencing both useful environmental			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		features and those that presented obstacles. 6 – W3.1.2 Explain the role of economics in shaping the development of early civilizations (trade routes and their significance – Inca Road, supply and demand for products). Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 6 - G1.1.1 Describe how geographers use mapping to represent places and natural and human phenomena in the world.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers (Amazon, Mississippi, Missouri, Colorado), and climate regions of the Western Hemisphere. 6 – G1.2.3 Use data to create thematic maps and graphs			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		showing patterns of population, physical terrain, rainfall, and vegetation, analyze the patterns and then propose two generalizations about the location and density of the population. 6 – G1.2.4 Use observations from air photos, photographs (print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 6 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic questions, acquiring geographic information, organizing geographic			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		information, analyzing geographic information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		or places on earth. 6 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		human characteristics of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 6 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 6 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems and explain why some are more		

g a	nderstand	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		attractive for humans to use than are others (e.g., mid-latitude forest in North America, high latitude of Peru, tropical forests in Honduras, fish or marine vegetation in coastal zones). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 6 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Americas (e.g., baseball,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		soccer, music, architecture, television, languages, health care, Internet, consumer brands, currency, restaurants, international migration). G4.2 Technology Patterns and Networks Describe how technology creates patterns and networks that connect people, products, and ideas. 6 – G4.2.1 List and describe the advantages and disadvantages of different technologies used to move people, products, and ideas throughout the world (e.g., call centers in the Eastern Hemisphere that			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		service the Western Hemisphere; the United States and Canada as hubs for the Internet; transport of people and perishable products; and the spread of individuals' ideas as voice and image messages on electronic networks such as the Internet). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 6 – G4.3.1 Identify places in the Western Hemisphere that have been modified to be suitable for settlement by describing the modifications that were necessary			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(e.g., Vancouver in Canada; irrigated agriculture; or clearing of forests for farmland). 6 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., coastal and river cities and towns in the past and present, locations of megacities – modern cities over 5 million, such as Mexico City, and patterns of agricultural settlements in South and North America). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (control/use of natural resources, power, wealth, and cultural diversity). G5 Environment and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's physical			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment and how physical systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the Environment Describe how human actions modify the environment. 6 – G5.1.1 Describe the environmental effects of human action on the atmosphere (air), biosphere (people, animals, and plants), lithosphere (soil), and hydrosphere (water) (e.g., changes in the tropical forest environments in Brazil, Peru, and Costa Rica).			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Civics & Government C4 Relationship of United States to Other Nations And World Affairs Explain that nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, treaties and agreements, humanitarian aid, economic sanctions and incentives, and military force, and threat of force. C4.3 Conflict and Cooperation Between and Among Nations Explain the various ways that nations interact both			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		positively and negatively. 6 – C4.3.1 Explain the geopolitical relationships between countries (e.g., petroleum and arms purchases in Venezuela and Ecuador; foreign aid for health care in Nicaragua). Economics E2 The National Economy Use economic concepts, terminology, and data to identify and describe how a national economy functions and to study the role of government as a provider of goods and services within			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		a national economy. E2.3 Role of Government Describe how national governments make decisions that affect the national economy 6 – E2.3.1 Describe the impact of governmental policy (sanctions, tariffs, treaties) on that country and on other countries that use its resources. 7th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 7 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		activities over time. 7 – H1.1.2 Compare and contrast several different calendar systems used in the past and present and their cultural significance (e.g., Sun Dial, Gregorian calendar – B.C./A.D.; contemporary secular – B.C.E./C.E.; Chinese, Hebrew, and Islamic/Hijri calendars). H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. 7 – H1.2.5 Describe how historians use methods of inquiry to identify cause effect relationships in history noting that many have multiple causes. 7 – H1.2.6 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and Major Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations and empires that emerged during this era, noting their		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica and Andean South America and the subsequent urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region. (Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in Mesoamerica and South America. 7 – W3.1.1 Describe the characteristics that classical civilizations share (institutions, cultural styles, systems of thought that influenced neighboring peoples and have endured for several centuries). 7 – W3.1.2 Using historic and modern maps, locate three major empires of this era, describe their geographic characteristics including physical features and climates, and propose a generalization			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		about the relationship between geographic characteristics and the development of early empires. 7 – W3.1.5 Describe major achievements from Indian, Chinese, Mediterranean, African, and Southwest and Central Asian civilizations in the areas of art, architecture and culture; science, technology and mathematics; political life and ideas; philosophy and ethical beliefs; and military strategy. 7 – W3.1.6 Use historic and modern maps to locate and describe trade networks among empires in the classical era. 7 – W3.1.7 Use a case study to describe how			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		trade integrated cultures and influenced the economy within empires (e.g., Assyrian and Persian trade networks or networks of Egypt and Nubia/Kush; or Phoenician and Greek networks). 7 – W3.1.8 Describe the role of state authority, military power, taxation systems, and institutions of coerced labor, including slavery, in building and maintaining empires (e.g., Han Empire, Mauryan Empire, Egypt, Greek city-states and the Roman Empire). 7 – W3.1.9 Describe the significance of legal codes, belief systems, written languages and communications in the		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		development of large regional empires. W3.2 Growth and Development of World Religions Explain how world religions or belief systems of Hinduism, Judaism, Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism and Islam grew and their significance. (Islam is included here even though it came after 300 C.E./A.D.) 7 – W3.2.1 Identify and describe the beliefs of the five major world religions. 7 – W3.2.2 Locate the geographical			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		center of major religions and map the spread through the 3rd century C.E./A.D. 7 – W3.2.3 Identify and describe the ways that religions unified people's perceptions of the world and contributed to cultural integration of large regions of Afro-Eurasia. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information, evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to acquire and process information from a spatial perspective. Grades 6 & 7 7 - G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers and climate regions of the Eastern Hemisphere. 7 – G1.2.3 Use observations from air photos, photographs			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		(print and CD), films (VCR and DVD) as the basis for answering geographic questions about the human and physical characteristics of places and regions. 7 – G1.2.4 Draw the general population distribution of the Eastern Hemisphere on a map, analyze the patterns, and propose two generalizations about the location and density of the population. 7 – G1.2.6 Apply the skills of geographic inquiry (asking geographic inquiry (asking geographic information, organizing geographic information, analyzing geographic information, analyzing geographic		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		information, and answering geographic questions) to analyze a problem or issue of importance to a region of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.1 Use the fundamental themes of geography (location, place, human environment interaction, movement, region) to describe regions or places on earth.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns. 7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2 Places and Regions Describe the cultural groups and diversities among people that are rooted in particular places and in human constructs called regions. Analyze the physical and human characteristics			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of places and regions. G2.1 Physical Characteristics of Place Describe the physical characteristics of places. 7 – G2.1.1 Describe the landform features and the climate of the region (within the Western or Eastern Hemispheres) under study. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		system, cultural traditions). 7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in technology (e.g., increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban migration in China, increased farming of fish, hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing and automobiles). G3.2 Ecosystems Describe the characteristics and spatial distribution of ecosystems on the Earth's surface. 7 – G3.2.2 Identify ecosystems of a			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		continent and explain why some provide greater opportunities (fertile soil, precipitation) for humans to use than do other ecosystems and how that changes with technology (e.g., China's humid east and arid west and the effects of irrigation technology). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic.		

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe). G4.2 Technology Patterns and Networks Describe how technology creates patterns and networks that connect people, products, and ideas. 7 – G4.2.1 List and describe the advantages and disadvantages of different technologies used to move people, products, and ideas			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		throughout the world (e.g., opportunities for employment, entrepreneurial and educational opportunities using the Internet; the effects of technology on reducing the time necessary for communications and travel; the uses and effects of wireless technology in developing countries; and the spread of group and individual's ideas as voice and image messages on electronic networks such as the Internet). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement.		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G4.3.1 Identify places in the Eastern Hemisphere that have been modified to be suitable for settlement by describing the modifications that were necessary (e.g., Nile River irrigation, reclamation of land along the North Sea, planting trees in areas that have become desertified in Africa). 7 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., the location of the world's mega cities, other cities located near coasts and navigable rivers, regions under environmental stress such as the Sahel). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1 Identify and explain factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth). 7 – G4.4.2 Describe examples of cooperation and conflict within the European Union (e.g., European Parliament, Euro as currency in some countries but not others, open migration within the			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		European Union, free trade, and cultural impacts such as a multilingual population). G5 Environment and Society Explain that the physical environment is modified by human activities, which are influenced by the ways in which human societies value and use Earth's natural resources, and by Earth's physical features and processes. Explain how human action modifies the physical environment and how physical			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		systems affect human systems. G5.1 Humans and the Environment Describe how human actions modify the environment. 7 – G5.1.1 Describe the environmental effects of human action on the atmosphere (air), biosphere (people, animals, and plants), lithosphere (soil), and hydrosphere (water) (e.g., desertification in the Sahel Region of North Africa, deforestation in the Congo Basin, air pollution in urban center, and chemical spills in European Rivers). Economics E2 The National Economy		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Use economic concepts, terminology, and data to identify and describe how a national economy functions and to study the role of government as a provider of goods and services within a national economy. E2.3 Role of Government Describe how national governments make decisions that affect the national economy 7 – E2.3.1 Explain how national governments make decisions that impact both that country and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		other countries that use its resources (e.g., sanctions and tariffs enacted by a national government to prevent imports, most favored trade agreements, the impact China is having on the global economy and the U.S. economy in particular). E3 International Economy Analyze reasons for individuals and businesses to specialize and trade, why individuals and businesses trade across international borders, and the comparisons of the benefits and costs of specialization			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and the resulting trade for consumers, producers, and governments. E3.1 Economic Interdependen ce Describe patterns and networks of economic interdependen ce, including trade. 7 – E3.1.1 Explain the importance of trade (imports and exports) on national economies in the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., natural gas in North Africa, petroleum Africa, mineral resources in Asia). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Fo Questions	ocus	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
7: Conver ging Pattern s: 1000 CE - 1450 CE (Era 4 (Week 30, 3 Weeks)	How did political, economi c and cultural growth set the stage for globaliza tion?	MI: Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects 6-12 MI: Grades 6-8 Reading: History/Social Studies Key Ideas and Details 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to	1. How why Africand Ame employed every similate and differ y from the employed employed and the very employed expectations on the every employed expectations on the every employed expectations.	did an rican ires elop arly nd rentl m ires esia? did e e e eme of ole, s, nolo ase age world ne of	continuity and change over time corroboration crusade cultural diffusion evidence inferences Mesoamerica movement pandemic/plagu e polytheism the Americas turning points world religion	Equipment/Manipulative Computer with PowerPoint capability Projector for computer Student Resource The Agricultural Revolution. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0022-agricultural-revolution.php. "Ancient African Kingdom of Mali." Mr. Donn's Site for Kids and Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://africa.mrdonn.org/mali.html. "Ancient African Kingdom of Songhay." Mr. Donn's Site for Kids and Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://africa.mrdonn.org/songhay.html. Ancient Egypt Facts. KidsKonnect. 2015. 10 June 2015 https://kidskonnect.com/history/ancient-egypt/. Ancient Egypt. Mr. Donn's Site for Kids and Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://egypt.mrdonn.org/index.html. "The ancient Olmec Civilization." Aztec-History.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.aztec-history.com/olmec-civilization.html. The Assyrian Empire. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0055-assyrian-empire.php.

Overard g and Unit Endurin Underst ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	support conclusions drawn from the text. RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	3. Why is it helpful to explore human history in terms of continuity and change over time?		The Bantu Peoples. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0098-bantu-peoples.php. Black Death. History.com. A & E Television Network. 2015. 12 June 2015 thtp://www.history.com/topics/black-death. "The Black Death, 1348." EyeWitness to History.com. 2001. 12 June 2015 thtp://www.eyewitnesstohistory.com/plague.htm. The Black Death: Bubonic Plague. The Middle Ages.net. 12 June 2015 thtp://www.themiddleages.net/plague.html. Carr, Karen E., "Ancient Egypt." History for Kids. 2015. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.historyforkids.org/learn/greeks/. "Ancient Greece for Kids." History for Kids. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.historyforkids.org/learn/greeks/. "Ancient Rome for Kids." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 thttp://www.historyforkids.org/learn/romans/. "Assyrians." History for Kids. 2015. 10 June 2015 thttp://www.historyforkids.org/learn/westasia/history/assyrians.htm. "The Black Death." Kidipede. 2015. 11 June 2015 thttp://www.historyforkids.org/learn/medieval/history/highmiddle/plague.htm. "Bubonic Plague." Kidipede. 2 June 2015 to http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/science/medicine/plague.htm. "Carolingians." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 thttp://www.historyforkids.org/learn/medieval/history/highmiddle/carolingians.htm.

Unit	⊢naurina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, or ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. RH.6-8.3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered). Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how			"Early Bronze Age Greece." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/greeks/history/earlybronze.htm "Early Dynastic Mesopotamia." History for Kids. 2015. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/westasia/history/earlydynastic.ht m "Feudalism." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/medieval/government/feudalism.htm "Government." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/government/ "Guptan Empire." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/india/history/gupta.htm "Han Dynasty China." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/china/history/han.htm "Justinian." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/medieval/history/byzantine/justinian.htm "The Maya." Kidipede. March 10, 2015. Web. June 2014 "Medieval Islamic History." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/islam/history/history.htm "Mongol Empire." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/centralasia/history/mongols.htm "Omecs." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/centralasia/history/mongols.htm.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		specific word choices shape meaning or tone. RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. 6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts). Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Integrate and evaluate			"Persians. Persion Empire for Kids." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/westasia/history/persians.htm "Religious History for Kids." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/religion/. "The Silk Road." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/centralasia/economy/. "Vikings." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/medieval/history/earlymiddle/vikings.htm. "West Africa for Kids." Kidipede. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyforkids.org/learn/africa/history/bantu.htm. The Crusades. The History Learning Site. June 2014 Dowling, Mike. "The Renaissance at mrdowling.com." 30 December 2014. 12 June 2015 http://www.mrdowling.com/704renaissance.html. Explore Ancient Mesopotamia. Mr. Donn's Site for Kids & Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://www.mrdowling.com/704renaissance.html. Explore Ancient Mesopotamia. Mr. Donn's Site for Kids & Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://www.mrdowling.com/704renaissance.html. Feudal Japan = 1185 CE to 1868 CE." East Asia History for Kids. 10 June 2015 https://sites.google.com/site/mrvailsclass2/feudal-japan. Feudalism Develops in Europe. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0207-feudalism.php. The Golden Age of the Guptas. Mocomi.com. 10 June 2015 http://mocomi.com/gupta-empire/.

Unit	⊢nalirina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. 9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.			"Han Times." Ancient China for Kids. Mr. Donn's Site for Kids and Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://china.mrdonn.org/han.html. Hays, Jeffrey. "Catalhoyuk, Wolds Oldest Town." Facts and Details. 2013. 10 June 2015 http://factsanddetails.com/world/cat56/sub362/item1504.html. The Indus Valley Civilization. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0039-indus-valley-civilization.php. Indus Valley Civilization for Kids, 3000 – 1500 BCE. Mr. Donn's Site for Kids and Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://india.mrdonn.org/indus.html. Indus Valley Civilization. Mocomi.com. 10 June 2015 http://imocomi.com/indus-valley-civilization/. Iron Age. Academic Kids Encyclopedia. 10 June 2015 http://www.academickids.com/encyclopedia/index.php/Iron Age. Islam. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0171-islam.php. Kendersley, Dorling. "Renaissance." Fact Monster. 2007. 12 June 2015 http://www.factmonster.com/dk/encyclopedia/renaissance.html. "The Kingdom of Songhai." Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0101-kingdom-songhai.php. "A Look at the Social Effects of the Black Death." Bright Hub Education. 10 June 2015 http://www.brighthubeducation.com/history-homework-help/88775-social-effects-of-the-black-death/.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		RH.6-8.9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity 10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently. RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Text Types and Purposes			Medieval Life – Feudalism. History on the Net. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyonthenet.com/Medieval Life/feudalism.htm. Middle Ages for Kids – The Crusades. Mr. Donn.com. 10 June 2015 http://medievaleurope.mrdonn.org/crusades.html. Middle Ages for Kids - The Effects of the Crusades. 10 June 2015 http://medievaleurope.mrdonn.org/effects_of_the_crusades.html. Mongol Empire. How Stuff Works. 10 June 2015 http://history.howstuffworks.com/asian-history/mongol-empire.htm. The Mongol Empire. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0238-mongol-empire.php. Mongolian Empire for Kids and Teachers. Mr. Donn.com. 10 June 2015 http://mongols.mrdonn.org/mongolempire.html. "The Mongols in World History." Asian Topics in World History. Asia for Educators. Columbia University. 10 June 2015 http://afe.easia.columbia.edu/mongols/china/china4_a.htm. Mysteries of Catalhoyuk! Science Museum of Minnesota. 2003. 10 June 2015 http://www.smm.org/catal/top.php?visited=TRUE. Nelson, Ken. "Ancient Africa – Empire of Ancient Mali." Ducksters. 10 June 2015 http://www.ducksters.com/history/africa/empire_of_ancient_mali.php "Ancient Mesopotamia – Science, Inventions, and Technology." Ducksters. 10 June 2015 http://www.ducksters.com/history/mesopotamia/science_and_technology.php.

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. WHST.6-8.1a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. WHST.6-8.1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an			http://www.ducksters.com/history/aztec maya inca.php. "Ancient Greece: The City of Athens." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/ancient greek athens.php. "History for Kids: Ancient Mesopotamia." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. June 2015. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/mesopotamia/ancient mesopotamia.php. "History for Kids: Aztecs, Maya, and Inca." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), June 2015. Web. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/aztec maya inca.php. "History: Ancient Rome for Kids." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), June 2015. Web. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/ancient rome.php. "History: Renaissance for Kids." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), 11 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/renaissance.php. "Biography for Kids: Genghis Kahn." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/biography/world leaders/genghis khan.php. "Biodraphy for Kids: Genghis Kahn." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/biography/world leaders/genghis khan.php. Middle Ages — The Crusades. Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/middle ages crusades.php. "Middle Ages — Feudal System." Ducksters. Technological Solutions, Inc. (TSI), thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/middle ages feudal system.php.

Unit E	-naurina	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well			"Middle Ages for Kids: Byzantine Empire." Ducksters. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/middle_ages_byzantine_empire.ph_p. "Middle Ages – The Franks." Ducksters.com. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.ducksters.com/history/middle_ages/the_franks.php. Neolithic Revolution. Academic Kids Encyclopedia. 10 June 2015 thtp://academickids.com/encyclopedia/index.php/Neolithic_Revolution. The Persian Empire. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0057-persian-empire.php. Primary History: Ancient Greeks. BBC. 2014. June 2014 Primary History: Vikings. BBC. June 2014 "Renaissance." Spotlight: Renaissance. Kids Discover. 9 Jan. 2014. 12 June 2015 thtp://www.kidsdiscover.com/spotlight/renaissance-for-kids/. "The Renaissance in Italy." Kids Past.com. 12 June 2015 thtp://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0289-the-renaissance-italy.php. "Seii Taishogun of Feudal Period Japan (1185-1868 AD)." Shogun. Encyclopedia. Kids. Net. Au. 2015. 11 June 2015 thtp://encyclopedia.kids.net.au/page/sh/Shogun#Seii Taishogun of Feudal Period Japan (11851868_AD). The Silk Road. Kids Past.com. 10 June 2015 thtp://www.kidspast.com/world-history/0135-the-silk-road.php.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self- generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources,			Snell, Melissa. "Crusades Basics." About Education. 10 June 2015 http://historymedren.about.com/od/crusades/p/crusadesbasics.htm. "What Effect Did the Mongols Have on Europe? About Education.com. 10 June 2015 http://asianhistory.about.com/od/mongolia/f/Effects-Mongols-Europe.htm. "Yellow River & Yangtze River." Ancient China For Kids. Mr. Donn's Site for Kids and Teachers. 10 June 2015 http://china.mrdonn.org/rivers.html. Yellow River Valley Civilization. The River Valley Civilization Guide. June 2014 Teacher Resource A Tour to Machu Pichu and The Inca Empire. YouTube. 30 May 2015 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=knpzNN258_0&list=PLsEXWHR-N_4S2_exf5F6BpwaVfH7gFCgy. "Ancient Ghana." The Story of Africa. West African Kingdoms. BBC World Service. May 2014 Al-Umari cited in Levitzion and Hopkins Corpus of Early Arabic Sources for West African History (Cambridge University Press 1981) pp. 269-273. Andrew Marr's History of the World. BBC World Service. 21 May 2015 http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningzone/clips/mansa-musa-of-mali-the-richest-man-ever/14207.html. Ari Nave and Elizabeth Heath, "The Mali Empire" in Africana, The Encyclopedia of the African & African American Experience, Kwame Anthony Appiah, and Henry Louis Gates, Jr., (New York: Oxford: University Press, 2005).

g and	uring	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus	Key Concepts /	Resources
Unit Endu	erstand	Expectations	Questions	Vocabulary	
		assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. WHST.6-8.8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis,			Aztec. Wikipedia. 30 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aztec. Aztecs. The History Channel. 30 May 2015 http://www.history.com/topics/aztecs/videos/aztec-aqueducts. Big Era Five: Patterns of Interregional Unity, 300-1500 CE. This Big Era and the Three Essential Questions. World History for Us All. National Center for History in the Schools at UCLA and San Diego State University. 21 May 2015 Goucher, Candice http://worldhistoryforusall.sdsu.edu/eras/era5.php. Crusades. History.com. A & E Television Networks. 10 June 2015 http://www.history.com/topics/crusades/print. "The Crusades." Heilbrunn Timeline of Art History. The Metropolitan Museum of Art. 10 June 2015 http://www.metmuseum.org/toah/hd/crus/hd_crus.htm. Department of Asian Art. "Shoguns and Art". In Heilbrunn Timeline of Art History. New York: The "Early History to the Ashikaga Shoguns." History of Japan. InfoPlease.com. 10 June 2015 http://www.infoplease.com/encyclopedia/world/japan-history.html. Empire of the Incas. YouTube. 30 May 2015 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GcMHwLTURqU. Feudal Life. Interactives. Annenberg Learner. 10 June 2015 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GcMHwLTURqU. The Fujiwara: 9th - 11th century. History of Japan. World History.net. 10 June 2015 http://www.historyworld.net/wrldhis/PlainTextHistories.asp?Paragrap hID=dxf.

Overard g and Unit Endurin Underst ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	reflection, and research. WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. MI: GLCE: Social Studies 6th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and			Genghis Khan. History Channel. 10 June 2015 http://www.history.com/topics/genghis-khan. Geographic Understandings of Latin America and the Caribbean. Wikispaces. 30 May 2015 https://mccainsocialstudies.wikispaces.com/D1.+Geography. Goucher, Candice, Charles LeGuin, and Linda Walton. "Trade, Technology, and Culture: The Mali Empire in West Africa." Bridging World History. 21 May 2015 http://www.learner.org/courses/worldhistory/support/reading 11 1.p df. High Trevor-Roper. Wikipedia. 21 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hugh Trevor-Roper. Ibn Batutta, from Travels to Kingdom of Mali, 1352 CE Inca Empire. Wikipedia. 30 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Inca Empire.svg. Inca mythology. Wikipedia. 30 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inca mythology. Internet Medieval Sourcebook Selected Sources: The Crusades. Fordham University. 10 June 2015 http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/sbook1k.asp. Kent Glenzer, Dorothea E. Schultz and Stephen Wooten, "Mali" in the New Encyclopedia of Africa, John Middleton, and Joseph C. Miller, eds., (New York: Scribner's, 2008) Kevin Shillington, History of Africa (New York: Palgrave, 2005). Machu Picchu. Wikipedia. 30 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:80 - Machu Picchu - Juin 2009 - edit.2.jpg.

Overa g and Unit Endu Under ings	Standards / Con	tent Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporar life can be based. H1.1 Tempo Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the part of the first o	ry ral al dist.		Mali & Songhai. Collapse: Why Do Civilizations Fall? Annenberg Learner. 21 May 2015 http://www.learner.org/interactives/collapse/mali.html. Mali Empire. BlackPast. 21 May 2015 http://www.blackpast.org/gah/mali-empire-ca-1200. Mali Empire. Wikipedia. 21 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mali Empire. "Mansa Musa of Mali Named World's Richest Man of All Time; Gates and Buffet Also Make List. "The Huffington Post. 17 October 2012. 21 May 2015 http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2012/10/17/mansa-musa-worlds-richest-man-all-time_n_1973840.html. Mansa Musa's Pilgramage — Grade Seven. Ohio Department of Education. 21 May 2015 https://ims.ode.state.oh.us/ODE/IMS/Lessons/Web Content/CSS LPS03_BA_L07_102_01.pdf. Modern History Sourcebook: Pedro de Cieza de Léon: Chronicles of the Incas, 1540 Pedro Cieza de Léon, The Second Part of the Chronicle of Peru, Clements R. Markham, trans. & ed., (London: Hakluyt Society, 1883), pp. 36-50, passim. Fordham University. 30 May 2015 http://www.fordham.edu/HALSALL/MOD/1540cieza.asp. Modern History Sourcebook: Hernan Cortés: from Second Letter to Charles V, 1520. Fordham University. 30 May 2015 http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/mod/1520cortes.asp. Mongolian Empire. East Asia History for Kids. 21 May 2015 https://sites.google.com/site/mrvailsclass2/mongolian-empire-and-feudal-japan.

Overarch g and Unit Enduring Understa ings	Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	6 – H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 6 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 6 – H1.2.3 Identify the point			"The Mongols in World History." Asian Topics in World History. Asia for Educators. Columbia University. 10 June 2015 http://afe.easia.columbia.edu/mongols/china/china4_a.htm. Nehemia Levtzion, Ancient Ghana and Mali (New York: Africana Publishing Company, 1980). Overview. Aztecs, Maya, and Inca. Ducksters. May 2015. 30 May 2015 http://www.ducksters.com/history/aztec_maya_inca.php. Pachacuti Inca Yupanqui (or Pachacutec), Sapa Inca from 1438 to 1471 or 1472. Wikipedia. 30 May 2015 Peer Evaluation of Group Work Rubric. St. Norbert College Ocean Voyagers Program. 10 June 2015 http://cosee-central-gom.org/seascholars/lesson_plans/lesson2web/intro/peerrubric1.html. Per Work Group Evaluation Forms. Now with Bill Moyers. PBS. 10 June 2015 http://www-tc.pbs.org/now/classroom/peer2.pdf. Primary History: Ancient Greeks. BBC. 2014. June 2014 Primary History: Vikings. BBC. June 2014 The Rise and Fall of the Aztec. YouTube. 30 May 2015 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FwUAJbOcubM. "The roots of the feudal system." BBC. 2014. June 2014 See Think Wonder Routine. Visible Thinking. Harvard Project Zero. 10 June 2015 http://www.visiblethinkingpz.org/VisibleThinking html_files/03_ThinkingRoutines/03c_Core_routines/SeeThinkWonder/SeeThinkWonder_Routine.html.

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and secondary sources. 6 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. 6 – H1.2.5 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 6 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural institutions to study an era and a region (political,			Spanish conquest of the Aztec Empire. Wikipedia. 30 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spanish conquest of the Aztec Empire "The Spread of the Balck Death in Europe Map." Philip's Atlas of World History. 12 June 2015 https://qed.princeton.edu/getfile.php?f=The_Spread_of_the_Black_Death in Europe, 1347 to 1352.jpg. Stockdill, Darin and Stacie Woodward. Supplemental Materials (Lessons 2-4, Unit 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2015. PowerPoint (Lesson 2-4, Unit 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2015. Tenochtitlan Model. Wikipedia. 30 May 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:TenochtitlanModel.JPG. "The Trans-Saharan Gold Trade (7th–14th century)". In Heilbrunn Timeline of Art History. New York: The Metropolitan Museum of Art, 2000. "The Wealth of Africa, The Kingdom of Mali, Teachers' Notes." The British Museum. 21 May 2015 http://www.britishmuseum.org/pdf/KingdomOfMali_TeachersNotes.pdf. "What Effect Did the Mongols Have on Europe? About Education.com. 10 June 2015 http://asianhistory.about.com/od/mongolia/f/Effects-Mongols-Europe.htm. Woodward, Stacie and Darin Stockdill. Supplemental Materials (Lesson 1, Unit 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2015.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 6 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 6 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspective to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W2 WHG Era 2 – Early Civilizations and Cultures and the Emergence of Pastoral Peoples, 4000 to 1000 B.C.E./B.C. Describe and differentiate defining characteristics of early civilization and			PowerPoint (Lesson 1, Unit 7). Teacher-made materials. Oakland Schools, 2015.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		pastoral societies, where they emerged, and how they spread. W2.1 Early Civilizations and Early Pastoral Societies Describe the characteristics of early Western Hemisphere civilizations and pastoral societies. 6 – W2.1.2 Describe how the invention of agriculture led to the emergence of agrarian civilizations (seasonal harvests, specialized crops, cultivation, and development of villages and towns). 6 – W2.1.3 Use multiple sources			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	of evidence to describe how the culture of early peoples of North America reflected the geography and natural resources available (e.g., Inuit of the Arctic, Kwakiutl of the Northwest Coast; Anasazi and Apache of the Southwest). 6 – W2.1.4 Use evidence to identify defining characteristics of early civilizations and early pastoral nomads (government, language, religion, social structure, technology, and division of labor). W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and Major Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and empires that emerged during this era, noting their political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica and Andean South America and the subsequent urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region.			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	(Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in Mesoamerica and South America. 6 – W3.1.1 Analyze the role of environment in the development of early empires, referencing both useful environmental features and those that presented obstacles. 6 – W3.1.2 Explain the role of economics in shaping the development of early civilizations (trade routes and their significance – Inca Road, supply and demand for products).			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – W3.1.3 Describe similarities and difference among Mayan, Aztec, and Incan societies, including economy, religion, and role and class structure. 6 – W3.1.4 Describe the regional struggles and changes in governmental systems among the Mayan, Aztec, and Incan Empires. 6 – W3.1.5 Construct a timeline of main events on the origin and development of early and classic ancient civilizations of the Western Hemisphere (Olmec, Mayan, Aztec, and Incan). Geography G1 The World in Spatial			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		acquire and process information from a spatial perspective.			
		Grades 6 & 7			
		6 – G1.1.1 Describe how geographers use mapping to represent places and natural and human phenomena in the world. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their environment, and relations			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		within the larger world context. 6 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers (Amazon, Mississippi, Missouri, Colorado), and climate regions of the Western Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 6 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		6 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 6 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 6 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in		

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	technology (e.g., Canada with regard to mining, forestry, hydroelectric power generation, agriculture, snowmobiles, cell phones, air travel). G4 Human Systems Explain that human activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics, distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 6 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Americas (e.g., baseball, soccer, music,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		architecture, television, languages, health care, Internet, consumer brands, currency, restaurants, international migration). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions of human settlement. 6 – G4.3.1 Identify places in the Western Hemisphere that have been modified to be suitable for settlement by describing the modifications that were necessary (e.g., Vancouver in Canada; irrigated agriculture; or clearing of forests for farmland). 6 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., coastal and river cities and towns in the past and present, locations of megacities – modern cities over 5 million, such as Mexico City, and patterns of agricultural settlements in South and North America). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 6 – G4.4.1 Identify factors that contribute to conflict and cooperation between and among cultural			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		groups (control/use of natural resources, power, wealth, and cultural diversity). G5.2 Physical and Human Systems Describe how physical and human systems shape patterns on the Earth's surface. 6– G5.2.1 Describe the effects that a change in the physical environment could have on human activities and the choices people would have to make in adjusting to the change (e.g., drought in northern Mexico, disappearance of forest vegetation in the Amazon, natural hazards and disasters			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		from volcanic eruptions in Central America and the Caribbean and earthquakes in Mexico City and Colombia). 7th Grade History H1 The World in Temporal Terms: Historical Habits of Mind (Ways of Thinking) Evaluate evidence, compare and contrast information, interpret the historical record, and develop sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		life can be based. H1.1 Temporal Thinking Use historical conceptual devices to organize and study the past. Grade 6 & 7 7 - H1.1.1 Explain why and how historians use eras and periods as constructs to organize and explain human activities over time. H1.2 Historical Inquiry and Analysis Use historical inquiry and analysis to study the past. 7 - H1.2.1 Explain how historians use a variety of sources to explore the past (e.g., artifacts, primary			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		and secondary sources including narratives, technology, historical maps, visual/mathemati cal quantitative data, radiocarbon dating, DNA analysis). 7 – H1.2.2 Read and comprehend a historical passage to identify basic factual knowledge and the literal meaning by indicating who was involved, what happened, where it happened, where it happened, what events led to the development, and what consequences or outcomes followed. 7 – H1.2.3 Identify the point of view (perspective of the author) and context when reading and discussing primary and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		secondary sources. 7 – H1.2.4 Compare and evaluate competing historical perspectives about the past based on proof. 7 – H1.2.5 Describe how historians use methods of inquiry to identify cause effect relationships in history noting that many have multiple causes. 7 – H1.2.6 Identify the role of the individual in history and the significance of one person's ideas. H1.4 Historical Understanding Use historical concepts, patterns, and themes to study the past. 7 – H1.4.1 Describe and use cultural			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		institutions to study an era and a region (political, economic, religion/ belief, science/technolo gy, written language, education, family). 7 – H1.4.2 Describe and use themes of history to study patterns of change and continuity. 7 – H1.4.3 Use historical perspectives to analyze global issues faced by humans long ago and today. W2 WHG Era 2 – Early Civilizations and Cultures and the Emergence of Pastoral Peoples, 4000 to 1000 B.C.E./B.C. Describe and differentiate defining			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		characteristics of early civilization and pastoral societies, where they emerged, and how they spread. W2.1 Early Civilizations and Early Pastoral Societies Describe the characteristics of early Western Hemisphere civilizations and pastoral societies. 7 – W2.1.3 Examine early civilizations to describe their common features (ways of governing, stable food supply, economic and social structures, use of resources and technology, division of labor			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	and forms of communication). 7 – W2.1.4 Define the concept of cultural diffusion and how it resulted in the spread of ideas and technology from one region to another (e.g., plants, crops, plow, wheel, bronze metallurgy). W3 WHG Era 3 – Clasical Traditions and Major Empires, 1000 B.C.E./B.C. to 300 C.E./A.D. Analyze the civilizations and empires that emerged during this era, noting their political, economic, and social systems, and their changing interactions			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		with the environment. Analyze the innovations and social, political, and economic changes that occurred through the emergence of agrarian societies of Mesoamerica and Andean South America and the subsequent urbanization and trading economies that occurred in the region. (Grade 6) W3.1 Classical Traditions and Major Empires in the Western Hemisphere Describe empires and agrarian civilizations in			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Mesoamerica and South America. 7 – W3.1.1 Describe the characteristics that classical civilizations share (institutions, cultural styles, systems of thought that influenced neighboring peoples and have endured for several centuries). 7 – W3.1.2 Using historic and modern maps, locate three major empires of this era, describe their geographic characteristics including physical features and climates, and propose a generalization about the relationship between geographic characteristics and the development of early empires.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – W3.1.5 Describe major achievements from Indian, Chinese, Mediterranean, African, and Southwest and Central Asian civilizations in the areas of art, architecture and culture; science, technology and mathematics; political life and ideas; philosophy and ethical beliefs; and military strategy. 7 – W3.1.6 Use historic and modern maps to locate and describe trade networks among empires in the classical era. 7 – W3.1.7 Use a case study to describe how trade integrated cultures and influenced the economy within empires (e.g., Assyrian and Persian trade networks or			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		networks of Egypt and Nubia/Kush; or Phoenician and Greek networks). 7 – W3.1.8 Describe the role of state authority, military power, taxation systems, and institutions of coerced labor, including slavery, in building and maintaining empires (e.g., Han Empire, Mauryan Empire, Egypt, Greek city-states and the Roman Empire). 7 – W3.1.9 Describe the significance of legal codes, belief systems, written languages and communications in the development of large regional empires. W3.2 Growth and Development of World			

Unit E	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	Religions Explain how world religions or belief systems of Hinduism, Judaism, Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism and Islam grew and their significance. (Islam is included here even though it came after 300 C.E./A.D.) 7 – W3.2.3 Identify and describe the ways that religions unified people's perceptions of the world and contributed to cultural integration of large regions of Afro-Eurasia. Geography G1 The World in Spatial		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Terms: Geographical Habits of Mind Describe and study the relationships between people, places, and environments by using information that is in a geographic (spatial) context. Engage in mapping and analyzing the information to explain the patterns and relationships they reveal both between and among people, their cultures, and the natural environment. Identify and access information,			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		evaluate it using criteria based on concepts and themes, and use geography in problem solving and decision making. Explain and use key conceptual devices (places and regions, spatial patterns and processes) that geographers use to organize information and inform their study of the world. G1.1 Spatial Thinking Use maps and other geographic tools to			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		acquire and process information from a spatial perspective.			
		Grades 6 & 7 7 – G1.1.1 Explain and use a variety of maps, globes, and web based geography technology to study the world, including global, interregional, regional, and local scales. G1.2 Geographical Inquiry and Analysis Use geographic inquiry and analysis to answer important questions about relationships between people, cultures, their			

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	environment, and relations within the larger world context. 7 – G1.2.1 Locate the major landforms, rivers and climate regions of the Eastern Hemisphere. G1.3 Geographical Understanding Use geographic themes, knowledge about processes and concepts to study the Earth. 7 – G1.3.2 Explain the locations and distributions of physical and human characteristics of Earth by using knowledge of spatial patterns.			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		7 – G1.3.3 Explain the different ways in which places are connected and how those connections demonstrate interdependence and accessibility. G2.2 Human Characteristics of Place Describe the human characteristics of places. 7 – G2.2.1 Describe the human characteristics of the region under study (including languages, religion, economic system, governmental system, cultural traditions). 7 – G2.2.2 Explain that communities are affected positively or negatively by changes in		

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		technology (e.g., increased manufacturing resulting in rural to urban migration in China, increased farming of fish, hydroelectric power generation at Three Gorges, pollution resulting from increased manufacturing and automobiles). 7 – G2.2.3 Analyze how culture and experience influence people's perception of places and regions (e.g., that beaches are places where tourists travel, cities have historic buildings, northern places are cold, equatorial places are very warm). G4 Human Systems Explain that human			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		activities may be seen on Earth's surface. G4.1 Cultural Mosaic Describe the characteristics , distribution and complexity of Earth's cultural mosaic. 7 – G4.1.1 Identify and explain examples of cultural diffusion within the Eastern Hemisphere (e.g., the spread of sports, music, architecture, television, Internet, Bantu languages in Africa, Islam in Western Europe). G4.3 Patterns of Human Settlement Describe patterns, processes, and functions			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		of human settlement. 7 – G4.3.2 Describe patterns of settlement by using historical and modern maps (e.g., the location of the world's mega cities, other cities located near coasts and navigable rivers, regions under environmental stress such as the Sahel). G4.4 Forces of Cooperation and Conflict Explain how forces of conflict and cooperation among people influence the division of the Earth's surface and its resources. 7 – G4.4.1 Identify and explain factors that contribute to conflict and			

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understand ings	Standards / Content	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		cooperation between and among cultural groups (e.g., natural resources, power, culture, wealth). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		



Social Studies 8 (M)

Bardwell Group Master Curriculum > 2017-2018 > Grade 8 > Social Studies > Social Studies 8 (M) > Hardison, Tonette; Hetzel, Rachal; Novak, Marcy; Walkes, Stephanie



Monday, December 4, 2017, 9:31AM

Unit	Enduring	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Unit 1: Foundati ons of a New Nation (Week 1, 6 Weeks)	How do people and condition s interact to bring about change?	MI: Social Studies (2007) 8th Grade US History & Geography Foundations in United States History and Geography ERAs 1-3 These foundational expectation s are included to help students draw upon their previous study of American history and connect 8th grade United States history with the history	political and philosophic al ideas and the experie nces of the colonists and Founders reflected in the Declaration of Independen ce, Articles of Confeder ation,	1. Create a picture book for younger children describing the critical issues debated at the Constitution al Convention and explaining how they were addressed. 2. Write an essay that analyzes how the political and intellectual ideas and the experiences of the colonists and Founders are reflected in the	Student Resource The Articles of Confederation. America.gov. 8 Jan. 2008. 29 September 2015 The Articles of Confederation. The Avalon Project. Yale Law School. 29http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/artconf.htm#art1 A Brief Overview of the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court of the United States. 29 September 2015 http://www.supremecourtus.gov/about/briefoverview.pdf 29 September 2015 The Constitution and the Federal Judiciary. Understanding the Federal Courts. Constitutional Topic: Articles of Confederation. The United States Constitution Online. http://www.usconstitution.net/consttop_arti.html The Court and Constitutional Interpretation. The Supreme Court of the United States. 9 May 2008 Debates in the Federal Convention of 1787 reported by James Madison: June 18. Avalon Project at Yale Law School. 29 September 2015 www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/debates/618.htm The Executive Branch — Presidency. Congress for Kids. The Dirksen Center. 29 September 2015 http://www.congressforkids.net/Executivebranch_president.htm The Federal Courts and American Government. Understanding the Federal Courts. 23 July 2008 The Great Compromise. Congress for Kids. 29 September 2015 http://www.congressforkids.net/Constitution_greatcompromise.htm The House of Burgesses. Britain in the New World. Beyond Books. 23 July 2008

g and Unit Endu		Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	studied in 5th grade. To set the stage for the study of U.S. history that begins with the creation of the U.S. Constitution , students should be able to draw upon an understandi ng of these politics and intellectual understandi ngs. F1 Political and Intellectual Transformat ions F1.1 Describe the ideas, experiences, and interactions that influenced the colonists' decisions to declare independenc	Convention (e.g., distribution of political power, conduct of foreign affairs, rights of individuals, rights of states, election of the executive, and slavery)?	Declaration of Independen ce Articles of Confederati on, United States Constitution , and the Bill of Rights. The essay should address concepts such as natural rights philosophy, social contract, limited government , individual rights, republicanis m, popular sovereignty, rule of law, right of revolution, and separation of powers. 3. Create a political cartoon about a contempora ry national	Interactive Constitution. National Constitution Center. 23 July 2008 Issues: Free Speech. The American Civil Liberties Union. 29 September 2015 http://www.aclu.org/freespeech/index.html Lesson 1: Why Do We Need a Government? The Center for Civic Education. 29 September 2015 http://www.civiced.org/index.php?page=MS_Student_Book The Making of the Constitution. Social Studies for Kids. 29 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/articles/ushistory/makingoftheconstitution3htm McCormick Tribune Freedom Museum. 23 July 2008 "Problems with the Articles." The Making of the Constitution. Social Studies for Kids. 29 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/articles/ushistory/makingoftheconstitution1htm Shays' Rebellion. The Robinson Library. 29 September 2015 http://www.robinsonlibrary.com/america/uslocal/newengland/massachusetts/history/shays.htm Shays' Rebellion (1786-87) and the Constitution. Calliope. 29 September 2015 http://www.calliope.org/shays/shays2.html Thomas: Legislative Information Available on the Internet. Library of Congress. 2003. 29 September 2015 http://thomas.loc.gov The United States Constitution. National Archives. 29 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/national-archives-experience/charters/constitution_transcript.html

Unit	_	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		e by analyzing • colonial ideas about government (e.g., limited government, republicanis m, protecting individual rights and promoting the common good, representativ e government, natural rights) (C2) • experiences with self-government (e.g., House of Burgesses and town meetings) (C2) • changing interactions with the royal government of Great Britain after the French and Indian War (C2) F1.2 Using the Declaration		public issue. The cartoon should illustrate differences between Federalists and Anti-Federalists with respect to concerns over distribution of power within government and the governed, and among people.	United States Constitution, Article I. US Constitution.net. 29 September 2015 http://www.usconstitution.net/const.html#Article1 United States Constitution – Preamble. Cornell Law School. 29 September 2015 http://www.law.cornell.edu/constitution/constitution.preamble.html United States House of Representatives. 29 September 2015 http://www.house.gov/ United States Senate. 23 July 2008 The Virginia House of Burgesses. Social Studies for Kids. 29 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/articles/ushistory/houseofburgesses.htm The White House. 29 September 2015 http://www.whitehouse.gov/history/index.html Teacher Resource Address to the People of the State of New York by the Hon. John Jay. Library of Congress. Learning Page. 23 July 2008 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/ndlpedu/features/timeline/newnatn/usconst/john jay.html The Almost Painless Guide to the Judicial Branch. United Learning. 1998. United Streaming. 29 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ American History: Road to Revolution. Discovery Channel School. 2006. United Streaming. 29 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		of Independenc e, including the grievances at the end of the document, describe the role this document played in expressing • colonists' views of government • their reasons for separating from Great Britain. (C2) F1.3 Describe the consequence s of the American Revolution by analyzing the • birth of an independent republican government (C2) • creation of Articles of Confederation (C2) • changing			Anti-Federalist Papers. The Constitution Society. 29 September 2015 http://www.constitution.org/afp.htm The Anti-Federalist Papers. From Revolution to Reconstruction. The Anti-Federalist Papers. Speech of Patrick Henry, June 7, 1788. From Revolution to Reconstruction. 23 July 2008 Articles of Confederation. The U.S. Constitution Online. 29 September 2015 http://www.usconstitution.net/articles.html The Articles of Confederation. The University of Oklahoma Law Center. 29 September 2015 http://www.law.ou.edu/hist/artconf.html Baron de Montesquieu. 29 September 2015 http://www.rigeib.com/thoughts/montesquieu/montesquieu-bio.html Benedict, James A., Revolution and Constitution 1763-1791. Rocky River, OH: The Center for Learning, 2000. 53-55. The Bill of Rights. Library of Congress. 29 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/ampage?collId=IIsl&fileName=001/IIsl001.db&recNum=144 Bjornlund, Lydia. The U.S. Constitution: Blueprint for Democracy. San Diego, CA: Lucent Books, Inc., 1999. Bodenhamer, David J. "Federalism and Democracy." Federalism Checks the Power of the Central Government: Historian discusses interplay between state and national governments. America.gov. 2 Jan. 2007. 23 July 2008 Cababe, Louise. Alexander S. Frazier, Janet Stowell Garza, Howard M. Jacobs, and Jeanne M. Kish, ed. U.S. History: Beginnings to 1876. Rocky River, OH: The Center for Learning, 1997. 55, 61-62, 73-76, 81-87. Caliguire, Augustine. U.S. History Book 1: America: Creating the Dream, Beginnings to 1865. Calabasas, CA: The Center for Learning, 2000. 71-76.

Unit I	0	ontent	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		views on freedom and equality (C2) • and concerns over distribution of power within governments, between government and the governed, and among people (C2) U3.3 Creating New Government (s) and a New Constitution Explain some of the challenges faced by the new nation under the Articles of Confederati on, and analyze the development of the Constitution as a new plan for governing.			Cato. Letter VII. New York Journal. Jan. 3, 1788. 29 September 2015 http://www.constitution.org/afp/cato_07.htm Checks and Balances. Congress for Kids. 29 September 2015 http://www.congressforkids.net/Constitution_checksandbalances.htm The Checks and Balances System: A Worksheet. Cyber Learning. 29 September 2015 http://www.cyberlearning-world.com/lessons/checks.htm Commager, Henry S., ed. Selections from The Federalist: Hamilton, Madison, Jay. Wheeling, IL: Harlan Davidson, Inc., 1949. The Constitution: A History. National Archives and Records Administration. Charters of Freedom. 29 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/national-archives-experience/charters/constitution history.html The Constitution and the Idea of Compromise: The Slavery Compromises. Rediscovering George Washington. The Claremont Institute. 2002. 29 September 2015 Constitutional Topic: Federalists and Anti-Federalists. United States Constitution Online. 29 September 2015 http://www.usconstitution.net/consttop_faf.html Constitutional Topic: The Constitutional Convention. The United States Constitution Online. 29 September 2015 http://www.usconstitution.net/consttop_ccon.html Countdown to Independence: Causes of the American Revolution. Rainbow Educational Media. 1993. United Streaming. 29 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Courts. 23 July 2008 Creating A Bill of Rights. Ed. Jamie Fratello Staub. 12 July 1998. The Academy Social Studies Curricular Exchange, Columbia Education Center. 23 July 2008

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Grades 5 & 8 8 – U3.3.1 Explain the reasons for the adoption and subsequent failure of the Articles of Confederation (e.g., why its drafters created a weak central government, challenges the nation faced under the Articles, Shays' Rebellion, disputes over western lands). (C2) 8 – U3.3.2 Identify economic and political questions facing the nation during the period of the Articles of Confederation and the opening of the			Creating a New Nation. Liberty! The American Revolution. PBS. 29 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/ktca/liberty/tguide 6.html The Declaration of Independence. Library of Congress. 29 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/rr/program/bib/ourdocs/DeclarInd.html "The Declaration of Independence and Natural Rights." Foundations of Our Constitution. Constitutional Rights Foundation. 23 July 2008 Documents and Artifacts from the Revolutionary War Library. How Stuff Works. 29 September 2015 http://history.howstuffworks.com/revolutionary-war/documents-artifacts-from-revolutionary-war.htm Elbridge Gerry's Reasons for Not Signing the Federal Constitution. Library of Congress. 29 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/ndipedu/features/timeline/newnatn/usconst/egerry.html Federalists and Anti-Federalists. Thinkquest. 23 July 2008 "The Federalists and Anti-Federalists." The Constitution: A History. National Archives and Records Administration. 29 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/national-archives-experience/charters/constitution history.html Federalists Papers. THOMAS. Library of Congress. 29 September 2015 http://thomas.loc.gov/home/histdox/fedpapers.html The Federalist Papers, Federalist No. 2. THOMAS. Library of Congress. 29 September 2015 http://thomas.loc.gov/home/histdox/fed 02.html Federalists vs. Anti-Federalists. The Study Stack. 29 September 2015 http://www.studystack.com/studytable-12046 Forms of Government. Politics Defined.com. 29 September 2015 http://www.politicsdefined.com/government.htm

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Constitutiona I Convention. (E1.4) 8 – U3.3.3 Describe the major issues debated at the Constitutiona I Convention including the distribution of political power, conduct of foreign affairs, rights of individuals, rights of states, election of the executive, and slavery as a regional and federal issue. 8 – U3.3.4 Explain how the new constitution resolved (or compromised) the major issues including sharing, separating,			Gorin, Stuart. Overview of the US Judicial System. US Embassy. 29 September 2015 thttp://usa.usembassy.de/etexts/gov/overview1197.pdf The Great Compromise – A House Divided. Dirksen Congressional Center. 29 September 2015 thttp://www.congresslink.org/print lp_greatcompromise.htm Grolier Presents The American Presidency. 23 July 2008 Hofstadter, Richard, ed. Great Issues in American History Volume II: From the Revolution to the Civil War, 1765-1865. New York: Random House, 1969. 75-139. Independence Timeline. The Henry Ford. 29 September 2015 thttp://www.thehenryford.org/museum/liberty/about/timeline.asp?timeline=1 Landmark Supreme Court Cases. Bill of Rights Institute. 23 July 2008 Landmark Supreme Court Cases. Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 29 September 2015 http://landmarkcases.org Lesson 1: Why Do We Need a Government? The Center for Civic Education. 29 September 2015 http://www.civiced.org/index.php?page=wtp_ms01_tg Monk, Linda R. The Words We Live By: Your Annotated Guide to the Constitution. Hyperion/ A Stonesong Press Book, 2003. Nation in Crisis (Revised), A. AIMS Multimedia. 2000. United Streaming. 23 July2008 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ "The New Jersey Plan." Principles of Freedom. Colonial Williamsburg. 29 September 2015 http://research.history.org/pf/documents/newJerseyPlan.cfm Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons 29 September 2015 http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/

Unit	 Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	and checking of power among federal government institutions, dual sovereignty (state-federal power), rights of individuals, the Electoral College, the Three-Fifths Compromise, and the Great Compromise. 8 – U3.3.5 Analyze the debates over the ratification of the Constitution from the perspectives of Federalists and Anti-Federalists and describe how the states ratified the Constitution. (C2) (National Geography			Our Constitution: The Document that Gave Birth to a Nation. Rainbow Educational Media. 1988. United Streaming. 29 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/. Outline of U.S. Government. U.S. Department of State. 23 July 2008 Preamble, U.S. Constitution. 29 September 2015 http://www.law.cornell.edu/constitution/constitution.preamble.html Recent Decisions. The Supreme Court of the United States. 23 July 2008 http://www.supremecourtus.gov/ "Republicanism." Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy. 29 September 2015 http://plato.stanford.edu/entries/republicanism/ Schillings, Denny. The Living Constitution. New York: Glencoe/McGraw-Hill. 1997. T12-T15, T26, 7-22. Seeds of Liberty: Causes of the American Revolution. Rainbow Educational Media. 1993. United Streaming. 1 May 2008 Seven Roles for one President. Scholastic. 23 July 2008 Shays Rebellion (1786-87) and the Constitution. Calliope Film Resources, Inc. 29 September 2015 http://www.calliope.org/shays/shays2.html The Signing of the Constitution. U.S. Senate. Republican Policy Committee. 23 July 2008 Speech of James Wilson. 29 September 2015 http://www.constitution.org/afp/jwilson0.htm System of Checks and Balances. Cyber Learning. 29 September 2015 http://www.cyberlearning-world.com/lessons/oct6usg.htm Three-Fifths Compromise. Digital History. 2003. 29 September 2015 http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/documents/documents p2.cfm?doc=306

Unit	 Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Standard 3, p. 148) 8 – U3.3.6 Explain how the Bill of Rights reflected the concept of limited government, protections of basic freedoms, and the fear of many Americans of a strong central government. (C3) 8 – U3.3.7 Using important documents (e.g., Mayflower Compact, Iroquois Confederacy, Common Sense, Declaration of Independenc e, Northwest Ordinance, Federalist Papers), describe the			Understanding the Constitution: Creating the Federal Government. Discovery Education. 2001. United Streaming. 29 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Understanding the Constitution: The Legislative Branch. Discovery Education. 2001. United Streaming. 29 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Understanding the Federal Courts. 23 July 2008 United States History: Connecting the Past to the Present. Prince William County Public Schools. VA. 23 July 2008 United States History: 1760-1800: Forming a New Nation. AIMS Multimedia. 1996. United Streaming. 29 September 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Urofsky, Melvin I., "Introduction: The Root Principles of Democracy." Democracy Papers. State Department of the U.S. Government. 23 July 2008 U.S. Constitution: Eighth Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment08≥: U.S. Constitution: Fifth Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment05 U.S. Constitution: First Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment01 U.S. Constitution: Fourth Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment04 U.S. Constitution: Ninth Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment04 U.S. Constitution: Ninth Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment09 U.S. Constitution: Second Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment09

Unit	-	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		historical and philosophical origins of constitutional government in the United States using the ideas of social compact, limited government, natural rights, right of revolution, separation of powers, bicameralism, republicanism, and popular participation in government. (C2) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			U.S. Constitution: Seventh Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment07 U.S. Constitution: Sixth Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment06 U.S. Constitution: Tenth Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment10 U.S. Constitution: Third Amendment. Find Law. 29 September 2015 http://caselaw.lp.findlaw.com/data/constitution/amendment03 U.S. Electoral College. National Archives and Records Administration. 29 September 2015 http://archives.gov/federal_register/electoral_college/faq.html "The Virginia Plan." Principles of Freedom. Colonial Williamsburg. 29 September 2015 http://research.history.org/pf/documents/virginiaPlan.cfm Virginia Time Line, 1760-1776. Colonial Williamsburg. 23 July 2008 We the People. Calabasas, CA: Center for Civic Education, 2007. The White House: The Judicial Branch. 29 September 2015 http://www.whitehouse.gov/government/judg.html Written Document Analysis Worksheet. National Archives and Records Administration. 29 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/education/lessons/worksheets/written_document_anal_ysis_worksheet.pdf Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Bailyn, Bernard. The Ideological Origins of the American Revolution. Massachusetts: Belknap Press, 1992. Bailyn, Bernard. The Origins of American Politics. New York: Vintage Books, 1970.

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
					Foner, Eric and John Garrity, eds. <i>Reader's Companion to American History</i> . Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1991. Lutz, Donald. <i>The Origins of American Constitutionalism</i> . Louisiana: Louisiana State University Press, 1988. Wood, Gordon. <i>The Radicalism of the American Revolution</i> . New York: Vintage Books, 1992.
Unit 2: Challeng es to an Emergin g Nation (Week 7, 5 Weeks)	How successf ul were political and social leaders in solving domestic and internati onal problems faced by the new nation?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 8th Grade US History & Geograph y U4 USHG ERA 4 – Expansio n and Reform (1792- 1861) U4.1 Challenge s to an Emerging Nation Analyze	1. How did political and social leaders attempt to meet the domestic and foreign challenge s facing the new governme nt? 2. How did competing ideas, experienc es of political leaders, and fears of the Founders influence the developm	1. Compose an essay comparing the power and significanc e of the Supreme Court in 1800 to its power and significanc e in 1820. The essay should reference court cases to illustrate how the Marshall Court's decisions strengthen ed the power of the federal	Equipment/Manipulative Markers Overhead projector or document camera Poster board or butcher paper Student Resource Binder, Frederick M., and David M. Reimers. The Way We Lived: Essays and Documents in American Social History. Vol. 1: 1607-1877. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1988. 140-62. Constitutionality of the National Bank: Alexander Hamilton. American Patriot Network. 30 September 2015 http://www.civil-liberties.com/cases/nat_bank2.html Constitutionality of the National Bank: Thomas Jefferson. American Patriot Network. 30 September 2015 http://www.civil-liberties.com/cases/nat_bank1.html Establishing Precedents: Webisode 7. Freedom A History of US. PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wnet/historyofus/web02/segment7.html "Farewell Address." Farewell Address 1796. Rediscovering George Washington. PBS.Org. Claremont Institute. 23 July 2008

Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	the challenge s the new governme nt faced and the role of political and social leaders in meeting these challenge s. Grade 8 8 – U4.1.1 Washington's Farewell – Use Washington's Farewell Address to analyze the most significant challenges the new nation faced and the extent to which subsequent Presidents heeded Washington'	ent of political parties? 3. How did the decisions by the President and Congress and decisions of the Supreme Court help to define the authority of the national governme nt?	governmen t (8 – U4.1.4).	"Farewell Address." Rediscovering George Washington. PBS.Org. Claremont Institute. 2002. 23 July 2008 Hakim, Joy. The New Nation. New York: Oxford Press, 1999. 24-29. Horizons. United States History: Beginnings. Orlando: Harcourt School Publishers, 2003. 374-379 (or other similar textbooks). Inaugural Addresses of the Presidents of the United States: George Washington to George W. Bush. Bartleby.com. 30 September 2015 http://www.bartleby.com/124/ McCulloch v. Maryland (1819): Background Summary and Questions. Landmark Cases.Org. Supreme Court Historical Society and Street Law. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/mcculloch/background1.html McCulloch v. Maryland (1819): Key Excerpts from the Opinion. Landmarkcases.org. Supreme Court Historical Society and Street Law. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/mcculloch/opinion.html President Elect. Presidentelect.org. 6 Jan. 2005. 30 September 2015 http://presidentelect.org/index.html "Whiskey Rebellion." Social Studies for Kids. 30 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/wwww/us/whiskeyrebelliondef.htm Teacher Resource Bergen, Paul, ed. "United States Historical Census Data Browser." 24 Mar. 1998. University of Virginia Library. 23 July 2008 Blohm, Craig E. "Old Ironsides: America's Fighting Lady." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 9. No. 1. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1988. 14-18. Cababe Louise D., et al. U.S. History Book 1 – Beginnings to 1876. Rocky River, OH: Center for Learning, 1997. 93-105.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		s advice. (C4) 8 – U4.1.2 Establishing America's Place in the World – Explain the changes in America's relationship s with other nations by analyzing treaties with American Indian nations, Jay's Treaty (1795), French Revolution, Pinckney's Treaty (1795), Louisiana Purchase, War of 1812, Transcontin ental Treaty (1819), and the Monroe Doctrine. (C4) (National Geography Standard 13, p. 161)			Davidson, James West, et al. <i>The American Nation: Teacher's Edition</i> . Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, 2000. 168-247, 660-70. "Effects of Taxes." MSN Encarta Online Encyclopedia. Microsoft. 2004. 23 July 2008 The Evils of Necessity: A Time Line of the National Bank. American Patriot Network. 30 September 2015 http://www.civil-liberties.com/cases/bank.html "Hamilton vs. Jefferson." An Outline of American History (1994). From Revolution to Reconstruction. 20 Oct. 2004. 30 September 2015 http://odur.let.rug.nl/~usa/H/1994/ch4_p8.htm Historical Maps of the United States. 10 Dec. 2001. General Libraries - The University of Texas at Austin. 23 July 2008 Jefferson's West: Thomas Jefferson and the Lewis and Clark Expedition. Monticello. 30 September 2015 http://www.monticello.org/jefferson/lewisandclark Kane, Beth Irwin. "The Burning of Washington." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 9. No. 1. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1988. Kimball, Virginia. "The Bright Promise." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 2. No. 9. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1981. 18-23. LaFrance, Ruth M. "Dolly Madison Journal: Flight From Washington." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 9. No. 1. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1988. 29-31. "Marbury v. Madison (1803)." Landmark Cases. Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/marbury/home.html

Overarch g and Unit Enduring Understa ngs	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	8 – U4.1.3 Challenge of Political Conflict – Explain how political parties emerged out of the competing ideas, experiences , and fears of Thomas Jefferson and Alexander Hamilton (and their followers), despite the worries the Founders had concerning the dangers of political division, by analyzing disagreeme nts over • relative power of the national government (e.g., Whiskey Rebellion, Alien and Sedition			Martel, Nancy B. "The Birth of 'The Star Spangled Banner." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 9 No. 1. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1988. 32-33. "Michigan State Taxes." Bankrate.com. 26 Jan. 2005. 30 September 2015 http://www.bankrate.com/brm/itax/edit/state/profiles/state_tax_Mich.asp National Standards for History – Basic Education. Los Angeles, CA: National Center for History in the School, 1996. 89-94. Netherton, Theresa. "Tecumseh." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 9. No. 1. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1988. 12-13. Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Salmon, Priscilla. "Kids at Work." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 2. No. 9. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1981. 40-41. Selinsky, Deloris. "The War Within A War." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 9 No. 1. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1988. 6-10. "Thomas Jefferson vs. Alexander Hamilton: It Was No Party." Freedom: A History of US. Teachers Guide. Webisode 2, Segment 7. PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wnet/historyofus/teachers/pdfs/segment2-7.pdf The View from the Crow's Nest. "America at Work: The Industrial Revolution." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Vol. 2. No. 9. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishing, 1981. 4-9. The Whiskey Rebellion. Friendship Hill National Historic Site. National Park Service. 4 Jan. 2005. 23 July 2008 Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Johnson, Paul E. The Early American Republic, 1789-1829. New York: Oxford University Press, 2006.

Overard g and Unit Endurir Undersi ngs	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Acts) (C3) • foreign relations (e.g., French Revolution, relations with Great Britain) (C3) • economic policy (e.g., the creation of a national bank, assumption of revolutionar y debt) (C3, E2.2) 8 – U4.1.4 Establishing a National Judiciary and Its Power – Explain the developmen t of the power of the Supreme Court through the doctrine of judicial review as manifested in Marbury v. Madison (1803) and			Newmyer, R. Kent. The Supreme Court under Marshall and Taney. Illinois: Harlan Davidson, Inc., 2006. Sharp, James Roger. American Politics in the Early Republic: The New Nation in Crisis. London, England: Yale University Press, 1995. Slaughter, Thomas P. The Whiskey Rebellion: Frontier Epilogue to the American Revolution New York: Oxford University Press, 1986.

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		the role of Chief Justice John Marshall and the Supreme Court in interpreting the power of the national government (e.g., McCullouch v. Maryland, Dartmouth College v. Woodward, Gibbons v. Ogden). (C3, E1.4, 2.2) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 3: Regional and Economi c Growth (Week 12, 5 Weeks)	How did people respond to the challeng es presente d by regional and economi	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 8th Grade US History & Geograph y	1. How did territorial, demograph ic, and economic growth affect regional differences in the nation?	1. Construct an evidentiary argument about the positive and negative consequenc es of territorial and economic	Student Resource Andrew Jackson. State Library of North Carolina. 23 July 2008 Andrew Jackson. From Revolution to Reconstruction. 30 September 2015 http://www.let.rug.nl/~usa/P/aj7/about/bio/jackxx.htm "The Conflicts Between Pioneers and Native Americans: Diary Two," and "The Pioneer Fears of Native Americans: Diary Four," "In the Words of a Native American: Diary Five." As the Wind Rocks the Wagon. AIMS Multimedia.

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	c growth?	U4 USHG ERA 4 – Expansio n and Reform (1792- 1861) U4.1 Challenge s to an Emerging Nation Analyze the challenge s the new governme nt faced and the role of political and social leaders in meeting these challenge s. Grade 8 8 – U4.1.2 Establishing America's Place in the	 How did the political, social, and economic consequen ces of westward expansion complicate national issues? How does historical evidence support the claim that the Age of Jackson was a period of contradicti ons? 	expansion on the United States and its people. In the essay, include evidence about the treatment of American Indians, the institution of slavery, and the relations between free and slaveholdin g states. 2. Construct a visual that depicts at least three causes of regional and economic growth in the United States. Use the visual in a presentatio n that explains how territorial, demographi c, and	1993. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 End of the Oregon Trail. End of the Oregon Trial Interpretive Center. 30 September 2015 http://www.endoftheoregontrail.org Gold Rush! - California's Untold Stories. Oakland Museum of California. 30 September 2015 http://www.museumca.org/goldrush/ The Gold Rush. 23 July 2008 http://www.isu.edu/~trinmich/home.html Growth of a Nation Part I. Animated Atlas of American History. 30 September 2015 http://www.animatedatlas.com/movie2.html "Introducing Andrew Jackson." America's Era of Expansion and Reform, 1817-1860: America Under Andrew Jackson, 1829-1836: The Indian Removal Act, The Nullification Crisis, The Battle of the Alamo. United Learning. 2003. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/ Living History: Living During the Industrial Revolution. United Learning. 2003. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/ McCullagh, Declan. Security Breach Laws Become States' Rights Issue. C-net News. 23 July 2008 "The Mexican War." America's Era of Expansion and Reform, 1817-1860: America Under James Polk, Zachary Taylor, and Millard Fillmore, 1845-1852: The Mexican War." The Oregon Treaty of 1846, and the Compromise of 1850. United Learning. 2001. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/ "The Nullification Crisis." America's Era of Expansion and Reform, 1817-1860: America Under Andrew Jackson, 1829-1836: The Indian Removal Act, The Nullification Crisis. The Battle of the Alamo. United Learning. 2003. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		World – Explain the changes in America's relationship s with other nations by analyzing treaties with American Indian nations, Jay's Treaty (1795), French Revolution, Pinckney's Treaty (1795), Louisiana Purchase, War of 1812, Transcontin ental Treaty (1819), and the Monroe Doctrine. (C4) (National Geography Standard 13, p. 161) U4.2 Regional and Economic Growth		economic expansion affected regional differences in the United States.	"The Oregon Trail and the American Dream." Pioneer Spirit: Wagon Trails and the Oregon Trail. Rainbow Educational Media. 2001. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.unitedstreaming.com/ "The Removal Act of 1830," "The Trail of Tears," and "Westward Expansion." Native America: Removal. United Learning. 2000. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.unitedstreaming.com/ Should Andrew Jackson be Removed from the Twenty Dollar Bill? American Indian Studies Program. University of California, Riverside. 23 July 2008 Supreme Court to Hear First of Several States' Rights Cases. CNN.com. 23 July 2008 Trail of Tears. Native Americans. 23 July 2008 The Trail of Tears. About North Georgia. 30 September 2015 thttp://ngeorgia.com/history/nghisttl.html The Trail of Tears and the Forced Location of the Cherokee Nation. National Park Service. Teaching with Historic Places Lesson Plans. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.cr.nps.gov/nr/twhp/wwwlps/lessons/118trail/118trail.htm "Wagon Trails and the Oregon Trail: A Review." Pioneer Spirit: Wagon Trails and the Oregon Trail. Rainbow Educational Media. 2001. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.unitedstreaming.com/ "Wagon Trains" Segment. Pioneer Spirit: Wagon Trails and the Oregon Trail. Rainbow Educational Media. 2001. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 thttp://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID= 318039B2-BB4A-4631-B1E4-A32001A27A9B "Westward Movement and the Oregon Trail" Segment. Pioneer Spirit: Wagon Trails and the Oregon Trail. Rainbow Educational Media. 2001. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 thttp://streaming. 30 September 2015 thttp://streami

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Describe and analyze the nature and impact of the territorial, demograp hic, and economic growth in the first three decades of the new nation using maps, charts, and other evidence. 8 – U4.2.1 Comparing Northeast and the South – Compare and contrast the social and economic systems of the Northeast			http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=318039B2-BB4A-4631-B1E4-A32001A27A9B Teacher Resource America's Progress. California State University, Bakersfield. 23 July 2008 Boarding House Regulations. 23 July 2008 Building America's Industrial Revolution: The Boott Cotton Mills of Lowell, Massachusetts. Teaching with Historic Places Lesson Plans. 23 July 2008 Cherokee Nation v. Georgia. Archives of the West. PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/weta/thewest/resources/archives/two/cherokee.htm Cherokee Nation v. Georgia. Touro Law Center. 23 July 2008 Emigrants Guide. Brigham Young University. 30 September 2015 http://contentdm.lib.byu.edu/cdm4/document.php?CISOROOT=/TrailGuides&CISOPTR=2977 Excerpt from President Jefferson's Private Letter to William Henry Harrison. Anti-Defamation League. 30 September 2015 http://www.adl.org/education/curriculum_connections/secondary_school_lesson_fall_2004.asp?cc_section=secondarylevelunit From the Autobiography of Harriet Robinson. 30 September 2015 http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/mod/robinson-lowell.html How and Why Did America Expand Westward. The Social Studies Help Center. 30 September 2015 http://www.socialstudieshelp.com/Lesson_32_Notes.htm Images of Lowell, Massachusetts. Images 19 – 25 of powerpoint.30 September 2015 http://ocw.mit.edu/ans7870/11/11.001j/f01/lectureimages/4/image19.html

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		and the South with respect to geography and climate and the developmen t of • agriculture, including changes in productivity, technology, supply and demand, and price (E1.3,1.4) • industry, including entrepreneu rial developmen t of new industries, such as textiles (E1.1) • the labor force including labor incentives and changes in labor forces (E1.2) • transportatio n including changes in			Indian Treaty and the Removal Act of 1830. U.S. Department of State for Youth. 30 September 2015 http://future.state.gov/when/timeline/1830 timeline/indian treaties and the re moval_act_of_1830.html Journal of John Furmes Cobby. Brigham Young Univeristy. 23 July 2008 King Andrew the First. 30 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/exhibits/treasures_of_congress/lmages/page_9/30a.html Lowell Mill Girls Webquest. Sun Associates. 23 July 2008 http://www.sun-associates.com/mercer/handouts/millgirls.html The Making of the United States: Westward Expansion. Global Policy Forum. 23 July 2008 Map of Lowell, 1845. 23 July 2008 Newspaper Editorials. The Oregon Trail Interpretive Center. 30 September 2015 http://www.blm.gov/or/oregontrail/files/TBKS_opt.pdf The Nullifer's Reply. America: A Narrative History. 23 July 2008 Nullification. Digital History. 23 July 2008 Nullification Proclamation. America: A Narrative History. 23 July 2008 Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Old Spanish Trail. Museum Trail. San Luis Valley Museum Association. 30 September 2015 http://www.museumtrail.org/OldSpanishTrail.asp "Ordinance of Nullification." Documents of American History. Henry Steele Commager, ed., Appleton-Century-Crofts: New York, 1949, 261-262. 30 September 2015

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		transportation (steamboats and canal barges) and impact on economic markets and prices (E1.2,1.3) immigration and the growth of nativism race relations class relations Lustraliant the ideology of the institution of slavery – Explain the ideology of the institution of slavery, its policies, and consequences. Lustraliant the ideology of the institution of slavery, its policies, and consequences. Lustraliant the expansion – Explain the expansion, conquest, and settlement			Oregon Trail Map. The History Globe. 30 September 2015 http://www.historyglobe.com/ot/otmap1.htm Reminiscences of A.H. Garrison. The End of the Oregon Trail Interpretive Center. 23 July 2008 The Removal of the Cherokee Nation. The History Project, University of California at Davis. 23 July 2008 Santa Fe Trail Map. Social Studies for Kids. 30 September 2015 http://www.socialstudiesforkids.com/graphics/santafetrailmaplarge.jpg Sweet Betsy From Pike. PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wnet/frontierhouse/resources/pdf/SWEETBETSY.pdf Tally of Electoral Votes. American Originals. 30 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/exhibits/american originals/tally.html Trail of Tears Map. Teaching American History Grant. Millard Public Schools. 30 September 2015 http://www.tahg.org/module_display.php?mod_id=24&review=yes Trail of Tears Map. 30 September 2015 http://www.tahg.org/module_display.php?mod_id=24&review=yes Trail of Tears Map. 30 September 2015 http://www.rootsweb.com/~tmmemin2/trail_of_tears_map.jpg U.S. Territorial Maps. University of Virginia. 30 September 2015 http://www.rootsweb.com/~tmmemin2/trail_of_tears_map.jpg U.S. Territorial Maps. University of Virginia. 30 September 2015 http://xroads.virginia.edu/~MAP/terr_hp.html Viewpoints on the Mexican War. Pinzler, Andrew. Fieldston School. 30 September 2015 http://www.pinzler.com/ushistory/viewmexwarsupp.html Westward the Course of Empire. Wikipedia. 30 September 2015 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Westward_the_Course_of_Empire.jpg William Swain letter. PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/weta/thewest/resources/archives/three/swain1.htm

Unit E	Overarchin g and Enduring Jnderstandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		of the West through the Louisiana Purchase, the removal of American Indians (Trail of Tears) from their native lands, the growth of a system of commercial agriculture, the Mexican-American War, and the idea of Manifest Destiny. (E2.1) (National Geography Standard 6, p. 154) 8 – U4.2.4 Consequen ces of Expansion – Develop an argument based on evidence about the positive and negative consequenc			Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Berlin, Ira. Generations of Captivity: A History of African-American Slaves. Massachusetts: Belknap Press, 2004. Freehling, William. The Road to Disunion, Vol. I: Secessionists at Bay, 1776-1854. New York: Oxford University Press, 1991. Kolchin, Peter, American Slavery, 1619-1877. New York: Hill and Wang, 1994. Morrison, Michael A. Slavery and the American West: The Eclipse of Manifest Destiny. North Carolina: The University of North Carolina Press, 1999. Watson, Harry L. Liberty and Power, Updated Edition: The Politics of Jacksonian America. New York: Hill and Wang, 2006.

Unit	Enduring	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		es of territorial and economic expansion on American Indians, the institution of slavery, and the relations between free and slaveholding states. (C2) (National Geography Standard 13, p. 169) High School US History & Geograph y FOUNDA TIONS IN U.S. HISTORY AND GEOGRA PHY: ERAS 1-5 F1 Political			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		and Intellectua I Transform ations of America to 1877 F1.1 Identify the core ideals of American society as reflected in the documents below and analyze the ways that American society moved toward and/or away from its core ideals • Declaration of Independen ce • the U.S. Constitution (including the Preamble) • Bill of Rights • the			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Gettysburg Address • 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendment s Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 4: Antebell um Reform Moveme nts (Week 17, 5 Weeks)	How did changes caused by economi c and territorial growth and the actions of reformer s lead to growing sectional ism?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 8th Grade Discourse , Decisions, Ctzn Inv Public Discourse , Decision Making, and Citizen Involveme nt (P3, P4) P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing	1. How successfu I were reformers of the mid-1800s in reducing the disparities between American ideals and reality? 2. How did religion and democratic ideals influence reform movemen ts? 3. In what ways docurrent public	1. Write an evidentiary based argument on the success of the reform movements in changing American society. The essay should include evidence from at least two different antebellum reform movements and describe how a contemporary national public policy issue has	Equipment/Manipulative Computers Student Resource Ardent Spirits: The Origins of the American Temperance Movement. The Journal of Multi-Media History. Vol. 2, 1999. Library Company of Philadelphia. 30 September 2015 http://www.albany.edu/jmmh/vol2no1/spirits.html Horace Mann. University of Notre Dame. 30 September 2015 http://www.nd.edu/~rbarger/www7/mann.html Moral Reform, 1820-1860. Digital History. 24 July 2008 Pre-Civil War Reform Websites. 24 July 2008 Pre-Civil War Reform. The Gilder Lehrman Institute. 24 July 2008 Religion and Social Reform: Roots of Reform. Digital History. 24 July 2008 Second Great Awakening. From Revolution to Reconstruction. 30 September 2015 http://www.let.rug.nl/~usa/H/1994/ch4_p13.htm Social Reform and the Problem of Crime in a Free Society. Digital History. 24 July 2008 The Struggle for Public Schools. The Gilder Lehrman Institute. 24 July 2008

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Issues, Decision Making, Persuasiv e Communi cation About a Public Issue, and Citizen Involveme nt Grades 6-8 8 – P3.1.1 Identify, research, analyze, discuss, and defend a position on a national public policy issue. • Identify a national public policy issue. • Clearly state the issue as a question of public policy orally or in written form.	issues have their roots in antebellu m reform movemen ts?	its roots in America's past.	Kitredge, J. 1829 Speech. Temperance. Digital History. 30 September 2015 http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/documents/documents_p2.cfm?doc=71 Motherhood, Social Service, and Political Reform: Political Culture and Imagery of American Women's Suffrage. National Woman's History Museum. 24 July 2008 Women's Rights. Digital History. 24 July 2008 Teacher Resource The African-American Mosaic Exhibition. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://www.lcweb.loc.gov/exhibits/african/intro.html Anti-Slavery Timeline. Digital History. 24 July 2008 Hopkinson, Deborah. Sweet Clara and the Freedom Quilt. New York: Knopf Books, 2003. Inhumanity of Slavery. Documenting the American South. NEH. 30 September 2015 http://docsouth.unc.edu/neh/douglass55/douglass55.html#p435 McClellan, Jim R., Historical Moments: Changing Interpretations of America's Past. Vol. 1, 2nd ed. Dushkin/McGraw-Hill, 2000. 214-240, 286-299. Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Poster. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://wmemory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/ampage?collId=rbpe&fileName=rbpe13/rbpe137/13700400/rbpe13700400.db&recNum=0 Public Agenda. 30 September 2015

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Use inquiry methods to trace the origins of the issue and to acquire data about the issue. Generate and evaluate alternative resolutions to the public issue and analyze various perspective s (causes, consequences, positive and negative impact) on the issue. Identify and apply core democratic values or constitution al principles. Share and discuss findings of research and issue analysis in			Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Howe, Daniel Walker. What Hath God Wrought: The Transformation of America, 1815-1848. New York: Oxford University Press, 2007. McMillen, Sally. Seneca Falls and the Origins of the Women's Rights Movement. New York: Oxford University Press, 2008. Stewart, James Brewer. Holy Warriors: The Abolitionists and American Slavery. Rev. ed. New York: Hill and Wang, 1997. VanBurkleo, Sandra. Belonging to the World: Women and American Constitutional Culture. New York: Oxford University Press, 2001.

g an Unit End	uring C erstandi E	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		group discussions and debates. • Compose a persuasive essay justifying the position with a reasoned argument. • Develop an action plan to address or inform others about the issue P4.2 Citizen Involveme nt Act constructi vely to further the public good. 8 – P4.2.1 Demonstrat e knowledge of how, when, and where individuals would plan			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		and conduct activities intended to advance views in matters of public policy, report the results, and evaluate effectivenes s. 8 – P4.2.2 Engage in activities intended to contribute to solving a national or international problem studied. 8 – P4.2.3 Participate in projects to help or inform others (e.g., service learning projects). US History & Geograph y			

Unit	Enduring	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		U4.3 Reform Movemen ts Analyze the growth of antebellu m American reform movemen ts. 8 – U4.3.1 Explain the origins of the American education system and Horace Mann's campaign for free compulsory public education. (C2) 8 – U4.3.2 Describe the formation and developmen t of the abolitionist movement			

Unit	Enduring	Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		by considering the roles of key abolitionist leaders (e.g., John Brown and the armed resistance, Harriet Tubman and the Undergroun d Railroad, Sojourner Truth, William Lloyd Garrison, and Frederick Douglass), and the response of southerners and northerners to the abolitionist movement. (C2) (National Geography Standard 6, p. 154) 8 – U4.3.3 Analyze the antebellum			

Unit	Enduring	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		women's rights (and suffrage) movement by discussing the goals of its leaders (e.g., Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton) and comparing the Seneca Falls Resolution with the Declaration of Independen ce. (C2) 8 – U4.3.4 Analyze the goals and effects of the antebellum temperance movement. (C2) 8 – U4.3.5 Evaluate the role of religion in shaping antebellum			

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		reform movements. (C2) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 5: The Coming of the Civil War (Week 22, 6 Weeks)	How did the Civil War reflect America n society's move toward or away from its core ideal of freedom as found in the Declarati on of Independ ence and the Constitut ion?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 8th Grade US History & Geograph y U5 USHG ERA 5 – Civil War and Reconstru ction (1850- 1877) U5.1 The Coming of the Civil War Analyze and evaluate	1. How did slavery and abolitionis m reflect issues involving majority rule and individual liberty? 2. How did the reasons for secession reflect unresolved political, social, and economic tensions? 3. How did questions of race manifest themselves in antebellum America?	1. Create a timeline of at least eight significant events leading up to the Civil War. For each event on the timeline, write a narr ative that explains each event and its significance in leading to the Civil War. 2. Write an editorial taking a position on the question: "How did the reasons for	Equipment/Manipulative Butcher paper Computer with Internet Markers Overhead projector Student Resource 4 Events Leading to the Civil War. Pink Monkey.com. 30 September 2015 http://www.pinkmonkey.com/studyguides/subjects/am_his/chap5/a0505401.asp Alabama Ordinance of Secession. The Historical Text Archive. 30 September 2015 http://historicaltextarchive.com/sections.php?op=viewarticle&artid=170#Alabama America's Review of Uncle Tom's Cabin. Institute for Advanced Technology in the Humanities. University of Virginia. 30 September 2015 http://jefferson.village.virginia.edu/utc/reviews/rehp.html Assignment Discovery: America at War: Charge and Defeat. Discovery Channel School. 2004. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=A60D45 B4-F25F-42D1-AE66-4FC09685ACA9&tabStart=videoSegments(The first 13 segments on the Battle of Gettysburg).

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		the early attempts to abolish or contain slavery and to realize the ideals of the Declaratio n of Independ ence. 8 – U5.1.1 Explain the differences in the lives of free blacks (including those who escaped from slavery) with the lives of free whites and enslaved peoples. (C2) 8 – U5.1.2 Describe the role of the Northwest Ordinance and its		secession reflect unresolved political, social, and economic tensions?" In the editorial, describe how at least two major issues debated at the Constitution al Convention help to explain the coming of the Civil War. 3. Construct a graphic organizer that describes how questions of race manifested themselves in antebellum America by comparing the differences in the lives	Background Summary and Questions. Dred Scott v. Sandford (1857). Landmark Supreme Court Cases. Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/background2.html Beatty, Patricia. Jayhawker. New York: Harper Trophy, 1995. Bleeding Kansas. Guided Reading from The Impending Crisis, 1850. The Gilder-Lehrman Institute of American History. 28 July 2008 The Bonnie Blue Flag. Digital Tradition Mirror. 30 September 2015 http://sniff.numachi.com/pages/tiBONBLUE:ttBONBLUE.html Butler, Cynthia. "Cyclone in Calico." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishers, April 1981: 12-17. Cababe, Louise D., et al. U.S. History, Book 1: Beginnings to 1876. Calabasas, CA: Center for Learning, 1997. 163-210. Causes of the Civil War. 100% Educational Videos. 2003. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=82155F FA-1425-4595-BEA8-10662FDF80CF The Causes of War. United Learning. 1996. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=3E59E9 5A-1DEE-4DC6-9AAF-268557EF6826 The Compromise of 1850. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 28 July 2008 The Compromise of 1850 and the Fugitive Slave Act. Africans in America. PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/aia/part4/4p2951.html Confederate States of America. Declaration of the Causes which Impel the State of Texas to Secede from the Federal Union. Avalon Project. Yale Law

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		effect on the banning of slavery (e.g., the establishme nt of Michigan as a free state). (National Geography Standard 12, p. 167) 8 – U5.1.3 Describe the competing views of Calhoun, Webster, and Clay on the nature of the union among the states (e.g., sectionalism, nationalism, federalism, state rights). (C3) 8 – U5.1.4 Describe how the following increased sectional tensions • the		of free blacks with the lives of free whites and enslaved peoples. 4. Create a political cartoon depicting the views of Calhoun, Webster, and Clay on the nature of the union. The cartoon should include reference to ideas of sectionalism, and states rights.	School. 30 September 2015 http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/csa/texsec.htm Confederate States of America. Declaration of the Immediate Causes Which Induce and Justify the Secession of South Carollina from the Federal Union. Avalon Project. Yale Law School. 30 September 2015 http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/csa/scarsec.htm Confederate States of America Documents. Avalon Project. Yale Law School. 2003. 30 September 2015 http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/csa/csapage.htm Confederate States of America. Georgia Secession. Avalon Project. Yale Law School. 1996. 30 September 2015 http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/csa/geosec.htm Confederate States of America. Mississippi Secession. Avalon Project at Yale Law School. 1996. 30 September 2015 http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/csa/missec.htm Davidson, James West, and Michael B. Stoff. The American Nation. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, Inc., 2003. 460-472. Davidson, James West, Pedro Castillo, and Michael B. Stoff. The American Nation. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, Inc., 2003. 406-427, 458-481, 484-510. Dred Scott v. Sandford (1857). Background Summary and Questions. Landmark Supreme Court Cases. Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/background2.html The Dred Scott Case. Secession Era Editorials Project. Furman University. 28 July 2008 The Dred Scott Decision. Our Federal Government: The Supreme Court. Rainbow Educational Media. 2004. United Streaming. 30 September 2015

Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Missouri Compromis e (1820) • the Wilmot Proviso (1846) • the Compromis e of 1850 including the Fugitive Slave Act • the Kansas- Nebraska Act (1854) and subsequent conflict in Kansas • the Dred Scott v. Sandford decision (1857) • changes in the party system (e.g., the death of the Whig party, rise of the Republican party and division of the Democratic party) (C2; C3) (National			http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=1922EE 50-C0AE-499F-BAEB-79FE519311CF&tabStart=videoSegments Dred Scott: Introduction African American History. 30 September 2015 http://www.watson.org/~lisa/blackhistory/scott/index.html "Events Leading to the Civil War: A Civil War Timeline." The Civil War Homepage. 30 September 2015 http://www.civil-war.net/pages/timeline.asp Flashpoint. Online Exhibits, Willing to Die for Freedom. Kansas State Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.kshs.org/exhibits/territorial/territorial2.htm Fugitive Slave Act 1850. U-S-History.com. 28 July 2008 Fugitive Slave Bill of 1850. The Underground Railroad. University of California. 28 July 2008 The Gadsden Purchase and the Kansas-Nebraska Act. America's Era of Expansion and Reform, 1817-1860: America Under Franklin Pierce and James Buchanan, 1853-1860: The Kansas-Nebraska Act, the Utopian Movements, the Dred Scott Decision, and the Election of Lincoln. United Learning. 2003. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/ Hamilton, Virginia. Anthony Burns. New York: Laurel Leaf Press, 1993. The Important Decision of the Supreme Court of the United States on the Slavery Issue. Secession Era Editorials Project. Furman University. 28 July 2008 (Article from Cincinnati, Ohio. Daily Enquirer. 8 March 1857). The Issue must be met. Secession Era Editorials Project. Furman University. 28 July 2008 (Article from Milledgeville, Georgia, Federal Union, 31 March 1857). James Buchanan and the Dred Scott Decision, 1857. America Under Franklin Pierce and James Buchanan, 1853-1860: The Kansas-Nebraska Act, the Utopian Movements, the Dred Scott Decision, and the Election of Lincoln.

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Geography Standard 13, p. 169) 8 – U5.1.5 Describe the resistance of enslaved people (e.g., Nat Turner, Harriet Tubman and the Undergroun d Railroad, John Brown, Michigan's role in the Undergroun d Railroad) and effects of their actions before and during the Civil War. (C2) 8 – U5.1.6 Describe how major issues debated at the Constitution al Convention such as disagreeme nts over the			United Learning. 2003. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=D1045E 8C-7D88-4EE6-A1D2-13DF2EBEAFF7&tabStart=videoSegments The Kansas-Nebraska Act. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. 28 July 2008 The Kansas-Nebraska Act. The Causes of War. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=826A51 8E-0AA1-4C84-B946-D790B88282F3 Lincoln Wins the Republican Nomination in 1860. Great American History. 30 September 2015 http://www.greatamericanhistory.net/nomination.htm Map of the Presidential Election of 1860. 28 July 2008 McClellan, Jim R. Historical Moments: Changing Interpretations of America's Past. Vol. 1. 2d ed. Blacklick, OH: Dushkin/McGraw-Hill, Inc., 2000. 347, 349. The Missouri Compromise. America's Era of Expansion and Reform, 1817-1860: America Under James Monroe and John Quincy Adams, 1817-1828: The Monroe Doctrine and the Missouri Compromise. United Learning. 2003. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/ Mitchell's New Traveller's Guide Through The United States, Showing the Rail Roads, Canals, Stage Roads With Distances From Place To Place. 28 July 2008 Mitchell's Travellers Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes." 28 July 2008 Mitchell's Travellers Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes." 28 July 2008

Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	distribution of political power, rights of individuals (liberty and property), rights of states, election of the executive, and slavery help explain the Civil War (C2). U5.2 Civil War Evaluate the multiple causes, key events, and complex conseque nces of the Civil War. 8 – U5.2.1 Explain the reasons (political, economic, and social)			Nystrom Atlas of United States History. Chicago: Nystrom Jerff Jones Education Division, 2004. Online Exhibits, Willing to Die For Freedom. Kansas State Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.kshs.org/exhibits/territorial/territorial1.htm Opinions of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott Case. Secession Era Editorials Project. Furman University. 30 September 2015 http://history.furman.edu/~benson/docs/nyajds57309a.htm (Article from Albany, New York. Evening Journal. 9 March 1857). The Past and the Future. Secession Era Editorials Project. 30 September 2015 http://history.furman.edu/~benson/docs/sccmds57317a.htm(Article from Charleston, South Carolina, Mercury. 13 March 1857). The Presidency of Millard Fillmore and the Compromise of 1850. America's Era of Expansion and Reform, 1817-1860: America Under James Polk, Zachary Taylor, and Millard Fillmore, 1845-1852: The Mexican War, The Oregon Treaty of 1846, and the Compromise of 1850. United Learning. 2003. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/ Rand McNally Atlas of American History. Skokie, IL: Rand McNally & Co., 1999. Reynolds' 1856 Political Map of the United States. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/archive/03/0320001r.jpg Sodaro, Craig. "Freedom Train." Readings in Social Studies: America in Progress. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, Inc., 2003. 147-160. (Also in Plays, The Drama Magazine for Young People. Vol. 51, No. 4. Jan./Feb., 1992. 61-69.). Timeline. Civil War at Smithsonian. 30 September 2015 http://www.civilwar.si.edu/timeline.html

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	why Southern states seceded and explain the differences in the timing of secession in the Upper and Lower South. (C3, E1.2) (National Geography Standard 6, p. 154) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			Trace Dred Scott's Travel on a Map. Dred Scott v. Sanford (1857). Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/trace.html Teacher Resource Admit Me Free Flag. Cool Things. Kansas State Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.kshs.org/cool3/admitmeflag.htm African American Perspectives: Pamphlets from the Daniel A.P. Murray Collection, 1818-1907.American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/aap/aaphome.html The African-American Mosaic Exhibition. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://www.lcweb.loc.gov/exhibits/african/intro.html Ayers, Edward L., Anne S. Rubin, and William G. Thomas. Valley of the Shadow. 2001. University of Virginia. 30 September 2015 http://walley.vcdh.virginia.edu/ Background Summary and Questions. Reading Level 1. Dred Scott v. Sanford (1857). Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/background1.html Background Summary and Questions. Reading Level 2. Dred Scott v. Sanford (1857). Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 28 July 2008 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/background2.html Background Summary and Questions. Reading Level 3. Dred Scott v. Sanford (1857). Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/background3.html Background Summary and Questions. Reading Level 3. Dred Scott v. Sanford (1857). Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/background3.html Background Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.kshs.org/exhibits/territorial/territorial1.htm The Causes. The American Civil War. 16 February 2004. 28 July 2008

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
					Civil War Causes, Timelines, Flags, and Map. Teacheroz.com. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.teacheroz.com/Civil War Causes.htm The Civil War Home Page. CivilWar.net. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.civil-war.net/ The Compromise of 1850. From Revolution to Reconstruction: An Outline of American History. 30 September 2015 thttp://odur.let.rug.nl/~usa/H/1994/ch6_p6.htm Compromise of 1850 Map. The American Experience. PBS/WGBH. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/lincolns/politics/es_shift.html# Constitution of the Confederate States of America. University of Tennessee. 28 July 2008 Declaration of Causing of Seceding State. University of Tennessee. 28 July 2008 Free Blacks in the Antebellum Period. African American Odyssey. Library of Congress. 2004. 30 September 2015 thttp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/aaohtml/exhibit/aopart2.html From Slavery to Freedom: The African American Pamphlet Collection Highlights: Abolition and Slavery. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 thttp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/aapchtml/aapcpres02.html From Slavery to Freedom: The African American Pamphlet Collection Highlights: Politics and Government. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 thttp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/aapchtml/aapcpres03.html Ham, Debra Newman. Te African American Odyssey. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.loc.gov/loc/lcib/9802/aao.html
		1	1	1	

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
				Kansas Emigrant Song. Territorial Kansas Online. 30 September 2015 http://www.territorialkansasonline.org/cqiwrap/imlskto/index.php?SCREEN=vie w_image&document_id=100168&file_name=h000403 The Kansas-Nebraska Act. The Avalon Project. Yale Law School. 30 September 2015 http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/kanneb.htm The Kansas-Nebraska Act and the Emergence of the Republican Party. Teaching American History. Millard Public Schools. 30 September 2015 http://www.tahg.org/module_display.php?mod_id=119&review=yes Key Excerpts from the Majority Opinion. Dred Scott v. Sanford (1857). Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/majority.html McClellan, Jim R. Historical Moments: Changing Interpretations of America's Past, Vol. 1. 2d ed. Blacklick, OH: Dushkin/McGraw-Hill, Inc., 2000. 318-400. Nullification Crisis. U-S History.com. 28 July 2008 O'Reilly, Kevin. Book 2: Critical Thinking in the United States History Series: New Republic to Civil War. Teacher's Guide. Pacific Grove, CA: Critical Thinking Press & Software, 1993. 113-117. Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ Pre-War and Secession. American History. About.com. 28 July 2008 R.H. Wilson Letter. E Pluribus Unum. Assumption College. 30 September 2015 http://www.assumption.edu/ahc/Kansas/ Secession Era Editorials Project. Furman University, Department of History. 30 September 2015 http://history.furman.edu/editorials/see.py Sectional Conflict. United States Department of State. International Information. 28 July 2008

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Expectations	Questions	Assessments	Southern Flag. Cool Things. Kansas State Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.kshs.org/cool3/southrightsflag.htm Territorial Timeline. Online Exhibits, Willing to Die For Freedom. Kansas State Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.kshs.org/exhibits/territorial/timeline.htm Thomas Jefferson to Senator John Holmes. April 22, 1820. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/jefferson/159.html Trace Dred Scott's Travel on a Map. Dred Scott v. Sandford (1857). Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/dredscott/trace.html Transcript of Missouri Compromise (1820). National Archives and Records Administration. 30 September 2015 http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=22&page=transcript The Valley of the Shadow: The First Wave of Secession. 2001. University of Virginia. 30 September 2015 http://jefferson.village.virginia.edu/vshadow2/outlines/secession.html The Valley of the Shadow: Two Communities in the American Civil War. 2001. University of Virginia. 30 September 2015 http://jefferson.village.virginia.EDU/vshadow2/contents.html The Wilmot Proviso, 1846. Mount Holyoke College. 30 September 2015 http://www.mtholyoke.edu/acad/intrel/wilmot.htm Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Freehling, William. The Road to Disunion, Vol.2: Secessionists Triumphant, 1854-1861. New York: Oxford University Press, 2007.
				Holt, Michael F. The Fate of Their Country: Politicians, Slavery Extension, and the Coming of the Civil War. New York: Hill and Wang, 2004.

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
					Levine, Bruce. <i>Half Slave, Half Free: The Roots of the Civil War.</i> Rev. ed. New York: Hill and Wang, 2005. Richards, Leonard, <i>Slave Power: The Free North and Southern Domination,</i> 1780-1860. Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press, 2000.
Unit 6: The Civil War (Week 28, 3 Weeks)	Why is the Civil War era consider ed a pivotal chapter in America n history?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 8th Grade US History & Geograph y U5.2 Civil War Evaluate the multiple causes, key events, and complex conseque nces of the Civil War.	1. How did the Civil War affect Amer icans and Amer ican socie ty? 2. How and why did the North win the Civil War? 3. How did Linco In's presi denc	1. After readi ng histor ical biogr aphie s or prima ry sourc es, expla in in writin g how sever al event s from the Civil War era affect ed the	Equipment/Manipulative Computer with Internet access Student Resource A Nation Divided: The U.S. Civil War, 1861-1865. The History Place. 30 September 2015 www.historyplace.com/civilwar/ A Nurse's View of Battle. About.com. 30 September 2015 http://womenshistory.about.com/library/etext/bl_bullrun_001a.htm American History, Civil War Battles. About.com. 7 August 2008 Assignment Discovery: America at War: Charge and Defeat. Discovery Channel School. 2004. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=A60D45 B4-F25F-42D1-AE66-4FC09685ACA9&tabStart=videoSegments(The first 13 segments on the Battle of Gettysburg). The Bonnie Blue Flag. Digital Tradition Mirror. 30 September 2015 http://sniff.numachi.com/pages/tiBONBLUE;ttBONBLUE.html Civil War.com.30 September 2015 www.civilwar.com Civil War Letters: A Michigan Connection. Oakland University. 7 August 2008 Civil War Women: Primary Sources on the Internet. Sallie Bingham Center. Duke University Libraries. 30 September 2015 http://library.duke.edu/specialcollections/bingham/quides/cwdocs.html Fleischman, Paul. Bull Run. N.Y: Harper Trophy, 1995.

Unit	•	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		8 – U5.2.2 Make an argument to explain the reasons why the North won the Civil War by considering the • critical events and battles in the war • the political and military leadership of the North and South • the respective advantages and disadvantag es, including geographic, demographi c, economic and technologic al (E1.4) (National Geography Standard 15, p. 173) 8 – U5.2.3 Examine	y affect the natio n and its peopl e?	lives of at least three of the follo wing: Free d Afric an Amer icans , ensla ved Afric an Amer icans , north ern merc hants , south ern plant ation owne rs, south ern farm ers, Unio n or Conf eder	Hamilton, Virginia. Anthony Burns. New York: Laurel Leaf Press, 1993. How Lincoln Won the 1860 Republican Nomination. Great American History. 30 September 2015 http://www.greatamericanhistory.net/nomination.htm Linford, Lloyd. "When General Grant Lost His Cool." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishers, April 1981: 30-31. Map of the Presidential Election of 1860. 29 February 2008 Map Showing Distribution of Slaves. 30 September 2015 http://tinyurl.com/2f2pycl McClellan, Jim R. Historical Moments: Changing Interpretations of America's Past. Vol. 1. 2d ed. Blacklick, OH: Dushkin/McGraw-Hill, Inc., 2000. 347, 349. Michigan Women in the Civil War. Michigan Teacher. The Historical Society of Michigan. 29 February 2008 Mitchell's New Traveller's Guide Through The United States, Showing the Rail Roads, Canals, Stage Roads and with Distances From Place To Place. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United States. A Map of the Roads, Distances, Steam Boat & Canal Routes &c. 7 August 2008 Mitchell's Traveller's Guide Through The United St

Unit	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Abraham Lincoln's presidency with respect to • his military and political leadership • the evolution of his emancipatio n policy (including the Emancipatio n Proclamatio n) • and the role of his significant writings and speeches, including the Gettysburg Address and its relationship to the Declaration of Independen ce (C2) 8 – U5.2.4 Describe the role of African		ate soldi ers, wom en, and childr en. 2. Creat e a prop agan da poste r for the war from the persp ectiv e of one side. The poste r shoul d inclu de at least three of the follo wing reaso ns that side	Reply to the Bonnie Blue Flag. Public Domain Music. 30 September 2015 thttp://www.pdmusic.org/civilwar2/62rttbbf.txt Sarah Edmonds: The Role of Women in the Civil War. National Park Service. 30 September 2015 thtp://nps-vip.net/history/museum/women/women.htm Sullivan Ballou Letter. The Civil War Home Page. 30 September 2015 thtp://www.civil-war.net/pages/sullivan_ballou.asp Timeline. Civil War at Smithsonian. 30 September 2015 thtp://www.civilwar.si.edu/timeline.html Timeline of the Civil War, 1861. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. 30 September 2015 thtp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/ti1861.html Timeline of the Civil War, 1862. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. 30 September 2015 thtp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/ti1862.html Timeline of the Civil War, 1863. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. 30 September 2015 thtp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/ti1863.html Timeline of the Civil War, 1864. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. 30 September 2015 thtp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/ti1864.html Timeline of the Civil War, 1865. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. 30 September 2015 thtp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/ti1865.html Timeline of the Civil War, 1865. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. 30 September 2015 thtp://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/ti1865.html United States Civil War. 30 September 2015 www.us-civilwar.com Whitelaw, Nancy. "Rose Greenhow and Aunt Sally." Cobblestone: The History Magazine for Young People. Peterborough, NH: Cobblestone Publishers, April 1981: 18-23.

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Americans in the war, including black soldiers and regiments, and the increased resistance of enslaved peoples. 8 – U5.2.5 Construct generalizati ons about how the war affected combatants, civilians (including the role of women), the physical environment , and the future of warfare, including technologic al developmen ts. (National Geography Standard 14, p.171) Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan		will preva il: geog raphi c, demo grap hic, econ omic, techn ologi cal, and/o r leade rship adva ntage s. 3. Creat e two politi cal carto ons (one from the persp ectiv e of the North and one from the Sout	Milson,Captain Barbara A. Women in the Civil War. 30 September 2015 http://userpages.aug.com/captbarb/femvets2.html Teacher Resource 1860 Census Data. The Civil War Home Page. 30 September 2015 http://www.civil-war.net/pages/1860 census.html The Battle of Gettysburg, 1863. EyeWitness to History. Ibis Communication. 30 September 2015 http://www.eyewitnesstohistory.com/gtburg.htm Battle of Vicksburg Maps and Information. National Park Service. 7 August 2008 Bruce Catton on the Emancipation Proclamation. National Parks Service. 30 September 2015 http://www.nps.gov/anti/historyculture/catton.htm Bull Run Photograph. Son of the South. 30 September 2015 http://www.sonofthesouth.net/leefoundation/bull-run/Union-Soldier.htm The Campaign for Vicksburg. National Park Service. 7 August 2008 Civil War Battle Summaries by State. Heritage Preservation Society. National Park Service. 7 August 2008 Civil War Battles Casualties & Statistics, Generals, Life of a Soldier, Prisoners, & Military. Teaheroz.com. 7 August 2008 Civil War Data. Digital History. 7 August 2008 Civil War Quotations. WikiQuote. 30 September 2015 http://en.wikiquote.org/wiki/Transwiki:American History Primary Sources The Civil War Sites on the Internet. Civilwarhome.com. 30 September 2015 http://www.civilwarhome.com/cwsites.htm

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
				h) that chara cteriz es Linco In's presi denc y with respe ct to his milita ry and politi cal leade rship. The carto ons shoul d inclu de a depic tion of Linco In's decis ion to issue the Ema ncipa tion	Contemporary Reactions to the Gettysburg Address. Cornell University Library. 30 September 2015 http://rmc.library.cornell.edu/gettysburg/ideas_more/reactions_p3.htm Drafts of the Gettysburg Address. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/gadd/gadrft.html Emancipation Proclamation. National Archives. 30 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/exhibits/featured_documents/emancipation_proclamation/images/emancipation_01.jpg The Emancipation Proclamation – An Act of Justice. Franklin, John Hope. National Archives. 30 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/publications/prologue/1993/summer/emancipation-proclamation.html Excerpt from Mary Henry Diary. Smithsonian Institute. 30 September 2015 http://siarchives.si.edu/history/exhibits/documents/mary.htm Interview with Soldier Williams. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://www.cr.nps.gov/nr/twhp/wwwlps/lessons/12manassas/12facts2.htm The Historical New York Times Website. 7 August 2008 O'Reilly, Kevin. Book 2: Critical Thinking in the United States History Series: New Republic to Civil War. Pacific Grove, CA: Critical Thinking Press & Software, 1993.118-120. "Emancipation Proclamation: The Southern Reaction." Slavery and Emancipation Proclamation: The Southern Reaction." Slavery and Emancipation. 30 September 2015 http://civilwar.bluegrass.net/SlaveryAndEmancipation/emancipationproclamation2.html Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills 30 September 2015 Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
				Procl amati on or his spee ch at Getty sburg	Strategic Situation Map. Vicksburg. National Park Service. 7 August 2008 Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Foote, Shelby. The Civil War: A Narrative. (3 Vol. Set). London: Vintage Books, 1986. McPherson, James. Battle Cry of Freedom: The Civil War Era. New York: Oxford University Press, Inc., 2003. Paludan, Philip. A People's Contest: The Union and Civil War 1861-1865. Kansas: University Press of Kansas, 1996. Thomas, Emory. The Confederate Nation. New York: Harper Perennial, 1981.
Unit 7: Reconstruction (Week 31, 4 Weeks)	Why was the Civil War and Reconstruction Era consider ed a critical period in America n history?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 8th Grade US History & Geograph y U5.3 Reconstru ction Using evidence, develop an argument regarding	1. How did gover nmen t recon struct ion polici es affect race relati ons? 2. How did the Reco nstru ction era reflec t	1. Cons truct a chart descr ibing the differ ent Reco nstru ction polici es prop osed for Sout hern socie ty. 2. Creat e a	Equipment/Manipulative Student Resource Civil Rights During Reconstruction. American Experience. PBS, WGBH. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/activism/sf_rights.html The Constitution. U.S. House of Representatives. 6 August 2008 Davidson, James West, and Michael B. Stoff. The American Nation. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, Inc., 2003. 240-241, 531-532. Freedmen's Bureau of Augusta County Georgia. Valley of the Shadow. 30 September 2015 http://valley.vcdh.virginia.edu/HIUS403/freedmen/introduction.html The Freedman's Bureau: Success or Failure. UMBC Center for History Education. University of Maryland, Baltimore County. 6 August 2008 Jim Crow Laws. About.com. 6 August 2008 Mississippi Black Code. Pearson Longman. Pearson Education. 1995-2007. 6 August 2008

Unit	Enduring	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		the character and conseque nces of Reconstru ction. 8 – U5.3.1 Describe the different positions concerning the reconstructi on of Southern society and the nation, including the positions of President Abraham Lincoln, President Andrew Johnson, Republicans , and African Americans. 8 – U5.3.2 Describe the early responses to the end of the Civil War by	Amer ica's move ment towar d and/o r away from its core ideal s found in the Decl aratio n of Indep ende nce and Cons titutio n? 3. How did issue s conc ernin g the rule of law, limite d gover nmen	poste r displ ay comp aring the impa ct of Reco nstru ction on race relati ons in Amer ica and the cons eque nces of remo ving Unio n troop s on Amer icans . 3. Write a persu asive essa y on	The Historical New York Times. 6 August 2008 Rebuilding the South After the War. American Experience. WGBH, PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/carpetbagger/sf_building.html Reconstruction. Discovery Channel School. 2007. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=25832F 53-4D5F-44E9-AC38-C1CC5E0C4892 Reconstruction Timeline. American Experience. WGBH, PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/states/sf_timeline.html Slave to Sharecropper. American Experience. PBS, WGB. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/sharecrop/sf_economy.html#e United States History: 1860-1900: The Civil War and Reconstruction. AIMS Multimedia. 1996. United Streaming. 30 September 2015 http://www.unitedstreaming.com/search/assetDetail.cfm?guidAssetID=590E68 53-AE15-4601-A5F3-DAAD8B4600DA Teacher Resource An Act to establish a Bureau for the Relief of Freedmen and Refugees. University of Maryland. 30 September 2015 http://www.history.umd.edu/Freedmen/fbact.htm American Experience: Reconstruction: The Second Civil War (DVD). 30 September 2015 Available for \$19.95 at http://www.shoppbs.org/sm-pbs-american-experience-reconstruction: People and Politics After the Civil War. Digital History. 6 August 2008
		rvai by	11111011	, 5.1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Unit	 Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	describing the	t, and indivi dual rights affect Amer icans durin g the Reco nstru ction era?	whet her the rule of law and limite d gover nmen t prote cted indivi dual rights and serve d the com mon good durin g the Reco nstru ction era. 4. Creat e a childr en's book that descr ibes the 13th, 14th,	"Assessing Discussion of Public Issues: A Scoring Guide." In Handbook on Teaching Social Issues, edited by Ronald W. Evans and David Warren Saxe. Washington, D.C.: National Council for the Social Studies (1996). Frederick Douglass on Reconstruction. University of Virginia Electronic Library. 30 September 2015 The Freedmen. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. The Learning Page. 30 September 2015 The Freedmen. Library of Congress. American Memory Project. The Learning Page. 30 September 2015 The Freedmen's Discussional Equality: Harper's Weekly Reports on Black America, 1857-1874. 30 September 2015 http://blackhistory.harpweek.com/4Reconstruction/ReconLevelOne.htm Freedmen's Bureau Online. Christine's Genealogy Websites. 30 September 2015 http://www.freedmensbureau.com/ Jim Crow Museum of Racist Memoribilia. Ferris State University. 30 September 2015 http://www.ferris.edu/jimcrow/ Nast Cartoon. Social Studies Help. 2006. 30 September 2015 http://www.socialstudieshelp.com/Lesson 37 Notes.htm Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons 30 September 2015 http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/ One Vote Less by Thomas Nast. The Ku Klux Klan Hearings. Harpers Weekly. 30 September 2015 http://education.harpweek.com/KKKHearings/Illustration07.htm Reconstruction: The Second Civil War 1863-1866. American Experience. WGBH, PBS. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/ Richmond in Ruins. Old Pictures. 6 August 2008

Klan. (C2, C5) 8 – U5.3.4 Analyze the intent and the effect of Klan. (C2, C5) 8 – U5.3.4 Ame ndme nts to the intent and the effect of Segregation Photographs. The History of Jim Crow. 6 August 2008 Segregation Signs. About.com. 6 August 2008 Thomas Nast Cartoon. Harper's Weekly. 30 September 2015 http://www.impeach-	Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Fifteenth Amendment s to the Constitution. 8 – U5.3.5 Explain the decision to remove Union troops in 1877 and describe its impact on Americans. High School US History & Geograph Y FOUNDA TIONIS IN The book shoul d expla in Thomas Nast Cartoon. Georgetown College. 30 September 2015 http://spider.georgetowncollege.edu/HTALLANT/COURSES/his312/jcol ont.htm Thomas Nast Cartoon. Georgetown College. 30 September 2015 http://spider.georgetowncollege.edu/HTALLANT/COURSES/his312/jcol ont.htm The book shoul d expla in White Men Unite. American Experience. PBS, WGBH. 30 September 2 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/kkk/sf_klan.html Who Owns This Land? Exploring US History. George Mason University September 2015 Who Owns This Land? Exploring/19thcentury/whoownsthisland/assign_dot http://chnm.gmu.edu/exploring/19thcentury/whoownsthisland/assign_dot http://chnm.gmu.edu/exploring/19thcentury/whoownsthisla			C5) 8 – U5.3.4 Analyze the intent and the effect of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Fifteenth Amendment s to the Constitution. 8 – U5.3.5 Explain the decision to remove Union troops in 1877 and describe its impact on Americans. High School US History & Geograph y FOUNDA TIONS IN U.S. HISTORY AND		15th Ame ndme nts to the Cons titutio n. The book shoul d expla in how the decis ions to adopt these amen dmen ts supp ort core demo cratic value s and the Amer ican ideal of equal ity as	Segregation Signs. About.com. 6 August 2008 Thomas Nast Cartoon. Harper's Weekly. 30 September 2015 http://www.impeach-andrewjohnson.com/ListOfCartoons/KickingFreedmensBureau.htm Thomas Nast Cartoon. Georgetown College. 30 September 2015 http://spider.georgetowncollege.edu/HTALLANT/COURSES/his312/jcoleman/front.htm The War's Costs. Digital History. 6 August 2008 White Men Unite. American Experience. PBS, WGBH. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/kkk/sf klan.html Who Owns This Land? Exploring US History. George Mason University. 30 September 2015 http://chnm.gmu.edu/exploring/19thcentury/whoownsthisland/assign_docs.php Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Foner, Eric. Nothing But Freedom: Emancipation and Its Legacy. Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press, 1983. Reconstruction: America's Unfinished Revolution, 1863-1877. New York: Harper & Row, 1988. A Short History of Reconstruction, 1863-1877. New York: Harper & Row, 1990. Hahn, Steven. A Nation Under Our Feet: Black Political Struggles in the Rural South from Slavery to the Great Depression. Cambridge: Harvard University

Unit	Enduring	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		PHY: ERAS 1-5 F1 Political and Intellectua I Transform ations of America to 1877 F1.2 Using the American Revolution, the creation and adoption of the Constitution, and the Civil War as touchstones , develop an argument/n arrative about the changing character of American political society and the roles of key individuals across		d in the Decl aratio n of Indep ende nce. 5. Use prima ry and seco ndary sourc es to analy ze the Com promi se of 1877 and its effect on Amer icans from three of the follo wing persp ectiv es: newl y	
		cultures in		freed	

Unit E	Enduring	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		prompting/s upporting the change by discussing • the birth of republican government, including the rule of law, inalienable rights, equality, and limited government • the developmen t of government al roles in American life • and competing views of the responsibiliti es of government s (federal, state, and local) • changes in suffrage qualifi cations • the developmen t of political parties		slave s, north ern Afric an Amer icans , south ern white politi cal leade rs, south ern plant ation owne rs, and north ern Repu blica ns.	

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		• America's political and economic role in the world Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 8: America in Last Half of the 19th Century (Week 35, 3 Weeks)	How did the transfor mations occurrin g in 19th Century America influence and reflect the concepts of "freedom " and "equality " in the United States?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies 8th Grade US History & Geograph y U6 USHG ERA 6 – THE DEVELO PMENT OF AN INDUSTR IAL, URBAN, AND GLOBAL UNITED STATES	1. How did the post-Reco nstru ction treat ment of Afric an Amer icans, Amer ican India ns, and immi grant s reflec t injust ices withi		Equipment/Manipulative Student Resource Building the Union Pacific. From Wyoming Tales to Trails. 30 September 2015 http://www.wyomingtalesandtrails.com/sherman2.html Jim Crow Laws. About.com. 6 August 2008 The Homestead Act. Archives of the West. New Perspectives on the West. PBS/WETA. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/weta/thewest/resources/archives/five/homestd.htm The Homestead Act: Creating Prosperity in America. Legends of America. American History. 30 September 2015 http://www.legendsofamerica.com/AH-Homestead.html Immigration: Native Americans. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/learn/features/immig/native american4.html Indian Removal. Teach US History.org. 30 September 2015 http://www.teachushistory.org/indian-removal/overview Mineral Rights. State of Michigan. Department of Environmental Quality. 6 August 2008

Overarch g and Unit Enduring Understa ngs	Standards /	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	(1870- 1930) Grade 8 begins to address trends and patterns in the last half of the 19th century, through 1898. U6.1 America in the Last Half of the 19th Century Analyze the major changes in communic ation, transporta tion, demograp hy, and urban centers, including	n Amer ican socie ty and chall enge notio ns of freed om and equal ity? 2. How did chan ges in demo grap hics and globa I comp etitio n affect Amer ican socie ty? 3. How did geog raphi c, econ		Teaching with Documents: The Homestead Act of 1862. National Archives. 30 September 2015 http://www.archives.gov/education/lessons/homestead-act/ Teacher Resource The Alexander Graham Bell Family Papers: Alexander Graham Bell as Inventor and Scientist. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/bellhtml/bellinvent.html The Alexander Graham Bell Family Papers: The Telephone and Multiple Telegraph. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/bellhtml/belltelph.html Building the Transcontinental Railroad. Digital History. 6 August 2008 City Life in the Late 19th Century. Rise of Industrial America. The Learning Page. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/learn/features/timeline/riseind/city/city.html "Cleveland signs devastating Dawes Act into law." This Day in History. History.com. 6 August 2008 Completing the Transcontinental Railroad, 1869. Driving the Golden Spike. Eyewitness to History. Ibis Communications, Inc. 30 September 2015 http://www.eyewitnesstohistory.com/goldenspike.htm The Dawes Act. NebraskaStudies.org. 30 September 2015 http://www.nebraskastudies.org/0600/stories/0601_0200.html The Dawes Act. New Perspectives on the West. PBS/WETA. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/weta/thewest/resources/archives/eight/dawes.htm Dawes Act, 1887. 100 Milestone Documents. National Archives. 30 September 2015 http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=50 Edison Sound Recordings. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/edhtml/edsndhm.html

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		the location and growth of cities linked by industry and trade, in last half of the 19th century. The purpose of this section is to introduce some of the major changes in American society and the economy in the last part of the 19th Century. This era will be addresse	omic, politi cal, and socia l/cult ural chan ges transf orm Amer ican socie ty durin g the 19th Cent ury?		Edward S. Curtis's North American Indian Photographic Images. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/award98/ienhtml/curthome.html Growth of a Nation. Animated Atlas.com. 30 September 2015 http://www.animatedatlas.com/movie.html I Hear the Locomotives: The Impact of the Transcontinental Railroad. Edsitement. National Endowment for the Humanities. 30 September 2015 http://edsitement.neh.gov/view_lesson_plan.asp?id=253 Industrial and Reform. The History of the United States. USA Online. 6 August 2008 Interview Excerpts: All in a Day's Work: Industrial Lore. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/wpaintro/indlore.html "Inventing Entertainment: The Motion Picture and Sound Recordings of the Edison Companies." American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/edhtml/edhome.html McClellan, Jim R. Historical Moments: Changing Interpretations of America's Past. Vol. II, 2nd ed. Blacklick, OH: Dushkin/McGraw Hill, Inc., 2000. 91-121, 155-188. Native American Voices: The Dawes Act. Digital History. 6 August 2008 The Nez Percez and the Dawes Act Lesson Plan. New Perspectives on the West. PBS/WETA. 30 September 2015 http://www.pbs.org/weta/thewest/lesson_plans/lesson03.htm Oakland Schools Teaching Research Writing Website: Skills Progression & Lessons http://www.osteachingresearchwriting.org/

Unit	 Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	d in-depth and with greater intellectua I sophistica tion in the high school United History and Geograph y content expectatio ns. 8 – U6.1.1 America at Century's End – Compare and contrast the United States in 1800 with the United States in 1898 focusing on similarities and differences in • territory, including the size of			Plessy v. Ferguson. Historical Documents. 30 September 2015 http://www.historicaldocuments.com/PlessyvFerguson.htm Plessy v. Ferguson. 100 Historic Documents. National Archives. 30 September 2015 http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=52 Plessy v. Ferguson. Landmark Cases.org. Street Law and the Supreme Court Historical Society. 30 September 2015 http://www.landmarkcases.org/plessy/home.html Port of Entry: Immigration Teacher Material. Learning Page. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/learn/features/port/teacher.html Property Rights on the Frontier., Book Reviews. Economic History Services.30 September 2015 http://eh.net/bookreviews/library/0883 Railroad Maps, 1828-1900. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/gmdhtml/rrhtml/rrhome.html Riis, Jacob A. "How the Other Half Lives: Studies among the Tenements in New York." Hypertext Ed. David Phillips, ed. 13 Nov. 1995. American Studies at Yale. 30 September 2015 http://www.cis.yale.edu/amstud/inforev/riis/about.html Segregation Signs. About.com. 6 August 2008 Silva, Brett, and Peter Milbury. Reservation Controversies: Then and Now. American Memory Fellows Program. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/ndlpedu/lessons/97/reservation/teacher.html Transcontinental Railroad. The American Experience. PBS/WGBH. 30 September 2015

Unit	-	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		the United States and land use • population, including immigration, reactions to immigrants, and the changing demographi c structure of rural and urban America (E3.2) • systems of transportation (canals and railroads, including the Transcontinental Railroad), and their impact on the economy and society (E1.4, 3.2) • government al policies promoting economic development (e.g., tariffs,			Transcontinental Railroad. American Western History Museums. 30 September 2015 http://www.linecamp.com/museums/americanwest/western_clubs/transcontine_ntal_railroad/transcontinental_railroad.html Transportation in America before 1876. America on the Move. 6 August 2008 Valenza, Joyce Kasman and Carl Atkinson. "Child Labor in America." American Memory Fellows Program. Library of Congress. 30 September 2015 The Westinghouse World: The Companies, the People, and the Places. American Memory Project. Library of Congress. 630 September 2015 http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/papr/west/westpres.html Welcome to African American History. 30 September 2015 http://www.watson.org/~lisa/blackhistory/index.html Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Ayers, Edward L. The Promise of the New South: Life after Reconstruction, 15th anniversary ed., New York: Oxford University Press, 2007. Edwards, Rebecca. New Spirits: Americans in the Gilded Age, 1865-1905. New York: Oxford University Press, 2005. Hays, Samuel P. The Response to Industrialism, 1885-1914. 2nd ed. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1994. LaFeber, Walter. The American Empire: An Interpretation of American Expansionism, 1860 – 1898. New York: Cornell University Press, 1998. Lofgren, Charles. The Plessy Case: A Legal-Historical Interpretation. New York: Oxford University Press, 1987 Michael McGerr, A Fierce Discontent: The Rise and Fall of the Progressive Movement in America, 1870-1920. New York: Simon and Schuster, 2005. Nell Irvin Painter, Standing at Armageddon: The United States, 1877-1919. New York: WW Norton, Co., 1987.

Unit	Overarchin g and Enduring Understandi ngs	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		banking, land grants and mineral rights, the Homestead Act) (E.2.2) • economic change, including industrializat ion, increased global competition, and their impact on conditions of farmers and industrial workers (E1.4, 2.1, 3.2) • the treatment of African Americans, including the rise of segregation in the South as endorsed by the Supreme Court's decision in Plessy v. Ferguson, and the response of			Schlereth, Thomas J. Victorian America: Transformations in Everyday Life, 1876-1915 (The Everyday Life in America Series, Vol. 4), New York: HarperCollins, 1991.

Unit	Enduring	Content	Focus	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		African Americans • the policies toward American Indians, including removal, reservations , the Dawes Act of 1887, and the response of American Indians Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Michigan			

Social Studies K



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Unit 1: Who Am I? (Week 1, 9 Weeks)	Who am I and where do I live?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies Kindergarten History H2 Living and Working Together Use historical thinking to understand the past. K – H2.0.1 Distinguish among yesterday, today, tomorrow. K – H2.0.2 Create a timeline using events from their own lives (e.g., birth, crawling, walking, loss of first tooth, first day of school). K – H2.0.3 Identify the beginning, middle, and end of historical narratives or stories. K – H2.0.4 Describe ways people learn about the past (e.g., photos,	 How are children alike and different? How can we learn about the past? Why is it important to get along with others and be responsible? 	change citizenship common good cooperation different diversity future geographic theme of place historical evidence history past present responsibilit y same school sequence time timeline	Equipment/Manipulative Art Paper and Drawing Materials Such as Markers and Crayons Chart Paper and Markers Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Student Resource Beaumont, Karen. I Like Myself! New York: Scholastic Inc., 2004. Burch, Regina. Following the Rules: Learning about Respect. Huntington Beach, CA: Creative Teaching Press, Inc., 2002. Working Together: Learning about Cooperation and Citizenship. Huntington Beach, CA: Creative Teaching Press, Inc., 2002. Everyone is Special and Unique: Learning about Acceptance. Huntington Beach, CA: Creative Teaching Press, Inc., 2002. You Can Count on Me: Learning about Responsibility. New York: Scholastic Inc., 2002. Carlson, Nancy. ABC I Like Me! New York: Puffin, 1999. I Like Me! New York: Puffin, 1990. Clock Song. CanTeach. 16 July 2015 http://www.canteach.ca/elementary/songspoems71.html Civardi, Anne. Usborne First Experiences: Going to School. Saffron Hill, London, England: Usborne Publishing Ltd., 2005. Creech, Sharon. A Fine, Fine School. New York: Scholastic Inc., 2001. Curtis, Jamie Lee. When I Was Little. New York: Harper Collins, 1993.

Unit Unit Standards / Content Essential / Focus Key Concepts / Vocabulary Resources	
artifacts, diaries, stories, videos). Geography G2 Places and Regions Understand how regions are created from common physical and human characteristics. K − G2 0.1 Identify and describe places in the immediate environment (e.g., classroom, home, playground). Civics & Government C2 Values and Principles of American Democracy Understand values and principles of American constitutional democracy. K − C2.0.2 Explain why people do not have the right to do whatever they want (e.g., to promote fairness, incompless). Are feed and promote fairness, incompless of the fight to do whatever they want (e.g., to promote fairness, incompless of the fairness of the fairness, incompless of the fairness of the fairnes	ind's Book About eapolis:Free Spirit B. Discovery Trumpet Club, 16 July 2015 t. 2000. artwheel Books, stic Inc., 1945. all Videos. 1999. aidAssetId=2DF57 =US

Unit Unit Standards / Content Essential / Focus Key Concepts / Vocabulary Resources	
ensure the common good, maintain safety). C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrate their responsibilities by participating in government. K − C5.0.1 Describe situations in which they demonstrated self-discipline and individual responsibility (e.g., caring for a pet, completing school rules, working in a group, taking turns). Copyright © 2001-2015 State of Milchigan	olastic Inc., 2003. c: Scholastic Inc., 2004. c: Inc., 2004. Inc., 2004. Inc., 2004. lastic Inc., 1995. rst. 2000. Discovery g.discoveryeducation.com irst Day of School. New rtener. New York: Canada: Children's Through Artifacts. Los . Discovery Education. 16 ucation.com/ n. 2009. Discovery

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					Welcome to our Classroom.Songs for Teachers. 2008. 16 July 2015 http://www.songs4teachers.com/backsample.pdf
					What Do Artifacts Tell about a Family from Long Ago. Los Angeles County Office of Education. 2000. Discovery Education. 16 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/
					Williams, Mo. Knufflebunny. New York: Scholastic Inc., 2004.
					Yolen, Jane & Teague, Mark. How Do Dinosaurs Go to School? New York: The Blue Sky Press, 2007.
					Zolotow, Charlotte. <i>My Friend John</i> . New York: Dragonfly Books, 2000.
					Teacher Resource Brown, Skila. "Tick Tock: Teaching Kids About Time." Education.com. 16 July 2015 http://www.education.com/magazine/article/Teaching Kids Time/
					Clark, Jennifer. Supplemental Materials (Unit 1). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative Curriculum, 2009.
					Gainer, Cindy. A Leader's Guide to I'm Like You, You're Like Me: A Child's Book About Understanding and Celebrating Each Other. Minneapolis:Free Spirit Publishing, 1998.
					Hernandez, Beverly. "Creative Ways for Teaching Time." About.com. 16 July 2015 thtp://homeschooling.about.com/od/basicmath/qt/teachingtime.htm
					I'm a Special Person. Twin Sisters. 2009. Discovery Education. 16 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/
					I'm Special. Kinderplans.com. 16 July 2015 http://www.kinderplans.com/admin/images/special.pdf
					Resources for Further Professional Knowledge

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					Carol Hurst's Children's Literature Site. 16 July 2015 http://www.carolhurst.com/ Early Childhood Social Studies. 16 July 2015
					http://patricia_f.tripod.com/ssmotor.html National Council for the Social Studies. 16 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org/
					Social Studies for Early Childhood and Elementary School Children: A Report from NCSS Task Force on Early Childhood/Elementary Social Studies. 16 July 2015 http://www.socialstudies.org/positions/elementary/
					Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 16 July 2015 http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 16 July 2015
					http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 16 July 2015 http://www.proteacher.org/c/185 Teaching Social Studies.html
Unit 2: Where Am I? (Week 10, 9 Weeks)	Where am I and how do I meet needs and wants?	MI: GLCE: Science Kindergarten Discipline 2: Physical Science Force and Motion K-7 Standard P.FM: Develop an	1. Where am I? 2. What do maps and globes show us? 3. How do we describe places and locations? 4. How do we use gifts	clothing country direction earth flag food globe location map natural features needs patriotism place	Equipment/Manipulative American Flag Books, movies, or songs about Michigan Books, movies, or songs about The United States Box, small Chart paper Crayons, markers, and/or colored pencils (classroom set) Document camera and/or overhead projector Gift tag Glue Internet Access (optional) Primary globe Scissors (classroom set) optional Small ball

Overarching and Enduring Unit Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	understanding that the position and/or motion of an object is relative to a point of reference. Understand forces affect the motion and speed of an object and that the net force on an object is the total of all of the forces acting on it. Understand the Earth pulls down on objects with a force called gravity. Develop an understanding that some forces are in direct contact with objects, while other forces are not in direct	from the earth?	region shelter state water world	Small block Wrapping paper Student Resource A Globe: A Ball-Shaped Map. Aims Multimedia. 1983. Discovery Education. 21 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Appleford, Annie. M Is For Mitten: A Michigan Alphabet Edition1. (Discover America State by State. Alphabet Series. Chelsea, MI: Sleeping Bear Press, 1999. Asch, Frank. The Earth and I. New York: Voyager Books Reprint Edition, 2008. Beginning Social Studies Vocabulary. 100% Educational Videos. 1999. Discovery Education. 21 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Buller, Jon. Smart About the Fifty States. (Smart About History). New York: Penguin Putnam Books for Young Readers, 2003. Clearly, Brian. Under, Over, By the Clover: What Is a Preposition? Minneapolis, MN: Millbrook Press, 2002. Douglas, Lloyd G. The American Flag (Welcome Books). New York: Scholastic, 2003. Ehlert, Lois. Red Leaf, Yellow Leaf. Orlando, FL: Harcourt Brace, 1991. Glaser, Linda. Our Big Home. Minneapolis, MN: Millbrook Press, 2002. Green, Jen. Why Should I Protect Nature? New York: Barron's Educational Publishing, 2001. Leedy, Loreen. Mapping Penny's World. New York: Henry Holt and Company, 2000.

and	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	contact with objects. P.FM.E.1 Position- A position of an object can be described by locating the objects or a background. P.FM.00.11 Describe the position of an object (for example: above, below, in front of, behind, on) in relation to other objects around it. Discipline 3: Life Science Organization of Living Things K-7 Standard L.OL: Develop an understanding that plants and animals (including humans) have basic			Maps: Where Am I?. Aims Multimedia. 1983. Discovery Education. 21 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ *Marzollo, Jean. I am Water. New York: Scholastic, 1996. Old Glory. United Learning. 1994. Discovery Education. 21 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Randolph, Joanne. Our Flag (Time for Kids Readers). Orlando, FL: Harcourt, Inc. *Reynolds, Jeff. A to Z United States of America. New York: Scholastic Inc., 2004. Titherington, Jeanne. Pumpkin, Pumpkin. New York: Greenwillow Books, 1986. Understanding Maps: Key to Everywhere. 100% Educational Videos. 2004. Discovery Education. 21 July 2015. http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ *Wargin, Kathy-Jo. The Michigan Counting Book (Count Your Way Across the U.S.A). Chelsea, MI: Sleeping Bear Press, 2000. Teacher Resource *Beall, Pamela Conn. Wee Sing America. New York: Price Stern Sloan, 2005. *Canizares, Susan. Red, White and Blue. (Social Studies Emergent Readers Series) New York: Scholastic, 1999. *Carmen Bredeson. Looking at Maps and Globes. (Rookie Read-About Geography). New York: Scholastic Inc., 2001. *Chesanow, Neil. Where Do I Live? New York: Baron's Educational Series, Inc., 1995. Clark, Jennifer. Supplemental Materials (Unit 2). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative, 2009.

Overarching and Enduring Unit Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	requirements for maintaining life which include the need for air, water and a source of energy. Understand that all life forms can be classified as producers, consumers, or decomposers as they are all part of a global food chain where food/energy is supplied by plants which need light to produce food/energy. Develop an understanding that plants and animals can be classified by observable traits and			*Ditchfield, Christin. A True Book: Soil. New York: Scholastic, Inc., 2002. *Ditchfield, Christin. A True Book: Water. New York: Scholastic, Inc., 2002. *Ditchfield, Christin. A True Book: Wood. New York: Scholastic, Inc., 2002. *Douglas, Lloyd G. The Bald Eagle (Welcome Books). New York: Scholastic, 2003. *Douglas, Lloyd G. The Statue of Liberty (Welcome Books). New York: Scholastic, 2003. *Douglas, Lloyd G. The White House (Welcome Books). New York: Scholastic, 2003. *Goodenow, Ellen. Time for Kids Readers: Homes. Orlando, FL: Harcourt, Inc., 2006. *Hall, Kristen. Buried Treasure: All About Using a Map. New York: Children's Press, 2003. *Herman, John. Red, White, and Blue: The Story of the American Flag. New York: Grosset & Dunlap, 1998. *Knowlton, Jack. Maps and Globes (Reading Rainbow Book). New York: HarperCollins, 1985. *Lewison, Wendy. F is for Flag. New York: Grosset & Dunlap, 2002. *Martin Jr., Bill and Sampson, Michael. I Love Our Earth. Watertown, MA: Charlesbridge Publishing, Inc., 2009. *Marzollo, Jean. I am Water. New York: Scholastic, 1996. Morris, Ann. Houses and Homes (Around the World Series). New York: HarperCollins, 1992.

Overarching and Enduring Unit Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	physical characteristics . Understand that all living organisms are composed of cells and they exhibit cell growth and division. Understand that all plants and animals have a definite life cycle, body parts, and systems to perform specific life functions. L.OL.E.1 Life Requirements - Organisms have basic needs. Animals and plants need air, water, and food. Plants also require light. Plants and animals use food as a			*Rabe, Trish. There's a Map on My Lap! New York: Random House Children's Books, 2002. *Richardson, Adele D. Soil (Bridgestone Science Library). Mankato, MN: Capstone Press, 2003. *Ring, Susan. Needs and Wants (Yellow Umbrella Books). Mankato, MN: Red Brick Learning, 2003. *Schroeder and Holly. The United States ABCs: A Book About the People and Places of the United States (Country ABCs). Mankato, MN: Capstone Press, 2004. *Shepard, Daniel. Map Search. Austin, TX: Steck-Vaughn, 2003. *Sweeney, Joan. Me on the Map. New York: Crown Publishers, Inc., 1996. *Wilder, Laura Ingalls. My First Little House Books: Going to Town. HarperCollins Publishers, 1959. *Yanuck, Debbie. American Symbols: The American Flag. Mankato, MN: Capstone Press, 2003. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Carol Hurst's Children's Literature Site. 21 July 2015. http://www.carolhurst.com/ Maps4kids.com. 21 July 2015. http://www.factmonster.com/states.html National Council for the Social Studies. 21 July 2015. http://www.ncss.org/ Social Studies for Early Childhood and Elementary School Children: A Report from NCSS Task Force on Early Childhood/Elementary Social Studies. 21 July 2015. http://www.socialstudies.org/positions/elementary/

ing Standards / Content	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
source of energy and as a source of building material for growth and repair. L.OL.00.11 Identify that living things have basic needs. Discipline 4: Earth Science Solid Earth K- 7 Standard E.SE: Develop an understanding of the properties of earth materials and how those properties make materials useful. Understand gradual and rapid changes in earth materials and features of the surface of			Strategies for Teaching Social Studies. 21 July 2015. http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm * Although the resources denoted with an asterisk are not cited in the lessons for this unit, they are included here to provide meaningful options for teachers.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		Earth. Understand magnetic properties of Earth. E.SE.E.1 Earth Materials- Earth materials that occur in nature include rocks, minerals, soils, water, and the gases of the atmosphere. Some Earth materials have properties which sustain plant and animal life. E.SE.00.12 Describe how Earth materials contribute to the growth of plant and animal life. MI: GLCE: Social Studies Kindergarten			

and	erarching I Enduring derstanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		History H2 Living and Working Together Use historical thinking to understand the past. K – H2.0.3 Identify the beginning, middle, and end of historical narratives or stories. Geography G1 The World in Spatial Terms Use geographic representation s to acquire, process, and report information from a spatial perspective. K-4 K – G1.0.1 Recognize that maps and globes represent places.			

Overar and En Unit Unders s	during	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		K – G1.0.2 Use environmental directions or positional words (up/down, in/out, above/below) to identify significant locations in the classroom. G2 Places and Regions Understand how regions are created from common physical and human characteristics K – G2.0.1 Identify and describe places in the immediate environment (e.g., classroom, home, playground). G5 Environment and Society Understand the effects of humanenvironment interactions.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		K – G5.0.1 Describe ways people use the environment to meet human needs and wants (e.g., food, shelter, clothing). Civics & Government C2 Values and Principles of American Democracy Understand values and principles of American constitutional democracy. K – C2.0.1 Identify our country's flag as an important symbol of the United States. Copyright © 2001- 2015 State of Michigan			
Unit 3: How Do I Get What I	Why can't I have everything I want?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies Kindergarten Economics	How do I meet my needs and wants?	economic wants needs services trade	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper Computer with Internet access Crayons, markers, or colored pencils Dice (or spinners), one for each set of partners Glue If You Give a Pig a Pancake Chart (from the previous lesson)

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Need and Want? (Week 19, 9 Weeks)		E1 Market Economy Use fundamental principles and concepts of economics to understand economic activity in a market economy. K - E1.0.1 Describe economic wants they have experienced. K - E1.0.2 Distinguish between goods and services. K - E1.0.3 Recognize situations in which people trade. Copyright © 2001- 2015 State of Michigan	2. Why do people trade?		Overhead projector or Document Camera Paper (12" x 18"), one for each student Small objects to use as game pieces Student Resource Cipriano, Jeri S. Toys Long Ago (Yellow Umbrella Books). Bloomington, MN: Red Brick Books, 2006. De Regniers, Beatrice. Schenk. Was It a Good Trade? New York: HarperCollins Publishers, 2002. Historic Toboggan Slide Game. 23 July 2015 http://www.hfmgv.org/exhibits/toys/teachers/games.asp Kalman, Bobbie. Old-Time Toys. New York: Crabtree Publishers, 1995. Numeroff, Laura. If You Give a Pig a Pancake Big Book. New York: HarperCollins Publishers, 1998. Old Photographs of Children with Toys. Every Picture Tells A Story Project. The Henry Ford. 23 July 2015 http://www.hfmgv.org/exhibits/toys/teachers/picture.asp Pohl, Kathleen. What Happens at a Toy Factory? (Where People Work Series). New York: Weekly Reader Early Learning Library, 2006. The Difference between Wants and Needs. 100% Educational Videos. 2003. Discovery Education. 23 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ The Goods and Services Song. 23 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ The Goods and Services Song. 23 July 2015 http://www.kidseconposters.com/songs/goods_services.html The Trading Song. 23 July 2015 http://www.kidseconposters.com/songs/trading_ces.html

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					The Wanting Song. 23 July 2015 thttp://www.kidseconposters.com/songs/wanting_song.html
					<u>Teacher Resource</u> *Adil and Janeen. <i>Goods and Services</i> (First Facts). Mankato, MN: Capstone Press, 2006.
					*Andrews, Carolyn. What Are Goods and Services? (Economics in Action). New York, NY: Crabtree Publishing Company, 2008.
					*Channell, Geanie, et. Al. <i>Focus: Grades K-2 Economics</i> . National Council on Economic Education, 2007.
					*Ditchfield, Christin. A True Book: Soil. New York: Scholastic, Inc., 2002.
					*Ditchfield, Christin. A True Book: Water. New York: Scholastic, Inc., 2002.
					*Ditchfield, Christin. A True Book: Wood. New York: Scholastic, Inc., 2002.
					Economics Posters. 23 July 2015 http://www.kidseconposters.com
					Heyse, Kathy and Day Harlan. <i>Half-Pint Economics for Kids.</i> Indiana Council for Economic Education, 2004.
					Houghton, Gillian. <i>Goods and Services</i> (Invest Kids). New York, NY: PowerKids Press, 2009.
					*Lasevoli, Brenda. <i>Plants (Time for Kids)</i> . New York: HarperCollins Publishers, Inc., 2006.
					*Loewen N. and Jensen B. <i>Let's Trade: A Book About Bartering</i> (Money Matters). Mankato, MN: Picture Window Books, 2005.
					*Martin, Elena. <i>Clues to Long Ago</i> . United States of America: Harcourt, Inc.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					*Marzollo, Jean. <i>I am Water</i> . New York: Scholastic, 1996.
					*Morris, Ann. <i>Houses and Homes</i> (Around the World Series). New York: HarperCollins, 1992.
					*Olson and Gillia. <i>Needs and Wants</i> (Pebble Books). Mankato, MN: Capstone Press, 2006.
					*Ring, Susan. Needs and Wants (Yellow Umbrella Books). Mankato, MN: Red Brick Learning, 2003.
					Student Activity: Learning about the Past Through Artifacts. Los Angeles County Office of Education. 2000. Discovery Education. 23
					July 2015. http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/
					The Importance of Plants. 100% Educational Videos. 2002.
					Discovery Education. 23 July 2015 thttp://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/
					*Wagner-Brust, Beth. <i>The Great Tulip Trade</i> (Step into Reading). New York, NY: Random House Books for Young Readers, 2005.
					What Do Artifacts Tell about a Family from Long Ago. Los Angeles County Office of Education. 2000. Discovery Education. 23 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/
					Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Carol Hurst"s Children's Literature Site. 23 July 2015 http://www.carolhurst.com/
					Early Childhood Social Studies. 23 July 2015 http://patricia_f.tripod.com/ssmotor.html
					Michigan Council on Economic Education. 23 July 2015 thttp://www.mceeonline.org
					National Council on Economic Education. 23 July 2015 thttp://www.ncee.net

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
					National Council for the Social Studies. 23 July 2015 http://www.ncss.org/ Online Lessons for each National Economics Standard. 23 July 2015 http://www.ncee.net/ea/standards/ Social Studies for Early Childhood and Elementary School Children: A Report from NCSS Task Force on Early Childhood/Elementary Social Studies. 23 July 2015 http://www.socialstudies.org/positions/elementary/ Social Studies Lesson Plans and Resources. 23 July 2015 http://www.csun.edu/~hcedu013/ Strategies for Teaching Social Studies.23 July 2015 http://www.udel.edu/dssep/strategies.htm Teaching Social Studies. 23 July 2015. http://www.proteacher.org/c/185_Teaching_Social_Studies.html * Although not used in the lessons for this unit, these resources are listed here to provide meaningful alternatives to teachers.
Unit 4: How Do I Get Along With Others	How do we help each other get what we need?	MI: GLCE: Social Studies Kindergarten Civics & Government C2 Values and Principles of American Democracy Understand	 Why can't I do whatever I want? Why are responsibili ty and fairness important in getting 	citizenship common good fairness problem solving responsibilit y rights	Equipment/Manipulative Chart paper Computer with Internet connection "How to Get Along with Others" Chart from Unit 1, Lesson 5 "I Am Responsible When" class book from Unit 1 Large box with a cover Overhead Projector or Document Camera and Projector Small pieces of paper Three books (favorite books among the class) Student Resource

nroniome')	lmit i	Overarching and Enduring Understanding E s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
Explain why people do not have the right to do whatever they want (e.g., to promote fairness, ensure the common good, maintain safety). K − C2.0.3 Describe fair ways for groups to make decisions. C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrate their responsibilities by participating in government. K − C3.0.1 Describe Explain why Meiners, Cheri. Talk and Work it Out. Minneapolis, MN: Fre Publishing, 2005. Responsible Me (A Sunburst Title). Sunburst. 2000. Discove Education. 28 July 2015 ⊕ http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/. Rowe, Don. The Sand Box (Making Good Choices). Manka Picture Window Books, 2005. The Difference between Wants and Needs. 100% Educatio Videos. 2003.Discovery Education. 28 July 2015 ⊕ http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/. TLC Elementary School: Understanding Good Citizenship. Productions, 2006. Full Video. 28 July 2015 ⊕ http://www.discoveryeducation.com/. Tunes: Responsibility. Discovery Education. 2009. Discove Education. 2009. Discove Education. 2009. Discove Education. 2009. Discove Education. 28 July 2015 ⊕ http://www.discoveryeducation.com/. Tunes: Responsibility. Discovery Education. 2009. Discove Education. 2009. Discove Education. 28 July 2015 ⊕ http://www.discoveryeducation.com/. You Can Solve a Problem (A Sunburst Title). Sunburst, 200 Video. 28 July 2015 ⊕ http://www.discoveryeducation.com/. Teacher Resource Burch, Regina. Following the Rules: Learning about Respet Huntington Beach, CA: Creative Teaching Press, Inc., 2002	28, 10		principles of American constitutional democracy. K – C2.0.2 Explain why people do not have the right to do whatever they want (e.g., to promote fairness, ensure the common good, maintain safety). K – C2.0.3 Describe fair ways for groups to make decisions. C5 Role of the Citizen in American Democracy Explain important rights and how, when, and where American citizens demonstrate their responsibilities by participating in government. K – C5.0.1 Describe situations in which	others? 3. How do people solve		Discovery Education. 28 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ I Had It First! Learning to Share (A Sunburst Title). Sunburst, 1997. Full Video. 28 July 2015 http://www.discoveryeducation.com Meiners, Cheri. Talk and Work it Out. Minneapolis, MN: Free Spirit Publishing, 2005. Responsible Me (A Sunburst Title). Sunburst. 2000. Discovery Education. 28 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ Rowe, Don. The Sand Box (Making Good Choices). Mankato, MN: Picture Window Books, 2005. The Difference between Wants and Needs. 100% Educational Videos. 2003. Discovery Education. 28 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ TLC Elementary School: Understanding Good Citizenship. Summer Productions, 2006. Full Video. 28 July 2015 http://www.discoveryeducation.com Tunes: Responsibility. Discovery Education. 2009. Discovery Education. 28 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ You Can Solve a Problem (A Sunburst Title). Sunburst, 2000. Full Video. 28 July 2015 http://streaming.discoveryeducation.com/ You Can Solve a Problem (A Sunburst Title). Sunburst, 2000. Full Video. 28 July 2015 http://www.discoveryeducation.com Teacher Resource *Burch, Regina. Following the Rules: Learning about Respect. Huntington Beach, CA: Creative Teaching Press, Inc., 2002. *Burch, Regina. Be a Friend: Learning about Friendship and

Unit Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
	demonstrated self-discipline and individual responsibility (e.g., caring for a pet, completing chores, following school rules, working in a group, taking turns). Discourse, Decisions, Ctzn Inv P3.1 Identifying and Analyzing Public Issues Clearly state a problem as a public policy issue, analyze various perspectives, and generate and evaluate possible alternative resolutions. K – P3.1.1 Identify classroom issues. K – P3.1.2 Use simple graphs to explain information about a classroom issue. K – P3.1.3 Compare their			*Burch, Regina. Working Together: Learning about Cooperation and Citizenship. Huntington Beach, CA: Creative Teaching Press, Inc., 2002. *Burch, Regina. You Can Count on Me: Learning about Responsibility. New York: Scholastic Inc., 2002. Clark, Jennifer. Supplemental Materials (Unit 4). Teacher-made material. Michigan Citizenship Collaborative, 2010. *Feiffer, Kate. The Problem with Puddles. New York: Simon and Schuster Children's Publishing Division, 2009. *Finn, Carrie. Kids Talk About Fairness. Mankato, MN: Picture Window Books, 2006. *Forgan, James. Teaching Problem Solving Through Children's Literature. Westport, CT: Greenwood Publishing Group, Inc., 2003. *Horvath, Polly. The Pepins and Their Problems. New York: Square Fish, 2008. *Klein, Abby. The Penguin Problem (Ready Freddy). New York: Scholastic Inc., 2010. *Krouse-Rosenthal, Amy. It's Not Fair!. New York: HarperCollins, 2008. *Lowe and Nancy. No Fair!: Kids Talk About Fairness. Mankato, MN: Picture Window Books, 2005. *Suen, Anastasia. Cutting in Line Isn't Fair! Minneapolis, MN: Magic Wagon Books, 2007. Resources for Further Professional Knowledge Carol Hurst''s Children's Literature Site. 28 July 2015 http://www.carolhurst.com/

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Key Concepts / Vocabulary	Resources
		viewpoint about a classroom issue with the viewpoint of another person.			National Council for the Social Studies. 28 July 2015 http://www.socialstudies.org
		P3.3 Persuasive Communication About a Public Issue Communicate a reasoned position on a public issue.			
		K – P3.3.1 Express a position on a classroom issue.			
		P4.2 Citizen Involvement Act constructively to further the public good.			
		K – P4.2.1 Develop and implement an action plan to address or inform others about a public issue.			
		K – P4.2.2 Participate in projects to help or inform others.			
		Copyright © 2001- 2015 State of Michigan			

Atlas Version 8.2 © Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved



Writing 1 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
1 -Launching the Writing Workshop (Week 1, 6 Weeks)	How do writers extend small moments into longer personal narratives attending to the qualities of good writing and the readability of the piece?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.1.3. Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers,	 How do writers utilize mentor texts to craft their writing? How do writers plan and rehearse their writing? How do writers attend to the qualities of good writing? How do writers check the readability of their writing? How do writers check the readability of their writing? How do writers share and reflect on their writing? 		Calkins & Oxenhorn. (2003). Small Moments: Personal Narrative Writing. (2003). Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. (Units of Study for Primary Writing: A Yearlong Curriculum) Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources - see Resource Materials Packet Resource Materials Packet (Word) Writing Process K-2 Color Posters Updated 2nd grade Writing Process Poster Student Work Artifacts- Moving Beds Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / I Assessments	Resources
		and add details to strengthen writing as needed.			
		Speaking and Listening			
		Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.1.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under			
		discussion). SL.1.1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
		SL.1.4. Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.			
		5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.			
		SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.			
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to			
		task and situation.			
		Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2b. Use end punctuation for sentences. L.1.2e. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
2 - Revision (Week 7, 3 Weeks)	How do writers examine their writing through a new lens and make changes for a more effective piece?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined	 How do writers use mentor text to craft their writing? How do writers learn the physical aspects of revision? How do 		Teacher resource Calkins & Oxenhorn. (2003). Small Moments: Personal Narrative Writing. (2003). Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. (Series - Units of Study for Primary Writing: A Yearlong Curriculum by Lucy Calkins) Teacher Resource: Calkins, Lucy and Pat Bleichman. (2003). The Craft of

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.1.3. Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	writers focus on the action in the event of the story? 4. How do writers use other people to help them revise? 5. How do writers celebrate their revision?		Revision. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. (Series - Units of Study for Primary Writing: A Yearlong Curriculum by Lucy Calkins) Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources - see Resource Materials Packet Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Pocket Chart Supplement Student Work Artifact- Surprised Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Cuestions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.			
		SL.1.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		SL.1.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges. SL.1.1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to			
		task and situation. Language			
		Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2b. Use end punctuation for sentences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
3 Writing a Sequence of Instructions: How-To Books (Week 10, 4 Weeks)	How can writers use their knowledge of procedural text to write and read information?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write	 How do writers utilize mentor texts to craft their writing? How do writers choose topics, rehearse and write lots and lots of books? How do writers use effective techniques to craft procedural 		Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 1. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Nonfiction Writing: Procedures and Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources - See Resource Materials Packet (Word)

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments
		informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.1.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions). Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration	texts? 4. How do writers revise and edit their procedural texts? 5. How do writers celebrate procedural texts?	Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 How To Feed A Hamster Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.1.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.1.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges. SL.1.1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion. Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization,			

are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. SL.1.4. Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly. 5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding			
places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly. 5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and			
digital media and visual displays of data to express information and			
of presentations.			
SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.			
 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. 			
SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.			
Language Conventions of Standard			
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
	SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. 6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage	SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. 6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.1.1. Demonstrate command	SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. 6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.1.1. Demonstrate command

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments	
		English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		L.1.1a. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.			
		L.1.1f. Use frequently occurring adjectives.			
		L.1.1i. Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward).			
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when			
		writing. L.1.2a. Capitalize dates and names of people.			
		L.1.2b. Use end punctuation for sentences.			
		L.1.2c. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.			
		L.1.2d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments
4 - Apprenticeship Writing: Studying Craft (Week 14, 4 Weeks)	How do writers use published texts to mentor their personal writing?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.1.3. Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and	 How do writers study and learn from authors they admire? How do writers plan by exploring authors and thinking about what's important to them? How do writers use one mentor text to look across crafting techniques? How do writers use multiple mentor texts to look at one crafting technique? How do writers use and talk about their "just right" books as mentor texts? How do writers use and talk about their "just right" books as mentor texts? How do writers revisit mentor authors to prepare 	Calkins, Lucy. (2011). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop - 1st Grade. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2009). A Quick Guide to Teaching Second-Grade Writers with Units of Study. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. (especially chapter October - Raising the Level of Narrative Writing with Authors as Mentors.) Calkins, Lucy and Amanda Hartman. (2003). Authors as Mentors. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Ray, Katie Wood and Lisa Cleaveland. (2004). About the Authors: Writing Workshop with our Youngest Writers. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. There is also an About the Authors DVD. Ray, Katie Wood. (1999). Wondrous Words: Writers and Writing in the Elementary Classroom. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.1.1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	their books for celebration?		Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Student Work Artifact- My Flu Shot Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		when writing. L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2a. Capitalize dates and names of people. L.1.2b. Use end punctuation for sentences. L.1.2e. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
5 - Opinion Writing Letters for Social Action (Week 18, 4 Weeks)	How do writers state an opinion to persuade people to take action?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.1.1. Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic	 How do writers use mentor text to understand how to express opinions? How do writers generate and develop opinions on social issues? How do writers plan and rehearse 		Teacher Resources Website - The Red Wagon Foundation- littleredwagonfoundation.com Anderson, Carl. 2005. Assessing writers. Portsmouth, NH:Heinemann. Boomer, Katherine and Boomer, Randy. 2001. For a better world: Reading and writing for social action. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy et al. 2003. Units of Study for Primary Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Taylor, Sarah Picard. 2008. A Quick Guide to Teaching Persuasive Writing.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.1.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care,	opinions providing supportive reasons and a possible solution? 4. How do writers write in a compelling way to convince an audience? 5. How do writers revise and edit to make their pieces more effective? 6. How do writers go public to make an impact in their world?		Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Packet. Please see Resource Packet. Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Student Work Artifact- Pictures Student Work Artifact- Bigger Lockers Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		SL.1.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.			
		SL.1.1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting			
		evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the			
		organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
		SL.1.4. Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.			
		5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.			
		SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
6 - Informational Books: Personal Expertise (Week 22, 6 Weeks)	How can writers compose informational books to teach others about areas of personal expertise?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the	 How can writers use mentor text to study the characteristics of informational writing and generate ideas? How can writers choose topics by considering areas of expertise, audience, and focus? How can writers choose topics by considering areas of expertise, audience, and focus? How can writers plan and draft their information 		Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 1. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Nonfiction Writing: Procedures and Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012). A Quick Guide to Teaching Informational Writing, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Materials Packet.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		topic, and provide some sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.1.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions). Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations	in organized ways? 4. How can writers reread and revise using a toolbox of elaboration strategies? 5. How can writers prepare to publish by revising and editing? 6. How can writers share their work with an audience?		Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Student Work Artifact- Rhinoceros Student Work Artifact- All About Butterflies Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Onderstandings	and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.1.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.1.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges. SL.1.1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion. 5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. SL.1.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.		Assessments	
		Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.			
		SL.1.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.			
		Language 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.1.2a. Capitalize dates and names of people.			
		L.1.2b. Use end punctuation for sentences. L.1.2c. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series. L.1.2d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
7- Wr Like a Scientist: Investigation Notebooks (Week 28, 5 Weeks)	How can writers "Think and Act Like a Scientist" and write to teach others about science?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 1 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.1.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given	1. How can writers participate in shared research by planning, carrying out investigation s and writing like scientists? 2. How can writers work in small groups to plan and carry out investigation s to answer their questions and improve their scientific thinking and writing? 3. How can writers apply all they know about scientific investigation s as they work more independent ly (e.g. partnerships or individually)		Achieve, Inc. Next Generation Science Standards. (2011-2014). 1400 16th Street NW, Suite 510, Washington, DC 20036. http://www.nextgenscience.org Calkins, Lucy. (2011). A Curricular Plan for The Writing Workshop, Grade 1. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy, Kolbeck, Lauren, and Knight, Monique. (2013). Lab Reports and Science Books. Grade 2, Unit 2 Information. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Create for STEM Institute – Michigan State University. This institute has excellent teacher resources for Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS). 620 Farm Lane Room 115 Erickson Hall. East Lansing, Michigan 48824, (517) 432-0816 or http://create4stem.msu.edu/ngsssle. Daniels, H. & Harvey, S. (2009) Comprehension and Collaboration. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. National Science Teachers Association (NSTA). 1840 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, VA 22201, www.nsta.org, NGSS@nsta.org National Science Teacher Association Book Store -

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions). 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.	through the process? 4. How can writers teach others about sound in informationa I books? Science Driving Question: What is happening when I make sounds as I play, dance, and sing? Class Question #1: How can I describe the sounds I hear? Class Question #2: How can I change the sounds I make? Class Question #3: What is happening when I make sounds? Class Question #4: How do sounds affect objects? Application: How can I design and build something that makes sound that someone can hear far away?		http://www.nsta.org/store Next Generation Science Standards - http://www.nextgenscience Ritz, William C. (2007). A Head Start on Science: Encouraging A Sense of Wonder, p.45. NSTA Press. Van Andel Education Institute Science Academy. www.vai.org/vaei/science-academy or 333 Bostwick Ave. NE, Grand Rapids, MI 49503, 616-234-5528. * Resource for Investigation Organizer Step Book Level K-2 and other resources. Zembal-Saul, Carla L & Katherine McNeill, & Kimber Hershberger (2012). What's Your Evidence? Engaging K-5 Children in Constructing Explanations in Science. Pearson. Next Generation Science Standards - http://www.nextgenscience *Highly recommend reviewing: Appendix F – Science and Engineering Practices in the NGSS Appendix M – Connections to the Common Core Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
					*highly recommended

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
					Resource Materials Packet 1 of 2 Resource Materials Packet 2 of 2 Resource Materials Packet 2 of 2 Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website
8 - Teacher Choice (Week 33, 4 Weeks)					Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Atlas Version 8.2 © Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved



Writing 2 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
1 - Launching with Small Moments (Week 1, 5 Weeks)	How do writers lift the level of their personal narratives to engage and inform an audience?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.2.3. Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and	 How do writers use mentor text to study characteristic s of Small Moment stories and generate story ideas? How do writers apply the writing process to construct personal narratives? How do writers use a repertoire of strategies to generate more focused, informative and engaging pieces? How do writers revise and edit their best piece/s to share with an audience? How do writers follow 		Calkins, Lucy. 2011. A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop - 2nd grade. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. 2009. A Quick Guide to Teaching Second-grade Writers with Units of Study. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. 2003. Units of study for primary writers: A yearlong curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Launching a Writing Workshop. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Small Moments: Personal Narrative Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Parsons, Stephanie. 2007. Second grade writers: Units of study to help children focus on audience and purpose. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Packet.

Overarchin Unit Enduring Understand	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.2.6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.2.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	routines and rituals to develop a community of independent writers? 6. How do writers work with partners to learn to work independentl y?		Resource Materials Packet Writing Process K-2 Color Posters Updated 2nd grade Writing Process Poster Student Work Artifact- Christmas Morning Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Init	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		SL.2.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		SL.2.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.			
		SL.2.1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. 			
		SL.2.2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.			
		 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric. 			
		SL.2.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
		SL.2.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.			
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.			
		SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.			
		Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard			
		English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / F Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names. L.2.2e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.2.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
2 -Lifting Level Narrative Writing Studying Craft (Week 6, 5 Weeks)	How do young writers lift the level of narrative writing by studying and learning from authors they admire?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing 3. Write narratives to	and from they 2. Hov write	ers study l learn n authors y admire? v do ers lead a terly"	Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2011). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop - 2nd grade. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2009). A quick guide to teaching second-grade writers with units of study. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essenti Questic	al / Focus ons	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.2.3. Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.2.6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and	4. 5.	How do writers gather and incorporate a variety of crafting techniques? How do writers apply the writing process? How do writers prepare for publication? How do writers self-reflect on their experiences and growth in writing and as writers?		(especially chapter October – Raising the Level of Narrative Writing with Authors as Mentors.) Calkins, Lucy and Amanda Hartman. (2003). Authors as Mentors. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Ray, Katie Wood and Lisa Cleaveland. (2004). About the authors: Writing workshop with our youngest writers. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. There is also an About the Authors DVD. Ray, Katie Wood. (1999). Wondrous words: Writers and writing in the elementary classroom. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Materials Packet (Word) Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Student Work Artifact- Cat Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.2.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		SL.2.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others. SL.2.1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL.2.2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. 3. Evaluate a speaker's			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.			
		SL.2.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
		SL.2.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.			
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.			
		SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Language			
		Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified. L.2.1f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The			
		action movie was watched by the little boy).			
		 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. 			
		L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.			
		L.2.2e. Consult reference materials, including beginning			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.2.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. 5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.2.5a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
3 - Revision (Week 11, 3 Weeks)	How do young writers revise to improve content, style and/or organization of a narrative piece?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing	 How do writers develop an understandir g of the purpose and mechanics or revision? How do 		Teacher Resources Calkins, Lucy. 2011. A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop - 2nd grade. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. 2009. A Quick Guide to Teaching Second-grade Writers with Units of Study. Portsmouth, NH:

3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well- chosen details, and well- structured event sequences. W.2.3. Write narratives in which writers wear different lens when revising? How do writers celebrate their learning by sharing	Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Bleichman, Pat. 2003.
they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	The Craft of Revision from series - Units of study for primary writers: A yearlong curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Heard, Georgia. 2002. The revision toolbox: Teaching techniques that work. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Resource Materials Packet (Word) Pocket Chart Supplement Student Work Artifact- Sledding Immersion Phase Supplement Packe Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.2.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		SL.2.1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting			
		evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
		SL.2.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.			
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.2.6. Produce complete			

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments	
		sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.			
		Language			
		Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.			
		L.2.1f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).			
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2a. Capitalize holidays,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		product names, and geographic names.			
		L.2.2e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of			
		Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
4 - Opinion: Using the Power of Reviews (Week 14, 4 Weeks)	How do ? writers state and support a personal opinion on a topic of choice in a review	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.2.1. Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state	 How do writers use mentor text to understand how to express opinions on a variety of topics? How do writers develop opinions on topics of personal interest? How do writers do writers do writers of personal interest? 		Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2009). A QuickGuide to TeachingSecond-Grade Writers with Units of Study. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Eggleton, Jill. (2001). Rave Reviews. Rigby -Sails LiteracySeries
		an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.	and rehearse their opinions for a particular kind of review?		Parsons, Stephanie. 2007. Second Grade writers: Units of Study toHelp Children Focus on Audience and Purpose.Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Taylor,Sarah Picard. (2008).A Quick
		Develop and strengthen writing as needed by	How do writers write		Guide to TeachingPersuasiveWriting. Portsmouth, NH:Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essent Questio	ial / Focus ons	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.		in compelling ways to convince an audience?		Websites that have sample reviews for children
		W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as	5.	How do writers revise and edit to		www.commonsensemedia.org www.cyberkids.com
		needed by revising and editing. 6. Use technology, including		make a piece more effective?		www.ezinearticles.com
		the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with	6.	How do writers go public to		www.kidsfirst.org www.kidsreads.com/reviews/index.asp
		others. W.2.6. With guidance and support		make an impact on		www.kidreviewer.com
		from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration		their peers?		www.rateitall.com
		with peers. 8. Gather relevant				www.readingandwritingproject.com www2.scholastic.com
		information from multiple print and digital sources,				www.sonderbooks.com
		assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the				www.spaghettibookclub.org Student Resources/Mentor Text
		information while avoiding plagiarism. W.2.8. Recall information from				Mentor Text Master List for Reviews (link #1)
		experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.				Core Mentor Text - used repeatedly for modeling of lessons
		Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration				 Family Fun At Cracker Barrel(link #2) Crumbs Bakery - long version (link #3) Crumbs Bakery - simplified version (link#4)
		1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse				Books 5.A Book Review of Officer Buckle and Gloria (link #5) 6.Junie B. Jones and the Stupid Smelly

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	FEEDITIAL / FACILE	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Understandings	partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.2.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.2.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others. SL.2.1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.		Assessments	Bus (link #6) 7. The Magic School Bus Gets Eaten (link #7) Movie 8. Despicable Me (link #8) 9. Love the Love Story 'Gnomeo & Juliet' (link#9) 10. Shrek Forever After(link#10) Restaurant 11. California Pizza Kitchen (link#11) Crumbs Bakery (long version) -(link #3) Crumbs Baker (simplified version)-(link #4) Family Fun at Cracker Barrel (link #2) 12. McDonalds - Four Stars! (link#12) 13. Pizza Hut (link#13) Tourist Spot 14. The Hershey Hotel is the Best (link#14) 15. Detroit Science Center(link #15) Video Game/Computer Game 16. Game On! A Review of FIFA
		 6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of 			Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Mentor Text for Reviews Master List #1 Family Fun at Cracker Barrel #2

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			Crumbs Bakery - long version #3 Crumbs Bakery - simplified version #4 A Book Review of Officer Buckle and Gloria #5 Junie B. Jones and the Stupid Smelly Bus #6 The Magic School Bus Gets Eaten #7 DESPICABLE ME from UNIVERSAL STUDIOS HOME VIDEO - KIDS FIRST! #8 Love the Love Story 'Gnomeo & Juliet' #9 SHREK FOREVER AFTER from PARAMOUNT HOME ENTERTAINMENT - KIDS FIRST! #10 California Pizza Kitchen #11 McDonalds - Four Stars #12 Pizza Hut #13 The Hershey Hotel is the Best #14 Detroit Science Center #15 Game On! A Review of FIFA SOCCER 11 #16 New Super Mario Bros. Wii #17 Student Work Artifact- Pine Knob Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website
5 - Informational Writing: Personal Expertise (Week 18, 6	How can writers create informational books based on areas of personal expertise?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2	How can writers use mentor text to study the characteristics of informational		Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Weeks)		Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.2.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by	writing and generate ideas? 2. How can writers choose topics by considering areas of expertise, audience, and focus? 3. How can writers plan and draft their information in organized ways? 4. How can writers re-		Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Nonfiction Writing: Procedures and Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012). A Quick Guide to Teaching Informational Writing, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Materials Packet.
		planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as	read and revise using a toolbox of elaboration strategies to increase the amount of information they give? 5. How can writers re- read and		Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website
		more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.2.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on	revise using a toolbox of elaboration strategies to add a variety of information? 6. How can writers		

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments	
		a single topic to produce a report; record science observations). Speaking and Listening Comprehension and	prepare to publish by revising and editing?		
		Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.			
		SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.			
		SL.2.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		SL.2.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.			
		SL.2.1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		Language 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.			
		L.2.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
6 - Realistic Fiction (Week 24, 6 Weeks)	How do writers develop a well- elaborated realistic fiction story?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing 3. Write narratives to	How do writers s mentor t to identif characte s of effection pi and fram their writers.	ext y vristic ctive eces ne	Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.2.3. Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.2.6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and	 How do writers draw on everything they know to create fiction stories? How do writers revisit the qualities of good writing to develop believable fiction pieces? How do writers select their best work to revise, edit and publish? 		Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2009). A Quick Guide to Teaching Second-Grade Writers with Units of Study. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2003). Units of Study for Primary Writers: A Yearlong Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Parson, Stephanie. (2007). Second Grade Writers: Units of Study to Help Children Focus on Audience and Purpose. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Packet. Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) July 2014 Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative			
		conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.			
		SL.2.1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. 			
		SL.2.2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.			
		 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric. 			
		SL.2.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. SL.2.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.			
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.			
		Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		L.2.1e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.			
		L.2.1f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).			
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.2.2a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.			
		L.2.2e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for			
		meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Questio	al / Focus ns	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		L.2.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate. L.2.4e. Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
7 -Shared Research & Info Writ: Desc. Reports (Week 30, 6 Weeks)	How do writers engage in shared research to gather information about a topic, organize it, and share it with an audience?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 2 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and	2.	How do writers learn from mentor text the qualities of effective informational text? How do writers access and confirm prior knowledge of		Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003).

Overarch Unit Enduring Understa	Standards / Content Expectati	ons Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments
	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.2.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, us facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. 5. Develop and strengthe writing as needed by planning, revising, editing rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.2.5. With guidance and sup from adults and peers, focus of topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing 6. Use technology, include the Internet, to produce a publish writing and to interact and collaborate wothers. W.2.6. With guidance and sup from adults, use a variety of ditools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focuse questions, demonstrating	record information? 4. How do writers plan and draft information in an organized way? 5. How do writers reread and revise using strategies to increase the amount and quality of information given? 6. How do writers prepare for publication by checking spelling and punctuation before sharing their work with others? 7. How do writers share their work with others?	*Stead, Tony. (2005). Reality Checks: Teaching Reading Comprehension with Non-Fiction K-5. Portland, MA: Stenhouse. Stead, Tony. (2002). Is that a Fact? Teaching Nonfiction Writing K-3. Portland, MA: Stenhouse. *Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012). A Quick Guide to Teaching Informational Writing, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. *highly recommend Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Materials Packet. Resource Materials Packet (Word) July 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) Jul 2014 Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		understanding of the subject under investigation.			
		W.2.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).			
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.2.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer			
		a question. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and			
		Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in			
		persuasively. SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		SL.2.1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.			
		SL.2.1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.			
		 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. 			
		SL.2.2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.			
		 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric. 			
		SL.2.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.			
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of			

Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	formal English when indicated or appropriate.			
	SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.			
	Language			
	Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).			
	2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
	Enduring	formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy). 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	Induring Understandings formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy). 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	Enduring Understandings formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.2.1.f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The ittle boy) watched the movie; The ittle boy watched the movie; The ittle boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy). 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		names. L.2.2e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.			
		L.2.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. 6. Acquire and use			
		accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking,			
		and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when			
		encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression. L.2.6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations,			
		reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy). © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			

Atlas Version 8.2 © Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved



Writing 3 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
1. Launching with True Stories (Week 1, 6 Weeks)	How do students write well elaborated true stories based on their own experiences?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.3.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.3.3a. Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.3.3b. Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations. W.3.3c. Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. W.3.3d. Provide a sense of closure. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent	 How do writers study mentor text to identify characteristics of effective fiction pieces and frame their writing? How do writers apply the writing process to construct true stories with independence? How do writers use a repertoire of strategies to become storytellers? How do writers write with independence using the writing process to author stories? How do writers use revision and editing strategies to publish true stories? 		 Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Nonfiction Writing: Procedures and Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways, Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Davis, Judy and Hill, Sharon. (2003). The No-Nonsence Guide to Teaching Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Fletcher, Ralph. (2000). How Writers Work. NH: New York. NY: Harper Trophy.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Performa Task / Questions Assessm	Resources
		writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.3.4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		 Fletcher, Ralph. (1999). Live Writing. New York. NY: Avon Camelot. Fletcher, Ralph. (1993) What a Writer Needs. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Lane, Barry. (1993) After the End: Teaching and Learning Creative Revision. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann
		5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time		Student exemplars are in the process of being collected. They will be uploaded at a later date. Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplemental Packet
		for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.3.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of		
		discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
2. Persuasive Essay (Week 7, 6 Weeks)	How do writers write a persuasive essay to convince others to agree and care about their cause?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.3.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons. W.3.1a. Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons. W.3.1b. Provide reasons that support the opinion. W.3.1c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. W.3.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section. Production and Distribution of Writing	 How do writers generate and rehearse their persuasive essay? How do writers plan and draft their persuasive essays? How do writers revise and edit to make their persuasive essay more effective? How do writers share their persuasive essays with the world to make a change? 		Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Caine, Karen. (2006). Writing to Persuade. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Student Essay Samples Teacher Essay Sample Teacher-created Materials

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.3.4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time	Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.3.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. Language			writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.3.4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.3.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		 L.3.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling 			
		when writing. L.3.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.3.2a. Capitalize appropriate words in titles.			
		L.3.2e. Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).			
		L.3.2f. Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.			
		L.3.2g. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.3.3a. Choose words and phrases for effect.* © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
3. Information Writing: Personal Expertise (Week 13, 5 Weeks)	How do writers write informative text to examine a topic and convey information and ideas clearly?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.3.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.3.2a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding	 How do writers use mentor text to study characteristics of information writing and generate ideas? How do writers choose topics by considering focused areas of expertise? How do writers begin to organize information and write chapters? How do writers elaborate to increase the volume of what they're writing? How do writers elaborate to 		Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Colleagues from The Reading & Writing Project. (2011) A Curricular Plan For The Writing Workshop, Grade 3. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cruz, Colleen. (2013) The Art of Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways:

	esources
writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.3.4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which	Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012) Workshop Help Desk: A Quick Guide to Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplement Tacket Student Informational Writing Teacher Informational Writing Teacher-created Materials Teacher-created Materials

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.3.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
4. Writing Literary Essay (Week 18, 5 Weeks)	How do writers interpret text and share their opinions about their thinking?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.3.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons. W.3.1a. Introduce the topic or text	 How do writers use mentor texts to study characteristics of literary essay writing and generate writing ideas? How do writers generate and rehearse their literary essays? How do writers plan and draft their literary essays? 		Calkins, Lucy. (2015) Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013) The Literary Essay: Writing about Fiction. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion,

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essenti Questio	al / Focus ns	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.	4.	How do writers revise and edit to make their		Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A
		W.3.1b. Provide reasons that support the opinion.		literary essays more convincing?		Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
		W.3.1c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons.	5.	How do writers independently plan and publish their		 Calkins, Lucy. (2011). A Curricular Plan for The Writing Workshop. Portsmouth, NH:
		W.3.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section.		essays?		Heinemann. • Angeillo, Janet. (2003) Writing About Reading.
		Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.				Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet
		W.3.4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)				
		5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.				
		W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.				
		6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		W.3.6. With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.			
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.			
		W.3.8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.			
		Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			
		W.3.9. (Begins in grade 4)			
		Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
		W.3.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
		Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.			
		SL.3.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-onone, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.			
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
5. Poetry: Discovering the Voice	How do writers use the power of language to write poetry?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3	How do writers collect and study mentor poems as		Professional Resources • Atwell, Nancie. (2002). Lessons That Change
Inside Your Heart (Week 23, 5 Weeks)		Reading: Literature Craft and Structure 4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.	inspiration to begin writing notebook entries? 2. How do writer move out of their notebook to draft and revise while studying poeti		Writers. Portsmouth, NF Firsthand. Davis, Judy & Hill, Sharon. (2003). The No Nonsense Guide to Teaching Writing: Strategies, Structures, Solutions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Dunning, Stephen and
		RL.3.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.	craft? 3. How do writers edit their poetry and prepare for	1	Stafford, William. (1992) Getting the Knack: 20 Poems 20. Urbana, IL: NCTE.
		5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter	publishing?		 Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and

the text (e.g., a section, chapter,

scene, or stanza) relate to each

Assessments and

Learning Progressions.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
Unit	Enduring	other and the whole. RL.3.5. Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections. Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.3.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.3.4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising,		Task /	Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Fletcher, Ralph. (2002). Poetry Matters: Writing a Poem from the Inside Out. New York: Harper Trophy. Fletcher, Ralph & Portalupi, Joann. (2007) Craft Lessons: Teaching Writing K-8. Second Edition. Portland, ME: Stenhouse. Graves, Donald. (1992). The Reading/Writing Teacher's Companion: Explore Poetry. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Heard, Georgia. (1999). Awakening the Heart: Exploring Poetry in Elementary and Middle School. Portsmouth, NH Heinemann. (Highly recommended resource) Heard, Georgia. (2013). Poetry Lessons to Meet the Common Core State Standards: Exemplar Poems with Engaging Lessons and Response Activities That Help Students Read, Understand, and Appreciate Poetry. New
		editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and			York, NY: Scholastic. (Highly recommended resource) Ray, Katie Wood. (1999) Wondrous Words:

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Understandings	strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.3.6. With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.3.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National		Assessments	Writers and Writing in the Elementary Classroom. Urbana, IL: NCTE Routman, Regie. (2000). Kids' Poems: Teaching Third & Fourth Graders to Love Writing Poetry. New York, NY: Scholastic. Tiedt, Iris McClellan. (2002). Tiger Lilies, Toadstools, and Thunderbolts: Engaging K-8 Students with Poetry. Newark: DE: IRA.
6	How do writers	Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.	How do write	re.	Professional Resources
6. Informational Research Writing (Week 28, 6	use research in the content areas in order to clearly convey information and	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 3 Writing	use mentor to study characteristic of magazine articles?	ext	 Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and
Weeks)	ideas in writing?	2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey	2. How do write	rs	Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.	prepare and plan their research projects?		Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. • Calkins, Lucy. (2015).
		W.3.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	How do writers use research to guide them in drafting a		Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions.
		W.3.2a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.	logical structure? 4. How do writers elaborate using	structure? 4. How do writers	Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Butler- Smith Emily (2013) The
		W.3.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.	effective		Lens of History: Research Reports. Portsmouth, NH:
		W.3.2c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information.	articles? 5. How do writers revise and edit their writing to		Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cockerille. (2013) Bringing History to Life.
		W.3.2d. Provide a concluding statement or section.	prepare for		Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
		Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			 Calkins, Lucy & Colleagues from The Reading & Writing Project. (2011) A Curricular Plan For The Writing Workshop, Grades 3, 4, and 5. Portsmouth, NH:
		W.3.4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)			 Calkin Collee of Info Portsr Heine Eduto
		5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.			Schools Embrace Integrated Studies: It Fosters a Way of Learning that Mimics Real Life. www.edutopia.org.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		W.3.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.			Fletcher, Ralph & Portalupi, Joann. (2001) Nonfiction Craft Lessons: Teaching Information Writing K & Bortland
		6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.			 Writing K-8. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers. Lasse, Lois & Clemmons, Joan. (1998) Helping
		W.3.6. With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.			Students Write the Best Research Reports Ever. Scholastic Professional Books. Lattimer, Heather. (2003)
		Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.			Thinking through Genre: Units of Study in Readin, and Writing Workshops 4-12. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers. Ray, Katie Wood. (2006) Study Driven: A Framework for Planning
		W.3.7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.			Units of Study in the Writing Workshop. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
		8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital			Routman, Regie (2005) Writing Essentials:

sources, assess the credibility and

accuracy of each source, and

W.3.8. Recall information from

brief notes on sources and sort

avoiding plagiarism.

Range of Writing

integrate the information while

experiences or gather information

from print and digital sources; take

evidence into provided categories.

10. Write routinely over extended

time frames (time for research,

reflection, and revision) and

- Routman, Regie (2005)
 Writing Essentials:
 Raising Expectations and
 Results While Simplifying
 Teaching. Portsmouth,
 NH: Heinemann.
- Stead, Tony. (2005)
 Reality Checks: Teaching
 Reading Comprehension
 with Nonfiction K-5.
 Portland, ME: Stenhouse.
- Stead, Tony & Hoyt, Linda. (2010)
 Explorations in Nonfiction Writing, Grade 2.
 Portsmouth, NH:

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Ouestions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.			Heinemann, Firsthand.Wiesen, Marika Paez.(2012) Workshop Help
		W.3.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			Desk: A Quick Guide to Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet
		Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.			
		SL.3.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-onone, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.			
		SL.3.1b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		SL.3.4. Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.			
		Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		L.3.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.3.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.3.2a. Capitalize appropriate words in titles.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.			
		L.3.3a. Choose words and phrases for effect.*			
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			

Atlas Version 8.2 © Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved



Writing 4 (M)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments
1. Launching with Realistic Fiction Stories (Week 1, 6 Weeks)	How do writers write an elaborate realistic fiction story that focuses on an important message?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 4 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.4.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.4.3a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.4.3b. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. W.4.3c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events. W.4.3d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events	 How do writers study mentor text to identify characteristics of effective fiction pieces and frame their writing? How do writers craft stories and characters for realistic fiction? How do writers draft and revise to build believable characters and stories? How do writers think about an audience as they prepare to publish? How do writers independently plan and publish realistic fiction? 	Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways, Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Nonfiction Writing: Procedures and Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Davis, Judy and Hill, Sharon. (2003). The No-Nonsence Guide to Teaching Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Ouestions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		precisely. W.4.3e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.4.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.4.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.4.9a. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts,			 Fletcher, Ralph. (2000). How Writers Work. New York. NY: Harper Trophy. Fletcher, Ralph. (1999). Live Writing. New York. NY: Avon Camelot. Fletcher, Ralph. (1993). What a Writer Needs. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Lane, Barry. (1993). After the End: Teaching and Learning Creative Revision. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Student exemplars are in the process of being collected. They will be uploaded at a later date. Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplement Packet

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		words, or actions]."). Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.4.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
2. Persuasive Essays (Week 7, 5 Weeks)	How do writers make a personal argument and use persuasive essays to showcase their opinions and reasons that support their thinking?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 4 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and	 How do writers generate and rehearse their persuasive essay? How do writers plan and draft their persuasive essays? How do writers revise and edit to make their persuasive essay more 		Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways:

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	OnderStandings	relevant and sufficient evidence. W.4.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. W.4.1a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.4.1b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details. W.4.1c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition). W.4.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.4.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new	effective? 4. How do writers independently plan and publish persuasive essays?	Assessments	Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Caine, Karen. (2006). Writing to Persuade. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Student Essay Samples Teacher Essay Sample Teacher-created Materials

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		W.4.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.4.10. Write routinely over			
		extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
		Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.4.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		L.4.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.4.2a. Use correct capitalization. L.4.2b. Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.			
		L.4.2d. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.4.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. L.4.3a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.* © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
3. Literary Non-fiction: Personal Expertise (Week 12, 5 Weeks)	How do writers write literary non-fiction on a personal expertise topic?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 4	How do writers use mentor texts to study characteristics of information writing and generate		Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.4.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.4.2a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.4.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. W.4.2c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because). W.4.2d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to	writing ideas? 2. How do writers select topics and plan the structure of their information writing? 3. How do writers begin to plan and draft each chapter? 4. How do writers make intentional craft decisions to elaborate their writing? 5. How do writers build on their information writing with greater independence? 6. How do writers revise and edit their writing to prepare for publishing?		Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Colleagues from The Reading & Writing Project. (2011) A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 4 . Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cruz, Colleen. (2013) The Al of Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cockerille, Anna Gratz (2013) Bringing History to Life. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Ruzzo, Karen & Sacco Mary Anne. (2004) Significant Studies for Second Grade: Reading and Writing Investigations for Children. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012) Workshop Help Desk: A Quick Guide to Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Resources Assessments
Unit	Enduring	task, purpose, and audience. W.4.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.4.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.4.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources. 9. Draw evidence from literary		Task / Resources
		or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.4.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.4.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
4. Writing Literary Essay (Week 17, 5 Weeks)	How do writers interpret and write their opinions of literature by stating their claim with reasons and evidence to support their thinking?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 4 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and outficient oxidence.	1. How do Writers use mentor text to study characteristics of Literary Essay writing and generate writing ideas? 2. How do Writers generate and rehearse their literary essays? 3. How do Writers plan and draft their literary		Angeillo, Janet. (2003) Writing About Reading Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015) Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions

sufficient evidence.

W.4.1. Write opinion pieces on topics

or texts, supporting a point of view

with reasons and information.

grow their thinking for

4. How do Writers

5. How do Writers

literary essay?

essays?

Calkins, Lucy. (2013)

The Literary Essay:

Writing about Fiction.

Portsmouth, NH:

Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		W.4.1a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.4.1b. Provide reasons that are	revise and edit to make their pieces more effective? 6. How do Writers independently plan and publish their		Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing
		supported by facts and details.	literary essay?		Elementary Series: A Common Core
		W.4.1c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).			Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
		W.4.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.			 Calkins, Lucy. (2011). A Curricular Plan for The Writing Workshop. Portsmouth, NH:
		Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet
		W.4.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Gradespecific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)			
		5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.			
		W.4.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.			
		6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / I Assessments	Resources
		collaborate with others.			
		W.4.6. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.			
		Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			
		W.4.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			
		W.4.9a. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions].").			
		Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
		W.4.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.4.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.4.2a. Use correct capitalization.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.			
		L.4.3a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.*			
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			
5. Building and Writing Personal Poetry Anthologie (Week 22, 5 Weeks)	How do writers become more analytical and interpretive in their poetry writing?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 4 Reading: Literature 5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.	1. How do writers collect, study, and interpret mentor poems as a springboard for poetic notebook entries?		Atwell, Nancie. (2002). Lessons That Change Writers. Portsmouth, NH: Firsthand. Davis, Judy & Hill, Sharon. (2003). The No-Nonsense Guide to Teaching Writing: Strategies, Structures,

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
	Understandings	RL.4.5. Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text. Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.4.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are	writers move out of their notebooks to draft and revise with poetic craft? 3. How do writers edit their poetry and prepare to publish it?	Assessments	Solutions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Dunning, Stephen and Stafford, William. (1992). Getting the Knack: 20 Poems 20. Urbana, IL: NCTE. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Fletcher, Ralph. (2002). Poetry Matters: Writing a Poem from the Inside Out. New York: Harper Trophy. Fletcher, Ralph & Portalupi, Joann. (2007). Craft Lessons: Teaching Writing K-8. Second Edition. Portland, ME: Stenhouse. Graves, Donald.
		appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.4.4. Produce clear and coherent			(1992). The Reading/Writing Teacher's Companion:
		writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Gradespecific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)			Explore Poetry. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Heard, Georgia. (1999). Awakening the
		5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.			Heart: Exploring Poetry in Elementary and Middle School. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. (Highly
		W.4.5. With guidance and support			recommended resource)

Init	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.			 Heard, Georgia. (2016). Heart Maps: Helping Students
		6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.			Create and Craft Authentic Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Heard, Georgia.
		W.4.6. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.			(2013). Poetry Less to Meet the Commo Core State Standard Exemplar Poems with Engaging Lessons and Response Activities That Help Students Read, Understand, Appreciate Poetry.
		Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.			York, NY: Scholasti (Highly recommen resource) Ray, Katie Wood. (1999). Wondrous Words: Writers and Writing in the
		W.4.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single			Elementary Classro Urbana, IL: NCTE Routman, Regie. (2000). Kids' Poems Teaching Third &

sitting or a day or two) for a range of

discipline-specific tasks, purposes,

Governors Association Center for

State School Officers. All rights

Best Practices and Council of Chief

© Copyright 2010. National

and audiences.

reserved.

(2000). Kids' Poems: Teaching Third & Fourth Graders to Love Writing Poetry. New

Tiedt, Iris McClellan. (2002). Tiger Lilies, Toadstools, and Thunderbolts: Engaging K-8 Students with Poetry. Newark: DE: IRA.

York, NY: Scholastic.

Resource Materials Packet

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources	

6. Informational Research Writing (Week 27, 6 Weeks)

How do Writers use research to write in the content areas in order to clearly convey information and ideas?

MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5

MI: Grade 4

Writing

- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- W.4.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
- W.4.2a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- W.4.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
- W.4.2c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because).
- W.4.2d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- W.4.2e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.

1. How do Writers use mentor text to study characteristics of news articles? 2. How do Writers prepare and plan their research projects? 3. How do Writers draft in a logical structure, using research to quide them? 4. How do Writers elaborate using details of effective news articles? 5. How do Writers revise and edit their writing to prepare for

publishing?

Professional Resources

- Calkins, Lucy. (2013).
 Units of Study in
 Opinion, Information,
 and Narrative Writing
 Elementary Series: A
 Common Core
 Workshop Curriculum.
 Portsmouth, NH:
 Heinemann.
- Calkins, Lucy. (2015).
 Writing Pathways:
 Performance
 Assessments and
 Learning Progressions.
 Portsmouth, NH:
 Heinemann.
- Calkins, Lucy & Butler-Smith Emily (2013) The Lens of History: Research Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Calkins, Lucy &
 Cockerille. (2013)
 Bringing History to Life.
 Portsmouth, NH:
 Heinemann.
- Calkins, Lucy &
 Colleagues from The
 Reading & Writing
 Project. (2011) A
 Curricular Plan For The
 Writing Workshop,
 Grades 3, 4, and 5.
 Portsmouth, NH:
 Heinemann.
- Calkins, Lucy & Cruz,

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.4.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Gradespecific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.4.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.4.6. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.			Colleen. (2013) The Ar of Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Edutopia. (2008) Why Schools Embrace Integrated Studies: It Fosters a Way of Learning that Mimics Real Life. www.edutopia.org. Fletcher, Ralph & Portalupi, Joann. (2001) Nonfiction Craft Lessons: Teaching Information Writing K-8 Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers. Lasse, Lois & Clemmons, Joan. (1998) Helping Students Write the Bes Research Reports Ever. Scholastic Professional Books. Lattimer, Heather. (2003) Thinking through Genre: Units of Study in Reading and Writing Workshops 4-12. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers. Ray, Katie Wood. (2006) Study Driven: A Framework for Planning Units of Study

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions,

- Planning Units of Study in the Writing Workshop. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Routman, Regie (2005) Writing Essentials: Raising Expectations

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.4.7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.4.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.4.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.4.9b. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text"). Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended			and Results While Simplifying Teaching. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Stead, Tony. (2005) Reality Checks: Teaching Reading Comprehension with Nonfiction K-5. Portland, ME: Stenhouse. Stead, Tony & Hoyt, Linda. (2010) Explorations in Nonfiction Writing, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann, Firsthand. Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012) Workshop Help Desk: A Quick Guide to Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
		time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.4.10. Write routinely over			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
		Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.			
		SL.4.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-onone, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.			
		SL.4.1a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.			
		SL.4.1b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.			
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		SL.4.4. Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.			
		Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		L.4.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.4.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.4.2a. Use correct capitalization.			
		L.4.2d. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.			
		Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessments	Resources
		reading or listening.			
		L.4.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.			
		L.4.3a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.*			
		© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.			



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
1. Launching with Personal Narrative Stories (Week 1, 6 Weeks)	How do writers write personal narrative stories that elaborate the tension or problem and focus upon an important message or heart of the story?	The Common Core State Standards require Fifth grade students to write narratives in which they orient their reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator or characters with the event sequence unfolding naturally. Additionally, students are expected to use details including dialogue, descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words and phrases to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. The goal of this unit is for students to write personal narrative stories that elaborate the tension or problem and focus upon an important message or heart of the story. Students will immerse themselves in ageappropriate personal narrative mentors to discern how these texts tend to go and to gather possible story ideas from turning points within their life experiences. They will draw on everything they've learned from writing small moment stories from Kindergarten-second	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.5.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.5.3a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.5.3b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.	 How do writers use mentor text to study personal narratives? How do writers draw on everything they know to craft personal narratives? How do writers use the writing process to publish personal narratives? How do writers independently plan and publish personal narratives? 	Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways, Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2011-2012). A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. (2003). Nonfiction Writing: Procedures and Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	INIT ANSTRACT	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		grade, as well as personal narrative writing in third grade and fourth grades. Additionally, students revisit qualities of good writing and craft to write personal narratives. They will select their best work to revise, edit, and publish. Lessons are designed to teach writers how to navigate through the process: generating story ideas, rehearsing for writing, drafting, rereading, revising and publishing. Mid- unit, children will choose their best work and revise this more deeply and extensively to share with an audience. Students will begin a second personal narrative piece as an independent writing project guided by previous sessions, anchor charts, conferences and small groups. Students will learn ways to raise the level of their writing within their independent writing project working at their own pace within the writing process. The unit culminates with students surveying their growth, recognizing their growing knowledge of good writing, their increasing repertoires of writing strategies and their success with cycling	W.5.3c. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events. W.5.3d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely. W.5.3e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.		Student exemplars are in the process of being collected. They will be uploaded at a later date. Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplement Packet

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		through the writing process in order to name their strengths but also determine future goals.	W.5.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.		
			9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.		
			W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.		
			W.5.9a. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]").		
			Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of		
			tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.5.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
			for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		
2. Persuasive Essay (Week 8, 6 Weeks)	How do writers write their own arguments which include reasons and evidence for their position on a personal topic?	Fifth graders have strong opinions and persuasive strategies. This unit aims to utilize these strengths in students. Writers will explore a class topic using texts, both digital and print, and reasons for and against the shared topic. Students will work with pre-chosen text sets to write their own position on the shared class topic. Students will learn to develop a solid argument by researching both sides of the issue. Students will read critically, to plan and write their own arguments which include reasons and evidence for their position on the topic. Students will call on what they already know about persuasive essay structure. They will learn to lift evidence from sources	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.5.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. W.5.1a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are	 How do writers use mentor text to study characteristics of opinion writing and form and express an opinion? How do writers rehearse their persuasive essay? How do writers plan and draft their persuasive essays? How do writers revise and edit to make their persuasive essay more effective? How do writers rouse and edit to make their persuasive essay more effective? How do writers independently plan and publish 	 Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Caine, Karen. (2006). Writing to Persuade. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit Endu	arching and ring Unit Abstract rstandings			Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
	and to analyze evidence to su argument. Writhe writing pro and revising ir and conclusion making decision the paraphras quotations use building their put the supplied to Students will of systems for not and citing resessources. Writers will also counterclaims within their est in the final corunit, students they have lear persuasive est to choose their take a stand for that matters to personally. Stifollow their own effectively argument they have idented in the standard control of	upport their iters will use ocess drafting iters will use ocess drafting iteroductions in sas well as ons about sing and eful to position from ext sets. develop ote taking earched so consider and validity say writing incept of the will use all med within say writing ir own idea to or something of them udents will will pace to ue issues intified as	logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.5.1b. Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details. W.5.1c. Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically). W.5.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.	persuasive essays?	Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Student Essay Samples Teacher Essay Samples Materials

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract		Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
			W.5.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.5.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
			their own clearly and persuasively. SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.5.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.5.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract		Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
			L.5.2e. Spell grade- appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.		
			Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.		
			L.5.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
			L.5.3a. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		
3.Literary Non-fiction: Extending Info Writing (Week 14, 5 Weeks)	How do writers write literary non- fiction on a personal expertise topic?	The ability to read and write information texts is a critical skill that adults use regularly in both their personal lives and in the job market. Therefore, it is important for elementary	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5	How do writers use mentor text to study characteristics of information writing and generate ideas?	Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		students to have a strong foundation with both reading and writing within this text type. The text type of information writing, however, is very broad. Such writing includes genres such as nonfiction books, pamphlets, websites, feature articles, textbooks, research reports, encyclopedias, atlases, guidebooks, and blogs. It is a challenge to pinpoint one type of information text as its own entity, because the text type tends to match the information to which it belongs. For example, information writing written by a travel commentator would most likely be in the text type of a brochure, whereas more specific information about a topic may appear in a feature article or encyclopedia. There is, however, one thing every information text type has in commoneach of them expects the writer to teach readers about a topic. Given this correlation, the following unit teaches fifth graders to create an engaging information book about a topic of their own expertise.	2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.5.2a. Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related information logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.5.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. W.5.2c. Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially). W.5.2d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	 How do writers choose topics and plan the structure of their information writing? How do writers plan and draft in a logical structure? How do writers elaborate through purposeful craft? How do writers push themselves to write more, with greater independence? How do writers revise and edit their writing to prepare for publishing? 	Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Colleagues from The Reading & Writing Project. (2011) A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop, Grade 4 Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cruz, Colleen. (2013) The Art of Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cockerille, Anna Gratz. (2013) Bringing History to Life. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Smith, Emily Butler (2013) The Lens of History. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		It is true, in the subject of writing especially, that the writer can only engage readers in a topic if the writer herself is engaged in that same topic. It is important then, for young writers to write about self-selected topics of great personal interest, in order to focus on learning the appropriate structures of information writing. This unit will invite fifth graders to publish a voice-filled non-fiction picture book. And, because it is assumed that fifth graders have been in an aligned system of Writing Workshop from grades K-4, this unit expects students to do so within a more literary non-fiction context. Katie Wood Ray defines literary non-fiction as: "Any non-fiction writing in any container that does the work of informing and engaging." [Study Driven, 2006, p. 215] In other words, literary non-fiction is more than 'report writing' - it engages. But, just like any type of information text, literary non-fiction is also broad and takes on its own structures. The mentor texts that align with this unit will provide insight into	w.5.2e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.5.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. 8. Gather relevant information from		 Ruzzo, Karen & Sacco, Mary Anne. (2004) Significant Studies for Second Grade: Reading and Writing Investigations for Children. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012) Workshop Help Desk: A Quick Guide to Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Student Informational Writing Samples Teacher Informational Writing Samples Teacher-created Materials

Unit En	verarching and nduring nderstandings	Unit Abstract		Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		the structures they emphasize. As stated, the unit focuses on students selecting topics of great personal interest that they know a lot about and could teach others. Yet, the unit also has the potential to focus on content area topics of expertise, if teachers would like to attempt such work. For example, if the class has recently finished studying 'Westward Expansion' in social studies, students could choose to write information books about self-selected expertise topics within that particular subject (i.e. The Gold Rush, The Oregon Trail, The Pony Express, etc.). Common Core Writing Standard 2 states that fifth graders can do the following: 'Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.' This standard goes further to expect appropriate structure (W.5.2.a.), elaboration (W.5.2.b.), linking words (W.5.2.c.), precise language, domain	multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.5.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.5.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract		Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		specific vocabulary (W.5.2.d.), and conclusions (W.5.2.e.). In its in entirety, Common Core Writing Standard 2 expects fifth graders to organize their information writing within a voice-filled structure, and this unit was created to meet each goal within Common Core Writing Standard 2. This unit will provide a brief introduction to standards W.5.7, W.5.8, and W.5.9 which expects fifth graders to participate in research during their writing projects. Later in the school year, MAISA units will explore this standard in more depth, devoting an entire unit of study to the complex task of researching within an information text type. It is expected that the following unit of 'Literary Nonfiction: Extending Information Writing,' will set-up a solid foundation for expository writing structure, so fifth graders can later conduct research-based writing projects with greater ease.	for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		
4. Writing Literary Essay	How do opinion writers structure their	Fifth graders have already written using their opinion strategies with Unit 2:	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies,	How do writers use mentor text to study	Professional Resources

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
(Week 20, 5 Weeks)	literary essays in order to share their interpretations or claims with their readers?	Persuasive Essays. This unit aims to utilize and build upon these strengths in students. Writers will make a personal interpretation of a text (short story) they have read and talked about during read aloud with accountable talk or on their own. They will use literary essays to showcase their opinions/interpretations and reasons that support their thinking. This unit is geared to run alongside the MAISA Reading Unit 4 – Interpretative and Analytic Reading. Unit 4 in Writing may be taught in tandem. Reading unit sessions 1-5 are taught while Immersion sessions 1-5 are occurring in the writing unit of study. It is planned that session 6 of the reading unit would align with session 1 of this unit. (See Session 1 for more information.) The focus will be around building strong readers and writers of literary essays that includes a claim with supports and convincing evidence. Through a study of mentor texts, which are teacher and student written, fifth	Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.5.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. W.5.1a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.5.1b. Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details. W.5.1c. Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically). W.5.1d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,	characteristics of Literary Essay writing and generate writing ideas? 2. How do writers generate and rehearse their literary essays? 3. How do writers plan and draft literary essays? 4. How do writers write compare and contrast literary essays? 5. How do writers revise and edit to make their pieces more effective? 6. How do writers independently plan and publish their literary essays?	 Calkins, Lucy. (2015) Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013) The Literary Essay: Writing about Fiction. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2011). A Curricular Plan for The Writing Workshop. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Angeillo, Janet. (2003) Writing About Reading. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract		Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		grade writers will learn how opinion writers structure their literary essays in order to share their interpretations or claims with their readers. They will learn to choose evidence that proves their supports for their interpretations. They will look at the qualities of writing that make opinion writing powerful and move the reader to have lasting thoughts and conversations about a piece of text. Fifth graders will additionally write a compare and contrast literary essay focused on two related short stories with shared themes or character development. They will further develop and strengthen their writing by cycling through the process of generating ideas, planning, revising, editing, and publicly sharing their opinions with an interested audience.	organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.5.6. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9a. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and		Resource Materials Packet

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract		Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
			contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]"). Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a		
			day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
			W.5.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
			© Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		
5. Memoir: Writing and Reflecting on Life (Week 25, 5 Weeks)	How do writers reflect on their lives and share these moments in a memoir?	Memoir is a genre that works to personally connect with students on an emotional level like no other writing can do – and fifth graders are at the perfect time in their lives to write one. Memoir invites students to reflect on life	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events	How do writers study mentor memoirs and generate notebook entries as memoirists do? How do writers move out of their notebooks to write a first draft?	Professional Resources • Anderson, Jeff (2005). Mechanically Inclined: Building grammar, usage, and style into writer's workshop.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
	experiences and understand the significance behind each one, determining a theme for their lives or that experience. Memoirists are honest. They determine what is most important to tell about the lives, speaking to the world in a way that says: 'This is me. This is who I am. This is what life is like for me.' Fifth grade is a time wher writing memoir is magical Middle school is on the horizon and students are closing the chapter of the years in elementary school. Students are now able to see a world outsid themselves and how they're beginning to fit into this bigger picture of life. The word memoir comes from the French word: Memoire which means reminiscence or memory, hence the essence of this unit. Similar genres such as autobiographies account for the author's entire life in a chronological order. Memoir, on the other hand, contains a mere 'slice of life' – a certain time period, a special relationship, and almost	W.5.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.5.3a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. W.5.3b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. W.5.3c. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events. W.5.3d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory	How do writers craft a second memoir and revise for depth? How do writers edit their memoirs and prepare for publishing?	Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers. Atwell, Nancie. (2002). Lessons That Change Writers. Portsmouth, NH: Firsthand. Bomer, Katherine (2005). Writing a Life: Teaching Memoir to Sharpen Insight, Shape Meaning, and Triumph Over Tests. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Chiarella, Mary. (2006). Memoir: The Art of Writing Well. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann Calkins, Lucy & Marron, Alexandra. (2013). Shaping Texts: From Essay and Narrative to Memoir. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
	always a particular the or angle on life (Born Katherine. 2005). A memoir is also reflect and retrospective act because the writer stain one place and time looks back from that vantage point to make meaning. This unit aims to creat environment which of students' eyes to self reflection and how the lives and experiences define them as people Students will discove power of language and how memoir comes of the heart, building on previous work from we poetry and narratives grades K-4. In this under the level of their work with goals to work with goals to work a more advanced stroof prose while become more symbolic and interpretive. Regarding CCSS alignment, this unit aid meet the following standards: R.5.2: Determine a theme of story, drama, or poer from details in the text including how characting a story or drama respond to challenge.	organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.5.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. W.5.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time		 Davis, Judy & Hill, Sharon. (2003). The No-Nonsense Guide to Teaching Writing: Strategies, Structures, Solutions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Flnn, Perdlta. (1999). Teaching Memoir Writing: 20 Easy Mini-Lessons & Thought Provoking Activities That Inspire Kids to Reflect on and Write About Their Lives. Scholastic Professional Books. Fletcher, Ralph. (2007). How to Write Your Life Story. New York, NY: Scholastic. Fletcher, Ralph & Portalupi, Joann. (2007). Craft Lessons: Teaching Writing K-8. Second Edition. Portland, ME: Stenhouse. Heard, Georgia. (1999). Awakening the Heart: Exploring Poetry in Elementary and Middle School. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text. R.5.4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes. R.5.5: Determine how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. W.5.3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. W.5.4: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.5: With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.5.8: Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources. W.5.10: Write routinely over extended time frames and shorter time frames for a range or disciple-	day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		 Heard, Georgia. (2016). Heart Maps: Helping Students Create and Craft Authentic Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Heard, Georgia. (2013). Poetry Lessons to Meet the Common Core State Standards: Exemplar Poems with Engaging Lessons and Response Activities That Help Students Read, Understand, and Appreciate Poetry. New York, NY: Scholastic. Lattimer, Heather. (2003). Thinking Through Genre: Units of Study in Reading and Writing Workshops 4-12. Portland, ME: Stenhouse. Ray, Katie Wood. (1999). Wondrous Words: Writers and Writing in the Elementary Classroom. Urbana, IL: NCTE

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. This unit focuses on the following concepts:		
		 immersing students in mentor text to study the purpose, structure and characteristics of memoir generating reflective notebook entries as seed ideas drafting and studying craft tools of memoir for elaboration and development re-reading and revising memoir using a toolbox of strategies related to memoir writing preparing to publish memoir through further revision and editing 		
		The unit culminates with students engaging in a celebration activity to acknowledge completion of their hard work and growth as memoirists.		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
6. Informational Research Writing (Week 30, 7 Weeks)	How do Writers use research to write in the content areas in order to clearly convey information and ideas?	Educators often find it advantageous to integrate subject areas, fostering the learning that mimics real life. Not only do students need to understand the connections between reading, writing, and content area subjects, but teachers can also help them gain knowledge in a way that is true to today's global economy: being comfortable within several disciplines. To this end, the MAISA writers from the reading group, writing group, and social studies group teamed up to integrate the three areas together. This unit is a culmination of the writing work that fifth graders have been doing this entire year. Students have been on a journey, learning how to engage audiences and elaborate ideas. They have drafted, revised, and celebrated their great efforts all year long. Particularly within information writing, students have already grasped the foundational skills necessary to structure their work (See MAISA Unit #3 - 'Literary Non-fiction: Extending Information Writing,' for a	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Grade 5 Writing 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. W.5.2a. Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related information logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.5.2b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. W.5.2c. Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).	1. How do Writers use mentor text to study characteristics of news articles? 2. How do Writers prepare and plan their research projects? 3. How do Writers draft their speech manuscript in a logical structure, using research to guide them? 4. How do Writers elaborate using details of effective speeches? 5. How do Writers revise and edit their writing to prepare for publishing?	Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2015). Writing Pathways: Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Butler-Smith Emily (2013) The Lens of History: Research Reports. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cockerille. (2013) Bringing History to Life. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Colleagues from The Reading & Writing Project. (2011) A Curricular Plan for The Writing Workshop,

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Abstract Understandings	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
	unit directed on information writing structures) and now, final writing unit will be fifth graders into the voor research writing withe content area of Studies. This unit will provide repeated pracof important informati writing skills, but now the complex task of research. Common Core Writin Standard 2 states the graders can do the following: 'Write informative/explanate texts to examine a to and convey ideas an information clearly.' I standard goes further expect appropriate structure (W.5.2.a.), elaboration (W.5.2.b. linking words (W.5.2.b. linking words (W.5.2.c.) precise language (W.5.2.d.), and approclosure (W.5.2.e.). In entirety, Common Cowriting Standard 2 expects fifth graders organize their informating within a voice-structure, and this un created to assist in working toward those goals. Additional objectives for this unialign with standard Wenther working toward those goals. Additional objectives for this unialign with standard Wenther working toward those goals. Additional objectives for this unialign with standard Wenther working toward those goals. Additional objectives for this unialign with standard Wenther working toward those goals. Studenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther which expects studenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther which expects studenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther within a voice structure for this unialign with standard Wenther within a voice structure for the provident within a voice structure for the prov	explain the topic. W.5.2e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented. Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.5.6. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding		Grades 3, 4, and 5. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy & Cruz, Colleen. (2013) The Art of Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Edutopia. (2008) Why Schools Embrace Integrated Studies: It Fosters a Way of Learning that Mimics Real Life. www.edutopia.org. Fletcher, Ralph & Portalupi, Joann. (2001) Nonfiction Craft Lessons: Teaching Information Writing K-8. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers. Lasse, Lois & Clemmons, Joan. (1998) Helping Students Write the Best Research Reports Ever. Scholastic Professional Books. Lattimer, Heather. (2003) Thinking through Genre: Units of Study in Reading and Writing Workshops 4-12. Portland, ME:

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		participate in short research projects using multiple sources to build knowledge about different aspects of a topic and standard W.5.8 which expects that students summarize or paraphrase information, take notes, and list their sources. Students will bring an understanding of shared research writing experiences from grades K-2, as well as individual research project work from grades 3-4. This unit focuses on the following concepts: immersing students in mentor speeches to study the purpose, structure and characteristics of informative speech writing accessing prior knowledge and confirming or disconfirming through research researching information through studying various resources planning and drafting	skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.5.7. Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.5.8. Recall relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts		Stenhouse Publishers. Ray, Katie Wood. (2006) Study Driven: A Framework for Planning Units of Study in the Writing Workshop. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Routman, Regie (2005) Writing Essentials: Raising Expectations and Results While Simplifying Teaching. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Sedniev, Andrii (2012) The Magic of Public Speaking. Primedia E-launch LLC Stead, Tony. (2005) Reality Checks: Teaching Reading Comprehension with Nonfiction K-5. Portland, ME: Stenhouse. Stead, Tony & Hoyt, Linda. (2010) Explorations in Nonfiction Writing, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann, Firsthand.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		information in an organized way • re-reading and revising content using a toolbox of strategies • learning public speaking skills and creating visual displays of data to support the speech's delivery	to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.9b. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]").		Wiesen, Marika Paez. (2012) Workshop Help Desk: A Quick Guide to Information Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet
		preparing to publish by doing further revision and editing The unit culminates with students engaging in some type of celebration activity.	Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
		Note: Since this is an integrated unit, teachers may want to consider devoting some of their reading and/or social studies time to some of the writing lessons as many teaching points are addressing reading, writing, and social studies standards. This additional time, even if 10-15 minutes, would	W.5.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and		
		assist with providing the opportunity for students to go more in-depth with their work. Reading	collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		In order to conduct a research project, students will need explicit instruction in reading research. And because this is a writing unit, students will be spending much of their class time writing, rather than	SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.		
		researching. Therefore, it will be important for teachers to begin this writing unit after students have spent some time reading research and collecting notes about 'Freedom' or the content area topic	SL.5.1a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.		
		of their choosing. To assist in the goal of teaching reading	SL.5.1b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.		
		research, this unit has been written to align tightly with the companion reading unit for fifth grade: <i>Unit 6 - Informational Research</i>	2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.		
		Clubs: Reading, Research, and Writing in the Content Areas. The MAISA writing team advises teachers to begin the companion reading unit 2-3 weeks	SL.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.		
		prior to this writing unit. If using a different reading curriculum, the reading research skills taught in Sessions 1-17 of the companion reading unit should be integrated into	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development,		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Unit Ak Understandings	netract		Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
	instruction begin composition the set (Note Inform Clubs and V Areas severathe for this perferred composition of the set	cacher's reading ction prior to the ning of this unit. See canion reading unit for equence of lessons. :: Unit 6 - mational Research :: Reading, Research, Writing in the Content swill be mentioned cal times throughout of the content of the canion reading unit.) al Studies ugh designed so that be adapted to any ent area, careful deration was taken to se 'Freedom' as the for these research cts. The topic of come threads through al Studies MC5, as as the companion ong research unit, and ers will find that it cates nicely with fifth the curriculum. If sing to revise this unit and different topic, other freedom, teachers defined and is not by a topic of personal est for students. It is the companion of the freedom, teachers defined and is not a content area and sand is not a content area and a cont	and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. SL.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.5.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.5.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.5.2. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly,		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understandings	Unit Abstract	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Resources
		Studies' for specific social studies content addressed in both the reading and writing research units.	consulting references as needed. Knowledge of Language 3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.5.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.		



Writing K (**M**)



Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
1 - Oral Language Building a Talking Community (Week 1, 3 Weeks)	How do writers use talk to focus, rehearse and share their stories?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.K.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively	 How do writers use mentor text to generate story ideas? How do writers work effectively within a community of writers? How do writers think about and choose meaningful experiences? How do writers rehearse their stories to make them more meaningful for an audience? 	Attitudes Decision Making Development Independenc e Inquiry Responsibilit y Transfer	Giacobbe, M.A. & Horn, M. (2007). Talking, drawing, writing: Lessons for our youngest writers. Stenhouse Resource Materials Packet (Word) June 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) June 2014 Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.K.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.K.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.K.1b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges. 2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL.K.2. Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information	;	S	
	presented orally or			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.			
	3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.			
	SL.K.3. Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.			
	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting			
	evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization,			

development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and

SL.K.4. Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with

prompting and support, provide additional detail.

6. Adapt speech to a

audience.

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / T Assessment S	hinking strategies	Resources
	s	•		S		
		variety of contexts				
		and communicative				
		tasks, demonstrating				
		command of formal				
		English when				
		indicated or				
		appropriate.				
		SL.K.6. Speak audibly and				
		express thoughts,				
		feelings, and ideas clearly.				
		Language				
		Conventions of				
		Standard English				
		1. Demonstrate				
		command of the				
		conventions of				
		standard English				
		grammar and usage				
		when writing or				
		speaking.				
		L.K.1. Demonstrate				
		command of the conventions of standard				
		English grammar and				
		usage when writing or				
		speaking.				
		L.K.1f. Produce and				
		expand complete sentences in shared				
		language activities.				
		© Copyright 2010. National				
		Governors Association				
		Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State				
		School Officers. All rights				

reserved.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
2 - Launching the Writing Workshop (Week 4, 5 Weeks)	How do writers write books about things they know and can do?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.K.3. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults,	 How do writers use mentor text to study characteristics of Small Moment/Personal Narrative stories and generate story ideas? How do writers learn a process for writing? How do writers use words to tell a story? How do writers read over their writing to add more? How do writers make their writing ready for the world? 	Attitudes Decision Making Development Evaluating Generating Independenc e Inquiry Organizing Responsibilit y Reviewing Transfer	Calkins, Lucy. 2003. Units of Study for Primary Writers: A Yearlong Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet (Word) Writing Process K-2 Color Posters Updated 2nd grade Writing Process Poster Student Work Artifact- Socce Student Work Artifact- Starting School Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Conto Understanding Expectations s	ent Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	respond to ques suggestions fror and add details strengthen writir needed.	n peers to		
	Speaking and Listening	I		
	Comprehensi Collaboration 1. Prepare for participate effin a range of conversations collaborations diverse partner building on ot ideas and expersuasively. SL.K.1. Participate conversations we partners about kindergarten top texts with peers adults in small a groups. SL.K.1a. Follow upon rules for di (e.g., listening to and taking turns about the topics under discussion	r and rectively s and s with ers, hers' pressing arly and ate in ith diverse ics and and nd larger agreed-scussions o others speaking and texts		
	SL.K.1b. Continuo conversation thr multiple exchange	ue a ough		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.			
	SL.K.3. Ask and answer questions in order to see help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.			
	Presentation of Knowledge and Idea 4. Present information, findings and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	, , ,		
	SL.K.4. Describe familia people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail. 5. Make strategic us of digital media and			
	visual displays of da to express information and enhance	ta		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essenti Questio	al / Focus ons	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		understanding of presentations. SL.K.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail. Language 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
3 - Label and List in a Content Area (Week 9, 5 Weeks)	How do writers learn to look closely at the world like a scientist and write down what they see?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K- 5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 2. Write	1.	How do writers study mentor text to identify characteristics of effective label and list pieces to frame their		Attitudes Decision Making Development Evaluating Generating Independenc e Inquiry Organizing Responsibilit	Calkins, Lucy. 2011. A Curricular Plan for the Writing Workshop - Kindergarten. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. 2003. Units of Study for Primary Writers: A Yearlong Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Fo	ocus	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.K.2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as	2. How writ and like scie 3. How writ mal just one read 4. How writ more through the control of the pict wor 5. How writ up to book get	ers live I work entists? w do ers ke books like the es they d? w do ers write re bugh the boration he ures and		y Reviewing Transfer	Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet (Word) June 2014 Resource Materials Packet (PDF) June 2014 Supplemental Resource Packet Student Work Artifact- My Shell Student Work Artifact- Big Leaf Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding I s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.K.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions				
		about them). Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.K.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and				

adults in small and larger groups. SL.K.1a. Follow agreed- upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.K.1b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges. Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and	Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standar Understanding Expecta s		Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
to task, purpose, and audience. SL.K.4. Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail. 5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and		adults group SL.K. upon (e.g., and ta about under SL.K. convermultip Pres Know 4. Prinform and sevided lister the li and find deventable style to tas audie SL.K. people and expression of dig visual to extend to exten	1a. Follow agreed- rules for discussions listening to others aking turns speaking the topics and texts discussion). 1b. Continue a ersation through ole exchanges. entation of wledge and Ideas resent mation, findings, supporting ence such that hers can follow ne of reasoning the organization, elopment, and are appropriate sk, purpose, and ence. 4. Describe familiar e, places, things, vents and, with oting and support, de additional detail. ake strategic use gital media and al displays of data express		S		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategics	Rosniiros
	understanding of presentations.			
	SL.K.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.			
	6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.K.6. Speak audibly and			
	express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.			
	Language Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage			

L.K.1d. Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).

2. Demonstrate command of the

speaking.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / T Assessment S s	Γhinking Strategies	Resources
		conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I. L.K.2c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. 5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. L.K.5a. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
4 - Pattern	How do	MI: ELA & Literacy in	1. How do		Attitudes	Calkins, L. (2011). A Curricular

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
Books (Week 14, 4 Weeks)	writers write books like the ones they read?	History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	writers use mentor text to write pattern books? 2. How do writers use pattern books to communicat e meaning? 3. How do writers write elaborate pattern books? 4. How do writers finish and publish their pattern books?	Decision Making Developmer Evaluating Generating Independence Inquiry Organizing Responsibili y Reviewing Transfer	Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		SL.K.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.K.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). 5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. SL.K.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.				
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. SL.K.6. Speak audibly and express thoughts,				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
		feelings, and ideas clearly.			
		Language			
		Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.K.1d. Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why,			
		how). 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.K.2a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.			
		L.K.2b. Recognize and name end punctuation. L.K.2c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).			
		L.K.2d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Questio	al / Focus ns	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		relationships. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
5 - Growing as Small Moment Writers (Week 18, 5 Weeks)	How do writers write about a focused single event in sequential order on topics that matter most to them?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.K.3. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as		writers use mentor text to study characteristics of small moment stories and generate story ideas? How do writers think, rehearse, and write small moment stories? How do writers try writing more? How do writers include details, thoughts, and feelings?		Decision- making Development Independenc e Inquiry Problem- solving Responsibilit y Transfer	Teacher Resources Mentor Text Bippity Bop Barbershop- Natasha Anastasia Tarpley Hello Ocean- Pam Munoz Ryan Hot Dogs-Beverly Randall (Rigby) In the Meadow-Yukiko Kato Max's Bedtime-Rosemary Wells Molly at the Seashore-Kate Pope and Liz Pope Molly in the Garden-Kate Pope and Liz Pope Night Shift Daddy-Eileen Spinelli Peter's Chair-Ezra Jack Keats The Big Kick-Beverly Randall (Rigby) Wake Up, Dad!-Beverly Randall (Rigby) Teacher Reference

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
		needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. W.K.6. With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners,	revise, publish and share their best small moment stories?		Calkins, L Curricular Plan for Writing Workshop http://readingandwritingproject.com Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet (Word) Student Work Artifact-Sledding Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategics	
	building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.			
	SL.K.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.			
	SL.K.1a. Follow agreed- upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).			
	SL.K.1b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.			
	2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and			
	orally. SL.K.2. Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	not understood.			
	3. Evaluate a			
	speaker's point of	- d		
	view, reasoning, a use of evidence ar			
	rhetoric.	iu		
	SL.K.3. Ask and answ	er		
	questions in order to s			
	help, get information, on clarify something that it			
	not understood.			
	Presentation of			
	Knowledge and Ide	eas		
	4. Present information, finding	10		
	and supporting	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	evidence such that	t		
	listeners can follow			
	the line of reasonir	•		
	and the organization development, and	on,		
	style are appropria	te		
	to task, purpose, a			
	audience.			
	SL.K.4. Describe famil			
	people, places, things, and events and, with			
	prompting and support			
	provide additional deta			
	5. Make strategic ι			
	of digital media and visual displays of c			
	to express			
	information and			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies	Resources
nit			Questions	•	Resources

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinkir Assessment Strateg s	
		L.K.1a. Print many upperand lowercase letters.			
		L.K.1b. Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.			
		L.K.1c. Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).			
		L.K.1d. Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).			
		L.K.1e. Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with).			
		L.K.1f. Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.			
		2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of			
		standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
		L.K.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,			
		punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.K.2a. Capitalize the first			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential Questions		Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		word in a sentence and the pronoun I. L.K.2c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). L.K.2d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
6 - Opinion Letter (Week 23, 3 Weeks)	How do writers state an opinion about a book in a letter format?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	2. 2. 3. 3. 4.	How do writers use mentor text to form opinions about toooks? How do writers form and support their opinions about toooks? How do writers write to express an opinion? How do writers about too express an opinion?		Evaluating Generating Organizing Planning Reviewing Revising Translating	Teacher Resources Taylor, Sarah Picard. 2008. A quick guide to teaching persuasive writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Student Resources- See Resource materials packet Professional Resources Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Stan Understanding Expe s	ndards / Content ectations	Essential Question		Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
	of wropp the or the star proof or bo 5. sti ne re su an str ne Si Li Co Co Co 1. pa in co co co	A.K.1. Use a combination drawing, dictating, and riting to compose pinion pieces in which ey tell a reader the topic of the name of the book ey are writing about and ate an opinion or reference about the topic book (e.g., My favorite book is). Develop and trengthen writing as reded by planning, evising, editing, ewriting, or trying a rew approach. A.K.5. With guidance and apport from adults, spond to questions and algostions from peers and add details to rengthen writing as reded. Peaking and resterning and resterning omprehension and ollaboration. Prepare for and articipate effectively a range of onversations with everse partners, uilding on others'	5.	edit to make a piece more effective? How do writers go public with audience in mind?			Resource Materials Packet (Word) Student Work Artifact- Little Red Hen Student Work Artifact- Cookie's Week Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	their own clearly persuasively.	and		
	SL.K.1. Participate is collaborative conversations with or partners about kindergarten topics texts with peers and adults in small and I groups. SL.K.1a. Follow agroups. SL.K.1a. Follow agroupon rules for discut (e.g., listening to oth and taking turns speadout the topics and under discussion). SL.K.1b. Continue a conversation througmultiple exchanges.	diverse and arger eed- ssions ners eaking I texts		
	3. Evaluate a speaker's point oview, reasoning, use of evidence rhetoric.	and		
	SL.K.3. Ask and ans questions in order to help, get information clarify something the not understood.	o seek n, or		
	6. Adapt speech variety of contex and communicat tasks, demonstrations command of form English when indicated or	ts ive ating		

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		appropriate. SL.K.6. Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				
7 Writing a Sequence of Instructions : How-To Books (Week 26, 5 Weeks)	How do writers write books that teach others?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.K.2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name	 How do writers use mentor text to study characteristics of procedural how-to books and generated procedural how-to topics? How do writers think of topics, rehearsing and writing lots of books? How do writers write so that readers can read our writing? How do 		Attitudes Decision Making Development Independenc e Inquiry Problem Solving Responsibilit y Transfer	Calkins, Lucy. (2013). Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing Elementary Series: A Common Core Workshop Ciculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Resource Materials Packet (Word) Student Work Artifact- How To Ride a Bike Student Work Artifact- How To Play Basketball Student Work Artifact- How To Make a Pigeon Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Questions	Focus	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.K.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking and Listening	re ho bo 5. Ho wi pr	riters vise their ow-to poks? ow do riters epare for ublication?			

Jnit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.K.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.K.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.K.1b. Continue a			

speaker's point of

rhetoric.

view, reasoning, and use of evidence and

SL.K.3. Ask and answer questions in order to seek

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essentia Question	al / Focus ns	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood. 5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. SL.K.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.					
8 - Information al Writing Personal Expertise (Week 31, 5 Weeks)	How can writers compose information al books to teach others about areas of personal expertise?	MI: ELA & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects K-5 MI: Kindergarten Writing 2. Write informative/explanato ry texts to examine and convey complex	2.	How do writers select things they know all about so they can teach others? How do writers plan and write information in an organized way?		Attitude Decision- making Development Evaluating Generating Independenc e Inquiry Organizing Responsibilit y Reviewing Transfer	Teacher Resources Calkins, Lucy. 2011. A curricular plan for the writing workshop - Kindergarten. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy. 2003. Units of study for primary writers: A yearlong curriculum. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Calkins, Lucy and Pessah, Laurie. 2003. Nonfiction Writing: Procedures and Reports.

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
		ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.K.2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. W.K.5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on	 3. How do writers reread and revise by elaborating to make books longer? 4. How do writers elaborate by rereading and revising to add text features? 5. How do writers select and "fancy up" a piece to share with others? 		Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Wiesen, Marika Paez. 2012. A Quick Guide to Teaching Informational Writing, Grade 2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. Mentor Text and Student Resources Please see Resource Materials Packet. Student Work Artifact- Birds Unit 8 Resources Immersion Phase Supplement Packet Oakland Schools Literacy Website

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Standards / Content Understanding Expectations s	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Thinking Assessment Strategies s	Resources
	focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.K.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. W.K.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of			

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.K.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. SL.K.1a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). SL.K.1b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges. Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas 4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and				

nit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		audience.				
		SL.K.4. Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.				
		Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data				
		to express information and enhance				
		understanding of presentations.				
		SL.K.5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.				
		6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative				
		tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when				
		indicated or appropriate. SL.K.6. Speak audibly and				
		express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly. Language				
		Conventions of Standard English 1. Demonstrate				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking Strategies	Resources
		conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.				
		L.K.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.				
		L.K.1a. Print many upperand lowercase letters.				
		Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English				
		capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.				
		L.K.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.				
		L.K.2a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.				
		L.K.2c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).				
		L.K.2d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter				

Unit	Overarching and Enduring Understanding s	Standards / Content Expectations	Essential / Focus Questions	Performance Task / Assessment s	Thinking	Resources
		relationships. © Copyright 2010. National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.				

Atlas Version 8.2 © Rubicon International 2017. All rights reserved